

# Utah News Items From Files of Long Ago

Wind Storm That Raged Through Salt Lake and Other Counties—A Large Calf and Still Larger One—Killed by Lightning While Planting Corn—Illness of General Wilson—Murder at Camp Floyd.

(From the Deseret News Files of 1859)

**Disastrous Wind Storm.**—On Thursday evening, May 12, the wind coming from the north and blowing in this city from the west and continued to increase in velocity until 3 or 4 o'clock on Friday morning, when it reached the height of its fury and came rushing down from the Wasatch range of mountains through the canyon opening into Great Salt Lake valley, sweeping everything before it that was not sufficiently strong, or firmly enough attached to the ground, to resist its force. Much damage was done to buildings, fences and other erections that could be opened up by the raging storm. In Great Salt Lake, Davis, Weber and Grant counties, but so far as we have heard, no lives were lost, and no material injury to the blowing down and unroofing of houses in the night time, when the occupants were in bed. The gale seems to have been the strongest at Farmington, Davis county, where the houses of Wells and of David Hens were completely demolished, eight more unroofed, and many others materially injured, as reported by H. W. Miller, a resident of that town, and John, a resident of the fences in that vicinity were prostrated. The storm was the most severe and destructive that has been witnessed for a long time in this valley, though there have been several gales within the last few years that would make a man wish he was somewhere else out of this cold, high, dry mountainous region, if there was any other place on earth where he could dwell in peace.

**Another Large Calf.**—A cow belonging to James Smith of this county, recently had a calf which, at three years old, weighed 99 pounds. Such stock is the result of the care and attention of the owner, and it is a pity that too many have in this territory.

**A Sad Occurrence.**—On Wednesday last, about 11 p. m., William Harris and Joseph Abbott, engaged in planting corn on what is commonly known as the "Old Fort Square," were struck by lightning and the latter instantly killed. Harris was knocked down, his body badly burned, and he was taken up for burial, but, by unwaried exertion, was resuscitated and is in a fair way to recovery.

**A Question.**—Is it better to allow your neighbor's chickens to take a portion of your garden space, than to receive your neighbor's wife's sauce for requesting her to keep the chickens off your garden? G.

**The Largest Calf yet.**—Last week a cow belonging to George Wareham of American Fork, as we are informed by Bishop Harrington of that place, had a

calf which, when two hours old, weighed 115 pounds. The cow was of the Durham breed, and was formerly owned by ex-Gov. Young.

**Personal.**—It has been a source of sincere regret to us to have been for some weeks past, almost daily informed of the increasing illness of General Wilson, the U. S. attorney for this territory. Dr. William Francis, of whose professional skill we have recently had many substantial proofs, has been in attendance upon the general, aided at times by Dr. Anderson of this city. We are happy to learn that he is recovering and out of danger. The independent, manly and constitutional course taken by Gen. Wilson, since his arrival in Utah, has not only drawn forth the complimentary approval of the cabinet at Washington, but has won him the esteem and confidence of the citizens of this territory, and all wish him health and prosperity.

**Another Murder.**—A man named Price was shot at Camp Floyd on Sunday morning last by a reckless villain, one of the gamblers with which that place is constantly infested. The ball passed through his heart, killing him instantly. Price was a bar-keeper and the difficulty arose from some gaming operations, as reported. The murderer fled immediately and had not been found at latest dates from the campaign to his unknown.

**Nails.**—Some fine specimens of nails were exhibited in our office a few days since, manufactured by Messrs. Smith & Bebe at Payson. If they will make nails enough to supply the demand in this territory this season, of the quality exhibited, and sell them at fair prices, we will wish them every success in their business, and shall occasionally take pleasure in giving a favorable notice of their establishment if they make good use and plenty of them, instead of specimens, as is too often the case with some of our manufacturers.

**Departure.**—The Hon. Horace Greeley left on Tuesday morning for Camp Floyd, where he will remain till the California mail coach arrives there, which will leave here today (July 29), when he will take passage, as we are informed, for California.

**Insane.**—An emigrant who gives his name as William Williams and says that he came from Frankfort, Ky., was taken up by the police Sunday last in a state of insanity, and has been raving most of the time since. He arrived here a few days ago with a company from Pike's Peak, perfectly sane, as reported by some of the company. Soon after he began to show signs of lunacy, which increased rapidly till he had to be arrested and confined.

**Burglary.**—About two weeks since the house of Zachariah Cheney of Centerville, Davis county, was entered through a window in the night time and robbed of between \$1,800 and \$1,900, mostly in 20-dollar gold pieces. Since that time

grinding poverty the alien adventurer had leaped into dazzling wealth. Says Bourrienne:

"In the month of April, 1793, I returned to Paris, where I met Bonaparte, and our college intimacy was fully renewed. I was not very well off, and adversity was hanging heavily on him; his resources frequently failed him. We passed our time like two young fellows of 23 who have little money and less occupation. Bonaparte was always poorer than I. Every day we conceived some new project, or other. We were on the lookout for some profitable speculation. At one time he wanted me to join him in renting several houses, then building in the Rue Marmoulon, to undertake them afterward. We found the demands of the landlords extravagant. Everything failed."

When alone Napoleon dined at a cheap restaurant where each dish cost 6 sous. He had already pawned his watch. The necessity for this economy is revealed by his brother Lucien when describing the straits in which Bonaparte was living at Marseilles after their expulsion from Corsica. He says:

"Napoleon, an artillery officer, devoted the larger part of his pay to the help of his family. In our character as patriots and refugees we obtained rations of soldier's bread and some slight assistance, enough to keep us alive, but we were above all aided by the economy of our good mother. At this time Napoleon often drew upon the resources of his comrade Junot, who received regular remittances of pocket money from his mother in the provinces. When the remittance was delayed the friends went hungry. When Napoleon's fortunes changed he gave his own mother a palace and a yearly allowance of 1,000,000 francs."

These lessons of early poverty as an incentive to saving were not lost on Napoleon, who became noted for "stinginess" in his household affairs. His motto was, "Be economical and even parsimonious at home; be magnificent in public." At the same time he developed the luxurious ways of a prince. Says his valet, Constant:

"The emperor was born, so to speak, to be waited on (homme a valets de chambre). When only a general he had as many as three valets and had himself served with as much luxury as at the height of his fortunes, and from that time received all the attentions I have just described, and which



NAPOLEON AS LIEUTENANT COLONEL OF CORSICAN VOLUNTEERS, 1792.

(After a painting by Philippon.)

It was almost impossible for him to do without, and in this particular the etiquette was never changed. He instructed the number of his servants and decorated them with new titles, but he could not have more services rendered him personally. At all seasons his bed had to be warmed with a warming pan, and it was only during the very hottest weather that he would dispense with this."

(Next week's letter will contain some odd stories of Napoleon.)

**Recurative Effect.**  
Considered with reference to its recuperative effect, there is not so much good in the ordinary vacation as there is in a single bottle of Hood's Sarsaparilla. The latter costs \$1; the former, well, that depends; how much did you cost last year?  
Hood's Sarsaparilla refreshes the tired blood, sharpens the dulled appetite, restores the lost courage.

## "The Lagoon Road"

Salt Lake and Ogden Railway.

Time Table in effect Sept. 6, 1904.

Leave Salt Lake, 6:30 and 9 a. m., 3:30 and 4:30 p. m.  
Leave Farmington and Ogden, 7:30 and 10 a. m., 4:30 and 6:30 p. m.  
Extra trains at 11 a. m. and 1:30 p. m. on Sundays and Holidays.

A. D. PIERSON, Gen'l Pass. Agt.  
J. B. BEAN, Excursion Agt.  
Office, 1st Main Street.

## COLORADO-UTAH



## SHORT LINE.

TO ST. LOUIS.

Through cut Salt Lake City to St. Louis and Kansas City. Only one change to New York, Buffalo and principal points en route for summer travel. Special attention to ladies and children.

Tourist sleepers through to Chicago, Boston and other points, without change.

**TWO TRAINS DAILY.**  
Inquire at ticket office, 1st Dooly Block, Salt Lake City. Any information cheerfully given.

H. C. TOWNSEND,  
G. P. & T. A. Missouri Pacific Ry. St. Louis, Mo.

# CHEAPEST STORE IN THE WEST.

TEET'S BARGAIN STORE.

We Have Just Opened An Immense Stock of

# Fall And Winter Goods!

and the Prices are Lower than ever. If you want Boys' Clothing and Shoes, Children's Hosiery, etc., we can Save you Big Money.

## Notion Bargains

12 Doz. Shirt Buttons for.....5c  
12 Doz. Pants Buttons for.....5c  
Gold eyed Needles, per paper.....1c  
2 Doz. Hooks & Eyes for.....1c  
White Tape, per roll.....1c  
Best Aluminum thimbles, each.....1c  
Turkey Red Marking Cotton, per spool.....1c  
Rubber fine combs.....3c

## Carpets and Rugs

This is your chance to get a carpet at a Bargain.  
Yard wide Hemp Carpet.....14c  
Yard wide Ingrain Carpet.....25c, 35c and 45c  
Beautiful Brussels Carpet.....55c and 75c  
Large Double faced Rugs, \$1.48 up  
Table Oil Cloth, per yard.....18c

## HARDWARE BARGAINS.

Paring Knives.....3c  
Butcher Knives.....10c  
Cobler's Outfits.....75c, 95c and up  
Keyhole Saws.....15c  
18 inch Hand Saws.....25c  
26 inch Hand Saws.....45c  
Pad Locks.....5c  
Brass Pad Locks.....10c  
Solid Steel Hatchets, 35c, 45c & 50c

## Boys' Clothing Bargains.

Don't pay \$5.00 for the same Suit we sell for.....\$2.00  
Boys' good every day Suits.....95c and.....\$1.25  
Boys' nice Jersey Suits, \$1.25 and.....\$1.50  
Boys' Nice All Wood Suits, \$1.25, \$1.75 and up.

## If You Want Dry Goods

We have Calico at.....3/4c  
L. L. Factory.....5c  
Outing Flannel.....5c  
Canton Flannel.....5c  
Bed Ticking.....5c

## Shoes! Shoes!

Children's Shoes.....75c and up  
Men's Shoes.....95c and up  
Children's Shoes.....75c and up  
Ladies' Shoes.....95c and up  
Men's heavy work shoes.....95c  
Infants' Soft Sole Shoes.....15c  
Infants' Moccasins.....10c

## 10 Bars

Of Royal Laundry Soap for

# 25c

5c Castile Soap for 2 1/2 cts.

## Stationery Specials!

Express lead pencils each.....1c  
Cedar lead pencils, per doz.....5c  
Tablets, each.....1c, 3c and 5c  
Ink, per bottle.....2c  
24 Sheets Writing Paper, for.....2c  
50 Envelopes, for.....5c

## Ladies' Skirts And Wrappers.

We have some unusual Bargains in Ladies' Skirts.  
Nice Cloth Skirts from.....\$2.25 up  
Mercedized Skirted Underskirts.....45c and 75c

## Hosiery Bargains

Children's Hose.....5c  
Misses' and Children's Seamless ribbed hose.....8-13c  
Boys' and Misses' heavy seamless Ladies' Seamless Hose.....10c and up  
CHILDREN'S UNION SUITS.....23c  
Children's Undershirts from.....8c up  
Ladies' long sleeve Under vests.....12-15c

## Pocket Knives.

Boys' Pocket Knives.....3c up  
Boys' Chain Knives.....5c, 10c, 15c  
Men's Pocket Knives.....25c, 35c & up

# F. M. TEETS,

122 MAIN STREET.

# DENVER & RIO GRANDE AND THE RIO GRANDE WESTERN

Current Time Table.  
In effect June 15th, 1904.

## LEAVE SALT LAKE CITY.

No. 12—For Heber, Provo and Marysville.....8:00 a.m.  
No. 102—For Park City.....8:15 a.m.  
No. 6—For Denver and East.....8:30 a.m.  
No. 2—For Ogden and West.....10:20 a.m.  
No. 1—For Ogden and West.....1:45 p.m.  
No. 2—For Denver and East.....2:15 p.m.  
No. 8—For Provo and Bureka.....2:30 p.m.  
No. 112—For Bingham.....3:00 a.m.  
No. 11—For Ogden.....3:00 p.m.  
Points.....6:05 p.m.  
No. 4—For Denver and East.....8:05 p.m.  
No. 3—For Ogden and West.....11:55 p.m.

## ARRIVE SALT LAKE CITY.

No. 12—From Ogden and the West.....10 a.m.  
Points.....10:25 a.m.  
No. 1—From Bureka and Provo.....10:30 a.m.  
No. 1—From Denver and East.....10:40 a.m.  
No. 2—From Ogden and West.....1:25 p.m.  
No. 112—From Bingham.....3:05 p.m.  
No. 11—From Ogden.....3:05 p.m.  
Marysville.....6:00 p.m.  
No. 11—From Bingham.....11:00 a.m.  
No. 112—From Bingham.....11:00 a.m.  
No. 4—From Ogden and the West.....7:55 p.m.  
No. 8—From Denver and East.....11:45 p.m.  
All trains except No. 1 and 3 stop at intermediate points.  
Ticket Office, Dooly Block, 1st Main Street, Gen. Agt. P. J. Dept.

## OREGON SHORT LINE

Time Table  
In Effect June 19, 1904.

## ARRIVE.

From Ogden, Portland, Butte, San Francisco, Chicago, St. Louis, Omaha and Denver.....8:25 a.m.  
From Ogden and Intermediate points.....9:30 a.m.  
From Ogden, Chicago, St. Louis, Kansas City, Omaha, Denver and San Francisco.....4:20 p.m.  
From Ogden, Cache Valley, Butte, Portland and San Francisco.....7:30 p.m.  
Cisco.....

## DEPART.

For Ogden, Omaha, Chicago, Denver, Kansas City and St. Louis.....7:00 a.m.  
For Ogden, Portland, Butte, San Francisco and Intermediate points.....10:30 a.m.  
For Ogden, Omaha, Chicago, Denver, Kansas City, St. Louis and San Francisco.....1:30 p.m.  
For Ogden, Cache Valley, Denver, Kansas City, Omaha, St. Louis and Chicago.....5:45 p.m.  
For Ogden, Cache Valley, Butte, Helena, Portland and San Francisco and Intermediate points.....11:45 p.m.  
T. M. SCHUMACHER, Traf. Mgr.  
D. E. BURLEY, G. P. & T. A.  
D. S. SPENCER, A. G. P. & T. A.  
City Ticket Office, 201 Main Street, Telephone 250.

## TIME TABLE

San Pedro, Los Angeles and Salt Lake R. R. Co.

## DEPART.

From Oregon Short Line, Denver, Salt Lake City.....  
For Provo, Lehi, Fairfield and Mercur, connecting at Neph for Manila and Intermediate points on Sanpete Valley R.R.....7:30 a.m.  
For Garfield Beach, Tropic, Stockton, Mammoth, Eureka and Silver City via Leaning-ton cut-off.....8:00 a.m.  
For Provo, American Fork, Lehi, Jubah, Milford, Panguitch and Intermediate points.....8:05 p.m.  
Daily.

## ARRIVE.

From Provo, American Fork, Lehi, Jubah, Milford, Panguitch, Caliente and Intermediate points.....9:35 a.m.  
From Provo, Lehi, Fairfield, Mercur and Sanpete Valley Railway points.....9:35 p.m.  
From Silver City, Mammoth, Eureka, Stockton and Garfield Beach.....5:35 p.m.  
Daily.

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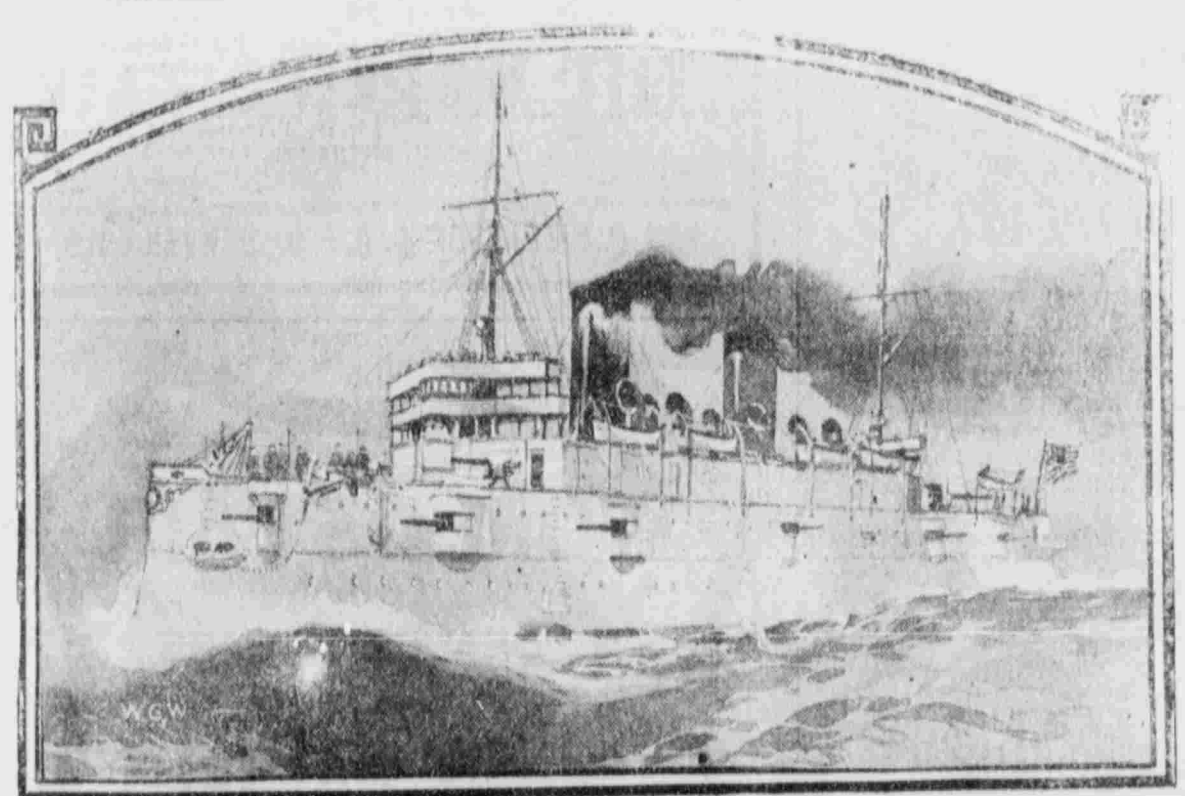
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D. R. GRAY, General Agent.

THE MINNEAPOLIS



The Minneapolis and her sister ship, the Columbia, raced from Newport to Hampton Roads for a test of speed and the honors went to the Minneapolis. These are two powerful and speedy boats and in a war would make a record for themselves.

# NAPOLEON, As Seen by His Associates

HIS WEALTH AND LUXURIES

XX.

HAD Napoleon sought an asylum in America, as planned after Waterloo, he would have brought to this country a treasure of about 4,000,000 francs (\$500,000). Yet this sum he had been only a tiny part of the sum he had had by for a rainy day during his 14 years' lease of unbridled power. The memoirs of Joseph Fouché, minister of police, reveal the extent and source of the Napoleonic treasure:

"Every day Napoleon observed with an excess of joy which he did not disguise the accumulation of the enormous treasure stored in the cellars of the Pavillon Marsan. They were completely incumbered with it. These treasures amounted (in 1810) to near 500,000,000 in specie (\$100,000,000). It was a residue of the two milliards introduced into France by the effect of conquest."

After his abdication in 1814 Napoleon made public a statement of his private wealth. The civil list was 30,000,000 francs, but the expenditure seldom exceeded 12,000,000, and with that he had completed two of three of the palaces. His table cost 1,000,000 francs; his stable and chase, including 700 horses, 2,000,000. Besides this, he had the disposal of the domaines extraordinaires, a fund of 200,000,000, out of which he distributed and rewarded those who distinguished themselves. To the question "Whence was this fund derived?" he answered: "Out of the contributions of my enemies. Austria, for two treaties of peace, paid me by secret articles 200,000,000 francs, and Prussia just as enormously." Asked if he had received anything from Russia, he said, "No."

Bourrienne places the treasure of Napoleon accumulated at the Pavillon Marsan, at the Tuilleries, in 1814 at 350,000,000 francs. He says that Napoleon drew out 30,000,000 for government purposes and that this gift was subsequent to a demand made by the senate that the entire private purse of the emperor should be transferred to the public treasury.

Meneval, who was secretary to Napoleon under the empire, says that the Napoleon's annual savings out of the imperial civil list amounted to 12,000,000 francs and that in this way he accumulated 100,000,000 to 120,000,000.

The fate of the remains of this treasure and the amount are also stated by Meneval. He says that before the occupation of Paris by the victorious allies it was removed from Paris to Orleans, where it was confiscated by a decree of the provisional government. At the time of seizure, says Meneval, the vaults holding the treasure "were standing in the square and contained about 10,000,000 francs in gold and silver coins, 2,000,000 francs in silver and gilt plate and about 400,000 francs' worth of snuffboxes and rings enriched with diamonds which were intended to be given as presents."

Napoleon stated in his will, made in 1821, that he had deposited with the Paris banker Lafitte the sum of 6,000,000 francs in 1815 and that the Empress Maria Louisa held in trust for him 2,000,000. He restated his "private domain"—namely, money, palaces, furniture, plate, jewels, etc., at 200,000,000 francs. Las Cases says that the fund deposited with Lafitte was contributed by friends of the deposed emperor.

What wonders 14 years, from Marengo to Elba, had wrought in the personal fortunes of Napoleon! From