

ON SATURDAY NIGHTS the Real Estate columns of the "News" are closed by those interested in buying or selling Real Estate.

DESERET EVENING NEWS.

TRUTH AND LIBERTY

MONDAY, JULY 6, 1903. SALT LAKE CITY, UTAH.

HISTORIAN'S OFFICE
Church of Jesus Christ
of Latter-day Saints.

IT IS HOMES
The advertisers want to get into
The "News" is the Home paper of
the community.

LAST EDITION.

Pope's Condition Still Very Grave

No Immediate Danger Apprehended—Two Bulletins Daily Will Be Issued—Vatican Informed if Pontiff Takes Nourishment Hourly He May Last Some Time—He Takes Food With Reluctance—Mind Is Clear.

Rome, July 6, 5:50 p. m.—The pope has taken some food with appetite. The slight improvement in his condition continues. While the danger is far from removed, the feeling at the Vatican is calmer. Another consultation of the doctors will be held at 7:30 p. m., at which time the next bulletin will be issued.

Rome, July 6, 5:45 p. m.—For the first since the pope's illness took a serious turn, Dr. Laponi ventured to leave the Vatican for an hour this afternoon on urgent business. The fact aroused hopes that the pontiff is on the way to recovery, but his condition remains very grave, though no immediate danger is apprehended.

2:30 p. m.—Only two bulletins regarding the pope's health will be issued daily, the doctors agreeing that in condition to change them more often. The pope insists on staying up and walking at intervals, saying that weakness is the worst part of his illness, against which the best remedy is activity.

2:45 p. m.—The pope seems somewhat prostrated after a rather exciting morning and is now enjoying much-needed sleep.

4 p. m.—A fit of coughing disturbed the pope's sleep. Coughing might benefit him, by relieving the lungs of the asthmatic obstruction, but, owing to his weak state, it is very exhausting.

The amelioration in the pope's condition this morning was so unusual, considering the gravity of his illness that it was feared that possibly it was the last flickering of the vital flame.

During this brighter interval the pope resumed his habits of command and insisted on giving orders for the preparation of the brief appointing of Monsignor Vespini, actually secretary of letters to princes, as secretary of the consistorial congregation, a place vacant owing to the promotion to the Mgr. Nocelli to the cardinal. The importance of such an appointment, especially at the present moment, is manifest when it is considered that the pope's death the secretary of state would exercise his functions, which are assumed immediately by the secretary of the consistorial congregation.

The pope objected to having the oxygen inhaling apparatus continually under his nostrils, and Dr. Laponi decided to impregnate the whole atmosphere of the room with oxygen.

"That is much better," said the pontiff. "Before, I felt as though I had lost my liberty."

Although Dr. Laponi continuously recommends the patient not to speak and pay any attention to what is passing outside and to refuse to participate in what is going on, he said, smilingly to Dr. Laponi:

"I know you say this because of your affection for me, but either my last day is rapidly approaching, in which case I must employ all the time that is left to me, so far as I can, or else I shall recover, again postponing the end. If this is the will of the Almighty then I cannot change it."

The pope wished his arm chair to be carried near his writing table and then to the window, overlooking the piazza of St. Peter.

Noting many people in carriages, the pope said:

"The piazza looks as it does when I am able to perform some public function."

Dr. Laponi's chief task now is the maintenance of the pope's strength. Some improvement was indicated this afternoon by the fact that the patient was more willing to take nourishment, which was administered at short intervals and consisted chiefly of Bordeaux, champagne, raw eggs and broth, but the doctor would permit the pope to partake of anything in reason for which he expressed a desire, for there is special danger in the possibility of increased weakness.

The only persons allowed in the pope's bedroom this morning, besides his doctors and attendants, were Cardinal Rampolla, Mgr. Bissleti, the master of the pontifical chambers, and Brig-Gen. Count Camilla Peci, of the noble guard, a nephew of the pope. The pope conversed for a long time with Count Peci, even rising and walking about his room for a few minutes leaning on his arm. The pontiff on this occasion remarked:

"Now, I am ready to depart, having settled all my affairs. I feel I have

done all in my power for the good of the church and of humanity."

HE MUST TAKE FOOD.

Paris, July 6.—A dispatch to the Temps from Rome says the doctors who are attending the pope informed the Vatican officials confidently this morning that if the pontiff takes nourishment hourly he may last for some time, so that if he abstains from food for only three hours all will be over.

HIS CONDITION HOPELESS.

Berlin, July 6.—All the Rome dispatches published here represent the pope's condition as hopeless. The newspapers of this city are issuing ex-presses containing the latest telegrams on the subject of the pontiff's health.

MIND PERFECTLY CLEAR.

Washington, July 6.—The following cablegram was received today by the Catholic college:

"The condition of the holy father is still grave, but no worse. Night calm. Takes food with reluctance. Mind perfectly clear."

VATICAN POLITICS ASTIR.

Rome, July 6, 5:30 a. m.—In Vatican circles there seems to be dissatisfaction because of the rumors in circulation to the effect that those in authority, instead of preventing the pope from over-taxing his failing strength because of their own purposes urged him, contrary to his physicians' advice, to further exertion. It has been hinted that those who might be eligible candidates for the chair of St. Peter would not have many regrets should the way be left open without more delay, and that, regardless of the pontiff's feebleness, they worked upon his harlequin, natural pride in the vigor of his constitution and venerable age to encourage him to preside at the two recent consistories, as well as to undertake numerous receptions of pilgrims and other visitors to the Eternal city, notwithstanding the precarious condition of his health since the operation of 1901, which had grown much worse during the last few months.

Under the circumstances, such insinuations are energetically repudiated by those concerned.

MANY CONFLICTING STATEMENTS.

Rome, June 6.—The newspapers here contain many conflicting statements about the pope and his condition. The Times writes:

"He spends his time partly in bed and partly in an armchair. Expectation is the first sign thus far of any recovery, and it is said to be a good sign, but the pope's weakness is increasing."

All those who have seen the pope are struck with his energy. He is reported as still addressing those about him.

"No doubt," the pontiff is reported to have said, "I am near my end, but I want to die in harness."

Over 500 telegrams expressing sympathy with the pope or asking for news of his condition arrived at the Vatican today, including messages from President Roosevelt, King Edward, and Emperor Francis Joseph. Dowager Queen Margherita is reported to have asked about news of the pontiff.

The most important telegrams of inquiry are communicated to the pope. After receiving the sacrament yesterday, the pope said:

"I know you say this because of your affection for me, but either my last day is rapidly approaching, in which case I must employ all the time that is left to me, so far as I can, or else I shall recover, again postponing the end. If this is the will of the Almighty then I cannot change it."

The pope wished his arm chair to be carried near his writing table and then to the window, overlooking the piazza of St. Peter.

Noting many people in carriages, the pope said:

"The piazza looks as it does when I am able to perform some public function."

Dr. Laponi's chief task now is the maintenance of the pope's strength. Some improvement was indicated this afternoon by the fact that the patient was more willing to take nourishment, which was administered at short intervals and consisted chiefly of Bordeaux, champagne, raw eggs and broth, but the doctor would permit the pope to partake of anything in reason for which he expressed a desire, for there is special danger in the possibility of increased weakness.

The only persons allowed in the pope's bedroom this morning, besides his doctors and attendants, were Cardinal Rampolla, Mgr. Bissleti, the master of the pontifical chambers, and Brig-Gen. Count Camilla Peci, of the noble guard, a nephew of the pope. The pope conversed for a long time with Count Peci, even rising and walking about his room for a few minutes leaning on his arm. The pontiff on this occasion remarked:

"Now, I am ready to depart, having settled all my affairs. I feel I have

turn probably 300 votes from Finney to Hawley and result in the latter's election, notwithstanding Boise is normally overwhelmingly Republican. The league also indicated the different candidates for councilmen in the several wards, part of whom are on the union labor part Democratic and part the Republican tickets. The effort of the league was to prohibit gambling and abate the liquor and social evils in this city. TRANSPORT SUMNER.

Strikes an Uncharted Reef and Is Reached.

Manila, July 6.—The United States transport Sumner, which left the Fourth Infantry, struck an uncharted reef and her forward hold filled rapidly necessitating the vessel being beached.

The Sumner was beached in seven feet of water near Mauban, island of Luzon. Several of her forward plates were broken. The inter-oceanic transport was dispatched to continue the distribution of the Fourth Infantry to various stations in Luzon and carry the Sixth Infantry to Manila, where that regiment will embark on the transport Logan.

FUNERAL OF MRS. CANNON

Worthy Woman Laid to Rest in City Cemetery Yesterday Afternoon.

Impressive funeral services over the remains of Mrs. Caroline F. Cannon were held at the family residence on Cannon farm on Sunday at 1 o'clock.

Bishop Lewis M. Cannon presiding. There was a large attendance and beautiful music was furnished by a select quartet composed of Mrs. Lizzie Thomas, Edward, Mrs. Browning, Charles Kent and Fred Graham, under the direction of Prof. J. J. McClellan.

The opening prayer was offered by Elder John R. Winder, Elder John Smith, Cyrus H. Gold and President Joseph P. Smith. The grave was blessed by the bishop.

The burial took place in the city cemetery, where the remains of the deceased were laid to rest in a vault.

The funeral was held at the family residence on Cannon farm on Sunday at 1 o'clock.

The burial took place in the city cemetery, where the remains of the deceased were laid to rest in a vault.

The funeral was held at the family residence on Cannon farm on Sunday at 1 o'clock.

The burial took place in the city cemetery, where the remains of the deceased were laid to rest in a vault.

The funeral was held at the family residence on Cannon farm on Sunday at 1 o'clock.

The burial took place in the city cemetery, where the remains of the deceased were laid to rest in a vault.

The funeral was held at the family residence on Cannon farm on Sunday at 1 o'clock.

The burial took place in the city cemetery, where the remains of the deceased were laid to rest in a vault.

The funeral was held at the family residence on Cannon farm on Sunday at 1 o'clock.

The burial took place in the city cemetery, where the remains of the deceased were laid to rest in a vault.

The funeral was held at the family residence on Cannon farm on Sunday at 1 o'clock.

The burial took place in the city cemetery, where the remains of the deceased were laid to rest in a vault.

The funeral was held at the family residence on Cannon farm on Sunday at 1 o'clock.

The burial took place in the city cemetery, where the remains of the deceased were laid to rest in a vault.

The funeral was held at the family residence on Cannon farm on Sunday at 1 o'clock.

The burial took place in the city cemetery, where the remains of the deceased were laid to rest in a vault.

The funeral was held at the family residence on Cannon farm on Sunday at 1 o'clock.

The burial took place in the city cemetery, where the remains of the deceased were laid to rest in a vault.

The funeral was held at the family residence on Cannon farm on Sunday at 1 o'clock.

The burial took place in the city cemetery, where the remains of the deceased were laid to rest in a vault.

Wind and Wave On Salt Lake.

Former Furious and Latter High on the Great Dead Sea—Heavy Gale and Some Damage at Lucin Cut-off—Cambria II, Passengers and Crew Said to be Safe on Antelope Island—A Lone Boatman's Experience.

The big windstorm which started on Saturday night on the lake and has been "blowing big guns" ever since, has done considerable damage.

From the Lucin cut-off comes the word that the huge mass of timbers, piles, stringers, caps and lumber that was confined in the big boom which covers half a square mile is afloat and is being battered around the lake in great shape by the heavy waves.

The fleet of tugs consequently will have its work cut out to collect up the scattered timbers when the wind and the waves subside.

Considerable anxiety has been manifested today by the relatives and friends of the party of city and county officials who started on a cruise of the lake in Capt. Davis' catamaran, Cambria II.

The boat bearing the party was to have arrived at Salt Lake yesterday afternoon. Up to 2 o'clock this afternoon, however, the watchers at Salt Lake had not succeeded in making out any sign of a sail.

If the boat should arrive tonight, the party may have to spend another night on board as the water is too rough to permit of their being transferred into a row boat at the anchorage and being rowed to shore.

It is thought that Capt. Davis has run for shelter behind Antelope island and that the party is all right, the discomfort being that they may be short on rations. The Cambria is a new boat and absolutely seaworthy.

Those in the party are City Engineer L. C. Kelsey, County Clerk John Davis, Capt. D. L. Davis, Deputy County Clerk W. H. Folland, T. J. Newman, John Wardrop, Deputy County Clerk D. B. Davis, Charles Wright, Dewey Davis and Robert S. Folland.

On Saturday evening a gentleman who gave the name of Gallier had a very uncomfortable experience. "Clad in a bathing suit," he started to row out in the direction of Antelope island, with the result that when he undertook to return he found that he had lost his way.

He arrived at the beach at 2:30 yesterday morning. As his clothes were still in his dressing room and his valuables in the trunk, he was treated some anxiety among the employees at Salt Lake. He

eventually showed up more dead than alive and nearly perished with the cold wind that was blowing. He returned to the city by the first train.

Soon after he arrived it was found that a boat was missing at Lucin. The boat was no sign of it floating on the lake today. Manager Hamilton stated this morning that there was a rumor to the effect that there is a man who went out on the lake in the boat, but he could not verify it. If such is the case it would be impossible to render him any assistance as long as the waves are running as high as they are at present.

It is hoped that if the rumor is true that the boat has been beached and the venturesome mariner has washed ashore.

THIRTY-SIX MILES AN HOUR.

There is a 34 hours wind storm on, with the wind from the southeast. It has blown steadily night and day, and great clouds of dust have filled the air and sifted into dwelling places the discomfort of housekeepers. It has been a hot wind following on the departing heels of the cold spell, and is due to this part of the country being the center of a low barometric area.

The local weather office says the wind is likely to continue until the low area moves eastward, and when that will be no more.

The wind attained a velocity of 36 miles an hour, and at Modena the wind reached a velocity of 56 miles an hour, filling the air full of flying sand, and making it extremely uncomfortable for the people in that part of the state. The last two days in this city have been very uncomfortable.

HAT ISLAND CREW.

Blair Richardson, his brother Earl and about 10 others left Salt Lake for Hat Island on the gasoline launch "Galloping Tiger" Saturday night. "Galloping Tiger" is a small launch, and the crew was made up of the following: Blair Richardson, Earl Richardson, Dewey Davis, Charles Wright, Dewey Davis and Robert S. Folland.

On Saturday evening a gentleman who gave the name of Gallier had a very uncomfortable experience. "Clad in a bathing suit," he started to row out in the direction of Antelope island, with the result that when he undertook to return he found that he had lost his way.

He arrived at the beach at 2:30 yesterday morning. As his clothes were still in his dressing room and his valuables in the trunk, he was treated some anxiety among the employees at Salt Lake. He

eventually showed up more dead than alive and nearly perished with the cold wind that was blowing. He returned to the city by the first train.

Soon after he arrived it was found that a boat was missing at Lucin. The boat was no sign of it floating on the lake today. Manager Hamilton stated this morning that there was a rumor to the effect that there is a man who went out on the lake in the boat, but he could not verify it. If such is the case it would be impossible to render him any assistance as long as the waves are running as high as they are at present.

It is hoped that if the rumor is true that the boat has been beached and the venturesome mariner has washed ashore.

THIRTY-SIX MILES AN HOUR.

There is a 34 hours wind storm on, with the wind from the southeast. It has blown steadily night and day, and great clouds of dust have filled the air and sifted into dwelling places the discomfort of housekeepers. It has been a hot wind following on the departing heels of the cold spell, and is due to this part of the country being the center of a low barometric area.

The local weather office says the wind is likely to continue until the low area moves eastward, and when that will be no more.

The wind attained a velocity of 36 miles an hour, and at Modena the wind reached a velocity of 56 miles an hour, filling the air full of flying sand, and making it extremely uncomfortable for the people in that part of the state. The last two days in this city have been very uncomfortable.

HAT ISLAND CREW.

Blair Richardson, his brother Earl and about 10 others left Salt Lake for Hat Island on the gasoline launch "Galloping Tiger" Saturday night. "Galloping Tiger" is a small launch, and the crew was made up of the following: Blair Richardson, Earl Richardson, Dewey Davis, Charles Wright, Dewey Davis and Robert S. Folland.

On Saturday evening a gentleman who gave the name of Gallier had a very uncomfortable experience. "Clad in a bathing suit," he started to row out in the direction of Antelope island, with the result that when he undertook to return he found that he had lost his way.

He arrived at the beach at 2:30 yesterday morning. As his clothes were still in his dressing room and his valuables in the trunk, he was treated some anxiety among the employees at Salt Lake. He

eventually showed up more dead than alive and nearly perished with the cold wind that was blowing. He returned to the city by the first train.

Soon after he arrived it was found that a boat was missing at Lucin. The boat was no sign of it floating on the lake today. Manager Hamilton stated this morning that there was a rumor to the effect that there is a man who went out on the lake in the boat, but he could not verify it. If such is the case it would be impossible to render him any assistance as long as the waves are running as high as they are at present.

It is hoped that if the rumor is true that the boat has been beached and the venturesome mariner has washed ashore.

THIRTY-SIX MILES AN HOUR.

There is a 34 hours wind storm on, with the wind from the southeast. It has blown steadily night and day, and great clouds of dust have filled the air and sifted into dwelling places the discomfort of housekeepers. It has been a hot wind following on the departing heels of the cold spell, and is due to this part of the country being the center of a low barometric area.

The local weather office says the wind is likely to continue until the low area moves eastward, and when that will be no more.

double line of British battleships and cruisers, extending two and a half miles, and forming the most imposing naval fleet ever seen here.

The vessels were dressed from stern to stern and their crews manned ship and mingled their cheers with the roar of the guns firing salutes and the strains of the "Marsellaise" from the naval bands. Each ship gave the president a salute of 21 guns, as the Guichen passed and the band of each vessel in turn took up the piece.

After decorating a few notabilities, M. Loubet proceeded to the French cruiser Guichen, which sailed for Dover, England, at 8:10 a. m.

U. S. SQUADRON ARRIVES.

Dover, Eng., July 6.—The United States European squadron arrived off Dover this morning and exchanged salutes with the castle.

ANOTHER WRECK ON THE NORTH SHORE.

San Rafael, Cal., July 6.—Another wreck occurred on the North Shore railroad early this morning. A double-header passenger train ran from Sausalito to the detailed between 6 a. m. and 7 a. m. Details are meager from the fact that the wires are down on account of forest fires. English mail steamer Hamilton was killed and Fremont Grace injured. The fireman of the second locomotive was not hurt.

There were 13 persons on the train, but no one was injured. No cars left the track, only the head engine being derailed. A herd of cattle on the track caused the accident.

FOUND DEAD IN DENVER.

Evidence is Mabel Brown Was Strangled to Death.

Denver, July 6.—Mabel Brown, aged 29, was found dead in her home at 1831 Market street this morning. She was bound and there was evidence that she had been strangled to death. There is no clue to the murderer. The case is now in the hands of the police.

THE FIGHT AT STEELVILLE.

Robert Starks' Death Followed by That of His Son.

Steelville, Mo., July 6.—The street fight here Saturday, which resulted in the death of Robert Starks, a well-known miner, and the serious wounding of Sheriff Taft and others, was followed by the death of Henry Starks, son of Robert Starks, who was shot through the abdomen by one of the sheriff's posse in attempting to arrest the young man.

At the coroner's inquest over the death of Robert Starks, which resulted in the death of Robert Starks, a well-known miner, and the serious wounding of Sheriff Taft and others, was followed by the death of Henry Starks, son of Robert Starks, who was shot through the abdomen by one of the sheriff's posse in attempting to arrest the young man.

Proceedings Against Mayor Dismissed.

Denver, July 6.—The state supreme court today dismissed the proceedings against Mayor R. R. Wright Jr. and members of the city council of Denver, arising from the past year's ordinance granting a street railway franchise in disregard of an injunction issued by District Judge Mullins. Another decision announced was that the right of the Denver fire and police board to hold over under the Rush home rule law until a new charter is adopted and an election held.

Senator and Mrs. Hanna left Cleveland yesterday for Jersey city, where they expect to board the private yacht today of C. A. Griscom for a cruise along the Atlantic coast.

Hanna Permanent Relief Committee.

Hanna, Wyo., July 6.—A permanent relief committee has been organized here in order to relieve the distress of the people of Hanna, who are suffering from the recent fire disaster. All remittances for the widows and fatherless children should be sent to Father Christensen, secretary, Hanna, Wyo.

EVERYTHING IS QUIET AT EVANSVILLE.

Evansville, Ind., July 6.—This city is quiet today and there are no signs of any violence as there was last night. A trip through the business section reveals that much damage was done to stores, especially the hardware houses, many of which were entered and robbed of munitions and ammunition. Thousands of shots were fired during the night, but so far as learned no one was killed, although numerous people are said to have been wounded.

Several negroes were caught by mobs and almost beaten to death before the police could save them. The chief demonstration of the night was an attack upon the county jail between 10 and 11 o'clock. Several thousand men crowded the streets before the building and finally gained entrance through the fortifications to the yard, where they began to batter the windows of the jail. Efforts to prevent this were futile and the crowd held sway, the police of the city being occupied with holding the sightseers from invading the front part of the building and ransacking the sheriff's residence.

After the mob was thoroughly satisfied that Lee Brown, the murderer of the Patrolman Massey, was not in the building, they separated into squads of 40 or 50 and paraded the downtown, visiting the negro quarters. Negroes are terrified.

The local companies of the state militia have been ordered out and will be reinforced by companies from southern Indiana.

The "Lockout" Does Not "Lock"

Anticipated Stampede Among Laboring Men Did Not Occur This Morning—Mutual Settlement May Be Made This Week—Men Idle on Only Two Big Buildings—Holmes Block and Eighteenth Ward School House.

Judging from this afternoon's indications, the labor troubles are not culminating as seriously as anticipated, and before the close of the week, some mutually satisfactory agreement will probably be arrived at as between contractors and workmen.

The "lockout," which went into effect this morning, was not very alarming, and on only two jobs of any magnitude there was a real cessation of work, viz, the Holmes building and the new Eighteenth ward school building. On other structures some union men were at work and inquiry develops that the majority of men hardly know where they are at or what is going to be done.

The "lockout" was not very alarming, and on only two jobs of any magnitude there was a real cessation of work, viz, the Holmes building and the new Eighteenth ward school building. On other structures some union men were at work and inquiry develops that the majority of men hardly know where they are at or what is going to be done.

The "lockout" was not very alarming, and on only two jobs of any magnitude there was a real cessation of work, viz, the Holmes building and the new Eighteenth ward school building. On other structures some union men were at work and inquiry develops that the majority of men hardly know where they are at or what is going to be done.

The "lockout" was not very alarming, and on only two jobs of any magnitude there was a real cessation of work, viz, the Holmes building and the new Eighteenth ward school building. On other structures some union men were at work and inquiry develops that the majority of men hardly know where they are at or what is going to be done.

The "lockout" was not very alarming, and on only two jobs of any magnitude there was a real cessation of work, viz, the Holmes building and the new Eighteenth ward school building. On other structures some union men were at work and inquiry develops that the majority of men hardly know where they are at or what is going to be done.

The "lockout" was not very alarming, and on only two jobs of any magnitude there was a real cessation of work, viz, the Holmes building and the new Eighteenth ward school building. On other structures some union men were at work and inquiry develops that the majority of men hardly know where they are at or what is going to be done.

The "lockout" was not very alarming, and on only two jobs of any magnitude there was a real cessation of work, viz, the Holmes building and the new Eighteenth ward school building. On other structures some union men were at work and inquiry develops that the majority of men hardly know where they are at or what is going to be done.

The "lockout" was not very alarming, and on only two jobs of any magnitude there was a real cessation of work, viz, the Holmes building and the new Eighteenth ward school building. On other structures some union men were at work and inquiry develops that the majority of men hardly know where they are at or what is going to be done.

The "lockout" was not very alarming, and on only two jobs of any magnitude there was a real cessation of work, viz, the Holmes building and the new Eighteenth ward school building. On other structures some union men were at work and inquiry develops that the majority of men hardly know where they are at or what is going to be done.

The "lockout" was not very alarming, and on only two jobs of any magnitude there was a real cessation of work, viz, the Holmes building and the new Eighteenth ward school building. On other structures some union men were at work and inquiry develops that the majority of men hardly know where they are at or what is going to be done.

The "lockout" was not very alarming, and on only two jobs of any magnitude there was a real cessation of work, viz, the Holmes building and the new Eighteenth ward school building. On other structures some union men were at work and inquiry develops that the majority of men hardly know where they are at or what is going to be done.

The "lockout" was not very alarming, and on only two jobs of any magnitude there was a real cessation of work, viz, the Holmes building and the new Eighteenth ward school building. On other structures some union men were at work and inquiry develops that the majority of men hardly know where they are at or what is going to be done.

The "lockout" was not very alarming, and on only two jobs of any magnitude there was a real cessation of work, viz, the Holmes building and the new Eighteenth ward school building. On other structures some union men were at work and inquiry develops that the majority of men hardly know where they are at or what is going to be done.

The "lockout" was not very alarming, and on only two jobs of any magnitude there was a real cessation of work, viz, the Holmes building and the new Eighteenth ward school building. On other structures some union men were at work and inquiry develops that the majority of men hardly know where they are at or what is going to be done.

The "lockout" was not very alarming, and on only two jobs of any magnitude there was a real cessation of work, viz, the Holmes building and the new Eighteenth ward school building. On other structures some union men were at work and inquiry develops that the majority of men hardly know where they are at or what is going to be done.

The "lockout" was not very alarming, and on only two jobs of any magnitude there was a real cessation of work, viz, the Holmes building and the new Eighteenth ward school building. On other structures some union men were at work and inquiry develops that the majority of men hardly know where they are at or what is going to be done.

The "lockout" was not very alarming, and on only two jobs of any magnitude there was a real cessation of work, viz, the Holmes building and the new Eighteenth ward school building. On other structures some union men were at work and inquiry develops that the majority of men hardly know where they are at or what is going to be done.

The "lockout" was not very alarming, and on only two jobs of any magnitude there was a real cessation of work, viz, the Holmes building and the new Eighteenth ward school building. On other structures some union men were at work and inquiry develops that the majority of men hardly know where they are at or what is going to be done.

The "lockout" was not very alarming, and on only two jobs of any magnitude there was