

THE DESERET NEWS.

TRUTH AND LIBERTY.

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EDITOR AND PUBLISHER.

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Real Estate Agent, Tribune Buildings, w30 1m Main St., S. L. City.

NOTICE:—For Sale—A few Pure Bred Leicestershire Rams, from five months to two years old. Also Boar and Sow Pigs, Silver's Ohio Improved Chester Whites. Apply to

H. G. PARK, Office of Jos. A. Young.

LOCAL AND OTHER MATTERS.

FROM TUESDAY'S DAILY.

OPENING OF THE MEAT MARKET.—It is proposed to close the old meat market to-morrow evening and open the new one on Thursday morning.

SWITCH EXTENDED.—Mr. Hardy, assistant engineer of the Utah Central Railroad, and party went to Farmington yesterday and extended the switch, at that place, 500 feet, it being now 1000 feet, instead of 500, as formerly.

INFORMATION WANTED.—Sarah Hemingway wishes to know the whereabouts of Thomas Hemingway, who emigrated to Utah in 1853 or 1854. Address in care of J. B. Fairbanks, 61, Great Freeman street Nottingham.—*Mill. Star*, Aug. 15.

LIVELY.—The part of First South St., lying west of Main St., between the Eagle, Emporium and the Townsend House is assuming a very lively and business-like appearance. At least six new stores and offices of various kinds are in course of erection, besides quite a number which are entirely or nearly finished and ready for occupancy.

DIED.—With deep regret we announce the death, in this city, this morning, at 6 minutes past 4 o'clock, in childbirth, of Mary E., wife of Mr. Mark Croxall. The funeral services will take place in President Young's School House, to-morrow morning at 10 o'clock. Friends are invited to attend.

(Special to the News, per Des. Tel.)

LOGAN, 4, 7:50 p.m.

Bishop Preston has just arrived from Soda Springs. He is doing as well as could be expected. His arm is badly fractured. He was placed under chloroform for two hours, and Dr. Anderson extracted twenty-one pieces of bone, besides shot, wadding and clothing, out of the wound. He starts for Salt Lake City at 8:30, this p.m., under Dr. Anderson's care.

ACCIDENT.—We learned with regret that Col. D. C. Buel met with a severe accident, yesterday, a few miles this side of Tooele. The Colonel's team ran away and he was thrown violently from the carriage upon a bridge. His injuries are very severe, although they are not considered dangerous, and are mostly confined to the right side and breast and the spine. He was suffering acutely to-day.

On receiving a dispatch, informing him of the accident, last night, Mr. Bateman, accompanied by Dr. Hamilton, started for Tooele and returned to this city with the Colonel before daylight this morning.

MARSHALS AND WARDENS AND THINGS.

—Warden Rockwood and city Marshal McAllister were summoned to appear for trial yesterday, at the offices of Messrs. McCurdy and Morgan, on a charge of resisting the U. S. Marshal in the discharge of his duty, or rather for refusing to deliver to him the prisoner Killfoyle without an order of court. The court was opened at half past three in the afternoon, Judge Hawley presiding, Mr. Morgan appearing in behalf of the Prosecuting Attorney for the prosecution, and Honorables Z. Snow and S. A. Mann, for the defense.

Mr. Morgan essayed in a few words to explain the nature of the case. The explanation however was so ambiguous and jumbled that it was difficult to catch his meaning.

Both parties wished for time to enable them to make thorough preparation, which was granted, Wednesday (to-morrow) morning, at ten o'clock, being the time chosen for proceeding with the case.

The court said it would be necessary for the defendants to give bonds for their appearance at that time. Marshal McAllister said that Marshal Patrick would, he had no doubt, be bondsman for him.

It was agreed that the defendants give their own recognizances for one thousand dollars each. Z. Snow inquired of the court whether the recognizances should be made out in favor of the people of the United States or the people of Utah Territory, whereupon he (the court) turned his eyes towards the ceiling, where they remained fixed for some moments, his face assuming at the same time, a somewhat puzzled expression. After a little reflection he said, "Well, I suppose it is immaterial which;" however, he won't leave it with the counsel for the prosecution to say.

We could not help sympathizing with the judge in his unpleasant predicament. He evidently wished he knew whether the alleged offense with which the defendants were charged, was one against the laws of the United States or the laws of the Territory. If an offense be committed against the laws of the U. S., what reason would

there be for the persons charged giving bonds in favor of or in the name of the people of the Territory, and vice versa? Yet Judge Hawley says, he supposes "it is immaterial."

On the matter being referred to the counsel for the prosecution (Mr. Morgan), it was arranged that the papers be made out in the name of the people of the United States.

VACCINATION AGAIN.—Dr. J. J. Murphy late of Augusta, Ga., but now of this city, has had a very large experience in the treatment of small pox, and has had, probably as many opportunities as most men of testing the efficacy of vaccination. He called in recently, and gave us a few of his ideas on the subject, the publication of which, we think, may prove useful to the people, the Dr's. conclusions being founded upon and drawn from his practice and experience.

In the first place he says he is positive that vaccination is a safe-guard against the attacks of small pox, if the vaccination be done properly, and often enough. Care should be taken that the matter used is from a healthy animal, or subject; and to be rendered completely small-pox proof the operation of vaccination should be repeated until it produces no effect whatever upon the patient. The number of times required will vary according to the physical condition of the latter when it is commenced; but when this point is reached, whether it be the first time, or a dozen times, a person need have no fear, he says, of being attacked by small pox.

When the vaccine matter is taken from a person who has been vaccinated more than once, the Doctor says experience has demonstrated to him that it will never have any effect if used on others; and this is also sometimes the case when taken from the scab of parties vaccinated for the first time. Dr. Murphy says that on the seventh day after vaccination the pustule which forms, if the operation has been effective, will contain a colorless fluid, and if this be used on others there is not the least fear in the world of the operation being ineffectual; it is a sure thing every time. In vaccinating, or in taking this lymph from another, there is no need to cause the least pain; all that is necessary is to insert the point of a needle, just sufficient to make the smallest puncture imaginable in the side of the pustule containing the lymph; and the same in the outer skin of the person vaccinated. The needle need not be inserted far enough to draw blood in either case.

Dr. Murphy says he has resided where small-pox was epidemic, and when parties have attended to the above suggestions he never knew one of them fall a victim to, nor even attacked by it.

FROM WEDNESDAY'S DAILY.

A GOOD STRIKE.—A private dispatch from Deep Creek states that from three hundred to eighteen hundred per ton ore has been struck in the "Black Jack" mine, at that place.

THE FIRST PEACH.—Brother C. C. Rich, junr., brought with him, from Bear Lake, the other day, the first peach raised in that northern region. We have seen it and think the specimen good, considering that it was produced in so cold a climate.

INQUEST.—An inquest was held at 11 o'clock to-day, by Justice Clinton and a coroner's jury, to enquire into the cause of the death of Henry H. Minckley, who committed suicide yesterday afternoon, at the crushing and sampling works of S. W. Howland & Co., where he was employed. The inquest was held at the house of the mother of the deceased, in the 15th Ward. The jury returned the following verdict:

SALT LAKE CITY,

September 6th, 1871.

We, the jury empaneled and sworn to enquire into the cause of the death of one Henry H. Minckley, do find, from the testimony produced, that he came to his death on the 5th day of September, 1871, by shooting himself, with a pistol, in the left breast, while under the influence of intoxicating liquor.

Signed,
GEO. W. RUSSELL,
JOHN COTTAM,
JOS. CHAMBERLAIN,
HUGH DAY.

OBSEQUES.—The funeral ceremonies of Mrs. Mary E. Croxall, daughter of President Young, took place this morning in President Young's School House, which was filled with the relatives and friends of the deceased, who had assembled to pay their last tribute of respect.

The services commenced with singing by the choir, under the direction of Professor C. J. Thomas. Prayer was offered by Elder John Tayler, when the choir again sang.

Elder George Q. Cannon read a portion of the 15th chapter of the first epistle to the Corinthians, commencing at the 14th verse, making this the basis for remarks appropriate to the occasion.

President George A. Smith followed, and briefly endeavored to console the mourners under their bereavement.

President Joseph Young was the last speaker. He eulogized the deceased as daughter, sister, wife and mother and exhorted all present to study and live according to the laws of life, expressing the opinion that if this were more generally done the shafts of death might be averted longer than they are.

The choir sang, "Oh my Father, thou that dwellest," when benediction was pronounced by President D. H. Wells.

FROM THE SOUTH.—Dr. J. D. M. Crookwell called in to-day, to say he had just returned from the extreme South, having left St. George, August 21, and would be "at home" to his friends forthwith. He reported the people of that city and vicinity getting along finely with their meeting house, which was nearly ready for the roof. Bro. Snow's health was rather improved. The grape and cotton crops would be light, the Clara was very low and the crops on that stream were short. Considerable improvements were going on in St. George, and the people generally were happy and contented. Bro. Jos. W. Young had returned a few days previously from Kanab, reporting that he had found some fine cannel coal in that region, specimens of which he exhibited.

In Iron county a good spirit prevailed, and improvement and enterprise were manifest. Crops were good where uninjured by grasshoppers, as they were somewhat in the southern portion of the county. There were excellent crops at Cedar.

At Beaver things were prosperous and crops looked well. Bishop Murdoch was doing all he could to advance the interests of the place. The factory was making cloth suitable for any gentleman's wear. Dr. Geo. B. Graff, of Omaha, who accompanied Dr. C., was so well pleased with the quality and finish of the cloth that he purchased sufficient for a suit for himself.

At Fillmore prosperity also ruled. Much rock, red sandstone, was being hauled for the New City Hall and prison.

At Round Valley, Chicken Creek, and Nephi the crops were good.

Throughout Utah county there were good crops and abundance of hay, more hay and wheat and oat stacks than he had ever seen before.

A large number of men and teams were engaged in grading for the U. S. R. R., at the point of the mountain, south of Dr. Dunion's, and east of the present traveled road. Rails were down to Willow Creek.

Considerable interest was evinced in the mines west of Beaver, where extensive ledges of bismuth, cobalt, and silver had been discovered, as also extensive ledges of argentiferous galea up the Clara, forty miles north of St. George, in the Mountain Meadow region.

Dr. Winschlewe reported the discovery of an extensive valley running through part of Piute and Iron Counties, 30 miles long by half to one and a half wide, with plenty of timber, chiefly pine, abundance of water, grass unsurpassed in the Territory, and capable of sustaining 3,000 families. A pass in the Sevier mountains, nine miles above Pangwitch, leads east twenty-five or 30 miles into the valley, in which runs a river called Muddy Devil. One branch of the valley, called Potato valley, abounds in excellent potatoes, much like the Irish. Thirty miles S. W. of Muddy Devil, and twenty-two N. E. of S. J. Lees' ranch is a beautiful canyon called Lake Canyon. Two other streams empty into the Colorado, north of Muddy Devil—one called Sanwan, rises in a lake, and the other, called St. Gabriel, rises in Sevier County and empties into the Colorado in Piute county, near lat. 33 deg. Muddy Devil Valley is at least 1,500 feet lower than Beaver, is supposed well suited for grapes, cotton, figs, and other semi-tropical productions, and is one of the finest stock ranges. It is twenty-five miles north of the Pyra (Pahreah) river. One can pass up the N. fork of the Pyra river and through Muddy Devil valley. Five streams enter into Muddy Devil river from the north. The Muddy Devil runs nearly east and empties into the Colorado S. of 28 deg.

We give the above as we received it from the Doctor.

SOUTHERN UTAH AGRICULTURAL FAIR.—A report of the premiums awarded at the Fair held at St. George, Washington County, September 1st, is before us, but how can we spare room for insertion, considering the present crowded state of our columns?