

THE DESERET NEWS.

TRUTH AND LIBERTY.

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Bishop WILLIAM BUDGE is authorized to act as GENERAL AGENT for the *DESERET NEWS* throughout Cache County.

AGENTS of the *DESERET NEWS* will please endeavor to collect what Cotton and Linen Rags they can, and forward at their earliest convenience.

(Special to the *Deseret Evening News*.)

By Telegraph.

GENERAL.

New Orleans.—The House, yesterday, unseated a Democratic member from the parish of Orleans on the ground of ineligibility, and admitted his opponent, who was defeated by a majority of three hundred. To-day the House reconsidered this action, and recommitted the election to the people. This is the first retrograde action on the part of the Legislature.

Detroit, 8.—Professor Watson, of the Detroit Observatory, announces the discovery of another minor planet, shining like a star of the tenth magnitude, right ascending five degrees 18 minutes, declining three degrees forty minutes south.

Balto.—Hon. Stevenson Archer has been nominated for Congress by the Democrats of the second district.

Montgomery, 9.—A train of cars on the Montgomery and Mobile railroad met with a terrible accident, to-day, a trestle giving way while crossing the Escamboa river bridge, when the three front cars fell through. J. F. Warren, ex-messenger was instantly killed and several persons badly hurt.

Boston.—Enoch Main, the well known ship owner, died yesterday of apoplexy, aged 67.

Sandusky, 8.—The Democratic Convention, to-day, nominated E. F. Dickenson as candidate for Congress.

Concord.—Ex-President Pierce is more comfortable; his medical attendants think he may recover.

Chicago, 1.—A Santa Fe dispatch says the election in New Mexico has resulted in a Republican victory. The legislature will be two-thirds Republican.

A Denver dispatch says the election in Colorado on Tuesday resulted in the election of Allen A. Bradford, the Republican delegate, to Congress. Also in an increased majority of the legislature, largely Republican.

Chicago.—A fearful accident occurred on the Chicago, Rock Island and Pacific railroad yesterday, two miles this side of Iowa City. The bridge was down, and when the train going west came up the engine leaped into the chasm dragging three crowded cattle cars and one wheat car in a confused mass upon each other. The last car made the pile so high as to prevent the passenger cars following. The engineer and fireman were both killed, the former's head being severed from his body; no other persons injured. Many of the cattle were killed.

Chicago, 10.—Another terrible marine disaster has cast a shadow over the community. The propeller *Hippocampus* left Benton harbor, Michigan, on Monday evening, bound for this port with a cargo of peaches. Not arriving, a tug was dispatched last night in search of the missing vessel, and brought back the tidings that the unfortunate steamer had sunk in the middle lake, 30 miles from shore; all aboard are believed to be lost, no tidings having reached any port of any having escaped. From 50 to 60 persons thus found a watery grave. Portions of the wreck were found floating in the lake, but nothing to indicate what caused the disaster.

Poughkeepsie.—Gen. Ketchum has been unanimously renominated to Congress by the Republicans in convention.

Washington.—Secretary McCulloch gives an official notice that on and after Monday next all the 7.30 notes must be forwarded direct to the treasury at Washington for redemption.

New York.—The Citizens' Association have published a letter to the public in reference to pauperism in the State. They assert that five millions are expended annually in private and public

charities. They propose to organize the expenditure so that it may result in more benefit, and relieve taxation. For that purpose the charity commissioners have established a labor bureau, to which the association calls the attention of all interested.

The Councilman embroglio has ended, the five members concerning whom legal steps were taken having been admitted to their seats.

Cincinnati, 11.—A quarrel occurred between two workmen at the rail mill; one seized a red hot iron rod, six feet long, and ran it through the body of the other, killing him instantly. The murderer was arrested.

Atlanta.—The Senate passed a resolution, to-day, giving the negroes one hour to make a defense on the question of eligibility, other members participating for thirty minutes. The day was consumed in discussion. The impression is that the negroes will be declared ineligible by a small majority.

Chicago.—A dispatch from the chairman of the Democratic central committee of Colorado, states that Belden, Democrat, has been elected to Congress.

Washington.—Official dispatches from Montana say the Indians are all peaceable, and that no disturbance occurred during August.

New York.—A Washington dispatch says it is now generally conceded that there will be a September session of Congress.

The Secretary of the Treasury, to-day, issued \$1,280,000 in bonds to the Central Pacific Railroad.

The steamer *Guiding Star* has arrived from Aspinwall. She brings the following telegram: On the 13th ult. a terrible earthquake visited the cities along the coast of Peru and Ecuador, whereby 32,000 lives were lost; property valued at \$300,000,000 was destroyed. A rumbling sound preceded the earthquake, and the sea was terribly agitated, and flooded the land for a great distance. Arequipa City, containing 35,000 inhabitants passed away, there being scarcely a vestige left. There were only four hundred lives here. Arica, a town of 25,000 inhabitants, was also destroyed, leaving not a house standing; five hundred perished here. The tidal wave was forty feet high, and rolled with a terrific roar on the shore, carrying ships farther on the land than ever before known. The United States storeship *Fredonia* was capsized and all on board were lost. The *Fredonia* had \$1,800,000 worth of naval stores on board. The vessel was rolled over and smashed to atoms. The United States steamer *Waterloo* was carried half a mile inland and left high and dry; only one sailor was drowned. Owing to the great distance from the sea she never can get afloat again. The Peruvian corvette *America* was also carried ashore. Thirty three were drowned from her.

The American merchantman *Rosa Rivera*, the English ship *Chancellor* and the French bark *Edwards* were lost. The towns Iquique, Moquega, Lerumba and Pisayua were all utterly destroyed. Over six hundred perished at Iquique. The American merchants lose heavily, nearly all being ruined. The towns of Igarra, San Pablo and Imantad are in ruins; and where Cotacachi formerly stood is now a lake. The populations of the above named towns are almost entirely destroyed. Pamcho, Puellars, and Cachiguanio are also destroyed. The dead are so numerous that the surviving inhabitants have been forced to fly from the stench of the putrifying bodies. In Guayaquil the earthquake was felt, but no damage was done. Letters from Quito, dated 19th, announce that earthquakes continue at intervals of a few hours. The President has issued a proclamation to the people to come forward and help the sufferers.

St. Louis.—Several of the directors of the South Pacific Railroad met here last night, when the unfinished portion of the Missouri division of the road was put under contract. They will proceed to the Indian Territory to negotiate for land to put into effect measures for the speedy construction of the Atlantic and Pacific Railroad to San Francisco via the thirty-fifth parallel.

Washington.—The Tennessee legislative committee telegraphed Governor Brownlow this evening, that the Pre-

sident will sustain the civil authorities. Orders have been issued to the department commanders to sustain and aid the civil authorities, and a sufficient force will be furnished to accomplish such purpose. The committee received from the Secretary of War a copy of the orders sent to Gen. Thomas.

Gen. Sherman called upon the Secretary of War to furnish an additional regiment of cavalry for service against the Indians. It is understood that the 5th cavalry, commanded by General Emery, have been ordered to report to Gen. Sherman for that purpose.

Surratt was here yesterday, consulting with his counsel relative to his trial, which occurs on the 21st, he will probably only be tried on an indictment for conspiracy.

FOREIGN.

London, 8.—The *Times* publishes a letter from Roebuck, M. P., justifying and reaffirming the language he used with regard to the United States at Sheffield at the Cutler's dinner. The *Times* administers a severe rebuke to Mr. Roebuck saying, in a public reception given to the representative of the United States, when it was the object of all present to cultivate a feeling of good will, it was an injury to both countries for a man in Roebuck's position to use language in vehement disparagement. The *Times* adds, we only hope that Mr. Johnson will not fail to notice that the insult has been repudiated by English public opinion with entire unanimity. He may form the idea, however, of the honor in which we hold his country by the prompt recoil from Mr. Roebuck's words which he everywhere witnesses.

London.—The Yacht *Alint* has been laid up for the season, consequently the owner declines the challenge of the American Yacht *Sappho*.

Telegrams from Aden, Arabia, state that the German savans who went there to make observations on the recent eclipse were entirely successful, having taken photographic views, four of which were perfect.

The *Times* says the policy of the United States toward the Indians is one of consideration and forbearance, but so costly as not, much longer, to be profitably pursued.

Halifax.—The election of Blanchard, the Union Member of Parliament in Nova Scotia, has been reported illegal by the Election Committee. Attorney-General Wilkins, in reply to a letter from the Lieut.-Governor asking him to explain his recent disloyal sentiments in Parliament, disclaims uttering any disloyal sentiments. He says he desires annexation to the United States above all things, and believes the confederation of the colonies tends that way.

London.—On Monday night the police arrested a man named Augustin Byrin, on suspicion of being connected with the Fenian organization; a quantity of small arms and ammunition was found on the premises where the prisoner lodged.

Jeff. Davis has arrived here.

Brussels.—An international convention of workmen in Europe has been in session in this city during the present week: the attendance was large and the proceedings harmonious and orderly. It was resolved that, in the opinion of this convention, the workmen cannot attain complete emancipation from the oppression of employers through the means merely of local strikes, and that all strikes should be subject to a code of uniform rules and regulations, that councils of arbitration be found to settle differences between the employer and employed, and finally that trade societies be established in those countries where they do not now exist, and that all such societies shall be organized so as to be able to act in close connection and concert with one another for the general improvement of the status of the workmen throughout Europe.

New York.—An Ottawa special's dispatch to the *Herald* says the city swarms with correspondents, detectives, &c. Around the jail which receives Whelan every night is encamped a guard of 20 men; each man is served

with 25 rounds of ball cartridges. The prisoner is marched up in square. The loyalists have threatened that if justice is not done, they will take Whelan by force and hang him. In public feeling the moral conviction is strong that Whelan is the murderer.

Six or seven head centres from New York and Buffalo are here with money to aid the defense; they are closely watched. The defense is dispondent. Threatening letters have been sent to all the witnesses for the prosecution, one of whom has been attacked and knocked down with a slung shot.

Dublin, 9.—The Archbishop of Armagh, at a visitation of his diocese, predicted that the dis-establishment of the Irish Church would cause the dissolution of the Union, and make Ireland a separate state.

Ottawa, 9.—The trial of Whelan was resumed; the testimony given was highly unfavorable to the prisoner. The case for the prosecution closed to-night; it is supposed that the case for the defense will occupy about a week. Little doubt is entertained of the conviction of the prisoner.

Florence.—It is reported that Italy has requested the withdrawal of the French troops from Rome.

Halifax, 9.—The assembly sat yesterday p.m., with closed doors, and discussed the correspondence between Gov. Doyle and Attorney General Wilkins. A resolution was offered condemning the course of the Governor General as interfering with the right of free speech. The house was informed by the Governor that if the resolution was not expunged he would dissolve the house. Another secret session was held to-day, resulting in the resolution being expunged. There is much excitement in political circles.

Pesth.—The various estates of Prince Kara Gorgewitch, in Hungary, have been confiscated in favor of Serbia.

Paris.—Official dispatches are published from the Prussian Secretary of Foreign Affairs, announcing that King William has issued an order for the reduction of the Prussian army to 120,000 men. The dispatch states that the King, by this act, wishes to give a new pledge of moderation, and to show his confidence in the prospect of peace. He adds that he thinks nothing menaces it.

London.—Minister Johnson formally waited on Lord Stanley on the 9th; he will submit his credentials to the Queen on Monday.

The *Times* has a three column editorial, mainly devoted to the discussion of the views advanced by the metropolitan journals regarding the American Chinese treaty. The writer reviews the course of British policy in China, which he characterizes as one of peace, which is proven by them submitting to frequent aggression, fraud, ill faith, and evasion in disregard of treaties, until their leniency is interpreted at Peking as fear, until Chinese diplomacy is, seemingly, master of the situation and they laugh at the English treaties, and jockey England into quelling the Tapings; and now they give her this go by as the principal leading power. In their foreign policy they send a mission to defer indefinitely the claim of the treaty of Tien Tsin for opening the Empire and admitting civilization. They must be told, however, if they want war, that while England desires peace, actual treaties must be enforced, and no step further will be taken till that is done; then they will submit and will beat peace. China will not be the theatre of war between foreign powers, unless as the result of the American policy. The article ends with the assertion that only the rulers of China cling to exclusion; but the people want free intercourse, and it is the duty of England to sustain this wish of the people against their rulers.

Ottawa.—The trial of Whelan was continued yesterday; no evidence of much importance was offered.

Florence.—It is reported that Garibaldi has left Caprera for Naples, to attend a Congress of Democrats in that city.

Montreal, 9.—The Anglican Bishop of Montreal, who has been unwell lately, became so alarmingly worse yesterday that his recovery is despaired of. The Sacrament was administered to him and he is still in a very critical state.