PEOPLE'S TICKET

GENERAL ELECTION.

MONDAY, AUGUST 2d, 1886.

For Commissioners to Locate University Lands:

CHARLES W. STAYNER, PREDERIOK A. MITCHELL, ISAAC M. WADDELL,

SALT/LAKE, COUNTY OFFICERS. For Probate Judge:

ELIAS A. SMITH.

For Selectman: SAMUEL BENNION.

For County Clerk: JOHN C. CUTLER.

For Prosecuting Attorney: JAMES H. MOYLE.

JESSE W. FOX, JR.

For Collector: NATHANIEL V. JONES.

For Sherifi:

For Surveyor JOHN D. H. MCALLISTER. .

GEORGE J. TAYLOR.

IN SOLEMN ASSEMBLY.

Honoring the Pioncers-Thirty-Ninth Anniversary of their Entrance into Great Salt Lake Valley.

Commemoration Services in the Tabernaele, Salt Lake City.

Saturday, July 24th, 1886, was observed as Pioneer Day-the thirty-minth anniversary of the entrance of the Pioneers into Great Salt Lake Valley. The Sunday schools of Salt Lake City had united in a programme of exercises to be given in the Tabernacle, commemorative of that important event, and from 9:30 a.m. until a few minutes after 10 o'clock the chaldren from the various wards of this city filed in procession

of this city filed in procession into the large building and were seated in the places assigned them; while parents, friends and visitors thronged the gallery and vacant seats below, until all the available space was occupied. There must have been a congregation of fully 12,000 persons.

The interior of the Tabernacle presented a scene in strong contrast to the gay holiday decorations of former occasions. All of the stands were draped in mourning, and conveyed the impression to the congregation that it was a soiemn assembly that had convened. Mottoes were placed over and on the grand organ and on the stands, and the extensive decorations in the centre of the building were bedecked with the stars and stripes. The motto over the organ was: "In God we put our Trust." On the front of the magnidthe organ was: "In God we put our Trust.", On the front of the magnid-cent instrument was a large banner, on which was painted a figure, with upcent instrument was a large banner, on which was painted a figure, with up-lifted hand, apparently in the act of making is sacred vow; around it was inscribed the words: "Under the Everlasting Covenant, God must and will be Glorified."

The stands were unoccupied, the reasons therefor being explained by the following inscriptions, which were placed in appropriate positions:

"The First Presidency: In Exile for

"The First Presidency: In Exile for Conscience' Sake."

"Of the Twelve Apostles and Counselors: Those not here are in jeopardy, in prison, and in foreign lands, because they prefer to obey God rather than man."

"The Presidency of the Stake: Having tasted of the vengeance of their enemies, and felt their cruel disregard of law, their labors and visits are like the Angels', seen only by those who have faith."

"Of the Presiding Bishoprie: Those who are absent choose to be wanderes in their own land in preference to being victims to those who have selected them for ruin."

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WEEKLY.

TRUTH AND LIBERTY.

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CHARLES W. PENROSE, EDITOR.

WEDNESDAY JULY 28, 1886

Seated three of the Pioneers, Patriarch Lorenzo D. Young, Bishop Millen Atwood and Elder Samuel Turobow—all who could be present of the 143 in an and three women who composed that noble band. There were also members of the High Council, High Priests, officers of the Young Men's and Young Ladies' Associations, Deserret Sounday School Union and other organizations, 21 boys and 21 girls chosen from the city wards, and a number of others. While the congregation were being seated, Captain Beesley's Martial Band played "The Rage," an arrangement of "Home, sweet home," "Auld Lanz Syne" and other melodies, and the Sunday School Union Band rendered the direct "Rest in Peace." The programmes distributed to the people contained to following introductory: tained the following introductory:

" THE PIONEERS.

"The entrance of the Pioneers into Great Salt Lake Valley, on the 24th of July, 1847, was an event of great significance, and will be forever memorable in our history. We fied to this oracie in our history. We fied to this western region to escape the violence of mobs and find a haven of rest, where we might worship God, unmolested, according to the dictates of conscience. The opening up of a vast tract of country was not only a matter of great importance to the popular who

conscience. The opening up of a vast tract of country was not only a matter of great importance to the people who accomplished it, but was necessarily beneticent in its effects upon the nation, whose wealth and magnificence were thus increased.

"To-day we commemorate the occasion under distressing auspices. The cause which drove the Pioneers to seek a refuge in the then undeveloped west, is revived in great intensity of bitterness. The community are plunged in sorrow because their liberties are ruthlessly assailed by those by whom they should be protected and sustained. In consequence of cruel and unwarranted attacks upon our rights, our leaders are in enforced, exile, not withstanding their loyalty to the principles upon which the government of this nation was founded, and their life labors in the cause of suffering humanity. Numbers of our brethren languish in prison, families have been life labors in the cause of suffering aumanity. Numbers of our brethren ianguish in prison, families have been temporarily broken up, and sorrow rests upon the souls of the people. Hence the emblems of mourning by which the eyes of this great throug are greeted. For these reasons what would otherwise be a day of unalloyed rejoicing is tinged with the spirit of sadness."

sadness."

"Yet we cannot consistently pass the anuversary of so grand an occasion without a public recognition of the goodness of God in leading the Pioneers of this region to a resting place in these beautiful valleys. And while engaged in these exercises, we can but look up to lim with full expectation and faith that, in His own due time, He will work out a new and signal He will work out a new and signal deliverance for His people."

At 10:30 a.m., Superintendent John C. Cutler called the congregation to order, and the Sunday School children, under the conductorship of Brother Thomas McIntyre, sang:

MARCHING HOMEWALD.

We're marching on to glory, We're working for our crown; We'll make our armor brighter, And never lay it down.

CHORUS:

We'remarching,marching homeward To that bright land afar; We work for life eternal, It is our guiding star.

Then, day by day we're marching.
To heaven we are bound;
Each good act buings us nearer
That home where we'll be crowned.

Then, with rausom'd children
That throng the starry throne,
We'll praise our Lord and Saylor,
His pow'r and mercy own.

The opening prayer was offered by ishop Millen Atwood, one of the Pioneers.
The Suuday School children sang:

BEAUTIFUL ZION.

Beautiful Zion, built above,
Beautiful city that I love;
Beautiful gates of penriy white.
Beautiful temple—God is light.
He who was stam on Calvary,
Opens those pearly gates to me.
Zion, Zion, lovely Zion,
Beautiful Zion, Zion, city of our God.

Beautiful heaven, where all is light; Beautiful angers, clothed in white; Beautiful strains that never tire; Beautiful harps three all the choir. There shall I join the chorus sweet, Worshiping at the Savior's feet. Zion, Zion, lovely Zien. Beautiful Zion, city of our God.

Beautiful crowns on every brow, licantiful palms the congirors show; Beautiful robes the ransom'd wear, Beautiful all who enter there: Thither I press with eager feet—There shall my rest be long and sweet Zion, Zion, Jovely Zion, Beautiful Zion eity of our God.

"Passing Under the Rod" was played the Sunday School Union Brass

Bishop Orson F. Whitney made the

PIONEER ADDRESS.

hearers, to bring forth the fruits of life and salvation under the blessing of God's Holy Spirit, to His name's honor

Among the noblest heroes and hero-ines whom history has made immortal,

Among the noblest heroes and heroines whom history has made immortal, are those brave men and women who have, in different ages of the world, refused to surrender their sacred convictions and be untrue to the dictates of their consciences—the voice of God in the human heart—and have left home and country, often despoiled of their possessious, and have taken their lives in their hands, bid adden to their native land, with all the associations and ties of kindred and affection, and have gone forth to seek out a new land where they might enjoy the rights of conscience unmolested, and worship the God of their fathers in His own appointed way. Such were the children of Israel in ancient times, who, led by the Prophet Moses, shook off the shackles of Egyptian bondage and went forth into the wilderness to worship God according to His command. Such, talso, were the pilgrims of New England who, in the seventeenth century of the Christian era, fled from the tyranny of the Old World and planted themselves on the western shores of the Atlantic; where, with their descendants, they where, with their descendants, they were instrumental in the hands of Providence in establishing the great government under which we are now living; in founding a nation whose broad wings of protection overshadow the oppressed, the trampled on and distressed of all nations, and which, furnishes an asylum, a place of refuge for the wearr nations, and which furnishes an asylum, a place of refuge for the wenry extles of every land. Such, also were the pioneers of Utah who, nine and

axylum, a place of refuge for the weary exhes of every land. Such, also were the pioneers of Utah who, nine and thirty years ago, emerged from yonder mountain gorge, into this then silent and desert valley, and lifted the ensign of liberty, the flag of our country, and unfurled its glorious folds from the summit of you lofty peak.

Living, as we do, amid the results of their labors, plucking the fruit from the tree of their planting, crossing with safety and in ease the chasms they bridged, and rejoicing even in the midst of sorrow, in the blessings bequeathed by heaven as the reward of their courage and industry, we can only conceive to a very limited extent the greatness of their toils and sacrifices—sacrifices made willingly, and labors that were patiently performed from year to year, that we, their children, and posterity in general might enjoy the rich olessings which their valor, their self-denial and industry have handed down to us. Utah to-day is the garden of the interior west. Thirty-nine years ago it was a wilderness, a desolation, scorched by the sun and trodden by the roving red man, whose food consisted in part of wild roots dug from the ground, reptiles that crawled and hissed and rattled among the hot rocks of the plain, and the crickets and grasshoppers that noisily chirped upon the mountain sides. Their music was the scream of eagles, the melancholy howl of the wolf and the coyote, the voice of the distant torrent mingling with the twitter of the mountain bird. Then it was the heart of the Great American desert; now it blooms with orchards, farms and vineyards, is dotted with cities and hamlets, the homes of a peaceful, prosperous, and (were it not that the cruel hand of persecution has fastened upon their throats) a happy people. We can not realize, I say, the greatness of the labors and sacrifices that were pecessary to cause this wilderness to bloom, as it now does like the garden of the Lord; we cannot conceive of the toils and trials through which our fathers and mothers passed in order t the garden of the Lord, we cannot conceive of the toils and trials through which our fathers and mothers passed in order to establish in this chosen land their children's feet, and perpetuate those glorious principles which are destined to redeem and happify the world. When the pioneers approached this desolate valley they were met by an old mountaineer, Colonel Bridger, who, on learning of their intention to settle in the valley of the Great Salt Lake, exclaimed in tones of mingled pity and derision, "I will give a thousand dollars for the first bushel of wheat you raise in that valley." This will serve to show, in spite of the envious detractions of small-souled bigots who fain would lessen the glory of the ploneers, and the honor due to that God who so signally-preserved and miraculously delivered them, the amount of labor, courly-preserved and intractiously defivered them, the amount of labor, courage and perseverance necessary to redeem this desert land and make it blossom in its present fragrance and

blossom in its present fragrance and beauty.

And who were those pioneers, those founders of Utah, whose children and associates I have the honor of addressing? They were exiles for conscience sake, banished from the confines of civilization, driven forth from a land of Christian churches by mobsled on and inspired by Christian priests, for daring to have opinions of their own and worship in their own way the God of their fathers in a land of religious liberty; thrust forth from the homes their industry had won, compelled to cross the frozen Mississippi on the ice in the month of February, compelled to cross the Irozen Mississippi on the ice in the month of February, leaving their bloody footprints on the ice of the river and upon its frozen shores. Starving and naked, stripped of all their possessions, they refused either to die, to become discouraged, relinquish their sacred rights, or to lose for one moment, their fuith in their sublime and glorious destiny. Leaving their burning city and ravaged fields in the hands of their merculess.

and on the Twenty-fourth of July, 1847, thirty-nine years ago this day, their wagons rolled down yonder slope and encamped upon this silent

plain.
I would have these children remem-I would have these children remember the works of their noble fathers and heroic mothers. I would have them remember the lineage through which they have come, and strive before God and the world to be worthy of that lineage. Descended from Israel of old, who shook off the bondage of Egypt, prefering the wilderness, with its freedom, to civilization with its chains; the children, too, many of them, of the pilgrims who came across the mighty deep from the tyranny of the old world and laid the foundation upon children, too, many of them, of the pligrims who came across the mighty deep from the tyranny of the old world and laid the foundation upon this chosen land of the great government under which we live; I would have them remember, also that they are the sons and daughters of patriots, whose hearts burn and wnose blood tingles with the spirit and genius of liberty; that their fathers and mothers, even when driven outcast and exiled for the sake of their religion, the free exercise of which is guaranteed under the Constitution of our country, fleeing from the civilization, which had refused to protect them that they still remained true and loyal to the principles of liberty. Thirty-nine years ago day after to-morrow, they ascended youder peak and lifted the ensign of freedom upon Mexican soil, thereby signifying not only their loyalty to the country which had thrust them from its borders, but their determination to stand by the principles of truth and liberty, to maintain the palladium of equal rights, the aegls of protectiou to the out-cast of all nations.

This, my young brethren and sisters, foreshadowed your destiny, the des-

nations.

This, my young brethren and sisters, foreshadowed your destiny, the destiny of the children of the Pioneers; for the same great Prophet who predicted that the Latter-day Saints would be driven westward, and become a mighty people in the midst of the Rocky Mountains, also declared that the time would come when their sons and daughters would rescue the Constitution and the flag—the glorious stars and stripes; the flag of freedom, which symbolizes by its stars the glory and success, and by its stripes the sufferings and trials of our brave ancestors—that the children of this people would rescue them from the hands of traitors that the children of this people would rescue them from the hands of traitors and tyrants who would trample them in the mire. Remember, therefore, your destiny and the great things expected of you. You are not the enomies of this land of liberty; you are not traitors to your country; you are not traitors to your country; you are the sous and daughters of tree men and free women, of patriots and prophets, pilgrims and ploneers, and it devolves upon you to be worthy of your noble lineage, and lift the standard of liberty and truth to all the world.

God bless you and help you to realize this destiny is my earnest prayer, in the name of Jesus Christ. Amen.

The Tabernacle Choir, rendered the partsong,

THE MIGHT WITH THE RIGHT

May every year but draw more near
The time when strife shall cease,
And truth and love all hearts shall move
To live in joy and peace.
Now sorrow reigns and earth complains,
For foily still her power maintains.
But the day will surely come,
When the might with the right and the truth
shall be,
And come what there may to stand in the
way,

That day the world shall see.

Let good men tie'er of truth despair,
Though humble efforts fail;
Oh! gave not o'er until once more
The righteous cause prevail.
In vain, and long enduring wrong,
The weak may strive against the strong,
But the day will yet appear,
When the might with the right and the truth
shall be;
And come what there may to stand in the
way,

That day the world shall see.

The "Commemoration March" The "Commemoration March" was executed in fine style by Brother Joseph J. Daynes on the grand orgau.

Mrs. Julia Silverwood and Miss A. Vincent sang a duett, "Sunset."

Superintendent Robert R. Irvine gave a reading, (written by Sister Eliza R. Snow Smith, now over 80 years of age,) entitled

PAST AND PRESENT.

"'When the wicked rule, the people mourn.' Verily, verily, is the truth of this saying verified in these mountain vales. How strikingly appropriate to our present condition, the emblems of sorrow and mourning, in the celebration of this auspicious day—the opening day when this American Desert, which had slept for many ages and generations, was awakened from its deadly slumber to be robed in all the beauty and loveliness of cultivated nature, produced by the hand of arduous toil, of a people peeled and driven. But God was with us, and His blessing gave efficacy to the labor of our

"The country which banished us is the land of my birth, and the time has been when I was proud to call it my own. Then it was a beacon of "The Presidency of the Stake: Having tasted of the vengeance of their enemies, and felt their cruel disregard of law, their labors and visits are like the Angels', seen only by those who have faith."

"Of the Presidency of the Stake: Having tasted of the vengeance of their enemies, and felt their cruel disregard of law, their labors and visits are like the Angels', seen only by those who have faith."

"Of the Presidency of the Stake: Having tasted of the vengeance of their enemies, and felt their cruel disregard of law, their law as a beacon of index of their sublime and glorious destiny, Leaving their burning city and ravaged fields in the hands of their mercless oppressors, with their wives and little ones clustered around them, dying by scores as the result of the inhuman treatment to which they had been when I was proud to call it their sublime and glorious destiny, Leaving their burning city and ravaged fields in the hands of their mercless oppressors, with their wives and little ones clustered around them, dying by scores as the result of the inhuman treatment to which they had been when I was proud to call it their sublime and glorious destiny, Leaving their burning city and ravaged fields in the hands of their mercless oppressors, with their wives and little ones clustered around them, dying by scores as the result of the inhuman treatment to which they had been when I was a been when I was a been when I was proud to call it their sublime and glorious destiny, Leaving their burning city and ravaged fields in the hands of their mind in their sublime and glorious destiny, Leaving their burning city and ravaged fields in the hands of their man they own. Then it was a been when I was proud to call it they sublime and glorious destiny, Leaving their burning city and ravaged fields in the hands of their man they own. Then it was a been when I was proud to call it their sublime and glorious destiny.

The land and the time has aboved to deal the hands of my birth, and the time has aboved to when I was proud to

prairie. A journey of 1,500 miles, over frozen rivers and barren plains, a journey marked mile after mile by the graves of their aged parents, their delicate wives and tender little ones, brought them to the Rocky Mountains, and on the Twenty-fourth of July,

"Sueb was my country, and them my heart swelled with pride that I was an American citizen. But now, alas! I am forced to exclaim, "How are the mighty fallen!" Where are the Washingtons, the Adamses, and the Jeffersons of the other day? Beneath Jeffersons of the other day? Beneath our sheltering flag, Joseph Smith, my beloved husband, the choice of my heart, and the crown of my life—a Prophet of the living God, and by Him appointed to open the last dispensation—an innoceut man, guilty of no crime, was cruelly assassinated in Carthage, Illinois, while under the plighted protection of the governor of that State. And now his blood and that of his brother Hyrum, who was murdered at the same time, cries for that of his brother Hyrum, who was, murdered at the same time, cries for vengeance from the ground. The mantle of protection was thrown, around the assays ins, the foul perpetrators of that horrid deed, and not one move has been made to bring them to justice, and that erime now rests our contributional equations.

our national escutcheon.
"But God did not look with indifference on that atrocious deed, and He does not forget its perpetrators—as far as known, not one of them has died a natural death. The horrid wail has been wafted on the breeze of maggots

been wafted on the breeze of maggots holding carnivals in their flesh, until, although in horrible fear of what awaited them beyond, they earnestly prayed for death. God, the avenger of unrecompensed guilt, will surely mete out justice in His own time. Justice will claim its own.

"In these once peaceful, bappy vales, where from every saintly dwelling the songs of praise and thanksgiving ascended on the morning and evening breeze, when the right to worship God according to the dictates of conscience was unrestrained, when domestic peace and happiness were unmolested, this was unrestrained, when domestic pence and happiness were unmolested, this ever memorable day was crowned with gaiety, innocent mirth, rejoicing and thanksgiving. Fathers and mothers, parents and children were happy in each others' society. Now, where are the fathers' Some of them, to evade the merciless hand of prerie-

happy in each others' society. Now, where are the fathers? Some of them, to evade the merciless hand of persecution, are voluntary exiles in foreign countries. Many of them are wasting their time and energies in the dreary confines of loathsome prisons in nurown land—a land of boasted freedom and equal rights.

"Our leaders, whose genial presence was wont to cheer us, and whose wiso counsels, emanations from God, were as the Polar Siar, are no longer in our midst—wives and children are left without their natural protectors; and all this for conscience' sake. The blessings of home, "sweet home," the foundation of all national greatness, and the grand incentive to all that is desirable, elevating, and ennobling in human life, are now being wrested from us by unscrupnious government officials. The very people who opened up a path in the desert—who, by unparalleled toil and privation, have, through the blessing of God, made this, the once dreary and desolate region, to blossom as the rose, until it has excited the envy and greed of the spoilers of our peace and prospertil it has excited the envy and greed of the spollers of our peace and prosper-ity, are now being robbed of those constitutional rights and liberties guaranteed to American citizens by our forefathers.
"In my lone widowhood I have had

"In my lone widowhood I have had one dear brother—one of my father's family, with whom I bave often taken sweet counsel. Where is he now? Incarcerated in prison—like a fclon confined within grating bars, and elad in a felon's suit. What has he done? He has held sacred and inviolate all constitutional laws of onr country, and the unconstitutional one he has fully obeyed. Then why in prison? Persecution has driven him there. The highest judicial court in these so-called United States—the court of last resort, to which he appealed, acknowledged its imbecdity—it is powerless in meting out justice to Latter-day Saints, and my brother has no alternative.

"Under the circumstances which now surround us, the sable drapery—the insignia of mourning, becomes the occasion."

This was followed by the children: singing,

BEAUTIFUL DAY.

The day-dawn is breaking, The world is awaking, The clouds of night's darkness are fleeing

nway.
The world-wide commotion
From ocean to ocean
Now heralds the time of the beautiful day.

CHORUS:

Beautiful day of peace and rest, Bright be thy dawn from east to west; Hall to thine earliest welcome ray, Beautiful, bright millennial day.

In many a temple The Saints will assemble, The Saints will assemble,
And labor as saviors of dear ones away;
Then happy reunion,
And sweetest communion
We'll bave with our friends in the beautiful day.