

## SPECIAL BUSINESS NOTICES

### WANTED.

Immediately, two good Quarrymen.  
MADDOCK BROS.  
4224

PERSONAL.—If this should meet the eyes of Amelia A. Jarvis, who left her home at Connersville, England, May, 1894, she will address her brother, James Thomas, at Smithton, Pettis County, Missouri.  
d 221 f m

GILBERT'S LAUNDRY CASTLE SOAP is the cheapest, as it takes less.  
d w

When the Lips of Beauty are parted in a smile, they disclose a row of pearls rivaling in purity those which the diver brings up from the bottom of the Persian Sea. What will best preserve these gems of the mouth? ROZODONT, the celebrated beautifier and preservative of the teeth.

WHY SUBMIT TO THE DISCOMFORT and humiliation entailed by a local disease, of the skin, when GLENN'S SULPHUR SOAP will rid you of it with certainty and dispatch? It is a remedy which never fails to relieve cutaneous disease, and as a means of banishing defects of the complexion, it is equally reliable. The benefits arising from the use of Sulphur Baths, in cases of skin disease, and of rheumatism, and gout, are well known; but the cost is too heavy to be incurred by many persons who would otherwise take advantage of them. GLENN'S SULPHUR SOAP answers the same purpose, and is both inexpensive and convenient. No one need stir abroad in search of a sulphur bath who has this admirable means of providing one in doors. It is incomparably the best deodorizer and disinfectant of clothing and bed linen in use, and prevents diseases of an obnoxious nature caused by contact. Sores, ulcers, bruises, scalds, cuts and sprains are promptly remedied by it; and its cleanly, healing, and soothing properties constitute it a far more desirable remedy for excoriated ailments than ointments of any description, since such greasy compounds soil the clothing, often aggravate, and very rarely induce a permanent good. Sold by all druggists.

Hill's Hair and Whisker Dye, Black or Brown, 50c. d w

NOTICE.—The Eleventh Quorum of Elders will meet at 8 o'clock on Thursday evening, August 22nd, in the 21st Ward Meeting-house.  
Wm. P. AFFELCK,  
President.

HOUSE TO RENT with 6 rooms and good yard, with well on premises, all in good condition, on 1st South St., between Second and Third West Streets.  
Apply to N. GROSBECK.

A Feature of Superiority.  
The superiority of WHITE'S PRAIRIE FLOWER for disease of the Stomach, Liver and Blood consists in its uniting harmoniously with the gastric juices, strengthening and enabling it at once to dissolve the food. If the gastric juice is weak the food ferments, giving rise to sour stomach, sick headache, burning in the pit of the stomach, the patient also suffering from insufficient nutrition. It aids the liver, over which it has a specific power, in filtering impurities from the blood. Its action on the kidneys is likewise salutary, increasing the secretions. As a blood purifier, by enriching the chyle, it is without a peer, curing some of the most obstinate and long-standing cases on record. It is pronounced by one and all The Great Blood and Liver Purifier. Price 25 cts and 50 cts.

For sale, wholesale and retail, by the Z. C. M. I. Drug Department and Moore Allen & Co., Salt Lake City.  
4226 w 29

GILBERT'S EXTRACT. The best in use.  
d w

It is admitted by the Ladies that the Flannels from the Provo Mills, for sale at the agency, Old Constitution Building, keep their color, wear better, and are cheaper than eastern goods. A lot of Dixie Cotton Batting just arrived.

K. HALLER, second hand store.  
When you want to buy or sell household goods, call on Haller, opposite the Walker House.

ATTENTION! Z. C. M. I. HAVE REDUCED THEIR PRICES ON ALL GRADES OF HOUSE FURNISHINGS; FROM 10 TO 15 PER CENT. CALL AT CARPET DEPARTMENT AND WE WILL CONVINCE YOU OF THE FACT. WE HAVE A FIRST-CLASS PAPER HANGING AND UPHOLSTER. ALL WORK GUARANTEED.  
W. S. ELLERDRE,  
SUPT.

Len's Helvetian Salve.  
Never fails to cure, cuts, chafes, chancres, bunions, old sores, from five to ten years standing, cancer, ulcers, broken breasts, burns, bruises, fevers, freckles, etc. Price 10 cents per box.

Geo. W. Crocker, Sole Agent, depot opposite Kinkaid Block, Salt Lake City. Post office box 426.

TERRITORIAL Scrips taken at the Commission House, Old Constitution Building, John C. Cutler, agent.

RED CANYON, ROCK SPRINGS AND WEBER COAL.—The only reliable market for lump, assorted and egg coal. Large stock always on hand, and full weights guaranteed. Prices low, and special attention given to suit the wants of the public. Office, Deseret Bank Block.  
4239 A. GORD, Agent.

Household Goods Wanted.—Cash.  
Don't sell your household goods and traps until you consult John Crane, west of Theatre. He pays the highest cash price. Co-operate as good as gold in trade.

German Coffee Saloon Re-opened.—This old, original Joe will re-open the above well known Coffee Saloon and Restaurant, on Saturday, the 27th, when he will be pleased to see all of his old friends, and extends a cordial invitation to new ones.  
German Coffee Saloon & Restaurant, 4136 No. 60, Commercial St.

## THEY COULD SEE IT.

It was an opportunity to the casual observer, when they came to compare the quality of the plaster with the plaster of Paris, that they saw the difference. The plaster of Paris is a soft, white, powdery substance, which, when mixed with water, forms a paste. This paste, when applied to a wall, dries and hardens, forming a smooth, white surface. The plaster of Paris is a soft, white, powdery substance, which, when mixed with water, forms a paste. This paste, when applied to a wall, dries and hardens, forming a smooth, white surface.

THEY COULD SEE IT. The plaster of Paris is a soft, white, powdery substance, which, when mixed with water, forms a paste. This paste, when applied to a wall, dries and hardens, forming a smooth, white surface.

THEY COULD SEE IT. The plaster of Paris is a soft, white, powdery substance, which, when mixed with water, forms a paste. This paste, when applied to a wall, dries and hardens, forming a smooth, white surface.

THEY COULD SEE IT. The plaster of Paris is a soft, white, powdery substance, which, when mixed with water, forms a paste. This paste, when applied to a wall, dries and hardens, forming a smooth, white surface.

THEY COULD SEE IT. The plaster of Paris is a soft, white, powdery substance, which, when mixed with water, forms a paste. This paste, when applied to a wall, dries and hardens, forming a smooth, white surface.

THEY COULD SEE IT. The plaster of Paris is a soft, white, powdery substance, which, when mixed with water, forms a paste. This paste, when applied to a wall, dries and hardens, forming a smooth, white surface.

THEY COULD SEE IT. The plaster of Paris is a soft, white, powdery substance, which, when mixed with water, forms a paste. This paste, when applied to a wall, dries and hardens, forming a smooth, white surface.

THEY COULD SEE IT. The plaster of Paris is a soft, white, powdery substance, which, when mixed with water, forms a paste. This paste, when applied to a wall, dries and hardens, forming a smooth, white surface.

THEY COULD SEE IT. The plaster of Paris is a soft, white, powdery substance, which, when mixed with water, forms a paste. This paste, when applied to a wall, dries and hardens, forming a smooth, white surface.

THEY COULD SEE IT. The plaster of Paris is a soft, white, powdery substance, which, when mixed with water, forms a paste. This paste, when applied to a wall, dries and hardens, forming a smooth, white surface.

THEY COULD SEE IT. The plaster of Paris is a soft, white, powdery substance, which, when mixed with water, forms a paste. This paste, when applied to a wall, dries and hardens, forming a smooth, white surface.

THEY COULD SEE IT. The plaster of Paris is a soft, white, powdery substance, which, when mixed with water, forms a paste. This paste, when applied to a wall, dries and hardens, forming a smooth, white surface.

THEY COULD SEE IT. The plaster of Paris is a soft, white, powdery substance, which, when mixed with water, forms a paste. This paste, when applied to a wall, dries and hardens, forming a smooth, white surface.

THEY COULD SEE IT. The plaster of Paris is a soft, white, powdery substance, which, when mixed with water, forms a paste. This paste, when applied to a wall, dries and hardens, forming a smooth, white surface.

THEY COULD SEE IT. The plaster of Paris is a soft, white, powdery substance, which, when mixed with water, forms a paste. This paste, when applied to a wall, dries and hardens, forming a smooth, white surface.

THEY COULD SEE IT. The plaster of Paris is a soft, white, powdery substance, which, when mixed with water, forms a paste. This paste, when applied to a wall, dries and hardens, forming a smooth, white surface.

THEY COULD SEE IT. The plaster of Paris is a soft, white, powdery substance, which, when mixed with water, forms a paste. This paste, when applied to a wall, dries and hardens, forming a smooth, white surface.

THEY COULD SEE IT. The plaster of Paris is a soft, white, powdery substance, which, when mixed with water, forms a paste. This paste, when applied to a wall, dries and hardens, forming a smooth, white surface.

THEY COULD SEE IT. The plaster of Paris is a soft, white, powdery substance, which, when mixed with water, forms a paste. This paste, when applied to a wall, dries and hardens, forming a smooth, white surface.

THEY COULD SEE IT. The plaster of Paris is a soft, white, powdery substance, which, when mixed with water, forms a paste. This paste, when applied to a wall, dries and hardens, forming a smooth, white surface.

THEY COULD SEE IT. The plaster of Paris is a soft, white, powdery substance, which, when mixed with water, forms a paste. This paste, when applied to a wall, dries and hardens, forming a smooth, white surface.

THEY COULD SEE IT. The plaster of Paris is a soft, white, powdery substance, which, when mixed with water, forms a paste. This paste, when applied to a wall, dries and hardens, forming a smooth, white surface.

THEY COULD SEE IT. The plaster of Paris is a soft, white, powdery substance, which, when mixed with water, forms a paste. This paste, when applied to a wall, dries and hardens, forming a smooth, white surface.

THEY COULD SEE IT. The plaster of Paris is a soft, white, powdery substance, which, when mixed with water, forms a paste. This paste, when applied to a wall, dries and hardens, forming a smooth, white surface.

THEY COULD SEE IT. The plaster of Paris is a soft, white, powdery substance, which, when mixed with water, forms a paste. This paste, when applied to a wall, dries and hardens, forming a smooth, white surface.

THEY COULD SEE IT. The plaster of Paris is a soft, white, powdery substance, which, when mixed with water, forms a paste. This paste, when applied to a wall, dries and hardens, forming a smooth, white surface.

THEY COULD SEE IT. The plaster of Paris is a soft, white, powdery substance, which, when mixed with water, forms a paste. This paste, when applied to a wall, dries and hardens, forming a smooth, white surface.

THEY COULD SEE IT. The plaster of Paris is a soft, white, powdery substance, which, when mixed with water, forms a paste. This paste, when applied to a wall, dries and hardens, forming a smooth, white surface.

THEY COULD SEE IT. The plaster of Paris is a soft, white, powdery substance, which, when mixed with water, forms a paste. This paste, when applied to a wall, dries and hardens, forming a smooth, white surface.

THEY COULD SEE IT. The plaster of Paris is a soft, white, powdery substance, which, when mixed with water, forms a paste. This paste, when applied to a wall, dries and hardens, forming a smooth, white surface.

THEY COULD SEE IT. The plaster of Paris is a soft, white, powdery substance, which, when mixed with water, forms a paste. This paste, when applied to a wall, dries and hardens, forming a smooth, white surface.

THEY COULD SEE IT. The plaster of Paris is a soft, white, powdery substance, which, when mixed with water, forms a paste. This paste, when applied to a wall, dries and hardens, forming a smooth, white surface.

THEY COULD SEE IT. The plaster of Paris is a soft, white, powdery substance, which, when mixed with water, forms a paste. This paste, when applied to a wall, dries and hardens, forming a smooth, white surface.

THEY COULD SEE IT. The plaster of Paris is a soft, white, powdery substance, which, when mixed with water, forms a paste. This paste, when applied to a wall, dries and hardens, forming a smooth, white surface.

THEY COULD SEE IT. The plaster of Paris is a soft, white, powdery substance, which, when mixed with water, forms a paste. This paste, when applied to a wall, dries and hardens, forming a smooth, white surface.

THEY COULD SEE IT. The plaster of Paris is a soft, white, powdery substance, which, when mixed with water, forms a paste. This paste, when applied to a wall, dries and hardens, forming a smooth, white surface.

THEY COULD SEE IT. The plaster of Paris is a soft, white, powdery substance, which, when mixed with water, forms a paste. This paste, when applied to a wall, dries and hardens, forming a smooth, white surface.

THEY COULD SEE IT. The plaster of Paris is a soft, white, powdery substance, which, when mixed with water, forms a paste. This paste, when applied to a wall, dries and hardens, forming a smooth, white surface.

THEY COULD SEE IT. The plaster of Paris is a soft, white, powdery substance, which, when mixed with water, forms a paste. This paste, when applied to a wall, dries and hardens, forming a smooth, white surface.

THEY COULD SEE IT. The plaster of Paris is a soft, white, powdery substance, which, when mixed with water, forms a paste. This paste, when applied to a wall, dries and hardens, forming a smooth, white surface.

THEY COULD SEE IT. The plaster of Paris is a soft, white, powdery substance, which, when mixed with water, forms a paste. This paste, when applied to a wall, dries and hardens, forming a smooth, white surface.

THEY COULD SEE IT. The plaster of Paris is a soft, white, powdery substance, which, when mixed with water, forms a paste. This paste, when applied to a wall, dries and hardens, forming a smooth, white surface.

THEY COULD SEE IT. The plaster of Paris is a soft, white, powdery substance, which, when mixed with water, forms a paste. This paste, when applied to a wall, dries and hardens, forming a smooth, white surface.

THEY COULD SEE IT. The plaster of Paris is a soft, white, powdery substance, which, when mixed with water, forms a paste. This paste, when applied to a wall, dries and hardens, forming a smooth, white surface.

THEY COULD SEE IT. The plaster of Paris is a soft, white, powdery substance, which, when mixed with water, forms a paste. This paste, when applied to a wall, dries and hardens, forming a smooth, white surface.

## Uncle Tom's Cabin.—There was

a fair audience at the Theatre on Saturday evening. It is doubtful if the new version of the play is an improvement on the old one. Had it been better played, the question might have been more easily decided. Miss Walters was fully up to her usual efficiency; as a versatile artist, in the rendition of the triple roles of George, Harris, Aunt Ophelia and Cassy. Mr. Margret sustained Uncle Tom with credit, but was evidently not at home in that line of acting.

Mr. Graham did not play Marks so well as we have seen him do it, though he created a good share of the fun of the evening in the performance of that eccentric character.

Miss Susie Spencer and Miss Edith Clawson did very well indeed in their respective roles of Topsy and Eva. Meems Harris, Foster and others played passably well, but a lack of spirit seemed to pervade nearly the entire performance.

The audience were very much disappointed in the music. The Jubilee singers, if professional, did not sustain their name with any noticeable credit; the singing around the death bed of Eva was so loud as to convey the idea that they were rejoicing over the event. The orchestra music was very poor, harsh and discordant, and the musicians were evidently out of place and unaccustomed to the requirements of the drama.

The difference from the performance of the regular Theatre orchestra under Professor Thomas was painfully apparent.

Stabbing Affray.—Saturday night, just before 11 o'clock, a stabbing affray occurred on the Deseret Bank corner, in which James Wyatt, a plasterer, residing in the 19th Ward, was stabbed five times with a pocket knife by James Wilson, a well-digger of the 29th Ward.

Both men had been drinking, the quarrel, which resulted so severely, growing out of a refusal on the part of Wyatt to drink, or to allow his companion to do so, from a bottle of whiskey, in their possession. At the time of the occurrence, both were sitting on the steps of the bank, with four others, who were carousing with them.

They grappled, fell to the pavement, and rolled over, Wilson stabbing Wyatt while they were down. Nightwatchman Watson arrested Wilson and took him to the City Hall, at the same time telling the others to assist Wyatt into Goddard's drug store. This was done, the wounded man bleeding profusely from gashes in the breast, thigh and arm.

Dr. Benedict and Graham were summoned and dressed the wounds. The patient was then taken to the City Hall, where he remained until this morning, and was then removed to his home. Four persons have been arrested, Wilson who did the stabbing, and Ward, Holland and Brown, who witnessed it.

A preliminary examination was called in the police court this morning, but postponed until 4 p. m., in order to secure more witnesses.

A Bonfire.—A narrow escape from the serious effects of fire occurred last evening. Two small boys lighted a bonfire of rashes and weeds in a field south of this city. While their attention was attracted in another direction, the wind scattered hundreds of sparks through the surrounding grass, which was dry as tinder, and in a few moments the flames were sweeping toward the fences and stacks.

The little fellows were alone—no inhabited house being within the distance of a block, and on discovering the blaze fought manfully to stay its progress, until they were painfully burned. Their case might have proved serious had it not been for the assistance of two ladies, who lived at quite a distance from the scene, but who, hearing screams, ran with buckets of water and at length succeeded in extinguishing the fire. No great damage was done, but one more warning was added to the long, long list.

Grand Excursion.—The Firemen's mammoth excursion to Kay's Grove, Ogden, is to take place on the 28th inst. Aside from the pleasure of a trip to the junction city, the attractions promised at the grove are manifold. A shooting match, open to all comers, with any rifle, the winner to be the recipient of a silver cup, under the direction of the favorite marksman, Mr. George A. Meears, is the principal feature of the programme. The firemen of Salt Lake, Provo, Ogden, Brigham City and Corinne invite their numerous friends to participate with them in the greatest excursion of the season.

Museum.—The curator of the Museum has received the report of the U. S. Entomological Commission for 1877. It contains a large amount of valuable information respecting the Rocky Mountain Locust. We understand that Dr. A. S. Packard, secretary of the commission, will visit this city shortly and will be glad to receive specimens of the cricket and grasshopper, which can be left in the care of Mr. Barfoot at the Museum. The specimens may be sent in alive, if convenient, when they will be preserved for examination.

Base Ball.—The next indulgence in the national game will be next Saturday, when a match between the old and new sides of the Deseret Club will be played.

Hereafter, a game is promised every Saturday afternoon on the Square, for the benefit of all those who are not yet tired of it.

The plumbers and tinners are announced for a match at an early day. The Grasshoppers and Crickets to follow in due time.

Wanted.—At the DESERET NEWS office, volume 2 of the *Millennial Star*, bound or unbound.

STRAYED.

A spotted red and white Durham COW, in good condition, and when last seen, was seen by George T. Smith, 2000, butcher, at Depot, and by Raymond.

Click Probate Court, Salt Lake County, Utah.

## Correspondence.

Base Ball—Deseret News and Deseret.

DENVER, Colo., Aug. 5, 1878.

Editors Deseret News:

Dear Sirs:—I am in receipt of your issue of August 19th, containing an article that somewhat reflects upon the character of the Brown Stocking Club of Denver. The paper, as sent to me by some one unknown, and as an officer of the Club, I feel called upon to respond for the benefit of all concerned.

First—I desire to thank the members of both your clubs for the cordial reception and entertainment received at their hands while in Salt Lake, also the public for their kind support and encouragement to our club.

Second—I desire to make an explanation for their benefit, as to our inability to guarantee them any sum to visit us. Our manager, Mr. Pennock, who was the financial supporter of the club and at his own expense took them west, has left us to retrieve his losses in another direction, and we are, as a club, unable to raise any such amount as is required to bring your club here.

If the Deserets will name the exact amount required, and a day on which they could visit us, we will endeavor to raise the sum among our merchants and, if successful, will advise them in time to make all the necessary arrangements for the trip.

In conclusion I beg leave to say, as regards the Brown Stockings, they are ready and willing to a man, to have your club visit us, but lack the wherewithal to respond to your demand.

Yours very truly,  
A. C. KELLOGG,  
Capt. B. S. B. Club.

DIED.

In the 21st Ward of this city, August 17, at 2 p. m., of summer complaint, GEORGE C. son of John and Elizabeth Copeland Hair, aged 2 years and 26 days.

This is the second child. Geo. Hair has been afflicted in three weeks.

Funeral services will take place at residence of parents, to-morrow, (Tuesday), at 4:30 p. m. Friends are respectfully invited to attend.

Millennial Star please copy.

In the 1st Ward, Salt Lake City, August 19th, 1878, of typhoid fever and diphtheria, AMY LORETT, infant daughter of Christiana, and the late Miriam G. Hawkins; aged 9 months and 17 days.

Funeral services at residence of parents, 10th Ward, August 20th, at 4:30 p. m. Friends are invited to attend.

In Salt Lake City, August 19, 1878, of whooping cough, ELLIE MARIA, daughter of James and Sarah Woods. Born September 9, 1875.

Funeral services at residence of parents, 10th Ward, August 20th, at 4:30 p. m. Friends are invited to attend.

In the 21st Ward, Salt Lake City, August 17, 1878, at 7:30 p. m., after a lingering illness of twenty months, of consumption, JOHN MYERS, aged 60 years, 5 months and 4 days.

Decedent was born in Idaho, near Bradford, Yorkshire, England, was baptized in the Church of Jesus Christ at Latter-day Saints, about the Spring of 1844; was valiant in the cause he espoused, ready and willing at all times to defend the principles and doctrines of his faith, and died with the glorious assurance of coming forth in the first resurrection.—(Coe.)

The funeral services took place this morning in the 21st Ward Meeting-house, at 10 o'clock a. m.

Millennial Star please copy.

In the 17th Ward, August 18th, 1878, of brain fever, after an illness of one week, FLORENCE EMILY, daughter of George and Sarah J. Dunford, aged 13 years, 8 months and 4 days. Funeral at 4 p. m. to-day.

Millennial Star please copy.

DOGS AGAINST SHEEP.

DRIVEN off by Dogs from just above the Salt Lake Bridge.

FIVE FAT WEATHERS. One of them having horns. Information concerning them, or their delivery will be paid for with pleasure by d f G. Q. CANNON.

ESTRAY NOTICE.

I HAVE in my possession One red roan MARE, 6 or 8 years old, Spanish brand on left thigh, left hind foot white.

If the above described animal is not claimed and taken away before Friday, the 23rd day of August at 10 a. m., it will be sold at public auction to the highest responsible bidder at the district pound in Salt Lake City.

GEORGE T. COTTAM,  
St. George, Aug. 12, 1878.

TARRANT'S SALTZETTER.

A Household without Tarrant's Saltzetter Aperient within reach, lacks an important safeguard of health and life. A few doses of this standard remedy for indigestion, constipation and biliousness will cure every distressing symptom and prevent dangerous consequences.

SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS. d w

ROMANIA E. FRATE,  
Physician and Surgeon.

OFFICE—Above Dr. H. J. Richards & Co's Drug Store, nearly opposite Z. C. M. I. Co-operative Store.

Residence 6 blocks East of Post Office, South side of Street.

Special study has been given to Obstetric Diseases of Women, and Diseases of the Newborn.

Mrs. ELLIS R. SHIPP,  
Physician and Surgeon.

OFFICE, Main Street, in the Old Constitution Building, opposite Z. C. M. I.

RESIDENCE, Eleventh Ward, on 7th East, between South and 1st South Streets.

Special attention given to Obstetrics and Diseases of Women.

Penmanship and Book-keeping.

In addition to the usual branches of study taught in the University of Deseret, classes will be organized at the beginning of the approaching school year, for instruction in penmanship and book-keeping, under the well-known theoretical and practical penman and book-keeper, Mr. Hester G. Grant.

Charges per term, \$5.00.

For further information relative to the above, apply to the principal of the University.

JOHN R. PARK.

NOTICE.

In the Probate Court in and for Salt Lake County, Territory of Utah.

In the matter of the estate of WILLIAM BRADLEY, deceased.

PURSUANT to an order of said Court in said matter, notice is hereby given that on the 21st day of August, A. D. 1878, at 10 a. m., at the County Court House in Salt Lake City, there will be the hearing of a petition filed in said matter by Caroline Bradley, widow of the said WILLIAM BRADLEY, deceased, and that letters testamentary be issued to her, at which time and place all persons interested may appear and contest the probate of said will.

Salt Lake City, Aug. 19, 1878.

Click Probate Court, Salt Lake County, Utah.

## CONTINUED ADDITIONS

TO

AT

SPRING STOCK

AT

TEASDEL'S.

AN ELEGANT LINE OF

LINEN LAWNES,

GRASS CLOTHS,

PERCALES, FLOWERS,

FANS, PARASOLS,

PRINTS, PRINTS,

PRINTS,

PRINTS,