TELEGRAPHIC.

DONE BY CONGRESS.

Hill's Proposition to Test the Legality of the Income Tax.

VOTED DOWN IN THE SENATE.

Important Amendment Adopted—Business Transacted by the House.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 16.—After a debate covering over a week, the Senate today voted down Hill's proposition to refer the legality of the income tax to the courts, only five senators joining with Hill in supporting the proposition. But the vote was not taken till late in the day and up to that time there was a spirited debate that the Hill proposition had called out. Vest was the principal speaker of the day.

In the course of his speech, Vest called attention to the gravity of the tariff war which foreign countries had begun against the United States as a result of the one-tenth sugar differential. Although Hill failed in referring the income tax to the courts, he secured the adoption of an important amendment limiting the interrogatories of the officers seeking to collect the tax. The amendment will have the effect of compelling the treasury department to change its regulations as to collecting the tax.

Vest directed attention to the statement of the senator from Maryland that the Senate passed more bills than the House. Vest declared that, of course, a small body could act on routine business more expeditiously than a large body. "Yes," continued he, "everyone knows we stand here like a lot of Muscovite drakes bowing and stooping solemnly, and then go stupidly to the consideration of routine."

"I have no authority to speak for the President," said Vest, with much earnestness, "but I hope that if some definite action is not taken by this committee, the President will call an extra session as soon as the gavel falls at the close of this session."

As Vest proceeded several interesting chapters on the enactment of the sugar schedule were disclosed. Allen, of Nebraska, asked what the committee had intended to do on the Hawaiian treaty affecting sugar.

Vest answered that the conferees desired to do away with that treaty.

Vest proceeded to state the substance of an agreement that had been made as to taking up of the free sugar bill. It was his understanding that the management of the Democratic senators had agreed with the leaders in the House that if the latter body yielded and passed the amendment to the tariff bill, the Senate would in turn take up the special tariff bills, particularly as to sugar. His memory being refreshed by Harris, Vest said he did not mean to say there was a positive guarantee, but it was a general understanding, which warranted him in urging that this sugar question should be acted upon.

White of California, and Harris of Tennessee spoke briefly against the Hill amendment.

Hill again addressed the Senate answering objections made to his amendment.

This closed the debate and for the purpose of simplification it was agreed to take the first vote on sustaining the chair in ruling out of order the Hill amendment, referring the income tax to the courts.

The chair was sustained on a yea and nay vote, [illegible] only five senators, Dubois, Davis, Mitchell of Oregon, Quay and Pettigrew voting with Hill against the decision of the chair. By the vote the Hill amendment disappeared as the chair had ruled it out of order.

An amendment to the deficiency bill was adopted for the maintenance of an assay office at Boise, Ida.

Hill offered an amendment to the income tax provision restricting the interrogatories to persons or firms, notwithstanding the printed regulations of the internal revenue bureau. After Hill explained how far the treasury regulations went beyond the law, Cockrell, in charge of the bill, agreed to the amendment and it was adopted. If the House agrees to the amendment, it will have the effect of compelling modifications in the treasury regulations already issued as to the collection of the income tax.

The deficiency bill was then passed.

Aldrich presented a resolution calling on the President for the correspondence with Germany relative to the tariff. The resolution was agreed to.

Then at 5:15 the Senate adjourned.

THE HOUSE.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 16.—Dockery of Missouri occupied the chair in the House today.

On motion of Cockrell (Dem.), Texas, a bill was passed to authorize the Kansas City, Oklahoma & Pacific railroad to construct a railroad through the Indian Territory.

Flynn (Rep.), Oklahoma, started the debate with an assault on the Indian office, which he charged with [illegible].

Weadock (Dem.), of Michigan, devoted some time to the discussion of the proposed policy of discontinuing the contract school system and opening government schools, taking the position that provision for building schools should keep pace with the discontinuance of the contract schools, the establishments should not be interfered with.

Walker (Rep.) of Massachusetts took advantage of the latitude allowed for debate to discuss the condition of the treasury and the sources of revenue out of which the enormous expenditures of the government were to be defrayed. He said all the Republicans asked was that the sections of his currency bill be considered in logical order. That being refused, they voted against its consideration.

Bowers took the floor and humorously suggested that the Democratic side was trying to get [illegible] out of its defeat, "except," he added, "the gentleman from New York (Warner), who always comes out of the same hole he went in. (Laughter.) As a matter of fact, the Carlisle bill fell of its own weight. It had not consistency enough to stand alone. That was proven by the fact that no one had objected to the withdrawal of the rule, not even Warner. The bill proposed was not satisfactory to the House, to the country, to anybody, and everybody knew it could not pass. That was the fact. The simple fact was the government was running behind $5,000,000 a month and the remedy was simple. Make the revenues equal to the output and you will restore the public credit and cure the situation."

Simpson (Pop.) of Kansas managed to get the floor long enough to create a laugh by stating that seven votes cast by Populists had defeated the rule, and if both the other parties were seeking to avoid the responsibility for its defeat, the Populists were willing to assume it and would consider themselves worthy of credit if nothing more than the defeat of this measure could be charged to them.

Bland and McRae made some brief statements of their position, when Cockrell, in whose time the debate had taken place, claimed the floor and proceeded to discuss the Indian bill.

At the conclusion of Cockrell's remarks, the committee rose, and at 5:15 the House adjourned.

Bryan's Seigniorage Bill.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Jan. 16.—Representative Bryan (Dem. Neb.) has introduced a bill to provide for the coinage of the seigniorage. A feature of the bill provides that any person presenting to the treasury greenbacks or treasury notes and demanding their redemption in gold or silver for the purpose of embarrassing the government, injuring its credit or compelling or securing an issue of bonds, shall be guilty of a misdemeanor and upon conviction be punished by imprisonment for not less than five years.

Indian Affairs.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Jan. 16.—At the annual conference of the board of Indian commissioners and religious associations of all denominations working among the Indians, addresses were made by Secretary Hoke Smith, Commissioner of Indian Affairs Browning, Superintendent of Indian Schools Hailmann, ex-Senator Dawes, Colonel M. H. Kidd, of the Dawes commission, Dr. Lyman Abbott, of New York, Captain Pratt, of the Carlisle school.

Colonel Kidd spoke of the lawless condition of affairs and the corruption among the officials in the Indian Territory, and testified to the absolute necessity of allotting the Indian Territory lands in severalty. He asserted there are 6,000 white children there without school accommodations, and that the school opportunities are confined practically to the mixed blood element.

The commissioner of Indian affairs has received the following dispatch from the Yankton, S. D., agency:

"Four or more Indians of this tribe have left for Washington without authority from the agent or tribe. Have nothing to do with them. Petition will follow.

"By order of council, Running Bull, chief; William Selwyn, Felix Barton, Alfred and Charles Morgan."

Feather-in-His-Ear, from that agency, who has come here without official authority, has been a frequent visitor at the Indian bureau, where he has sought to urge certain reservation matters during interviews with the commissioner.

Senator Kyle brought to the White House today Chief Two Strike, of the Sisseton and Wahpeton tribe, accompanied by Agent Keller and an interpreter. The chief had an interview with the President, and personally urged that permission be granted the Indians to use $200,000 of the principal of their trust fund to carry them through the winter and buy seed to plant in the spring.

The Gold Reserve.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Jan. 16.—Reports from the New York sub-treasury state that $[illegible] in gold was today withdrawn for export, leaving the true amount of the gold reserve $[illegible].

MRS. BELLAH ARRESTED.

She Swindled a Distant Relative of Abraham Lincoln.

KANSAS CITY, Mo., Jan. 16.—Mrs. Annie Bellah, one of the most accomplished female confidence operators in the country, is under arrest here. The specific charge is swindling Lem C. Lincoln, clerk of the Eldorado Springs, Mo., hotel, out of $125 on a bogus draft.

Lincoln is a distant relative of the martyred President. Mrs. Bellah represented herself to be a distant relative of the late President and claimed to be gathering material for a biography of his life. Lem. Lincoln endorsed a $125 draft for her, which turned out to be bad. The woman is said to have worked the same deal on other relatives of the Lincolns in this and other states and the police have been looking for her for a long time.

Mrs. Bellah is about 40 years of age and when arrested yesterday was fashionably dressed. She wore a costly sealskin sacque and had $[illegible] in money besides several checks on Baltimore and Philadelphia banks signed by Joseph T. Bellah but not dated or filled out. She is well educated.

Chief Hayes has on file a record of the woman, which was furnished several months ago by the authorities of Boston, Mass., when the Bellahs—Joseph and Annie were defendants to several suits that had been instituted by persons whom they had defrauded. The operations of the Bellahs extend over five states. In default of bail Mrs. Bellah was sent to jail to await trial.

Millionaire's Daughter Elopes.

ST. LOUIS, Jan. 16.—Something of a sensation was experienced in the upper circles of St. Louis society when it became known this evening that Miss Adelaide Niedringhaus, the youngest daughter of F. G. Niedringhaus, millionaire president of the St. Louis Stamping Works and ex-congressman from the Tenth Missouri district, has eloped to Belleville, Ills., and been married [illegible] to Franz F. [illegible], a traveling salesman. On reaching home they received the parental blessing.

AMICABLE DIVORCE.

The Affairs of W. K. Vanderbilt and Wife Arranged.

NEW YORK, Jan. 16.—The World tomorrow will say:

William K. Vanderbilt sailed today on the Teutonic for Liverpool. Before he left an amicable arrangement had been made by which Mrs. Vanderbilt will secure a divorce without contest. The suit is now pending. The settlements give Mrs. Vanderbilt $200,000 a year for life and the use of the Fifth avenue and Newport houses during the minority of their children.

FOR SAN FRANCISCO.

Two Investigating Committees for That City.

SAN FRANCISCO, Cal., Jan. 16.—The committee of eleven on municipal reform met this afternoon. The sub-committee of three recommended that the legislature be asked to appoint two investigating committees of seven members, one to look into the conduct of the state officials, and the other to investigate the municipal affairs of this city. Both committees to be composed of members of the legislature.

It also recommends that the mayor appoint a committee of seven supervisors to investigate the municipal affairs.

The committee of eleven agreed to ask for the appointment of the first two investigating committees.

The Iron Trade.

NEW YORK, Jan. 17.—The *Iron Age* today says: The markets for foundry pig and steel billets in the central west is higher and it really looks as though the turn had come. For the first quarter, Pittsburg and Wheeling are full of work. It is a difficult matter to ascertain what the lowest point touched was because the majority of the sales were at delivered prices. In a quiet way a very considerable number of large transactions have been closed, among them one for 30,000 tons of billets, and a large conversion arrangement on wire rods. The great majority of buyers of crude steel have covered for the first quarter and many well in the second half.

Eastern rolling mill people are jubilant over the capture of the 25,000 ton order for the Blackwell's Island bridge by the Pencoyd works, but there was somewhat premature rejoicing over the report that another eastern bridge shop had carried off the 18,000 ton order for the Pennsylvania bridge over the Delaware. It has not yet been placed. A good deal of material is to go into the New York Central improvements at Buffalo.

Altogether the prospect of a heavy consumption of rolling mill products is very good. While the big works does not go into the shops for a month or two, recent developments seem to foreshadow a modest recovery in prices by spring. For the present, low prices continue to prevail all along the line on all material for prompt delivery.

In the tin plate industry, the wage settlement on the basis of 12½ per cent to 15 per cent reduction, will lead to a renewed activity.

AN OLD CITIZEN.

He Was Born Before the Adoption of the U. S. Constitution.

DULUTH, Minn., Jan. 17.—Joseph Morell, a half-breed who was born two years before the United States Constitution was adopted, died at Fon Du Lac last night. Morell was born on Leech lake 110 years ago, when the Indians had complete control. When 10 years old he moved to Fon Du Lac where he resided continuously for one hundred years. When he went to Fon Du Lac that place was a flourishing trade post of John Jacob Astor. Morell has a son who is 71 years of age. Joseph Jr. the youngest son is 54 years of age. [illegible] by hunting. He could neither read nor write.

Record Breakers!

OUR $2.50 LINE,

Made from Genuine Dongola, in Ladies' Button, all Sizes, Styles, and Widths of Lasts.

EVERY PAIR WARRANTED.

We carry the Most Complete Line and the Latest Styles in Misses' and Children's Fine FOOTWEAR, made by the

WILLIAMS & HOYT SHOE MANUFACTURING CO.

Baer

24 Main Street, Salt Lake City, Opposite Z. C. M. I.

TIRED, WEAK, NERVOUS, Could Not Sleep.

Prof. L. D. Edwards, of Preston, Idaho, says: [illegible]

Dr. Miles' Nervine

[illegible]

It Cures."

[illegible]

Sold by all Druggists.

HOLIDAY GOODS,

[illegible]

Chinese & Japanese Bazar.

SHANG HAI & COMPANY,

277 South Main Street.

FRED J. MAY

[illegible]

We Want our Friends to Know that the

TEMPLE PHARMACY

Has Removed to No. 102 W. South Temple St

TAUGHT BY MAIL

[illegible]

CHARTER OAK STOVES

And Ranges are used with entire satisfaction all over the world.

You run no risk in buying them, their record of 41 years and the makers' guarantee is behind them.

THEY ARE SOLD BY

Z.C.M.I.

IN ALL THEIR STORES.

F. Auerbach & Bro.

GREATEST OF ALL

JANUARY CLEARING OFFERINGS.

THIS WEEK'S Marvelous offerings of Winter Goods has been planned to entirely eclipse all present and all past attempts at Extravagant Bargain Giving. Our Prices are Preventive for needless expense. Start the new year right by trading here—where your Dollar goes farthest. Visit our Hosiery, Boys' Clothing, Shoe and Cloak Department for Extraordinary Values.

HOSIERY.

[illegible]

5c pr.

[illegible]

2 pr. for 25c.

[illegible]

20c pr.

[illegible]

15c pr.

[illegible]

20c pr.

[illegible]

25c pr.

[illegible]

20c pr.

[illegible]

50c pr.

[illegible]

40c pr.

BOYS' CLOTHING.

HERE IS A BARGAIN.

[illegible]

$1.15

[illegible]

15c.

WHAT DO YOU THINK OF THIS?

[illegible]

25c.

[illegible]

40c.

[illegible]

$1.75

MEN'S ATTENTION!

[illegible]

50c.

[illegible]

25c.

LADIES' COATS.

[illegible]

$6.75

F. AUERBACH & BRO.

OUR EIGHTH SEMI-ANNUAL

Clothing Sale

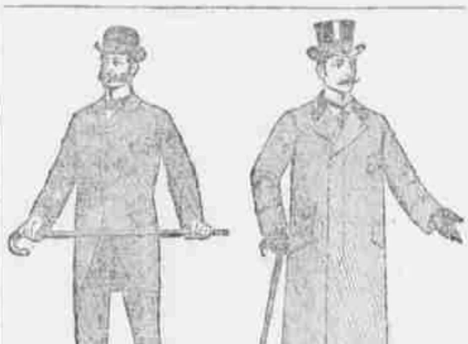
WILL BEGIN WEDNESDAY, DEC. 26,

And will continue from day to day until our stock is reduced at least one-half. Everything will be sold regardless of cost and value. This will be the most sweeping sale ever inaugurated in Salt Lake City. Money we want—Clothes that you need we have in endless variety.

It is needless to add that we are well known to the general public of the city and vicinity, and that we always keep the best made, the best quality and the best fitting garments that the markets of the world can produce. Our stock of

GENTS' FURNISHING GOODS AND HATS

Is complete in every detail and the same Red Figure Prices will be inaugurated in this department. It will pay you handsomely to lay in an extra supply even if you are not in need of the goods at present.



You Can't Afford to Overlook This Sale!

THE EASTERN MISFIT CLOTHING PARLORS,

No 205 Main Street, Wasatch Block.

INVITATION SPECIAL TO SANTA CLAUS.

NATIVE JEWELERY. Finest line of Xmas presents in the city.

INDIAN RELICS,

Rocky Mountain Gems, Fine Minerals, all kinds Mounted Birds and Animals, and the finest line of Game Heads in the West.

THE TEMPLE CURIO STORE,

Taxidermy a Specialty. 215 Main Street, Salt Lake City, Utah.

It is a Dandy.

That is what our customers say of our

RETORT OAK STOVE,

with magazine feed for soft coal. It cuts the fuel bill right in two. Guaranteed to carry fire from twenty-four to forty-eight hours with soft coal.

We show an elegant line of

HEATING STOVES,

and will make prices right.

UTAH STOVE & HARDWARE CO.,

Corner Commercial and First South Streets.

COAL All Kinds. | We Lead in in all Our Lines. | LUMBER Common & Finished

PACIFIC LUMBER COMPANY.

SHINGLES, LATHS, MOULDINGS, ETC. | Telephone 508. G. E. Romney Mgr. | Geometrically Carved Mouldings, Castings, Base, etc.

TAYLOR [illegible] ROMNEY

Lumber

ARMSTRONG [illegible] COMPANY

JAMES-SPENCER-BATEMAN CO.,

(Successors to David James & Co., and Spencer-Bywater Co.)

Plumbers, Tinners, Gas and Steam Fitters.

We carry a complete line of Gem and Peninsular Stoves and Ranges, Gasoline and Oil Stoves, Tinware, Granite Ironware and House Furnishing Goods.

NO. 67 MAIN STREET.