

no voice in either house of Conbeen lynched, at Happy Camp, Del Norte county, Cal.

A fire at Susquehanna, N. Y., voice in the choice of their rulers. such limitations as it ought to be and good order? Educated or this morning, did from fifty to seventy-five thousand dollars' fiam- Here voices in all these things, and on anaexing Territory to Territory to Territory to Territory in an orderly, law-observing, and SPECIAL ANNOUNCEMENT!

The state of the s and the second second second

gress, no absolute voice even in constructions in which I believe, violation by any part of that their own local legislatures, no put the Federal Government under community of the laws of sobriety

ance commences at 8 o'clock p. m.

Salt Lake Theatre.

ween the bricks. Very cheap Just call at my

C. R. JONES.

d113 3m

Depot, City Market Square, WORK OF THE CHARACTER INDICATED BY THE ABOVE TITLE IS UR-A work of the CHARACTER INDICATED BI THE ago, when the undersigned gently demanded by public necessity. A twelvemonth ago, when the undersigned to And see. Try it for yourselves. I will deliver it to any part of the city, or by car load to any part of Utah. the public, and they immediately withdrew their advertisement. There being no propo-

sition to publish a Directory from any other quarter at present, and the importance of Sait Lake with the growing industries of the Territory calling for one, they propose issu-

ing, on or before the 1st of April, a

cence, for which rich Americans slight one of State equality in the precisely because you have cenhave a world-wide flame, is the Senate, which is nothing to be tralized power in this government ance of order." giving of about three millions of compared to the political inequal- and increased the range of its legisdollars, for the public good, by Mr. Ities and various disabilities in- lation that things are not in the not they know whom they are James Lick, a wealthy citizen of flicted upon the people, of the Ter-California. ritories. Hence the right of a

Territory to admission as a State, to TERRITORIES AND STATES. rectify these glaring inequalities

and remove these oppressive and THE subject of Territories and new unjust disabilities. ..... States appears to be exciting considerable attention in the East. NEW MEXICO. The New Y & Herald of May 29, in an article upon the subject, GONTINUED.] says---

Potter's objection to the Mexican "We had an interesting debate in" the Senate yesterday on the mo- population, asked where Mr. Potter tion to admit the new Territory of would draw the line of demarka-Pembina. The Senators seemed tion-by haguage, blood, or weatth. disposed to develop a general policy in dealing with the Territories and the admis- on of new States. \*\* '\*:

"The vote in the House of Be. of the American nation resulted presentatives on the admission of New Mexico was one of the most blood conclusive that have been passed during the session. There were one hundred and sixty yeas and fifty-four nays. Among those who favored the measure we note men like Dawes, Nesmith, Orth, and op-posed to it such members as E. R. Hoar, Tremaine and Ellis H. Roberts; so that the vote cannot be Potter meant to say that the legiscalled partizan er sectional. The discussion was thorough, those taking part being Mr. Elkins, apt to be purchased than the legis-the census of 1870 was not properly. taking part being Mr. Elkins, the Delegate from New Mex-ico: Mr. McKee, of Mississip-pl; Mr. Potter, of New York; Mr. Kasson, of Iowa; Mr. Fort, of Illinois; Mr. Maynard and others. In this debate it was said that New Illinois and Iowa. Mr. Kason made the point that when a part of the Mexican Republic New Mexico had a representation in its Congress, with all the rights of State sovereignty, and that anner-ation should not work disfranchise-ment. It was shown also that in 1846, when General Kearny, at the head of an American army, occupied Santa Fe, he stated, that ''I was the wish and intention of the United States to provide a free with with the rights of state soverment with the restate, that ''I was the wish and intention of the United States to provide a free "it was the wish and intention of the United States to provide a free government with the least possible delay, similar to those in the Unit-ed States. It was alleged that Europeans had settled in this Ter-ritory a hundred years before the ritory a hundred years before the landing of the Pilgrims, that its capital was the oldest town in the United States except. St. Augus-tine, and that in domain it was three-times as large as Ohio-larger ther he was prepared to depart from than New E.gland and New York. The impressions these statements that principle, and whether he made upon the House are indicated controverted seriously the stateby the vote, and we presume they led to the action of the House Com-mittee on Territories, in favor of the admission of Colorado as a State, which was reported yesterday. The friends of the admission of Colora-do, inspired by the success of New Maxico naw mean to the statement that New

the only shadow of injustice to and adding State to State, and it the Territory of New Mexico. They The latest examples of musifi-suffrage excepted, is this very they are big or little. But it is Saxon descent in respect to our

> "Uneducated if they be, do electing to the floor of this House? If that be ignorance which characsame situation as when the gov-

then let us beware we do not-'Congress may admit new States into the Union' Of course this is a discretionary power, and in the wise exercise of that discretion

"Let me turn for a moment to the argument of the gentleman from New York (Mr. Potter). I And the world-renowned

NO RNA A

LOST. ington. In reference to their repd164 1 resentation in the Congress of the

United States I do not think that SOMETHING NEW ! the gentleman from New York would desire that a comparison

should be prosecuted very far touching that very State to which

Senators, nay, of that very Senator himself, for having the other day

CELEBRATED COG-WHEEL

State of Wisconsin, do we not re-member that noble and honest man, Mr. Dodge, who was the first Sen-ator that Wisconsin sent here? Do

d164 4t

Tabar Sant

WOOL! WOOL! WOOI

WANTED! OF WOOL. **Cents a Pound** 

"And so going over the Senate of the United States, man for man, new States and old States, I will challenge comparison of ability and public service upon the testimony of history. And I say that the young, the vigorous, the intelligent ONE-THIRD IN MONEY AND TWO-THIRDS IN OUR FAC-TORY CLOTH, ON DELIV-ERY OF THE WOOL



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SALT LAKE CITY

DIRECTURY of SALT LAKE CITY and UTAH, TERRITORY, Compiled and arranged, by EDWARD L. SLOAN, Whose former DIRECTORY of Salt Lake gave as much satisfaction. Secretary. The DIRECTORY OF SALT LAKE CITY AND UTAH TERRITORY FOR 1874, will contain General Directory of Salt Lake It will also contain a Chronological City; a Business Directory of Salt History of the Terrisory; a des-Lake City; cription of the various Mining Business Directory of Ogden, Districts, with much interesting and reliable information relative Prove, Corinne, Alta, Bingham and Ophir; with to the leading mines and their de velopment: and to the Agricultur-Official Directory of every Counal, Manufacturing and Industrial ty and Municipality in Utah. resources of the Territory. Canvassers soliciting Subscriptions and Advertisements will call upon businesses and others in a few days. [It is respectfully requested that every facility be extended to the canvassers for the meral and business directory, by furnishing them correct information as to names and Salt Lake Herald Publishing Co. FOR SALE. 近つ決定 A SECOND HAND FOUNDRY, Ruggles Patent Paper Cutter, Agents for GRIFFITH & WEDGE Palent Vertical Portable ENGINES AND SAW MILLS To Out Hall's Shingle and Heading 80 Inches. OF A COMP d Cope & Maxwell Ma Pumping Machinery.



ed fifty per cent. from 1850 to 1860,

Senatorship in their gift offered on that floor who did not know more inducements than large ones that it would be utterly impossible Mexico now, claimed a population of one hundred and thirty-five thousand a population larger than that of fifteen other States at the time of their admission to the population of all the minor districts Union-and that more votes had not a new question ... The principle It was fair to suppose that the pres-

the sisterhood of States. In that Territory there were over 40,000 people American-born or of Euro-pean descent, the descendants of these who had occupied the soil for centuries, were among the most on the globe, had long been en-

and the globe, had long been en-gaged in agriculture, many were men of wealth. All these Mexi-cans and Spaniards under twenty-five years of age could speak the English language. The children English language. The children renown is a part of the history of were being educated in 150 local blic schools, and were fast learn-

ng the English language. Mr. Hoskins concluded thus-

"Sir, as one of the thirty-three tatives of the gr

There are but just two propositions There are but just two propositions connected with this matter, so far as my mind has been led to investi-gate it. The first is whether the people of the Territory of New Mexico that now come here asking Mr. Whitehouse, referring to Mr. Mexico that now come note that and send of the send of

population of New Mexico increas-

Mr Hoskins, "The Constitution of the United States declares that

should we approach the considera-

bill now before us.

ernnient was formed."

tion of the

State represent the requisite popu-lation to entitle them to a Represen-tative on this floor. The other question is whether the population of the Territory of New Mexico is of a character which entitles it to con-it to the territory of New Mexico is of a character which would indi-

cate that they are in a condition for sidmission of New Mexico because self-government." Mf. Hoskins showed that the

of, difference of language and race, but he thought it not conducive to rapid growth. Mr. Crounse wished to ask if Mr.

Union—and that more votes had been given in the last canvass than had been cast for any one of forty members of the present Congress. Among the States which came into the Union with less pepulation the Data new question. The principle had been long established of ad-mitting any Territory as a State when it was found to have a popu-lation equal to the ratio of Gongres-internet for the time internet also in that Territory over 10,000 civilized Indians, many of them men of wealth, a long time engaged

He (Mr. Whitehouse) believed that the greatness and glory and power

from the intermixture of races and Mr. Potter did not object to the

