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DESERET EVENING NEWS.

THE BEST ADVERTISING MEDIUM IN MORMON HOMES.

TRUTH AND LIBERTY.

NO. 267. WEDNESDAY, OCTOBER 5, 1892. SALT LAKE CITY, UTAH TERRITORY. VOL. XXV.

CITY COUNCIL.

Fred Kesler, Jr., At Last Removed As Police Justice.

HE IS SUCCEEDED BY W. W. GEE

Ex-Councilman Ewing's Shoes Filled By Albert H. Kelly.

LIQUOR LICENSES REFUSED.

The O. S. L. & H. N. Railway Passed.—The Morgan Road Vote Rescinded.—Minor Matters.

The City Council met in regular session last night, President Lauritzen in the chair. The members present were: Rich, Folland, Hardy, Kerrier, Horn, Bell, Lawson, Evans, Simondi, Beardsley, Wentland, Hess.

The minutes of Friday night's session were read and approved, after which

PETITIONS

were read and referred as follows:

H. J. Bacon and others recommended the appointment of F. J. Greene as meat inspector. Committee on sanitation.

W. S. Crisman and others asked that Carrol street be improved. Committee on streets.

H. J. Heath and others asked the city to either purchase or abandon the ground used now as a sewage farm. Committee on sewerage.

H. J. Meyer and others complained of the dangerous condition of Tenth South street where it was now crossed by the railroads. Committee on streets.

Charles Sassone asked that he be relieved from paying taxes on $200 worth of mortgaged property. Committee on claims.

Lyman S. Crandall asked to be appointed inspector on the board of health. Committee on sanitation.

A. E. Hyde asked to be allowed to put a sidewalk roof on a two-story brick addition to his residence within the fire limits. Committee on municipal law.

REVOCATION OF LIQUOR LICENSES.

The following from the mayor was read and referred to the committee on license:

Gentlemen—On Sept. 16, Louis Hudson, B. F. Whitmore and W. J. Shields were granted retail liquor licenses each at a time earlier under date previous to issues illegally violated the ordinance of the city prohibiting the sale of liquor on the days. For this reason I have withheld my approval of their bonds. I call the attention of the Council to the matter and request that in view of the facts in the premises, the Council revoke their action in granting said licenses.

ANOTHER CONGRATULATION MEETING.

Superintendent of Waterworks Ryan recommended that a force of men be ordered at once to clean out the water courses in Parley's Canyon. Committee on waterworks.

MORE MONEY FOR "BALLY."

Gallocci sent in his report for the month of October. His share of collections amounted to $265 which was appropriated to his credit.

THE KESLER CASE.

The city attorney reporting on the resolution of Councilman Hess calling for the removal of Fred Kesler as police justice and the appointment of W. W. Gee as his successor, stated that the measure was perfectly legal. The Council had the full right to remove without charges.

Moran moved that it be received and filed.

Kerrier moved to amend by adopting the report.

Hess moved to lay on the table indefinitely. Lost.

On the motion of Rich the matter was drawn until the consideration of miscellaneous business should be reached.

NEW CITY PRISON.

The committee on prisons reported recommending the erection of a new city jail at a cost not to exceed $25,000.

Horn moved to receive the report and place it on file. The motion went into a report adopted.

Rich thought that Moran insinuated that the committee had not done its duty.

Moran explained that he objected to the report simply because it gave the committee too much power.

Wentland said he was in favor of building a city jail but the report was indefinite.

Lawson said at least $50,000 would be required to erect a suitable structure.

Horn explained that the committee had consulted with a number of prominent architects and were assured that a modern building entirely adequate for a city of 160,000 inhabitants could be erected for $25,000. That included a hospital ward and cooking department.

FARE COMMISSIONERS.

The special committee on public parks reported recommending the appointment of a commission of five citizens to advertise and improve the parks. The period of office recommended is four years.

The city attorney was instructed to draw up an ordinance covering the recommendations.

KESLER OFFICIALLY REMOVED.

The resolution of Mr. Hess to the effect that Kesler be removed and W. W. Gee be appointed in his place was then taken up again.

Moran moved that the name of W. W. Gee be stricken off the resolution and the name of C. E. Hall be inserted.

Hess declared that a resolution could not be amended. The chair held that it could.

Moran's motion was then declared to be carried 11 to 3.

Moran then spoke the point that the council was intruding on the prerogatives of the Mayor. He thought that the matter should be referred to that official. He was willing to abide by the decision.

Hess moved that the previous question be put. It carried on the following vote:

Ayes—Beardsley, Folland, Hardy, Hess, Kerrier, Lawson, Lauritzen, Rich, Simondi, Wentland—11.

Nays—Bell, Evans, Moran—3.

Excused—Horn—1.

THE MORGAN ROAD PROPOSITION.

The Mayor's veto message on the Morgan resolution came up and caused a considerable amount of desultory discussion, after which it was decided on the following vote:

Ayes—Beardsley, Bell, Evans, Hardy, Hess, Horn, Kerrier, Lauritzen, Lawson, Moran, Simondi—10.

Ayes—Folland, Lawson, Rich, Wentland—4.

KELLY SUCCEEDS EWING.

Evans moved that the appointment of a successor to ex-Councilman Ewing from the Second precinct be proceeded with. Carried.

He nominated Albert H. Kelly. The gentleman was elected on the following vote:

Ayes—Beardsley, Bell, Evans, Folland, Hess, Horn, Lawson, Lauritzen, Moran, Rich, Simondi, Wentland—12.

Nays—Hardy—1.

Excused—Kerrier 1.

THAT FIRE PROOF SCHEME.

Mendelson, Bird & Proudfoot represented that the additional cost of making the city and county building fire proof would be as follows:

Basement, with brick floor, arches and iron beams	$12,000 00
First floor, with brick arches and iron beams	14,000 00
Third floor, with brick arches, floors, partitions, iron beams	19,000 00
Fourth floor, roof, cupolas and iron columns, brick floor, arches and iron beams and ceiling on corridors	34,000 00
Fire hydrant, hydrants, concrete with terra cotta, wrought iron, cast iron and steel and north Dakota, red and Indiana stone for foundations, which does not include the basement, as was shown	24,000 00

GREAT SALT LAKE AND HOT SPRINGS.

The resolution granting a franchise to the Great Salt Lake & Hot Springs railway again came up. It was amended so as to allow the road to commence north of mortgaged property. Committee on claims.

Lyman S. Crandall asked to be appointed inspector on the board of health. Committee on sanitation.

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Hess declared that a resolution

Moses & Jacobs	$ 3,710 50
Salt Lake Stamp & Stencil Works	40 00
R. M. Hampton	2 00
J. G. Bowman	10,440 00
Deseret Publishing Company	1,000 00
Mrs. Harlow	24 00
Mrs. Ellis	24 00
Pacific Packing Co. of Utah	3,007 50
Jackson Bros.	1 00
Jackson Bros.	2 00
Sound Money	265 00
Salt Lake Herald	1,000 00
Western Union Co.	1 75
Salt Lake Stationery Co.	2 50
Commercial & Music	4 75
Commercial & Music	17 10
J. H. Rogers	20 40
W. C. Parry & Co.	2 00
Deseret Evening News Co.	45
Deseret Evening News Co.	11 80
Deseret Evening News Co.	1 50
J. W. Beatie	15 00
Deseret Evening News Co.	15 00
Chicago Surgical Bandage Co.	17 50
Chicago Surgical Bandage Co.	17 50
Joseph Lippman	50 00
Total	$ 17,985 07

The Council adjourned at 12:30 this morning until Friday next at 7:30 p.m.

BISMARCK'S FAST COOK.

HE KILLED, BROILED AND SERVED A FOWL IN SIX MINUTES.

(Pittsburg Dispatch.)

The fastest cooking, authentically attested, was done not long ago by Prince Bismarck's former chef, who is now chief cook to a famous restaurant in Berlin. He has made a bet with a regular guest of the place of $25 that he could kill, dress, cook and serve a chicken in six minutes. The cardoff was to be performed before invited spectators.

At 9 o'clock on the appointed evening the contestants appeared with the raw cooking stove and pictures in sight of all in the room. He waved the chicken around his head and it ceased loudly. Decapitation followed with one blow of a glittering knife, this gastronomic expert within sixty seconds had removed every feather from it. The gas stove was already lighted, with a broiler upon it. The fowl was cut open and drawn in one other minute and placed upon the broiler, a hot dish garnished with watercress was at hand, and it lacked just a second of the six minutes when the chicken was served.

ONE FOR GROVER

Ex-Attorney-General Wayne McVeagh's Letter.

CHANGE OF POLITICAL CREED.

The Writer Finds Himself in Accord With Democracy.

THE REPUBLICAN PARTY.

Its Policy Condemned—Alleged Evil Entailed But—The Money Question, Tariff, Pensions, Etc.

PHILADELPHIA, Oct. 4.—Ex-Attorney-General Wayne McVeagh has written a letter to John W. Carlisle, secretary of the Massachusetts Reform Club, in which he announces that he will vote for Grover Cleveland.

The writer finds himself in full accord with the Democratic party, and finds it more easy to act with them because the Republican party scouring the country to power four years ago by promising to preserve matters as they were at once embarked upon what he regards as a reckless and revolutionary policy, overturning all safeguards of legislation in the House of Representatives in their haste to pass the force bill and the McKinley bill, both, in his mind, unnecessary and unwise measures.

The economic evils, however, of the McKinley bill and the excessive silver system of legislation, he thinks, are so far less important to his mind than the moral evils which follow in their wake. In looking for what purpose the masses of the people's property will be taxed it must not be forgotten that laws have a wonderful capacity for shifting through intervening obstacles till they settle the lowest back of toil and resting there, and therefore giving to the wisest any form. Taxation is salutary the giving away of the wages of labor. But even such inequality and injustice are the least of its evils, for wise and wholesome legislation political corruption is absolutely sure to follow, as such a system not only invites, but requires the corrupt use of money, both at the polls and in Congress.

The Republican party ought to be an honest money party and would be if it could, but while it demanded increased bounties for favorite manufacturers it could not refuse increased bounties to silver producers, as the votes they control were probably necessary to the passage of the McKinley bill. The great of a debased currency is making itself daily more and more felt in every element of business and finance and it is driving good out of the country and leading us to all the evils of a Dishonest currency based upon silver alone.

Pension agents have joined hands to increase face by the indiscriminate granting of pensions. The result is that nearly a generation after the close of the war there is a steady increase in the sum annually passing through the pension agents' hands, with now the total amount staggers belief and has become a deep and serious burden on the treasury. Surely there is neither patriotism nor justice in legislation which destroys all distinction between the claims of duty and shirking of Republican loyal service and desertion—between soldiers and women nurses in battle and diseases contracted in the performance of duty.

There is still another great and increasing evil, McVeagh thinks, traceable in his opinion to the maintenance of the excessive tariff since the war and constantly resulting with, and that is the bringing to our shores of swarms of undesirable immigrants. Just as the duties upon imported merchandise have been increased so has the grade of imported labor been lowered. McVeagh is convinced that the causes in which he is interested can not hope for success until the avowed policy of the Republican party on the tariff is overthrown.

STRUCK A STREET CAR.

Two Persons Killed and Others More or Less Injured.

CINCINNATI, O., Oct. 4.—A switch engine on the Cincinnati, Washington & Baltimore railway this evening struck a heavily loaded street car at Harrison avenue through the negligence of a switchman, who, it is reported, failed to close the switch. Seven persons were on the platform, and two were killed and two fatally injured. A number of others were dangerously hurt. The dead are John Hoffman and John L. Murray, a pension agent. The dangerously injured are Harney Fitzpatrick, James Johnson and Jack Dechart. Others sustained lesser injuries.

More Cholera Cases in New York.

NEW YORK, Oct. 4.—Luigi Rolino, an Italian cigarmaker, was taken down to a basement on Crosby street today. The health officers fear cholera.

Baseball Not Mean.

NEW YORK, Oct. 4.—The National League baseball magnates held a secret meeting here today and evening. It is understood the conference was for the purpose of devising ways and means for making good the $10,000 shortage in notes given for the purchase of the Association clubs. The amount to be paid them was something like $130,000 and it can be readily imagined what a drain it has been on the clubs to make the notes good. It was found that seven of the twelve clubs were more money lost account, but were worse off financially on account of the failures occasioned by the sinking fund. At a late hour tonight the result of the meeting was announced as follows: The secretary was authorized to take steps to secure the renewal of the notes given by the organization. The contracts for the season of 1893 will be from April 1st to September 15th. Championship games will not exceed 154 during the season. The time, place and the details of taking them will be settled by the president of the National League and clubs. The annual meeting of the organization will be held in Chicago November 15. Resolutions were adopted expressing the sense of the meeting that it is desirable to the membership of the leagues and associations, and some steps to make it clear to the voluntary withdrawal of Boston and Cleveland from the National and Cleveland will play all the world series beginning, probably, October 19th or 20th. The games will be played exclusively in these cities.

Harrison Will Not Leave Washington.

WASHINGTON, D.C., Oct. 4.—There is no longer any doubt that the President will be compelled to abandon his plans for participation in the Columbian exposition in New York in 1892 and Chicago later. The condition of Mrs. Harrison is such that he will not be able to leave her for a period of the entire meeting today he practically outlined the members that he would not leave Washington.

REFORMS FROM FLORIDA.

Democratic Majority Pleased at 30,000 A Light Vote.

JACKSONVILLE, Fla., Oct. 4.—The vote was lightly as hardly as was expected, this is accounted for by the fact that the poll tax requirements kept down the aggregate of qualified voters of all parties. At 11 p.m. reports received from every county in the state and usual returns, coupled with careful conservative estimates, shows that Mitchell (Democrat) has a majority in the state of about 30,000 over Bisbee, the Republican candidate, and that the Democratic party candidates will not exceed 6,000. This is twenty thousand less than the Republicans claim, but years ago, and while Republicans, where they voted at all, generally supported the Democratic ticket, the reverse, strange to say, divided with the Democrats. Mitchell and Bisbee, reports from almost twenty-five of the counties, resided in this state for many years, the Democratic ticket then for Congress failed.

A Special Train from Tampa to the Texas Crescent.

Chairman Parham of the Democratic Executive Committee said at midnight that the majority for Democracy had to be so much larger than the most sanguine could have predicted a few days ago. Fifteen thousand majority was quite as large as any one expected to have had, but the result shows the state is overwhelmingly Democratic.

The Lost Mastership of London.

LONDON, Oct. 4.—A letter has been written by Cardinale Archbishop of Westminster Vaughn, in which he says London's impartiality is shown in the election of Knill to the lost mastership of London, but he says a Catholic could not partake of the sentiments of the Orange lodges. The newspapers publish many letters protesting against the statements of the archbishop, which, they say, are made such a bugbear of Knill, that not just given up the fight against the Orange society. He has written to the newspapers asking all Britons who do not favor the election of a Catholic as lord mayor to conciliatory with him.

News from Admiral Walker.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Oct. 4.—A cablegram from Admiral Walker at Lisbon, Venezuela, says all quiet there. Admiral Walker has received instructions from Washington.

Offered the Nomination for Mayor.

NEW YORK, Oct. 4.—A committee of prominent Republicans waited upon Henry Clewes this afternoon and offered him the nomination for mayor. He promised to consider the matter.

In Favor of the Citizens Company.

NEW YORK, Oct. 4.—The United States court of appeals affirmed the decision of the lower court in favor of the Edison Company against the United States Illuminating company. The decision confirms the right to use incandescent light.

Real Estate Association.

BUFFALO, Oct. 4.—The second annual meeting of the National Real Estate Association convened here today. The first session was taken up with an address of welcome by Governor Flower, addresses by others, responses thereto and the annual address of the president of the association.

Sudden End of the County War.

OMAHA, Oct. 4.—The Hitchcock county war ended suddenly this morning. Adjutant General Hilgenst of the state militia, reaches Culbertson from Hitchcock, and reported the county remarks without a struggle and brought them into Culbertson. The troops have been dismissed.

A Brewer Feared.

PORT HURON, Mich., Oct. 4.—The steam barge "Nashua" is believed to have foundered off Goodrich this morning, and it is feared her crew of a dozen men went down with her. The barge belongs in Cleveland.

To Follow a Bullet's Flight.

A late scientific authority states that by estimating a bullet with vacuum the flight may be easily followed with the eye from the time it leaves the muzzle of the rifle until it reaches the target. The course of the flight is marked by a beautiful ring of smoke, caused by the vacuum being broken in leaving the muzzle of the gun. This smoke ring will remain suspended in the air for some little time after the bullet strikes if the day is not too windy.

Sinking in Church.

At one period of its existence smoking was so common that it was actually practiced in church. Previous to the visit of James I to the University of Cambridge, in 1613, the Vice Chancellor issued a notice to the students, which explains that "New gentlemen, scholar's members of this University presume to take tobacco in Saint Mary's church, upon payne of Rusticatione, calinge the universitie."

WHITELAW REID

Given a Flattering Reception At Boston.

THE REPUBLICANS RATIFY.

Comments On Ex-President Cleveland's Letter of Acceptance.

REPUBLICANISM EXPOUNDED.

Music Hall and Faneuil Hall Filled to Overflowing Last Night.

BOSTON, Oct. 4.—Music Hall and Faneuil Hall were both filled to overflowing tonight when the Republicans ratified the state and national nominations, with speeches by Whitelaw Reid, Governor McElroy and others. Reid was given a flattering reception. Mr. Reid considered the issues of the Republican party, and dwelt upon the changes threatened by the declarations of the Democratic platform. He said in part:

We have been told that the Democrats will not do what they say. If you take that view, what guarantee have you, if you give a power again, that it will not go further than it has threatened in the platform of 1892? Is it upon an honest and plighted promise that this world, which is turn into base coin of more curiosity to see what he will do? Does the Democratic party demand these changes everybody knows that something has happened since last Tuesday. There has been a Democratic Judge of Appeals in Ohio, a Democratic State which our ancestors of the Ohio West would describe as "Dry Shah Afraid of His Platform," and the party came to certainly as a candidate was sought for nomination showing that he is not in sympathy with all the provisions of the platform, and yet has not the courage to repudiate its principles. The three vital points in the platform are state rights, economy, reform and the tariff. On two of them his letter is admirably silent, while he writes all around and about the third in such a way that he leaves no room to doubt that he is ready to say in straightforward language whether protection is unconstitutional, as his party declares, or right and expedient, as Thomas Jefferson said and Andrew Jackson declared it, but he does tell us that tariff reform is still his purpose, that is to say, the business of the country must have no party, everything must be once more unsettled, and the whole tariff must be turned over again to be thinked with by Congress, by that Congress which at Chicago declared by nearly a two-thirds majority for the Force as against the American system and protection principles in the Democratic platform. No qualifications or conditions of legislation, no assurances of harmless tariff reform, no regard to the fact that however much Mr. Cleveland may regret it as an honest man, he is bound and hampered and tied by his party's platform, just as the world knows he is today bound to the car of triumphant Tammany at New York.

We may feel that there has been no increase of prosperity since the McKinley bill went into operation," says Mr. Cleveland's platform. New York's commissioner of labor statistics, bank commissioner and board of equalization say there has been, and reports from officers in other states confirm it all.

Speaking of the discussion of the election bill, Reid said the question involved is, "Should every citizen of the United States lawfully entitled to vote be permitted to vote and have his vote fairly counted?" Republicans say yes; the Democratic platform straddle, and says no. Cleveland in this case has the courage frankly to say "dilly" to his platform. If the Democratic opposition means anything, it means the nullification of the fourteenth and fifteenth articles of the Constitution.

Speaking of the decline of the American marine, Mr. Reid said the Republican party had frankly adopted the methods of other nations based necessary and wisely to the end of carrying our goods. Moreover, two of the largest and fastest ships in the world have been secured for the transatlantic line, one of them now in course of construction and then with these six we shall have a fine equal to the best that exists in any country.

"That is the Republican position in this regard. What does the Democratic platform say about it? Nothing. There is one party that says nothing and that does not find it needful to elevate the country; that does not seek for casualties, and does not find its own ideal in "economy and reform." It has nothing to conceal, and says what it means.

THREE BULLETS KILLED.

DENISON, Tex., Oct. 4.—Little Clarence Gordon, a boy who has been in charge of the Indian Territory, returned today. He reports having found three bullets have been killed, and the fourth is dead and not yet captured. He says the others near Pontotoc are wild with excitement and now they will kill the hunters if captured. The penalty for such vandalism provided by law is very light.

THE AUSTRIAN DIET.

Count Kolowrat Delivers a Peaceful Address.

BRUNN, PRUSSIA, Oct. 4.—In the committee on delegations today, Herr Fyer, a member of the young Czechs party, declared his party unfavorable to animosity towards Germany or Italy individually, but was entirely opposed to the Dreibund. He regarded the policy of Austria against Russia with the greatest apprehension.

Count Kolowrat's address was of a peaceful character. He dwelt especially upon the amity existing between the courts of Vienna and St. Petersburg, and between the Russian and Austrian governments, he said the relations were of a mutually friendly character. The subject had received most thinking attention from all the courts and governments of Europe that never of their contemplated a war of aggression. Nevertheless, the military preparations that continue to be made on the east and the west compel Austria-Hungary to keep pace with them.

Kolowrat's statement that the British ministry would continue the foreign policy of its predecessors excited great interest.

FOUR COLLEGES OF SILVER.

Denver, Colo., Oct. 4.—Senator Frewin, a political economist of Kansas and an advocate of the free coinage of silver, said here today that he believed the Democratic party was the strongest to shoulder the responsibility of free coinage of silver himself, if Europe outside of the interests of an alliance of any kind, and he said he is of the opinion that the commercial cutting capacity of the United States would carry the country through because of the enormous and rapidly increasing demand for money upon this side. He said in conclusion, "I think the Indian million will be closed, only the government being permitted to coin."

PEEK'S TROUBLES.

Preparing to Where to Hold Acceptance in His Fabric.

ALBANY, N. Y., Oct. 4.—Peek Lodge Chamber of Commerce, Knights of New York tonight. While there was a talk with John Gainey at Democratic national headquarters and we his Democratic friends which shows in constructive trades 17,984 official statistics in wages in 1891 and 1892 and in 1891 there were only unless decreases. The figures will appear in Peek's report of the effects of the tariff on wages.

Alleged Bad Management of a Gas Company.

CHICAGO, Oct. 4.—A few days ago Thomas Martin, a stockholder in the Consumers Gas Company, applied for a receiver, on account of alleged bad management. No one knew Martin but today it was learned that the scheme was concocted by Martin, Hoyne and William Onarke, two well-known gamblers, to bear the stock and then sell it short. They were a little slow in selling by some days and the gamblers cleared them out, entailing a loss to them of $10,000.

Minister Egan Brings the Immunity.

NEW YORK, Oct. 4.—Egan brings with him, besides the treaty in relation to their dispatches several days ago, letters of condolence from the consuls of the families of the women killed or wounded in Chile at the time of the "Baltimore" affair. Egan says the people of Chile are extremely favorable towards the United States. Egan said he rather now had to concede in with the campaign. He also made entered an emphatic denial of the many charges made against him at the time of the "Baltimore" affair.

LYNCHINGS.

Prisoners Taken from Jail and Killed.

RALEIGH, N. C., Oct. 4.—News has been received of the lynching in Caswell county of Joe Barnes, who originally shot and killed Sam Frank Hamilton near Shiloh. He was taken from jail by 300 men, hung up and riddled with bullets.

TYLER, TEXAS, Oct. 4.—Three hundred citizens of District No. 7 tonight took Alexander Hall, colored, charged with the murder of a white girl, from the Gladewater jail, hung him to a tree and riddled him with bullets.

A Mayor Probably Murdered.

OMAHA, Neb., Oct. 4.—The body of C. G. Miller, mayor of South Omaha, was found in East Bottoms tonight with a bullet hole in the head. Friends report the theory of suicide, and there is a rumor that some of the gamblers of the "Magic City" are responsible for the murder.

Children Mysteriously Poisoned.

WICHITA, KAN., Oct. 4.—Sunday night at Ferrel, I.T., five children of J. B. Bailey, a railroad employe, were poisoned in a mysterious manner. Two died during the night, and the others are not expected to live. The poisoning is a mystery.

Ravages of Influenza.

PANAMA, Oct. 4.—Peruvian advices say the influenza is making fearful ravages in Lima. On some days the Deaths reach thirty. The streets are deserted, and funeral processions are seen nearly every hour of the day. It is estimated that up to the present over 30,000 persons have been attacked by the disease in Lima.

GLADSTONE'S HOME RULE.

Depew Says It Is Looked Upon With Almost Universal Favor Here.

NEW YORK, Oct. 4.—The Sunday Telegram has this: One of the most extraordinary statements by Gladstone in his remarkable speech in reply to the Duke of Argyle is his declaration that a gentleman belonging to the Republican party stood in the first rank of Republican distinction in America told me before the last presidential election that 12,000,000 votes would be cast in favor of that number 12,000,000 would be favorable to the cause of Ireland."

The author of this statement, it has been learned, was Chauncey M. Depew. "Yes, I remember making that statement to Mr. Gladstone," said Depew this morning. "I believed it then, and more firmly believe it now. I was in London at the time and was invited by Mr. Gladstone to a dinner party given in my compliment to me. I recall that Gladstone called me very politely but how Americans regarded his home rule scheme at the time. I replied that of the 12,000,000 votes at the last Presidential election, I did not believe there would be 500,000 but who was in favor of home rule for Ireland. I will supplement that statement now by saying that if Bismarck's opinion is a test, I don't believe there are 100,000 people in this entire country who are not in favor with Gladstone's plans for Ireland."

RIDERS COME IN.

Austrians Considerably Ahead Of The Germans.

MUCH CHAGRIN IN BERLIN.

Prince Leopold Leads the German Competitors In The Race.

HEAVY BETTING IN GERMANY.

Twenty Million Marks Changed Hands on the Result of the Ride Between Berlin and Vienna.

BERLIN, Oct. 4.—Lieutenant Schneider, the third Austrian to arrive, came in at 5:30 p.m. A number of Lancers rode upon it 6:27 p.m. He was followed by Captain Siegel, who came in on a gallop, having covered the ground in eighty-one hours and ten minutes. His Austrians completed the five miles of the first German. This occasioned much chagrin here. Over 20,000 marks have been bet on the result. Lieutenant Mikles, the first Austrian to arrive here, rode his mare with thirteen more and. He substituted his horse with triumph.

VIENNA, Oct. 4.—Prince Leopold was the first of the German riders to arrive at Vienna. He was followed by the remainder of the men. Dr. Eichbert at 7:45 this evening. His horse again broke down and he was left behind, and was given injections of morphine. Dr. Eichbert was able to proceed. Thousands of Viennese were present at Floridsdorf to welcome him. At 8:30 the third German to arrive was Captain Von Trapp-Colmell, who now is at a walk.

MEETING OF DEMOCRATS.

Proceedings of the Convention at New York Last Night.

NEW YORK, Oct. 4.—At the afternoon session two temporary organizations were made permanent. A resolution was adopted from Mrs. Margaret Harvey, secretary of the Women's Democratic Club, announcing that over one hundred Women's Democratic clubs throughout the country had been organized. This was received with cheers.

Martin F. McGinnis of Montana offered a set of resolutions which were adopted. They reaffirm the national platform and assert that it is the duty of the managers of the minority party to debauch the ballots and purchase another house of the Presidency and another majority in Congress and ultimately take permanent possession of the federal government through the purchase of the unconstitutional and partisan force bill designed by corrupt and unscrupulous conspirators and adopted by Benjamin Harrison and the so-called Republican convention of office holders and monopolists. The resolutions denounce the McKinley and unconstitutional the pillage of the people for the benefit of the few. He said it is a fact to be sought that the intelligent and enthusiastic Democrats of the country were flocking to the Democratic party. The Republican party was losing its party and partisans. It struck the shackles from four million slaves, but now it is given over to corruption, ruled by a plutocracy and is endeavoring to place the shackles upon sixty millions of free men.

Referring to Cleveland's administration the speaker said he did not, perhaps, turn out as many Republicans as he might have done. "He'll do better next time," cried a voice. "Yes he has learned something by this time," replied the speaker.

There was then read a series of resolutions adopted by the delegates of various Democratic clubs denouncing the force bill as one intended to serve the interests of selfish monopolists.

The committee on organization and constitution reported back a constitution with amendments, the principal one being abolishment of the general committee and the establishment of an executive committee of seventeen instead. It was adopted.

The following officers were elected for ensuing four years:

Chauncey F. Black of Pennsylvania, president; Lawrence Gardner of Washington, secretary; Roswell P. Flower of New York, treasurer. One vice president from each state and territory was nominated by the state delegations. The list is not yet complete. Among them are: Arizona, Charles Hall; Montana, R. E. Sweet; Washington, J. J. Brown; Wyoming, Nat Baldwin.

Mr. Strange of North Carolina offered a resolution which was adopted, extending to the Hon. David B. Hill the thanks for the able exposition of Democratic principles in the grand speech delivered by him in the city of Brooklyn, and profound appreciation of the service rendered by him to the people of this Union, as well as to the Democratic party. Robert Gilchrist, a delegate from Washington, D. C., made the closing speech, in which he advised the colored people to break loose from slavery to the Republican party, which merely used them as tools. The Democratic party, he said, was the party of the people. A letter of regret from Hon. Adlai E. Stevenson was read and the convention adjourned sine die.

Nearly five hundred people shook hands with Grover Cleveland tonight in the rooms of the Democratic club, where he was tendered a reception. Prominent Democrats from all parts of the country were present and members of the national and state Democratic committees, who are in town, were among them. Invitations were sent to Governor Flower and Senator Hill, but neither put in an appearance. A delegation composed of members from Virginia is the national convention called on Cleveland tonight and presented him with a handsomely polished hickory cane. The wood came from Monticello, the home of Thomas Jefferson.