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TRUTH AND LIBERTY

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FIFTY-FIRST YEAR

RUSSIA VIRTUALLY SENDS ULTIMATUM

Is Seriously Perturbed by China's Course—May Break Off Diplomatic Relations and Interrupt Their Intercourse.

Washington, April 1.—Information has reached here to the effect that the Russian government being seriously perturbed by the course of China in not fulfilling the Manchurian agreement, signed by the protest made by the several powers, has conveyed a distinct and unmistakable indication to China that if this course is persisted in there may be an interruption of diplomatic relations between Russia and China at a termination of the present intercourse between them. This is little short of an ultimatum that China must sign of the consequences of a termination of her friendly relations with Russia.

EUREKA HAS A DISASTROUS FIRE.

Broke Out Early This Morning and Raged Several Hours—Apex Restaurant and Hayes' Millinery Store Destroyed—Half the Town Endangered.

(Special to the "News.") Eureka, Utah, April 1.—Shortly after 4 o'clock this morning a disastrous fire broke out on Main street and continued for about three hours. The Apex restaurant, one of the main eating houses in the camp and a large rock and frame building adjoining, occupied by Mrs. Caroline Hayes, a millinery store and rooming house, were burned entirely to the ground. Only the walls of the rock structure are now standing and they are so badly damaged that the city has ordered their removal.

THE CASE OF MINISTER LOOMIS.

His Diplomatic Future Depends Upon a Conference with Secretary Hay—He Has Been Bitterly Attacked.

Washington, April 1.—The future of Minister Loomis depends upon the conference which will be held at the state department between Secy. Hay and himself when the minister reaches Washington. Until the secretary has had an opportunity to talk freely with Mr. Loomis as to the conditions in Venezuela, it cannot be known positively whether or not he will return to that post.

TO RESCUE CHINESE EMPEROR.

London, April 1.—The correspondent of the Globe at Shanghai, in a dispatch dated Sunday, March 31, says he understands that the Yang-tse viceroys and the military governor of Szechuan are preparing to dispatch 10,000 troops to rescue the emperor from the hands of the reactionaries and escort him to Peking if a little pressure and promise of moral support are forthcoming from the powers interested in the open door.

alist on rejecting the agreement. The attitude of Li Hung Chang is accounted for by his well known friendliness for Russian interests. In this case, however, there appears to be arrayed against him the strong influence of the southern viceroys, Chan Chi Tung and Lia Kun Yi, who oppose the signing of the treaty. The reports reaching here this morning showed that the agreement had not yet been signed. Its status is most peculiar. The time within which it was to be signed expired last Tuesday, but on that day Yang Yu, the Chinese minister, fell in the legation, and hurt his head so that he was unable to transact business. This misfortune caused much amusement here and some irritation in certain quarters as it had been recognized as a timely means of avoiding direct action on the subject. It is not clear to what extent the Russian Intimation has gone, but in any event it gives an urgency to China's course which has not been presented thus far.

THE NEW TERMS. St. Petersburg, April 1.—The new terms within which the signature of the Manchurian agreement is demanded expires Wednesday. The confidence that the treaty will be accepted substantially in its present form is apparently unshaken here, though no positive prophecies are made.

resented in kitchen furniture and stock. Mr. Wirthlin bought goods in large quantities and had several hundred dollars worth of groceries on hand none of which were saved. The new two story building on the east side of the fire belonging to B. N. C. Stitt, stood the heat exceptionally well and the damage was slight.

The absence of wind probably saved the entire south side of the street, where the fire originated. The night man at the restaurant left the place about three hours before the fire was discovered and as the blaze was first seen in the kitchen it is reasonable to suppose that it originated from the range.

The building being of frame, the blaze spread very rapidly and before the city's large chemical engine arrived the back portion of the building was enveloped in flames. When the supply of chemicals had been exhausted water was pumped from a well by means of a gasoline engine, thus preventing other buildings from being burned.

Mr. Wirthlin informed the "News" representative that he has secured a lease upon the dining room of the Hatfield hotel and will be ready for business by tomorrow morning. T. J. Price, of the commission firm of Price & Price, on First South street Salt Lake City, was formerly proprietor of the Apex restaurant.

by irresponsible newspapers and that the government is not behind them. If Mr. Loomis confirms this view, and he cares to return to Caracas, he will be permitted to do so. It is expected that Minister Loomis will reach New York April 10 for the Guayana, especially to make sure that he should connect at Kingston, Jamaica, with the regular passenger steamer coming to New York. There is no present intention of sending the North Atlantic squadron to Venezuela, for, as above stated, the government cannot decide how this matter should be treated until Mr. Loomis has been personally consulted. The squadron, which is at Culebra island engaged in maneuvers, is about to head north in a few days. One or two of the vessels will be sent first to Kingston, Jamaica, and the whole squadron will soon be under way for Tompkinsville.

NO WAR WITH VENEZUELA. New York, April 1.—A dispatch to the Herald from San Juan, Porto Rico, says: The Venezuela consul here thinks war between the United States and Venezuela is impossible as President Castro will make concessions. He says, however, that it is probable that Gen. Andrade and Pietri will take advantage of the recall of Minister Loomis to start a rebellion. Advice that came by the steamer Philadelphia were that it will be impossible to avert a rebellion.

emperor from the hands of the reactionaries and escort him to Peking if a little pressure and promise of moral support are forthcoming from the powers interested in the open door. The correspondent adds that the suggested expedition would prove popular in central and southern China, would result in the destruction of the anti-foreign elements and would lead to the establishment of a progressive government at Peking.

DID A. R. PATRICK MURDER W. M. ROSE

Trial of the Famous Case Began This Morning.

HOUSEKEEPER TESTIFIES.

Defense Wanted Her Cautions Against Incriminating Herself—She Declined to Answer Question.

New York, April 1.—The first witness today at the hearing of Albert T. Patrick, the lawyer, charged with causing the death of William Marsh Rice last September was Mrs. A. M. Francis, who kept the house where Patrick formerly boarded. When she had been sworn and Assistant District Attorney Osborne was about to put his first question, Mr. Moore, Patrick's lawyer, said he thought the witness ought to be cautioned against testifying to anything that might incriminate herself.

Mrs. Francis testified that she had known Patrick since January, 1893. Patrick boarded with her at the time of his arrest. She was acquainted with David L. Short and Morris Meyers and with Forts, any of whom have figured in the case. Patrick occupied the back parlor in her house. She herself had no stated room, she said in reply to a question by Mr. Osborne.

"When did Patrick begin to speak to you about Mr. Rice?" asked Mr. Osborne.

"I decline to answer on the advice of my lawyer," witness replied. "On what grounds?" asked Mr. Osborne.

"On the ground that it would incriminate me," Mrs. Francis answered. Assistant District Attorney Osborne said there was no intention of implicating the witness with Patrick, but she still refused to testify.

Justice Jerome then asked the witness: "Do you believe the answer to this question would tend to convict you of a crime? Understand, not Patrick, nor Short, nor Meyers, nor anybody else, but yourself?"

There was some more argument and finally Justice Jerome asked the witness to place herself in the position in the community as the witness does through her testimony. I don't see that I can compel her to answer. She is an intelligent woman, and fully understands this question. Are you willing to stand in that light?" Justice Jerome added, turning to the witness.

"I am," witness said. Mrs. Francis said she had known Jones since January, 1890, but she refused to reply to any further questions concerning Jones on the ground that the answers might incriminate her. For the same reason she refused to say whether Patrick remained in the house all day on September 22nd last year.

Mrs. Francis was told to appear as a witness on Friday. Today she testified that she was down to the Tomb on Saturday when she spent several hours talking to Patrick.

"Did you discuss the case with him?" "I did."

"What did you say?" "Nothing of any importance at all." It came out in the testimony that the witness had been told by a lawyer that if she said anything favorable to Patrick, the district attorney would have her arrested.

Mr. Osborne then handed the witness a letter which she identified as one that she wrote him last year. It was marked and placed in evidence.

"You were not at that time afraid of incriminating yourself?" he asked. "I was not."

"What has made you change your mind since then?" "My counsel's advice; my own opinion that it would incriminate me, and the threats of the assistant district attorney of you," she said, her eyes flashing and her head erect.

"Did I ever threaten you personally?" said Mr. Osborne.

"No."

"Why do you believe I would have you arrested?" "I saw in the papers on Saturday night that you were to make more arrests."

"And do you believe, after my declaration in open court, that I would arrest you, though innocent?" "I do," she replied.

Justice Jerome interrupted her and said: "The testimony of this witness shows that she is a woman previously held in high esteem in the community. I do not propose that she shall go out of this courtroom with a stigma on her name for lack of time to consider this matter. We will take a recess. During the recess, madam, I would advise you to see some friends—not necessarily a lawyer—but some man or woman with sound business sense, who can give you counsel and advice."

LENTEEN DAYS DISCUSSED.

Subject Considered at Meeting of Salt Lake Ministers Today.

TERMINATES WITH EASTER

Rev. Simpkins Declines Against Six Weeks of Self-Denial and Forty-six of Wantonness and Wrong Living.

The Salt Lake Ministerial association met in the Y. M. C. A. parlors this morning and an interesting paper was read by the Rev. P. A. Simpkins, pastor of the Phillips Congregational church.

After discussing the origin of the special observance of certain days and seasons he observed that most of such were probably the outcome and fruit of superstition and idolatry of heart of early believers in the church.

"There is in them still," said Rev. Simpkins, "the seed of formalism and careful guarding is needed and unwearied watching lest the tendencies of formal ceremony bear their fruit in dead works." In the observance of these days of self-denial, in the spirit as well as the letter, there is a deepening force for the eternal things within us.

Continuing the doctor said, "I do not wish to be understood as endorsing the present practice or spirit of the Lenten season, as we find them. I do not believe in six weeks of self-denial and forty-six weeks of wantonness and wrong living. Denounced mercifully that faddish and shallow abstemiousness affects as a part of its religious expression, but which is really nothing more than a resting stage from winter excesses in society. The observance of the Lenten season can be good and helpful only when observed in sincerity and truth."

"Church going is no safe criterion of character. It no more makes a man a part of the kingdom than abstraction therefrom debar him from that privilege. Yet it is not a matter of indifference whether or not one attends church. That man is an exception who can maintain a beautiful life apart from participation in church life by waiting on God in the service of His house."

The only reason the Roman and Episcopalian churches are so strong is that they insist upon attendance at church as an essential means to a noble end. Let us exalt this virtue and by the proper observance of the Lenten season bring ourselves nearer God."

This week is holy week, and under the direction of the Episcopal church a 20-minute prayer service for business men will be held at noon each day in the Y. M. C. A. parlors. Dean Eddie addressed those present today, and will also speak tomorrow and Wednesday. The service begins at five minutes past twelve.

PRES. CANNON CRITICAL.

While His Condition is Serious He Still Maintains Hope.

No word came from President Cannon's bedside today. The last information that came direct was in the form of a telegram from General John Q. Cannon to President Snow last night. It was couched in the following language:

"Father's condition extremely critical. He is hopeful but very low."

Many anxious inquiries have been made at the "News" office and President's office today as to President Cannon's condition, but nothing is known beyond what is contained in the above dispatch. John Q. Cannon, and John M. Cannon reached Monterey yesterday afternoon. The statement in a morning paper that other members of the family would join him today is erroneous as no others have left Salt Lake.

LATER.

4 p. m.—President Snow has just received another telegram from General Cannon. It states that President Cannon passed another restless night though his general condition indicates improvement.

MAYOR APPROVES.

Puts Eleven Resolutions in Force With His Official Pen.

The mayor today approved eleven Council resolutions and committee reports. They are the resolution to purchase the D. A. M. Society's fair ground site on the Tenth ward square, the recommendation of the waterworks committee to extend water mains to Folsom and Superior additions, the recommendation to grant Saul Norman a deed to perfect title to lot 5, block 15, plat E, the appointments of A. A. Butler and E. P. Davis by the chief of police to serve as special policemen without pay, the increase of the salary of the clerk of the board of public works from \$75 to \$100 a month, the transferring of the hydrant on Mead and West Temple streets to a point at the end of the mains on West Temple at a cost of about \$50, the matter of discharging the waters of Emigration ditch at the head of First South street to furnish the Fourth precinct residents on high lands with water, the paving and curbing of Third South from State to West Temple streets at an estimated cost of \$37,500, an appropriation of \$10 for redecorating police headquarters, the refunding of the \$200,000 bond issue which becomes optional July 1, the petition of W. H. Hurd that water mains be extended on Park avenue 250 feet at an estimated cost of \$375.

BOYS SENT TO JAIL.

In Justice Lochrie's court today three boys named Robert Watson, John Jullian and Bowman Riley, pleaded guilty to stealing a keg of beer from the Rio Grande Western ice house on January 16th. The first was given 60 days in the county jail, the second 50 days and the other 30 days.

WATERWORKS CO. SUES OGDEN CITY

Mayor and Members of the Council Made Defendants.

OUTCOME OF RECENT WAR.

Injunction Asked for and Sum of \$5,000 Brought for Recovery of Damages—Other Court Notes.

The Ogden Waterworks company today filed a bill of complaint in the Federal court against the mayor, members of the city council, and the corporation of the City of Ogden.

The complaint alleges that on and about the 16th of January the defendants passed a resolution injuring the said company, and making it impossible for it to collect the money due for water rentals or to renew contracts with those using the water of said company. That the said plaintiffs sent employees to shut off the water of said users who had not paid said proper indebtedness, and that the defendants who are held on the charge of having used the United States mails to further a lottery scheme and the motion of the plaintiff for permission to renew the filing of information was denied.

The cases of the United States vs. A. H. Curtis came up and was postponed until Friday. The court thought there was insufficient evidence against Curtis who is held on the charge of having used the United States mails to further a lottery scheme and the motion of the plaintiff for permission to renew the filing of information was denied.

The cases of the United States vs. D. C. Dunbar, H. G. McMillan and John J. Daly were dismissed on motion of the district attorney.

The cases of J. H. Shaver vs. S. P. Kelsey and others, and of Joseph H. Smith vs. Salt Lake City were set for trial on May 14th when Judge Hallett will hear them.

To Be Guardian.

Amanda E. Parker Peterson made application to the district court today to be appointed guardian of Anna Mousley Parker, Myrtle Mousley Parker and Hazel Mousley Parker, aged respectively 11, 7 and 5 years, her children, who are living in Forest Dale, and who have recently inherited real estate valued at \$5,000 and cash amounting to \$2,130.56.

Divorces Granted.

Judge Hall this morning granted Lyman T. Butterfield a divorce from Charlotte E. Butterfield on the ground of desertion. The wife is allowed the custody of their minor child. They were married in 1898, in Salt Lake county.

A divorce was also granted Marion L. Freckleton from William D. Freckleton, on the ground of desertion and non-support. The pair were married in Salt Lake July 6, 1899. Evidence was produced that Freckleton is a habitual drunkard.

Boundary Case.

The Swain-Higley boundary case is still on trial before Judge Hall. The suit will probably be decided by evening today.

PEST HOUSE NEGLIGENCE.

Agent of County Commissioners Finds Bad Condition of Affairs.

At the instigation of the board of county commissioners Sheriff Naylor sent out Deputy Cummings Sunday to investigate pest house conditions. From what the deputy sheriff reports, the quarantine discipline of the small pest hospital seems to be culpably lax. Mr. Cummings' information is mostly derived from Ben Harris, a former deputy, who lives on the hill just north of the pest house. A boy who was herding cattle in the neighborhood of the pest house, when asked if he ever saw any of the patients outside of the hospital precincts, said that he had often seen people from the hospital walking down the railroad track below the penitentiary.

As late as Saturday Ben Harris says that he met two patients wandering a mile and a half away from the hospital, and he told them to keep away from his place. He asserts that they frequently go up the hill to the north of his house. He also says that he has frequently seen people come from town and go to the pest house, although he has never seen any of them enter it. The patients, however, he says, are allowed to come out and talk to visitors. When he first saw this Mr. Harris says he was so amazed that he started to keep a record of such cases, but they got to be so frequent that he lost count. Then again, he says, the patients are allowed to go up the hill to shoot.

The worst breaking of the quarantine rules that I have observed," said Mrs. Harris, "was that of a woman who some time ago left the pest house and came down the road to catch a street car. The car not being at the station she called at Mrs. Wheeler's house, near the 'pen,' but was refused admittance. Then she called at Mrs. Will Murphy's, where there are four or five young children and the family, and actually went in and stayed there till her car arrived. Then she got on the car and rode down town."

Mr. Harris also talked of two girl patients who were decidedly wild. He terms unduly, and tried to stop every one who came along when they were out on the road that runs to Mill Creek.

It is also said that the dairymen, who deliver milk to the hospital, takes it right up to the door. How he disinfects himself before he serves his town customers is a matter of conjecture.

CLEARING HOUSE REPORT.

April 1, 1901.
Today's clearings. . . . \$359,581.24
Same day last year. . . . 401,899.43

ORE AND BULLION REPORT.

MCCORMICK & CO.
Mingo bullion. . . . \$3,900
Silver and lead ores. . . . 12,700

BAMBERGER & McMILLAN.

Bullion. . . . \$5,000

REVIVAL OF BOXER MOVEMENT EXPECTED

Is Looked for in the Spring—Robber Bands and Chinese Soldiers Cause Fresh Disturbances in Manchuria.

Berlin, April 1.—A dispatch to the Cologne Gazette, from St. Petersburg dated April 1, says robber bands, Boxers and Chinese soldiers having been causing fresh disturbances in Manchuria in the neighborhood of Chang Tu Fu. Gen. Gaudier is strengthening the railroad military posts between Karbin and Chang Tu Fu. Gen. Gaudier has asked Gov.-Gen. Gredokoff to send reinforcements as a general revival of the Boxer movement is expected in the spring.

The Russian garrison at Tsi Tai Bar, has been compelled to camp outside the town, owing to the decomposing bodies of those who were killed during the cold weather or who perished of hunger.

SENATOR PROCTOR ON CUBA.

Found Disposition Among Some Leaders to Accept Platt Amendment.

Washington, April 1.—Senator Proctor, of Vermont, who has just returned from Cuba, says he found a disposition among many leading Cubans to accept the terms of the Platt amendment as the most satisfactory solution of the relations between the United States and Cuba. There is some disposition among the Cubans to place a strained interpretation upon the Platt legislation and they are trying to convince the Cubans that the United States intends to do them great injustice. According to Senator Proctor these are not making very much headway, especially, he says, as the delegates to the convention are now hearing from their constituents, the large proportion of whom are anxious for a settlement of all political relations with the United States and urge the delegates to accept the offers of this government.

Senator Proctor, speaking generally of conditions in Cuba, says that the business situation is much improved. There is employment for nearly everybody and the quiet and peace that has come to the people is appreciated by them.

PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH.

T. DeWitt Talmage Thinks Committee Will Not Do Revising.

Knoxville, Tenn., April 1.—Rev. T. DeWitt Talmage, who is here today, was asked his opinion as to the proposed revision of the Presbyterian creed. He said:

"My own firm belief is that the work will not be done by a committee. When the time is ripe, some one of our great men—a man of heart and brains—will step forward and read the simple article of what we now believe. When it comes, it will fire the hearts of men like a flame and will be adopted instantly. I hardly think things will be ripe enough for this at the next general assembly. There are a number of our great men who are as fully competent to promulgate a creed, as was John Calvin. Any creed that leaves in doubt the salvation of infants or prescribes them for damnation is defective. There is one clause in our creed which I cannot quote verbatim, but which is to the effect that the destiny of every member of the human race was settled ages ago, and no matter of belief or works of this or that individual can change it as regards himself. Such a creed is too dead."

AGUINALDO AND SPAIN.

Insurgent Leader's Capture Causes Much Interest in Madrid.

Madrid, April 1.—The capture of Aguinaldo has caused much interest here. The press is divided on the subject. In published interviews the director of the Filipino organ here and the president of the local Filipino junta emphatically declare that the capture will have no permanent effect on the war; that Aguinaldo will be replaced and that the Filipinos, aided by the climate, will never be subdued.

BOERS IN LISBON.

They Are Accorded a Most Splendid Reception.

Madrid, April 1.—Dispatches from Lisbon are rigorously censored. Letters say the Boers who arrived at Lisbon on board transports Friday morning, were accorded a splendid reception, contrasting with the coolness of the popular reception of the mission headed by Earl Carrington, sent to Lisbon by the death of Queen Victoria, and of the accession of King Edward VII to the throne. The hour selected for the landing was kept secret, but nevertheless a large crowd was present and acclaimed the travelers, a majority of whom were European volunteers. The party, numbering 700 persons, was escorted to their quarters in the forts in the vicinity of Lisbon. The Boer officers are allowed 400 reis and the rank and file are allowed sixty reis daily.

Leading Boer Gen. Pretorius, wept on leaving his men. He was much hurt because his comrades gave him the cold shoulder during the voyage on account of his refusing to destroy the Ko. malpoort bridge when they crossed the frontier, notwithstanding that the general acted on the instructions of President Kruger.

Venezuela and England.

Willemstad, Island of Curacao, April 1.—The colonial authorities of the island of Trinidad have been directed to prepare evidence for the use of the British minister at Caracas, who has been instructed to make representations to the Venezuelan government regarding the action of the Venezuelan gunboat *Autosto* in landing men on the Potos Island, (British), and destroying four neutral vessels containing British cargoes. It is believed that the British government will demand ample reparation for the destruction of the vessels and guarantees against similar acts in the future.

IN ZAMBOANGA PROVINCE.

Commission Contemplates Organizing Departmental Government.

Zamboanga, Island of Mindanao, March 31, 3 p. m.—Owing to the peculiar conditions prevailing in the Sulu archipelago and the island of Mindanao, the Philippine commission has decided to organize a departmental government covering all of the islands south of the Visayas.

A uniform general provincial law is impossible of application in the extreme southern islands on account of the necessary debarring of the Moros from self government except in cases where they have forewarned allegiance to the

Salisbury Progressing Satisfactorily.

London, April 1.—Although no bulletin has been issued, it is said that Lord Salisbury is progressing satisfactorily toward recovery from illness and will sail by night to the various posts in Mindanao.

The private secretary of Lord Salisbury informs the Associated Press that the premier is making excellent progress, and that there is absolutely no truth in the statement that his physicians have discovered symptoms of Bright's disease or any complication. Lord Salisbury is still somewhat weak as the result of influenza, but expects to start for the Riviera at the end of the week.

PANIC IN SULTAN'S PALACE.

It Was Occasioned by the Earthquake in Constantinople.

Constantinople, April 1.—Yesterday's earthquake was felt in the Dolmabahce palace at the moment of the balcony ceremony when the high officials were passing before the sultan's throne. A panic resulted, particularly among the diplomats in the gallery, many of whom immediately left the palace. The band ceased playing and the music rushed for the doors. Pieces of plaster fell from the ceiling and portions of the chandeliers were broken, adding to the general alarm. The sultan rose from his throne and took a few steps, apparently intending to leave the chamber, but he preserved great calmness and presence of mind, which had a good effect. After a moment's hesitation his majesty reëntered himself upon the throne and ordered the ceremony to proceed. A reception followed without further incident.

Sir John Stainer, Organist, Dead.

London, April 1.—Sir John Stainer, organist, composer and writer on musical topics, is dead. He was born in 1840.

BUSINESS NOTES.

Salt Lake business institutions today paid dividends as follows:

Zion's Savings Bank, quarterly, 2 per cent, or \$4,000.

Utah Commercial, quarterly, 1 1/2 per cent, or \$3,000.

Home Fire, quarterly, 2 per cent, or \$5,000.

H. J. Grant & Co., quarterly 2 per cent, or \$2,000.

Salt Lake Hardware Co., quarterly, 2 1/2 per cent on preferred stock.

The Deseret Savings Bank will pay its dividend of 2 per cent, or \$2,000, tomorrow.

LATE LOCALS.

Lawrence M. Caffall, 19, and Nellie Sletor, 13, both of Salt Lake City, were granted a marriage license this morning.

The Copper Belt Mining company of Richfield, Sevier county, today filed articles of incorporation with the secretary of state. The capital stock is \$125,000, divided into 500,000 shares. E. T. Fitts of Richfield is the president of the company, Saul Krotki, of Richfield, vice president, and Max Krotki, of Marysville, secretary and treasurer, and these, with H. A. Weymouth and Lee Bartholomew, form the board of directors. The new company will develop a number of claims in the Ohio mining district in Platte county.

The offices of the Salt Lake Mutual Telephone and Telegraph company were today opened in the McCormick building by A. L. Waterbury, manager of the company and the representative of the city. Judging from appearance, it does look very much as if the Mutual company was going to push matters regarding the franchise and carry out its plans regarding the telephone system in Salt Lake. Mr. Waterbury, when seen today, said: "By the middle of the week we will have 30 or 40 soliters in the field and we certainly intend to show the people of Salt Lake that we are in earnest and have the backing necessary to insure the erection of a telephone exchange and the fulfillment of our proposals if accepted by the City Council."

The State board of medical examiners are in session in the offices of the board of health today, and will be all day tomorrow. Five men are being examined in medicine and surgery, and ten women in obstetrics.

Lyle Howells, the little 7-year-old boy who was brought from Oakley, Idaho, on Friday to be operated on for appendicitis, has improved some since the operation, but is not yet out of danger. He is at St. Mark's hospital.

The county clerk reports to the board of county commissioners the following receipts for the month of March. Receipts from Third district court department, \$529.75; receipts from county clerk's office, \$1,257.20; total \$1,987.05.

Mrs. Belle Schermer of Washington, D. C., assumed the management of the Maritoni hotel last night at 12 o'clock, the lease owned by N. S. Hall having been transferred to her for a consideration which the parties interested will not divulge.

Dr. A. G. Robertson, of Sandy, leaves this evening for a two months visit to the hospitals in the east. During his absence Dr. J. E. Robertson will have charge of his practice.