

Big Boston Goods Found.

Two Wagon Loads Cashed in the Cedars Above Price—Were Shipped to Scofield Before the Failure and Taken Thence to an Isolated Spot on Gordon Creek—Band is Non Est.

(Special to the "News.")
Price, Nov. 6.—Two wagonloads of the merchandise, principally shoes, taken from the Big Boston store at Salt Lake before its failure and shipped to Scofield, have been found cached in the cedars above here on Gordon creek, and the sheriff has gone out with a team to bring the goods in. It develops that Albert Baird had them brought that far by wagon and went from here to take by buggy and intercepted the teams. Baird is supposed to have gone from here east.

Albert Baird's presence in Salt Lake is urgently requested by the creditors of the Big Boston store as it is thought that he could throw considerable light upon the alleged disappearance of some of the goods from the store that is now in the hands of the receiver. Up to a few days prior to the closing of the store Baird was employed in the capacity of door walker and assistant manager by the firm. Then he is said

to have loaded up the goods and pulled out for pastures new. Mr. Baird, the proprietor of the store, affirms that Baird bought the goods in the usual way of business and that there was no attempt to defraud the creditors as is alleged in some quarters.
Last week the legal firm that is looking into the affair learned that Baird had shipped a large consignment of goods to Scofield and that they had been cached in an old mill and in the sagebrush adjacent. On Saturday Judge Ritchie put the officers on the trail of the missing stuff with the result that when the cache was again examined search of the cases of goods were missing.
From other sources it is learned that Baird, prior to his departure, had been telephoning to various points in Utah and Idaho for store accommodations, presumably for the accommodation of more goods. It is confidently expected that the developments within the next few days will be of a nature that will cause the creditors to feel in a little better frame of mind than some of them exhibit at this time.

THE ALASKAN BOUNDARY

Lieut. George T. Emmons, U. S. N., Makes His Report to Secy. Hay—It is Not Believed That the Recently Reported Discovery of Monuments is Confirmed.

Washington, Nov. 6.—Lieut. Geo. T. Emmons, U. S. N., retired, has made to the secretary of state his report upon the results of his investigation along the Alaskan boundary of certain stones which have found frequent repetition in late years to the effect that monuments have been discovered marking the real boundary line between Alaska and the British Northwest territory at a point many leagues further from the sea than the British have been willing to admit. Lieut. Emmons was selected for the work of inquiry because he was thoroughly familiar with the country in which the supposed boundary stones exist. He spent much of the past summer in the region and now has reached a conclusion. The state department at this time will not make the report public. The inquiry is regarded as but one chapter in a long series of investigations which have been going on for the

past 10 years under the auspices of the state department. It is said the department has investigated promptly every rumor bearing on the existence of boundary monuments which presented the least appearance of plausibility. Lieut. Emmons declares that he has not breathed a word of the nature of his conclusions to anyone except the officials here in Washington. Still it is regarded as a fair conjecture that he has not found the stones reported to exist to be boundary monuments, else the state department would regard as incumbent on it to take steps to bring them to the attention of the British government with a view to securing ratification of the temporary boundary. Instead of doing this the report has been referred to the state department and Senator Fairbanks for their information. They are members of the high joint commission which was charged with the settlement of the Alaskan boundary dispute among many other important matters.

COMPOSITION OF NEXT HOUSE.

New York, Nov. 6.—Congressman Overstreet, secretary of the congressional committee, announced today that 206 Republican members had been elected beyond all doubt; that the Democrats had elected 170 and that there were 10 districts where, on account of incomplete returns, the result was doubtful. These ten districts are: First California, Twenty-fourth Illinois, Fifth Minnesota, Eighth and Eleventh North Carolina, Seventh Alabama, Nevada, Ninth Virginia and Thirteenth and Sixteenth Missouri. The first five named are now represented in Congress by Republicans and the last five by Democrats. The Republican candidates in both the doubtful North Carolina districts, Mr. Overstreet says, had wired

today that they were elected, also the Republican nominees in the Twenty-fourth Illinois. This left seven districts altogether in doubt.
With 206 members in Congress, the Republicans would have a majority of 23.
The congressional committee's headquarters in this city will be closed tonight.
Nebraska Returns.
Omaha, Nov. 6.—Returns from the Tenth and Fifth congressional districts today with few precincts missing indicate that the Republicans have carried both. In the Fifth, Norris has about 250 plurality, with six precincts missing, and in the Tenth McCarthy, Republican, defeats Robinson, Fusionist, by a majority of from 150 to 200.

ELECTION ROW IN MONTANA.

Butte, Mont., Nov. 6.—A special to the Miner from Glasgow, Mont., says that as a result of ill feeling engendered during the campaign U. S. Deputy Collector of Customs James R. Stephens shot and instantly killed William Humphrey, during a pistol duel yesterday. The fight occurred in the saloon and a number of bystanders were shot, though it is believed not fatally.

George F. Herd, mayor of Glasgow, was shot in the right leg and may lose that member.
D. J. White was struck by a spent bullet and slightly injured. Jos. P. Dore shot in ankle and foot shattered. Humphrey was shot through the heart. Stephens emptied his six shooter and Humphrey three chambers of his gun during the duel.

COLORADO IS REPUBLICAN.

Probabilities Are That Democrats Will Have the Legislature.
Denver, Colo., Nov. 6.—Nearly complete returns show that the Republicans have elected their entire state ticket, with the possible exception of superintendent of schools, and two of the three congressmen, and that the Democrats will have a majority of 16 to 18 on joint ballot in the legislature unless the Republicans can obtain control of the lower house and unseat the entire Arapahoe county delegation. The Republican leaders frankly announce that they will carry out that program if it be in their power. In such an event the senate, consisting of 25 Democrats and 19 Republicans, will probably refuse to organize the legislature with the house and block the election of a successor to United States Senator Teller. On the face of the returns the house membership appears to be 33 Democrats and 12 Republicans but the Republicans claim that the official count will revise these figures. The plurality for Peabody, Republican candidate for governor, over Stimson, Democrat, is about 5,000. Congressman John P. Shafroth, Democrat, has a plurality of about 2,500. In the First district, Republican candidate for Congress is expected to be defeated by Herschel M. Hoag, Republican, whose plurality is about 2,000. Robert W. Bonying, Republican candidate for Congress in the First district, has announced that he will contest Shafroth's election on the ground of alleged registration

frauds which they allege were perpetrated by the Democrats in this city, and will demand an investigation by a special grand jury.
Returns today have apparently increased the number of Republican members of both houses. The Republican leaders now claim that, including the Arapahoe Democrats, members there will be 35 Republicans and 29 Democrats in the house and 22 Democrats and 13 Republicans in the senate. These figures give the Democrats two majority on joint ballot and with their large majority in the senate they claim they can frustrate any attempt to accomplish the election of a Republican successor to United States Senator Teller. The plurality for Peabody, Republican candidate for governor, over Stimson, Democrat, is about 5,000. Congressman John P. Shafroth, Democrat, has a plurality of about 2,500. In the First district, Republican candidate for Congress is expected to be defeated by Herschel M. Hoag, Republican, whose plurality is about 2,000. Robert W. Bonying, Republican candidate for Congress in the First district, has announced that he will contest Shafroth's election on the ground of alleged registration

There is nothing new to add to our position. We neither concede nor claim anything. We are receiving the official returns gradually. Until we know something of the official figures we cannot say a word. There are circumstances connected with the election that we are now looking into, that we may not be through with until we have the full returns in."

Big Changes in Utah Sugar.

That Company and Bear River Water Company Will Consolidate into a New Company, With a Capital of Six Millions, Half Preferred and Half Common.

The board of directors of the Utah Sugar company held an important meeting this morning and took steps which will be of decided interest to the public in general and to the stockholders in particular.
The business in question was the long talked of consolidation between the Utah Sugar company and the Bear River Water company, the latter corporation being owned by the former. As it was desired to have but one company, the two above named are to be blended in a new concern which will be incorporated. The name of the new company with a number of other points involved, will be decided on at a meeting of the stockholders to be held on November 10th. The new company will have a capital of \$6,000,000 in preferred and \$6,000,000 in common stock. The present share holders are to receive for each share of their Utah Sugar stock one and one-half shares preferred and one and one-half shares common. Fractional shares will be issued, but it was decided that stockholders who might be entitled to fractional shares should be paid for them in cash at the rate of \$10.00 (per share) for the preferred, and \$3.33 1/3 for the common. The preferred stock will call for dividends at the rate of 7 per cent, cumulative, which means that no dividend on the common will be paid in any year until the preferred stockholders have received 7 per cent. The residue of the earnings will be used for the enlargement of the company and for paying such dividends on the common stock as the board of directors may decide. Both stocks are to have voting rights.

The legal papers are in the hands of Messrs. Harlow Ferguson and Richard W. Young, attorneys for the two companies, and the stockholders meeting to effect the changes will be called at once.
It is not unlikely that the decision of the board will have the effect of still further advancing the price of Sugar stock on the market. It is now quoted at \$15.00 per share. It is expected that the preferred stock of the new company will stand at par, which would make a share and a half worth \$22.50. Figuring the common stock worth one-third its face value, would make another \$5, which would be equivalent to \$20 per share for the present stock.
The new capitalization is based on the enormous increase in value not only of the Utah Sugar company's old property and lands, but its new acquisitions in the Bear River valley, where a new sugar factory and an electric power plant are now in process of construction. It is known that the canal systems and lands which were bought about a year and a half ago for less than \$100,000, are now worth \$2,500,000 and \$3,000,000, and the sales of lands and water rights, to say nothing of the many improvements made on the Utah Sugar company's lands, have all been very profitable and vastly increased the value of the company's assets.
The management of the new corporation will be the same as that of the Utah Sugar company, the officers of which are Joseph F. Smith, president; Thos. R. Cutler, vice president and general manager; W. S. McCord, John R. Winder, John Henry Smith, John C. Cutler and Heber J. Grant, members of the board, and H. G. Whitney, secretary and treasurer.

about \$7,000 and about 110 country papers are affected by the burning of the latter plant. Capt. Olsen fell to the ground and received serious injuries. Engineer John Reed, fireman, was badly hurt.
Quay Goes to Florida.
Philadelphia, Nov. 6.—U. S. Senator Quay started today with a party of friends for his winter home at St. Lucie, Fla., where he will remain until Congress meets. The party included U. S. Senators Penrose and Congressman Burke and Forrester.
Odell's Plurality.
New York, Nov. 6.—Corrected returns received from the state up to this morning make Odell's plurality 11,262.
Bailey's Majority in Kansas.
Topeka, Kan., Nov. 6.—According to the latest election returns, the Democrats have carried only five counties in Kansas. Shawnee county continues to stand at the head of the Republican list, having polled a majority of over 3,000.
The Fusionists saved one district out of the 17 elected, T. L. Bond, of Salina.
Bailey's majority for governor will be about 35,000.
The Republicans have fully 95 members of the legislature out of 125, with a tie in Pawnee county.

More Trouble from Ladrones.
Washington, Nov. 6.—Manila papers received at the war department state that the Ladrones are making more trouble than ever in the Philippine islands and are preparing to attack the place at Aras, department of Pas de Calais, Saturday, to determine on the course to follow.
The strikers at Lens have unanimously adopted resolutions to confine the strike, pending the decision of the Aras meeting of Saturday.
The troops are kept busy maintaining quiet in some of the mining districts.
Prince of Siam in Chicago.
Chicago, Nov. 6.—The crown prince of Siam and party arrived in Chicago this morning and were taken to the Auditorium annex for breakfast. At 11 o'clock the distinguished visitors went to the University of Chicago, where they were entertained at a luncheon by President Harper. The afternoon was devoted to private calls.
The crown prince was accompanied by Prof. G. H. Smith, minister at Washington, and by a large number of the legation, and numerous Siamese dignitaries.
The prince will remain in Chicago for four or five days.
Liberal Beats Unionist.
London, Nov. 6.—The election in the Cleveland division of Yorkshire yesterday for a member of parliament to succeed A. E. Pease, Liberal, who recently resigned the seat, resulted as follows:
Herbert Samuel (Liberal), 5,534; Geoffrey Drake (Unionist), 3,728. Liberal majority, 1,806. The government's educational bill, eight hours work for miners and temperance were the principal issues.
At the last election Mr. Pease was elected without opposition.
Geo. Vest Jr., Dies Suddenly.
Washington, Nov. 6.—George Vest Jr., son and private secretary of Senator Vest of Missouri, died suddenly at the Columbia hotel in this city this morning. He went to the hotel at 6 o'clock yesterday afternoon and was seen last by the night clerk at 3 o'clock this morning, when he asked for water. He complained of feeling ill. When the clerk next called at the room, soon after 4 o'clock, he found Mr. Vest dead. Dr. Fred K. H. Morehart of the Emergency hospital was called and said that Mr. Vest had expired not later than 4 o'clock. The immediate cause of death was convulsions, due to acute gastritis. Mr. Vest was about 42 years old. He leaves a widow and children.
Fire in Fairbanks Storehouse.
Omaha, Neb., Nov. 6.—Fire today that started in the jobbing house of Fairbanks, Morse & Co., scales and engines, caused a loss of about \$65,000, sustained principally by the Fairbanks company. The American Press association lost

Lieut. Gen. Miles' Annual Report.

Endorses Brooke's Recommendations for Readjustment of Geographical Limits of Different Military Departments—Emphasizes Need of Shelter for Artillery—Personnel of The Army Was Never in Better Condition.

Washington, Nov. 6.—The annual report of Lieut. Gen. Miles, commanding the army, is a brief review of the reports that have been submitted to him by other officers. He endorses the recommendation of Gen. Brooke for a readjustment of the geographical limits of the different departments with a view of equalizing conditions. Gen. Miles calls attention to the necessity of quarters for artillery troops, saying that while hundreds of thousands of dollars are being spent for quarters for cavalry, very little is being used to afford shelter for artillery, which is exposed to severe climates along the coast.
"These troops," says Gen. Miles, "are required to be located adjacent to the fortifications notwithstanding the exposed position of many of them, and I see no reason why buildings should not be properly constructed in time to be occupied, when it is known for years exactly where and when they will be required. I also call attention to the incomplete condition of the fortifications, especially on the Pacific coast where millions have been expended in engineering and ordnance work and yet the commands have not been properly supplied with ammunition, electrical plants and other appliances essential to the effective use of these fortifications in actual warfare."

Gen. Miles says:
"During the past year there have been no serious engagements, except that of the troops under Gen. Frank D. Baldwin in Mindanao, P. I., with the Moros. For the number of men engaged, this was a very spirited and desperate engagement. Our forces were commanded by one of the most experienced and efficient officers of the army, whose record has always been of the highest order, and his achievement, together with that of the troops in this engagement made another chapter of fortitude, tenacity and heroic sacrifice in the history of American arms."
The condition of the army is quite satisfactory and there has been no disturbance of importance among them during the last twelve months. This is accounted for principally by three reasons:
"First, just and humane treatment of the Indians and the judicious management of their affairs; second, their gradual transition from a condition of barbarism to that of a civilized people, and third, the close proximity of the military garrisons, which are always in a state of alert in case of threatened disturbance."
"The experience during the great civil war and years of campaigning along our western frontier, afforded the best schools of practice for the army in former years. The attention given to calisthenics and gymnastic and military exercises made our small army a corps of soldiers as well as of the best of the military academy, produced an army of such excellence that I was able in my annual report for 1896, to state:
"The personnel of the army was never in better condition."
"This was proven to be true by the fortitude, skill and heroism displayed in every serious campaign on every field of modern combat. The army has been engaged in any part of the world, during the last four years."

"During that time many changes have occurred and the army has been very largely increased. The long and varied service of the senior officers, their experience in organizing, disciplining, instructing, and leading their troops, as well as the excellent discipline, instruction and exemplary conduct of the soldiers of the army of '98, have been the leaven of the army of the present time and will be eradicated."

STEPHENS HOME FROM CALIFORNIA

Makes Report to Choir Tonight of Excursion Arrangements.

ALL THAT HE HOPED FOR.

Old Man Afraid of Music Let Out at Del Monte—Stanford Football and San Francisco Opera.

Prof. Stephens returned last evening from California, several hours late and somewhat weary. Trains are at present overcrowded and nearly all from six to 12 hours behind schedule time.
Of his trip in brief he says: "I found the most kindly greetings from every one whom I had occasion to call upon, and the fact that the Mormon Tabernacle choir is now regarded as a most welcome visitor in California was evident on every hand. The railroad officials were prepared to offer every facility to make our route the one I so much desired, embracing the central coast mountains of Santa Cruz, with the grove of giant trees as the central point of interest, and also the possibility of our company taking a side trip to Mount Hamilton. With these additions to our regular route of last spring, one exactly reversed, we can even excel the good time of a year ago."
"Supt. T. H. Goodman, of the Southern Pacific, said to me: 'Tell your people there will be no more cold nights at Del Monte. The fellow who snubbed some of your choir members last time was promptly removed and a man who can treat our guests respectfully is in his place. And I want to say we have no guests we hold in higher esteem than your people and choir, and nothing but the most complimentary of our company can be omitted.'"
"Everywhere I went, even the waiters at the restaurants acquired most kindly after us, and had their words of praise for our party of last year. All this was very pleasant to me, of course, and made my labor, rushed as it was, a real pleasure. I had the very pleasant surprise of finding the choir of the Mormon Tabernacle choir, who were singing 'King Dodo' at the Columbia, and the drama 'Daughters of Eve' with Marie Wainwright as star, at the Grand California was radiant as ever. I had seen a brighter and more beautiful scene than the bay and surroundings when we crossed it homeward bound. Tonight I report in full to the choir."

MURRAY'S INCORPORATION.

Commissioners Consider the Matter of Special Election.

At the meeting of the board of county commissioners today the matter of the nomination of officers for the special election to be held in Murray on Nov. 18, to decide whether or not the town shall be incorporated into a city of the third class and to elect municipal officers, was brought up by County Clerk James who asked for instructions in regard to preparing ballots for the election. It was decided by the board that the nominees named at the mass meeting had not filed certificates of nomination with the county clerk, and that the clerk should not put their names on the ballot. The clerk was instructed, however, to furnish blank ballots for the election and the voters will have to fill in the names of those they desire to vote for.
County Physician Mayo filed his health report for the month of October which shows that during the month there were 11 cases of scarlet fever and four of diphtheria under quarantine in the county.

UTAH POSTMASTERS APPOINTED.

(Special to the "News.")
Washington, D. C., Nov. 6.—Utah postmasters appointed: Manila, Utah county, Sarah A. Smith, vice Charles L. Large, resigned; Saint John, Tooele county, Isaac Evans, vice Mary A. Arthur, resigned.

FENDER ORDINANCE.

Committee on Streets Gave It Hearing Last Night.

The council committee on streets had the new street car fender ordinance up for consideration last night and listened to the objections of Supt. Read and Atty. Allison, who represented the Consolidated Railway company, to the ordinance as it was introduced. The representatives of the company stated that it would be impossible to get the fenders here and put them on the cars within 60 days, and that the ordinance time be extended until April 1st, which was done by the committee. The committee also reduced the minimum fine, having fenders on the cars within the time limit, from \$25 to \$10. It was also decided to strike out the section of the ordinance which required the board of public works to approve of the style of fender to be used by the company, so that matter will be left entirely with the company. The changes stated above will be made in the ordinance and it will be presented to the council Monday night for final action.
City Engineer Kelsey made a report to the special committee on reservoir site, on the estimated cost of piping the water from the Gordon creek reservoir in Big Cottonwood canyon to the city's system. He said that the water would have to be piped a distance of seven miles and that it would cost \$30,000 to supply a pumping plant would have to be constructed. The entire cost, including the purchase price of the water, he estimated at \$140,000. In his opinion, the cost would be a little too high and further consideration of the matter was continued until next Wednesday night.
The committee on streets decided to ask the city engineer for instructions in regard to light and telephone poles on I street temporarily so that she can move her house up that street upon the conditions that the house be moved off the street within 30 days and that the poles be replaced on the side of the street instead of the middle.

MISSING FROM HOME.

Minnie Saunders and Baby Boy Have Mysteriously Disappeared.

It was reported to the police this morning that Minnie Saunders, a woman about 30 years of age with a baby boy aged 7 months, has been missing from her home, 629 South East Temple street, since last night and all traces of her have been lost. She was dressed in black when she left the place, but outside of that, very little description of her was furnished the police. Her relatives and friends have become alarmed over her absence and have been searching for her since last night. Her disappearance is regarded as being most mysterious as they can not imagine why she should leave home in that way. The police will do what they can to locate her.

A STORM COMING.

The weather office says a storm is coming from the northwest, and that showers may be expected tonight and

HISTORIAN'S OFFICE.
Church of Jesus Christ
of Latter-day Saints.

ON SATURDAY NIGHTS The Real Estate columns of the News are closely studied by those interested in buying or selling Real Estate.