

BY TELEGRAPH.

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AMERICAN.

COLUMBUS, O., 13.—Mr. Blaine left Lancaster a little after 9 o'clock for Toledo via Columbus. Just as he started the train going down the Hocking Valley, carrying Mr. Hendricks, the Democratic candidate for Vice-President, arrived at Lancaster. The crowd at the depot cheered Mr. Hendricks when he appeared on the rear of the platform, and he returned thanks in a very brief speech, in the course of which he said: "If Ohio tomorrow shall support the Democratic cause, the fight is over, but if Ohio tomorrow shall not do that, then in Indiana and in other States the fight is to the death." At Columbus ex-Governor Foster, Chairman Ogilvie of the Republican State committee, and ex-commissioner Dudley, boarded Mr. Blaine's car. There was a stop here of over an hour, but the car was left on the outskirts of the city, and did not go into the depot at all.

Toledo, 13.—At Prospect, a small station where a brief stop was made, an interesting scene took place. Several hundred people were assembled, who cheered, shouted and waived their hats and handkerchiefs when Blaine appeared. While he was bowing acknowledgments two very old men, veteran Republicans, who had come to the depot to see him, were brought out and Blaine jumped down from the platform and went to meet them. One of these was Robert Cratty, born near Chambersburg, Pa., and said to be 100 years and fifty days old. He was a Lieutenant in the last war with Great Britain, and was once in command of Fort Erie. The other was John Jones, a native of Wales, but a resident of this country since 1818. Both seemed to be well and strong, and Blaine remarked afterwards that they had grasped his hands firmly. They both assured him that they expected to see him elected President, and he expressed his gratification in meeting them. When this interview was ended Blaine stepped to the platform, the people cheered again and clamored for a speech. Blaine said: I thank you, my friends, for your kind reception. This old gentleman with whom I have just been talking, was born when the country had but three millions of people, and it has now about sixty millions. He was born when we had just escaped from colonial dependence, and he has lived to see this among the leading nations of the world. If we desire to keep it up, let us maintain those principles on which alone a true republic can rest.

The next stop was made at Marion. Blaine spoke a few words of thanks and encouragement.

At Upper Sandusky the people demanded a speech. Blaine said: "A speech, my friends, is quite unnecessary; a speech on political topics is too late. Action is the word now. Tomorrow Ohio is to proclaim the result of the presidential election. I hope the republicans of the State are ready for the trial."

At 4.40 the train reached Toledo, and Blaine and party were driven quietly to the hotel. To-morrow Blaine goes to Detroit.

Columbus, O., 13.—A citizens' meeting was held to-day, consisting of a joint committee appointed by Cleveland and Hendricks clubs, and by republican executive committees to take some action to prevent illegal voting to-morrow. A long conference was held, at the conclusion of which it was decided to appoint four citizens, two of each party, for each precinct in the city. It is learned similar meetings were held in other cities, and committees were appointed who will be at the polls all day, designated by badges, and will have authority to scrutinize everything about the ballot box and the manner in which the election is conducted. The sheriff of the county appointed between thirty and forty deputies this afternoon to be present at the polls, and the mayor to-night, believing the sheriff had interfered with his authority, called a meeting of the police board and secured permission to appoint one hundred extra police. About half the number was appointed to-night and the others will be named in the morning.

CINCINNATI, 13.—Detective Rathbone, of the United States Secret Service, to-night arrested twelve men on a charge of conspiracy and fraud at the election. They are all white. They claim they came here under the direction of the chief of police of Lexington to spot colored repeaters from that place. Their railroad tickets were provided by the Mayor of Lexington, and were good to return until Wednesday morning. Their board bill was also paid up to that time. More arrests are expected to-night, and U. S. Commissioner Harper will probably remain to hear the cases all night.

Late to-night six United States deputy marshals were arrested by the police, and five of them locked up at Hammond street station, while the sixth was merely held on suspicion. Two of these men were arrested on Front Street, and the other four on Sixth Street. Both places are known as negro resorts, and the marshals claim they were searching for "repeaters." Revolvers were found on all of the party but one, and they were taken to the station and locked up. Shortly after 1 o'clock United States Marshal Lot Wright appeared at the station and demanded of the officer in charge the release of all the prisoners, the sur-

render of the weapons and the possession of the warrant which had been taken away from the deputies when arrested. All this was refused.

LATER.—United States Marshal Lot Wright and Secret Service Officer Rathbone, armed with a warrant from the United States Court, proceeded in company with four deputy United States marshals to Hammond street police station at 1:30 this morning for the arrest of the three policemen who arrested the United States marshals. The United States marshal arriving at Hammond street police station found that the six arrested deputies had been released, and that the three policemen for whom they had warrants were concealed. The marshals are now seeking the three policemen to serve the warrants.

In his report to the Secretary of the Interior, upon the condition of affairs in New Mexico, Gov. Sheldon says the Territory has prospered materially in all its industries. Stock raising received a greater impetus than any other interest, the number of cattle and sheep being estimated at two million head. The report states there is an irrepressible conflict waged between cattle and sheep ranchers, which may result in the near future in the destruction of the sheep-raising business. The trouble is attributed to the destruction of the pastures by sheep, and there is no authority resting in the territorial government to stop the conflict. The remedy suggested is the passage of a law defining the boundaries of ranches, and requiring the erection of fences. Taxable property in the Territory increased in value during the year four million dollars. It is asserted that unless a law is passed allowing individuals to acquire large amounts of land, it cannot be expected that the stock raising industry will be developed to the highest attainable point. Seven-eighths of the public land in New Mexico, says Governor Sheldon, will, in all probability never become the property of citizens, as it is difficult to comply with the requirements of the present land law on account of the absence of water. The failure to settle the status of the Spanish and Mexican grants has retarded the progress of the Territory. The production of gold and silver has reached a point sufficient, in the opinion of the Governor, to justify the establishment of a United States mint in the Territory.

PANAMA, 5.—The legislative assembly of Panama met Friday, the 3rd inst. Dr. Cervera, the president of the State, presented his resignation. Although the revolution is going on, the people in the city don't seem to trouble themselves about it. At Farfaw, three miles from here, three hundred men have assembled in arms, under the command of Ruiz, late pretender to the presidency, but as yet have not molested any one. It seems there is a prospect that the State convention will effect an understanding between the opposing parties.

CHICAGO, 13.—The Baltimore & Ohio Railroad to-day notified the steamship companies' agents here that it would pay 20 per cent commission on all immigrant business over its line both from New York and Baltimore. This is understood to be in retaliation for the Pennsylvania Co. for cutting the Baltimore & Ohio's New York connection. It is thought this action will disrupt the immigrant pool and probably demoralize first and second class passenger rates. A rumor is current to-day that the east-bound rates on export rates were being cut by two of the pool lines.

NEW YORK, 13.—Over 6,000 people assembled in Madison Square Garden to-night to witness the glove contest between Charles Mitchell of England, and Dominick McCaffrey of Pittsburgh. At 10:08 McCaffrey entered the ring in the garden, quickly followed by Mitchell. Both men looked in prime condition: each scaled 165 pounds. Mitchell is 23 years old and stands 5 feet 8 1/2 inches high. McCaffrey is 21 years old, and is 5 feet 9 1/2 inches. Mitchell was attended by Billy Madden and Alfred Luntz; McCaffrey by Billy Edwards and Tom Campbell, and J. B. McCormick of Cincinnati as referee; Ed. Plummer, time-keeper. The fight was under the Marquis of Queensbury rules. No time was lost in preliminaries, and the men were quickly called to the scratch.

First Round.—Mitchell confident, McCaffrey smiling, both cautious, McCaffrey finally let fly his right, catching Mitchell on the breast, but a little short for the effect desired. Mitchell became cautious, and then delivered a vicious left-hander on the body followed with an effort at in fighting, which ended in a clinch, when McCaffrey got in a swinging right-hander, and the round ended in McCaffrey's favor amid great cheering.

Second Round.—Mitchell opened the round with several terrible body blows, seemingly determined to force the fighting. McCaffrey took his gruel, getting in, in the meantime, some good ones on Mitchell's face and head. Cautious sparring on both sides succeeded. Suddenly McCaffrey visited his antagonist on the right ear, and Mitchell seemed to stagger. He gathered himself, however, and administered some terrible sledge hammer blows on McCaffrey's chest and neck. McCaffrey was giving as much as he got, when Mitchell tried to force his opponent to the ropes, but McCaffrey would not yield, and some short, sharp fighting ensued. When time was called, McCaffrey seemed to have the best of it.

Third round.—Both men were considerably blown. McCaffrey was confi-

dent and jumped to the middle of the ring, Mitchell trying to force the fighting received a staggering right-hander and the blood flowed from a gash over his right eye and from his nose. The first blow for McCaffrey was claimed and allowed. McCaffrey now seemed to have things his own way. Mitchell in his efforts to get in his telling body blows, was losing his defense, and McCaffrey never once missed his chance. Mitchell began to get angry and endeavored again to bear McCaffrey to the ropes despite repeated warnings from the referee, who finally had to step into the ring and lead the men to their corners. The excitement was now intense and the crowd shouted and yelled like mad men, McCaffrey plainly being the favorite. The garden was a bedlam when time was called.

Fourth round.—Mitchell looked much the worse for wear. His face had considerable blood on it, still he went at it gamely. In a moment McCaffrey let go his left, but it was neatly stopped, and Mitchell sent back a hard one on Mc's body. Both men clinched and some rapid exchanges followed. McCaffrey's work was most telling. Mitchell resorted to his old tactics of bearing on his opponent. McCaffrey was clever in keeping away, always doing good work with his right hand and not forgetting his left. During the clinch that followed, Police Captain Williams stepped on the stage, and putting his club between the men ordered the fight to stop. The referee called time at this juncture, and a wild scene ensued. Everybody yelled, and nothing could be understood. The referee tried to make himself heard, but in vain. He stood at the ropes with the backers of the men on either side, evidently trying to induce him to do something, but whether it was to reserve his decision, call the match a draw or order another round, could only be surmised. At any rate, when McCormick could make himself heard, he announced his decision that McCaffrey had won the match and all the gate money. This made the crowd crazy again, and they cheered for McCaffrey and the referee.

LANCASTER, Pa., 13.—Lawrence L. Cowley, of Philadelphia, aged 15, this evening shot Mamie Benoit, aged 14, of this city, and then shot himself fatally. The shot fired at the girl made a painful but not fatal wound. Cowley some time ago was employed in the Lancaster watch factory, where the girl was employed. He fell in love with her. He left Lancaster early in June and went to Philadelphia. He persisted in sending the girl protestations of regard; also letters threatening to kill her if she refused to receive his attentions. He returned to Lancaster ten days ago, and meeting the girl on the street this evening, shot her and then himself.

PITTSBURG, 13.—The grand jury found a true bill against President Riddle and cashier Reiber of the defunct Penn Bank, for conspiracy and the embezzlement of \$1,200,000, against T. J. Watson, oil broker, for conspiracy to defraud the Penn Bank depositors.

KANSAS CITY, 13.—John Lowery and wife, cattle feeders for C. D. Hudson, were found murdered on a farm near Marshall, Mo., this evening. Lowery was found at the barn with bullet hole in the head, and his wife near the house her skull having been crushed with an ax. The crime is mysterious, though it is suspected it was committed by a party of tramps seen in the vicinity.

TOPEKA, Kas., 13.—A second attempt to wreck the Santa Fe express was made a short distance east of Topeka, Kansas, Sunday evening. The section men of that division went to Florence during the day, and returned on a hand car to their homes about 9:30 o'clock. They discovered a tie across the track, fastened down, and succeeded in removing it before the arrival of the east bound express due at 9:45. The section men saw four men retreating from under a bridge near by after the train had passed, making rapid progress towards the woods, where they probably had horses in hiding. The Sunday night previous an obstruction was placed for the passenger train near Emporia, and resulted in wrecking a freight train and killing the fireman. It is believed this is the same gang and that robbery is their object. A reward of \$5,500 is offered for the arrest of the perpetrators of the wreck a week ago.

CINCINNATI, Ohio, 14.—It was remarked by Judge Kelley, of Pennsylvania, after canvassing the State, that he had never seen such interest manifested in politics since 1840. All reports received up to this hour indicate that this intensity of feeling continues. An enormous vote is being polled, each party striving not only to get in all its votes, but to get in early. It is understood that Ohio is regarded as the battle ground, and on the issue of to-day will depend the conduct of the next three weeks of the campaign. The polls are being closely watched. The deputy sheriffs representing the democratic and deputy U. S. marshals and citizens' committees the republicans. A large number of repeaters have already been arrested by deputy marshals, and they are being guarded in a government building. A number of these were brought in a patrol wagon by police, which added to the excitement. There has been considerable shooting in the 6th, 8th, 15th and 19th wards. In the latter a deputy marshal shot a deputy sheriff in the head, causing a severe wound; it is not fatal. In the 18th, democratic ward, there is great excitement because of the large number of votes which are being polled. The vote will be large and will be probably reach 800,000 in aggregate. The

State candidates are: Secretary of State, Judge of the Supreme Court and Board of Public Works. The democratic candidate for secretary is the present incumbent, Mr. Newnam; the republican, Gen. John L. Robinson, who at present represents Marion district in Congress. Only scattering returns need be expected to-night.

CINCINNATI, 14.—The report that Foxy Anderson was killed in the 9th ward is not true, but he was seriously hurt. Large crowds are gathered at many polling places, and the air is full of rumors of expected outbreaks. The polling continues rapidly, and in many places more than half the total vote was cast before noon. In the U. S. court room Commissioners Harper and Probasco have already committed 27 men charged with illegal voting. Shortly before noon, A. L. Russell, in the 18th Ward, who had been flourishing a pistol about the vicinity of the polls, was shot by a colored deputy marshal and died instantly. At noon, the poll was proceeding quietly in nearly all the wards. There is a large crowd about the United States government buildings, attracted by curiosity, and by the almost constant arrival of men arrested for illegal voting. Trouble is anticipated at 6 o'clock, when the polls close.

The policemen before the United States commissioner were released on bonds. The city is feverish with excitement. Many arrests have been made at the polls for illegal voting. Challenging is carried on to a greater extent than ever before. Slight collisions have taken place in several wards, but the worst, so far, has been in the sixth ward, where a large number of negroes and Irish vote, and where, early this morning, one of Pinkerton's detectives was badly beaten. A negro, known as "Foxy" Anderson, was killed there this morning in an encounter with a deputy marshal. A report came from the Fourteenth Ward that the deputy sheriffs had overpowered the deputy marshals, and were refusing to allow any negroes to vote. The U. S. Marshal sent an additional number of deputy marshals to the scene. The weather is delightful and pleasant. A very large vote is being polled. Men about the polls say there is very little scratching. Everywhere great earnestness is manifested.

Columbus, O., 14.—From local indications and information received at headquarters of the republican committee it is estimated that at least three-fourths of the vote in the city was polled by noon. The weather is considered favorable to the republicans (?) in the rural districts.

COLUMBUS, Ohio, 14.—The weather is bright and clear to-day with a cool breeze, and everything favorable for the full vote which is being polled. No disturbance of consequence has been reported in this city beyond the arrest of a few strangers for trying to vote and others for disorderly conduct.

CLEVELAND, Ohio, 14.—The weather throughout the Western Reserve is beautiful. Every indication that a large vote will be polled. No unusual excitement, besides working earnestly.

WHEELING, W. Va., 14.—The election to-day is for Governor and full list of State officers and the Legislature. Questions of taxation by the dominant party and the Supreme Court in *Intelligence* contempt case, are the chief State issues. Weather fine and a very heavy vote being polled. In this city they had polled three-fourths of the usual vote at 10 o'clock. Both sides claim gains. Nothing definite.

TOLEDO, 14.—The weather is clear and cool, voting is progressing quietly. Indications are that the vote will be the largest ever polled. In six of eight wards of the city, it is estimated that fully one half of the vote was in before 9 o'clock.

COSHOCOTON, O., 14.—The vote to-day will probably be the heaviest ever known in this city. At noon the vote already polled was more than four-fifths of the largest ever polled.

MONTPELIER, Vermont, 14.—In the balloting for U. S. Senator to Congress in the House to-day Senator Morrill received 177 votes, Timothy I. Redfield 26, W. P. Dillingham 3, scattering 3. The Senate votes this afternoon. Tomorrow at noon the votes of the two Houses will be ratified.

Cincinnati, O., 14.—At two-thirty the city continues to be fairly quiet. Nearly one hundred men have been brought before the U. S. S. Commissioners for illegal voting and sent to jail, or released on bond. Habeas corpus proceedings are used in some instances to get them out of jail. Arrests are also made by the police and deputy sheriffs, and the same course is pursued to release their prisoners. There has been no general disturbance since the rush at the Eighth Ward polls, and confidence is growing that the day may pass peaceably. Still there are fears of violence about the time of closing the polls, at 6 p.m.

HARTFORD, Conn., 14.—Maud S. will be started at 2.30 to lower her record. There is considerable wind and the opinion is that the mare will not eclipse her Cleveland performance.

WHEELING, W. Va., 14.—The *Register*, a democratic paper, claims the election of Wilson (dem.) for governor, by 10,000 majority.

Charleston, 14.—Returns are coming in very slowly. The vote in this city is 1,480, with the democratic ticket ahead. The outlook for the democrats in the county is not encouraging.

The election passed off quietly in this county. As far as heard from the fusion ticket has gained, while the democrats lost. There was much scratching on the governor, as well as county officers.

Wheeling, West Virginia, 14.—Returns come in so slowly and scattering that they indicate nothing definite. The democrats probably carry the State.

Charleston, W. Va., 14.—This Kanawha County, will give Maxwell, republican, for governor, between 300 and 500 majority. He gets the fusion vote. Fayette County is doubtful.

Wheeling, W. Va., 14.—A partial count in Harrison County indicates a majority of 5,000 for Maxwell, the republican candidate for governor. In Brooke County incomplete returns give Wilson, democrat, for governor, 153—a democratic gain of 400; Summers County, 350 democratic.

NEW YORK, 14.—At the headquarters of the National Democratic committee at midnight nothing was conceded and West Virginia was claimed by 8,000, which is the estimate in Wheeling. The democrats in private concede Ohio to the republicans by about 10,000 majority. At midnight Ohio was claimed by the National Republican committee by from 17,000 to 20,000, and a magic lantern screen in front bore the words, "Praise God from whom all blessings flow." The republicans here felt such confidence in the result in Ohio that Chickering Hall has been secured for to-night, and a mass meeting will be held.

NEW YORK, 14.—There is great interest manifested by the people gathered about the different bulletin boards throughout the city awaiting for the returns from the election in Ohio. In the neighborhood of the Fifth Avenue Hotel and political headquarters, the crowd was the greatest. The steopticon at the junction of Fifth Avenue and Broadway attracted attention, and as the different dispatches were posted cheers and jeers greeted them.

COLUMBUS, Ohio, 14.—The election here passed off in comparative quiet, there being but few disturbances and those due to the appointment of special police by the republican mayor and deputies by the democratic sheriff. In one precinct there was a conflict of authority resulting in the arrest of a deputy sheriff by the police. There was a sharp fight for the organization of the polls, the number of citizens turning out being unprecedented. Bands and drum corps paraded the streets at daybreak, awakening the voters. The vote was the heaviest ever polled in the city. The republicans had the city hall, and the democrats had their headquarters at the Franklin County Club. The republicans are wild with enthusiasm.

Cleveland, 14.—To-day's election passed off quietly notwithstanding it excited extraordinary interest. A heavy vote was polled, and there was a great amount of ticket scratching. The excitement at the opening of polls was intense. The members of both the great parties were watchful of the interests of themselves and fellow voters. Judges and clerks were chosen and qualified, and everything moved off smoothly. The voters generally early presented themselves at the polls, and before noon the tally sheets showed a long list of names in many cases covering two-thirds and even three-fourths of the entire voting population. Foran, democratic candidate for Congress, ran ahead of his ticket, and is probably elected, it is supposed, by labor organizations.

CINCINNATI, 14.—The polls closed at 6 o'clock, with no further outbreaks, to the great relief of everybody. There was very great apprehension that trouble would occur as the polls were about to close, and men were sent to the most dangerous precincts to prevent violence. Fortunately the day closed quietly. The worst trouble of the day happened in one of the precincts of the Eighth Ward, where a number of colored deputy marshals came in collision with some deputy sheriffs and bystanders, and as the latter were largely anti-republican, the colored men were quickly routed, but not till a number of shots were fired. The cry of "Lynch the negroes!" was raised, and the crowd rushed into the next street after a few colored men in sight. One was caught and beaten nearly to death. Another was struck in the face with a boulder, and his face mashed. He had not been about the polls, but was passing along the street. In this disturbance one man was fatally shot, and a woman struck in the breast with a boulder is supposed to be mortally hurt. During the whole afternoon at this precinct a large crowd remained and a number of disturbances took place.

Cincinnati, 14.—A general fight among the negroes on Freeman Street started to-night about 10:30, and lasted over half an hour. Henry Brown, one of the participants, was seriously shot in the abdomen, and police officers Gorman and Sherlock dangerously wounded by a pistol shot in the spinal region.

COLUMBUS, 14.—Four hundred and twenty wards and precincts show a net democratic gain of 768 over the vote for Secretary of State in 1880. The same wards and precincts show a net republican gain of 6,805 over the vote for Governor in 1883. Butterworth of Cincinnati telegraphs that he is elected in the First District; also that General Brown is elected in the Second District, making a republican gain of Congressmen.

Cleveland, 14.—Incomplete returns indicate the election of Foran, democratic candidate for Congress, and Sawyer, democratic candidate for sheriff. The republicans elect all the other candidates in this county by a majority of 3,000 to 3,500. The republican State ticket will carry the county of Cuyahoga by about the same majority.