THE EVENING NEWS.

GEORGE Q. CANNON
EDITOR AND PUBLISHER.

Tuesday, . . October 22, 1872.

THE Liberal Republicans of the State of New York admit that the results of the October elections have not fulfilled their just expectations; that while Indiana has done well, that while Ohio has shown that she may be secured to Greeley and Brown in November, and that while Georgia has shown that nearly every Southern State will be for them, "the enormous majority counted against us in Pennsylvania has given our adversaries assurance that, by like disbursements and fraudulent practices, they may carry almost any State they choose, including even New York." They do not conclude, however, that they are beaten, for "there are twenty States, casting nearly two hundred electoral votes, that we can carry if we will."

The New York *Herald*, in commenting on these hopes, thinks that the great battle of November is not lost; but that it may yet be won for Greeley and Brown. There are no indications, it says, in any quarter that the Democrats or Liberal Republicans have given up the Presidential contest, or intend to give it up before the end of the battle. Immediately after the October elections in 1868, there was, it asserts, a demoralizing movement at New York and at Washington among the Democrats for a change of base on their Presidential ticket for November, and this movement, involving a plea of defeat with the ticket of Seymour and Blair, seriously crippled them in the election; but no such demoralizing proposition this time for a change of base has been hinted at in reference to Greeley and Brown. It therefore concludes that "if the administration party on the 5th of November act upon the idea that the issue of the election is a foregone conclusion, and that the election is going by default, they may wake up on the 6th to find themselves the victims of 'an appalling political catastrophe.'

For the race, it is not always
To him who fastest runs,
Nor the battle to those people
Which have the longest guns."

MAINE, following the example of Utah, has admitted a lady to the bar. Her name is Miss Clara Hapgood Nash, and she is said to be the first woman permitted to practice law in New England.

REV. DR. HATFIELD, a Methodist Episcopal minister, formerly of Chicago, has lately created a sensation at a meeting of the Evangelical Ministerial Association at Cincinnati, by calling attention to the appalling prevalence of criminal abortion by American women. He called upon the ministers present to look the evil in the face and confer together as ministers of God, as members of society, and as parents, for the best means to check the evil and save American society and American life from destruction. He stated that upon inquiry and investigation he found that physicians were importuned every day to produce abortions by the ladies of the highest standing. Dr. Hatfield cited the Roman Catholic Church as setting an example of watchfulness over its people in this respect, so much so that he, as a Protestant minister, stood abashed and silent before the Catholics, he said. And even German infidels were raising more children in this country than religious Americans; and if something was not done to prevent destruction of foetal life among the American people, the government of the country would eventually pass into the hands of foreigners.

Rev. Granville Moody, of the same Church, and Rev. Henry D. Moore, of the Congregational Church, affected not to believe the statements, but the former finally acknowledged that there was something in them, but it was essential to be guarded in expression, as there was a reporter present.

That reporter says the remarks produced a genuine sensation, and made the assembled reverends look at each other as if the bottom had been knocked out of things, especially when Dr. Hatfield affirmed that there was not a block in Cincinnati that did not contain women who murdered their unborn children and thought it nothing.

THE Chicago *Tribune* argues that because the regular Republicans were successful in two States at October elections, it is no reason for thinking the cause of Liberal Reform is defeated. That cause, it says, was not affected in the least by those elections; for "the great truths which are embodied in the Cincinnati platform will still exist as truths after November, as before." Concerning these truths it consoles its readers in the following words:

"They underlie the prosperity and perpetuity of the Republic. They are superior to the accident of an election, which is at best but an incident of the great battle. If Mr. Greeley should be elected, the Liberal movement will cease immediately and these truths will be put into practical operation. If Mr. Greeley should be defeated, these truths will remain and possess the same binding force which they are some day destined to exert."

[SPECIAL TO THE DESERET NEWS.]

By Telegraph.

PER WESTERN UNION TELEGRAPH LINE.

EASTERN DISPATCHES.

WINNEMUCCA, N. T.—Latest advices from Idaho say a general outbreak of Indians is imminent. Stock in considerable numbers have been driven off recently and not recovered.

The mines in this vicinity are looking well.

WESTERN.

LOS ANGELES, 21.—Two thousand bars of base bullion received from Cerro Gordo are awaiting shipment for San Francisco.

The San Francisco fire insurance company, the first company formed in this city for insurance against fire, was dissolved to-day. A dividend of twenty [illegible] per cent was declared for the stockholders.

An officer of the second United States artillery was tried in the Police Court to-day for assault upon a *chere ami* he brought with him from Alaska. He was acquitted.

There are 913 prisoners in the State prison at San Quentin, of whom eight are females, 511 natives of the United States, 402 foreigners; China supplies 143 of the latter class.

The *Commercial Reporter* gives currency to a rumor that a million and a half dollars in specie is to be sent here from the east to loosen the money market.

EUROPEAN.

GENEVA.—Merle D'Aubigne, the celebrated historian of the Reformation, died here suddenly to-day, aged 73 years.

LISBON.—The American fleet sailed to-day for Cadiz. The King and Queen visited the fleet on Saturday and lunched on board the flagship. On Saturday Admiral Alden and the captains of the squadron dined at the palace.

LONDON, 21.—At Sheffield to-night the circus, filled with spectators, fell upon the heads of the mass of the people below. It is reported that seventy were injured.

The steamer *Manx* collided off Leith to-day with the German bark *Marie*, sinking her in a few minutes. Eight of her crew were drowned.

The steamer *Batavia*, while en route from Blackwall to the river Rhine, collided with an unknown vessel, so seriously injuring her that she soon after sank. All were saved except two.

The government has restored the right of registration for transmission abroad through the mails to Bradlaugh's journal.

The press generally praise the effort of the American board to procure reciprocity of trade with Canada, and are of the opinion that the success of the treaty of Washington led to this action.

Wm. M. Evarts, late counsel before the Geneva tribunal, and Miss Neilson, the actress, sailed from Liverpool for New York last Saturday, in the *Java*.

Admiral Cochrane, of the Royal navy, died last night.

PARIS, 21.—The returns from Algeria of the elections yesterday to fill the vacancy in the National Assembly, are incomplete, but Cremieux is ahead of all other candidates. The radical candidates have been elected to the assembly in the departments of Calvados and Indre et Loire.

MADRID.—The insurgents who escaped from Ferroll fled in all directions. The troops pursued and about 500 were captured without bloodshed as they offered no resistance.

A Paris dispatch says the public feeling has been roused to a high pitch of excitement over the coming investigation concerning the late war on Germany. It is believed that it will be developed that the war was the result of the rash and headstrong policy of the Cabinet then in power.

A Berlin letter says among the blows at Belgian liberty by the Bismarckian government is an order forbidding processions in several towns of the Rhenish provinces, where, since time immemorial, they ranked foremost among the favorable customs of the people, and where their suppression is sure to excite great indignation. Such was the excitement caused in Prussia by the expulsion of the Jesuits, that the Catholic archbishop Catellone had instituted against him a suit for contempt by the government for daring to write a letter on the subject. In Holland some nobles had offered shelter to the exiled German Jesuits, but the Hague government prohibited it.

MINING STOCKS.

EVENING BOARD.

San Francisco, 22.

1085 Valley, 28½; 29, b 30; 27¾; 27½; 28, s 5; 27½, b 5; 27¾; 27½; 27¾
410 Raymond, 126; 125; 126; 126½; 127, 130, b 30; 129, b 30
125 Eureka Con, 17½; 17¾
100 Jackson, 70 cts
100 Phœnix, 3¾
110 Pioche, 16½; 16
100 Lillian Hall, 1
350 Alps, 5; 5¼
450 Page, 2½; 2¼, s 5; 2¾
15 Flag, 15¾
500 Louise, 60 cts, 62½
140 Fioche Phœnix, 4; 3; 3¼
25 Charter Oak, 2
100 Eureka G V, 14
140 Cederberg, 7; 7½, b 30; 7, b 10
200 Chief East Ex, 3; 2¾; 3
260 G Chariot, 10; 9; 10
150 Minnesota; 1; 1, s 3
40 Chollar, 52; 52½; 52
115 Point, 115; 116; 115
50 Bowery, 1¾
2060 Hunt, 5½; 5¼; 5¾; 5½; 6
650 Silver Peak, 6; 5½; 6
200 Peavine, 75 cts
200 Ingomar, 1½
300 Ivanhoe, 14
270 Condor, 1½; 1¾; 1½
200 Starlight, 1
260 Chief Hill, 7½; 7
80 Newark, 3¾; 4
360 Confidence, 10½; 10¾; 10½
500 Ruby Hill, 1¾
705 Imperial, 9¾; 9¾
50 Empire Idaho, 2½
970 Empire Mill, 9; 8¾; 9, b 30; 9, b 5
10 Hale & N, 72; 72½
35 Overman, 61; 62; 62½
130 Belcher, 89; 90, b 3
175 Julia, 5½

FOREIGN NOTES.

Solomon's Temple is to be reproduced at the Vienna Exhibition.

The drinking of absinthe has wonderfully fallen off in Paris. The drinkers have also fallen off wonderfully.

The oldest artesian well in Europe, is at Lilliers, in the Pas de Calais, France, and from its mouth water has flowed uninterruptedly for 716 years.

A regular crusade against Nebraska emigration has been entered on by the London *Times*, which recommends the Red River country instead.

A Paris correspondent asserts that from twenty to thirty priests in that diocese marry annually. The Archbishop is reported to have said: "Marry, since you must, but keep it quiet!"

The German women of Dresden now imitate the gay elegance of the American ladies who throng that city, and the quiet customs that used to prevail are seen no longer.

The reporters who attempted to take a verbatim report of the remarks of the last session of the British Association got as far as mononitromonoboombenzene and metamononitromonobrombenzene.

It is said that the English system of reformatory schools, by which young criminals are trapped and trained before they are developed into manhood and womanhood, has resulted in turning nearly eight out of every ten into honest courses.

An Englishman named Young writes to the London Times that Mrs. Theresa Black, Byron's "Maid of Athens," is still living in England at the age of 70 years, and in a state of destitution which requires instant relief. Mrs. Black being the widow of the late English Vice Consul at Missolonghi.

The governments of Germany and Belgium have, in consequence of the increased price of provisions—which is fully felt on the continent—increased the salaries of their employees. Salaries of less than $1,500 a year have had 15 per cent. added to them, while incomes of above that amount have been increased 10 per cent.

Lord Hatherly's resignation is said to have been caused by his failing sight. He has for some time been suffering from a disease of the eyes, which threatens to make him blind. As a chancellor he was a failure, but as a judge he was always highly respected and greatly liked by both parties.

Pauperism is increasing in number in England, in the last twenty years their number having nearly doubled. As the rate of population only increases about three per cent. per annum, it is easily to be seen that ere long the whole population of England will become unpaid, and the Union Jack as a national emblem be succeeded by the Three Balls.

It is a significant fact that, according to Rev. George Herbert Curtis, in his Bampton lectures, the Catholics of England, in 1855, numbered 5 per cent. of the whole population, while in 1865 the number was but four and two-thirds per cent. And yet we hear quite frequently from across the ocean that Romanism is rapidly swallowing the kingdom of Great Britain.

There is some talk of the Archbishop of Paris addressing a pastoral letter to his clergy on the subject of the emotion produced in the church by "the new attitude of certain priests," which probably means the marriage of Pere Hyacinthe, and a certain tendency in the same direction manifested by other ecclesiastics. The bishops of Poitiers, Grenoble, Lucon, etc., are also said to be preparing pastorals on the same subject.

The consumption of animal ivory is something enormous. Sheffield alone would demand the killing of 20,000 elephants annually, were there no other sources of supply. One great source of late years is found in the Mammoth, an extinct species of elephant, which lived in northern Siberia some two hundred thousand years ago, when that country enjoyed a temperature like that of the tropics at the present day.

The importation of cloth into Japan from Europe, and particularly from Germany, has increased to an enormous extent within a few years. The German Government has taken official notice of this fact. The Japanese greatly prefer gray color, and German manufacturers and exporters are advised by their government to send cloth to Japan of the same quality and at the same prices as that furnished from England and France.

The Edingburgh Court of Sessions has decided that the women students at the university in that city are enabled to complete their curriculum as medical students and to be graduated on the usual conditions. The ladies thus obtain as a right what they have long sought as a favor. The decision will put some of the professors in an awkward position, as they have declared all along that rather than teach women they would resign their professorships.

It seems actually decided that the Shah of Persia will visit Europe in the early spring of next year. For 2,352 years no monarch of the Persians has visited that continent. The last sovereign of the land who undertook the journey was Xerxes, when he invaded Greece. His present Majesty will certainly not come with anything like the retinue of that King, who led a host of 5,228,220 men as far as Sepias and Thermopilæ—a feat which, by itself, throws all our modern achievements in the way of enormous armies and commissariats into the shade.

The English papers are filled with accounts of the annual autumn manœuvres of the British troops, regulars, volunteers, and militia. There have been reviews, sham fights on a grand scale, and all England has been agog over the movement of the defenders of the country. A correspondent of the *Daily News* is lost in admiration of the superb marching of the regulars, and thinks that if the red coats once got fairly into condition and put their backs into it, "they could walk away from any other troops in Europe."

Bismarck and the German authorities may do their best, by ordinance and prohibition, to turn back the tide of emigration to America, but a force works against them which it is difficult to overcome. The simple fact is that Germany is overcrowded. In Berlin thousands of poor people live in old railroad cars and omnibusses, and when the police drive them from these wretched retreats they have nowhere to go. The German looking towards a land where there is room enough for all and to spare, will seek it, and official restrictions, however rigid, cannot check the tendency.

Dr. Herrman von Orges, a well-known Austrian economist, has issued a pamphlet on woman's work in connection with the Vienna Industrial Exhibition, where special attention will be given to the work performed by women. At the London Exhibition were seen the products of human industry, at the Paris Exhibition the instruments of human labor, and that to be held at Vienna will show who the laborers are. Information already obtained shows that in Austria women play a much more important part in all kinds of manufacture than they have hitherto been supposed to do, and that in all departments where great bodily strength is not required their work is quite as valuable as that of men. A school has recently been opened in Vienna for the instruction of women in certain departments of work for which they are peculiarly fitted, such as the making of patterns for jewelry, dresses, and so forth, and productions of the students will be shown at the exhibition to enable manufacturers to judge of their value.

EASTERN NOTES.

Nebraska has doubled her population in four years.

Cotton of excellent quality is grown in Nebraska.

The flouring mills of Kansas are kept running day and night.

Kansas is almost smothered under her abundance of potatoes.

"Old Bonnets and They that Wear them" was the unfashionable topic of a Boston lecturer Sunday evening.

English boots and shoes are now in great demand in the American market. They are not handsome, but broad, comfortable and well made.

A great many of the western farmers are puzzled to know how to keep their corn crops from the weather, now they have secured them, the yield is so large.

A number of the most important churches in the city of Boston are vacant, and it is thought the coming year will produce even more important changes in the congregations.

A bi-sulphide of carbon engine has lately been put in operation in Boston, which, it is claimed by parties interested, will furnish power 60 per cent. cheaper than the most economical steam engine.

The demon of chills and fever seems to have taken possession of all the New York Summer resorts this season. Cooperstown, Richfield and Lake Mahopac all number their victims.

Miss Kate Stanton is going to lecture in Boston on "The Loves of Great Men," and nineteen out of twenty Bostonians fear that she is intends to divulge the heart-secrets of their private lives.

Artificial beautifying has become very common in New York society. The number of young ladies of undoubted position who dye their hair golden, fence their faces, and execute all the other toilet deceptions, is really surprisingly large.

One of the grandest Fairs ever known in New York is soon to be opened by the Masonic fraternity. The object the[illegible] to raise the funds[illegible] supporting an asylum in the interior of the State to shelter poor and decrepit brethren, their widows and orphans.

The necessity of making new and distinct ocean courses for outward and inward going steamers is more than ever impressed on the public mind by the fact that so many more vessels than formerly are now traversing the same parallels for the same ports.

A careful widow in the "Cheyenne strip," Southern Kansas, took her log chain on the prairie the other day. In

save trouble in seeking it, she set fire to the tall grass. She found the chain easy enough then, but when she looked for her house, it wasn't there.

NOTICE.—The tax Payers of the Sixteenth School District (18th Ward) Salt Lake City, are hereby notified that there will be a meeting at the School House lot in said District on Monday, Oct. 28th, at 2 p. m., to determine the rate per cent on a tax to be assessed for completing the School House now being erected, and for other school purposes.

F. KESLER,
T. McKEAN,
H. EMERY, } Trustees.

Salt Lake City, Oct. 21, 1872. d285

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Especially re-engaged for the production of the New Play, entitled
EAST AND WEST,
which will be produced with new scenery, new properties, and the most grand and thrilling effects ever attempted upon the stage.
TUESDAY EVENING,
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Will be performed, the new and interesting drama, by James Dowling, Esq., entitled
EAST AND WEST!
Mountain Jim.....Mr F M Bates
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During the evening, the Orchestra will perform E. N. Catlin's beautiful Daisy Farm Waltzes, arranged by Prof. C. J. Thomas.
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Made as good as new—almost.
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WATCHES!
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Come and Examine Stock and Prices.
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THE QUESTION WILL ARISE WHY IS THE VICTOR SO POPULAR?
BECAUSE It is the only Self-Setting, Straight Needle, Lock-Stitch Machine.
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