

thirds vote of both houses. Adopted. Mr. Boyden offered a resolution that all House bills of a general nature shall after their second reading, be printed without special order from the House. Being regarded as premature it was laid on the table.

Mr. Clark presented the report of the Territorial Sealer of Weights and Measures, which being read was referred to the committee on claims and public accounts.

The chair laid before the House for their consideration a report of Nephi W. Clayton, Auditor. Referred to the committee on claims and public accounts.

Mr. Thurman presented a claim of Benjamin Bachman, deputy clerk 3rd district. Referred to the committee on claims and public accounts.

Mr. Hatch moved that the Governor's message as printed, be referred back to the committee on printing, with the request that they have the message published in one volume. Carried.

Mr. Thurman moved that the committee on printing be instructed to scrutinize the matter of printing the message of the Governor. Carried. Adjourned at 3.20 p.m.

January 24, 1884.

Called to order at 2 p.m. Mr. Morgan moved that the two motions made yesterday in relation to the printing of the message of the Governor be expunged from the minutes. Carried.

A communication was received from the Council in reference to C. R. No. 6, to memorialize Congress.

Mr. Snow presented a petition from certain persons in Box Elder County in relation to impositions of sheep herders, etc. Referred to committee on agriculture.

Mr. Brinton presented a petition from citizens of South Cottonwood, Salt Lake County, asking relief from the fumes arising from smelters in their immediate vicinity. Referred to committee on public health.

Mr. Llewellyn presented a petition from citizens of Emery County asking an appropriation for bridges, roads, etc. Reported to committee on highways.

Mr. Cummings presented a petition from Eli B. Kelsey, in relation to payment of certain certificates. Referred to the committee on claims and public accounts.

Mr. Creer, chairman of committee on private corporations, reported back H. F. No. 12, and recommended the passage of the bill. Adopted.

Mr. Farnsworth offered H. F. No. 18, A Bill for the protection of stock. Referred to committee on agriculture.

Mr. Francis offered H. F. No. 19, A Bill for the adoption of children. Referred to committee on judiciary.

Mr. Farnsworth offered H. F. No. 20, a Bill in relation to the branding, herding and care of stock. Referred to Committee on Agriculture.

A concurrent resolution from the Council memorializing Congress, was read for the first time, by the chief clerk.

Mr. Creer moved that it be made the special order of the House in regular session for the third day of March, 1884. Carried.

Mr. Thurman offered a resolution that the Auditor of Public Accounts be instructed to report to this House, the amount of warrants issued for expenses of the courts, etc. Adopted.

Mr. Anderson asked for leave of absence until Monday next at 2 o'clock. Granted.

The chair laid before the House a report of the Chancellor and Board of Regents of the Deseret University, and asking for an appropriation for the same. Referred to the committee on education.

A communication was read from Gen. McCook, U. S. A., conveying his thanks for the freedom of the House granted him. Adjourned at 3.15 p.m.

## CORRESPONDENCE.

Baptist Brother Reaches Bed-rock.

DODGEVILLE, Wisconsin,

January 14th, 1884.

Editor Deseret News:

Yes, I have at last got down to bed-rock. Once more I have looked upon the spot where, in the face of the sneers and taunts of all who did not believe in following Christ in His baptism, I built a little dam and for half a day held in bondage the sparkling stream that was making haste for the channel of the Wisconsin River. Yes, here is the perpendicular rock beside which I was baptized; and right across the narrow creek stands the slender ash and the full grown basswood tree; and a little way beyond, the low-spreading hawthorne, beneath which we sang and prayed.

Brethren, what a delightful ordinance is this, when coupled with a lively faith in the Son of God, being a type of so many good and glorious things in Christ!

I am thinking of that passage in St. Luke 3: 21, "Now when all the people were baptized, it came to pass, that Jesus also being baptized, and praying, the heaven was opened." What a beautiful scene the saint can here picture to the eye of faith! Here was Christ and His people completely and sweetly agreed, and what was the consequence? Why the Holy Spirit came down, and they were baptized with brightness, and glory and joy from the throne of God.

Seeing that the Government insists on

continuing its efforts to settle the "Mormon question," fair play demands first of all, that there shall be no snakes in the grass.

If the government desires to face the question fairly and squarely, the people of Utah have the courage and earnestness to face the "powers that be" in the same way.

If Congress should this winter enact additional laws for the regulation of the Mormon Church, it will be an everlasting disgrace to the nation if it does not at the same time pass a law suppressing all secret societies, having for their object the undermining of the Mormon creed.

There must be no stabs in the back. What should American citizens think if every State Legislature in the Union was busily engaged in framing laws for the suppression of Mormonism, while the general government (claiming to have sole control of the question,) is at the same time enacting laws for the regulation of the same? And yet, even such an unfair and conflicting condition of affairs would be far more acceptable with the majority in Utah, than a copperhead foe behind the fence or in the dark.

If this country shall ever have another civil war for the final righting of all wrongs, I do hope to God that the everlasting suppressing of all secret societies will be a prominent plank in the bloody platform.

God only knows how intensely I love the people of Utah, and when I forget to pray for her spiritual and temporal prosperity, may my right hand forget its cunning.

Ever truly yours in Christ,  
BAPTIST BROTHER.

## PAROWAN PROGRESSING.

The Social Hall—Woolen Factory—Support for Missionaries.

PAROWAN, Utah, Jan. 18, 1884.

Editor Deseret News:

Parowan is taking a spurt at present. Last Tuesday a public meeting was held and arrangements made for building a Social Hall, on the co-operative plan, the people putting in shares by laboring upon the building. It will be built of concrete, and be quite a convenience, as all dances, theatricals, etc., are held in the basement of the meeting house, which is not desirable. It is thought the building will cost \$3,000. On Wednesday evening the citizens held another meeting regarding the erection of a woolen factory. The officers of our Co-operative store explained they would furnish the cash part for purchasing machinery (about \$5,000) if the people would put up the building, the estimated cost of which is \$6,000, and put it in on capital stock in the store, which was agreed to with alacrity, over \$4,000 in labor being subscribed within 24 hours. The necessity of Iron County having a woolen factory of its own has long been a desideratum of our citizens, and we hope to soon hear the merry hum of its machinery at work.

Last evening another public meeting was held to consider how to raise a missionary fund for the support of families of poor missionaries agreeable to instructions given by the general authorities last fall conference.

Parowan is not strictly a farming place, owing to lack of sufficient water facilities, but something will likely be done towards a farm or fund for poor missionaries.

The weather is cold, but there is no snow. Good health generally prevails. Respectfully,  
EXCELSIOR.

## ELDER PALMER'S VIEWS ENDORSED.

THE "NEWS" AS A MISSIONARY MEDIUM.

PRICE CITY, near St. George, Washington County, Utah,  
January 12th, 1884.

Editor Deseret News:

Seeing in your valuable paper the advice of Brother Wm. M. Palmer in sending our publications abroad, as it is the custom of the Latter-day Saints to practice what we preach, I have learned by experience the validity of this assertion. I bear my testimony to the advice of Brother Palmer, as I have traveled thousands of miles without purse and scrip, both in the States of Minnesota and Wisconsin, without seeing a Latter-day Saint for many months; and whenever I found some of our publications I always found friends that were willing to assist me, and sometimes I made converts, or the Lord had already made them ready to be baptized for the remission of their sins and take upon themselves the name of Christ and become Latter-day Saints.

Sending the DESERET NEWS containing sermons to friends is the cheapest missionary labor a man can do, because the paper is read over and over again by many who would not go to a "Mormon" meeting.

We have in our part of the country very fine weather, the thermometer 40 above zero at noon. We are here all well and healthy, and nearly every family takes your paper. We are watching the brilliant glare of the sun set in the evening. I am satisfied in my own mind that it is one of the signs of the near approach of the coming of the Son of Man.

B. P. WULFENSTEIN.

## DRUGGISTS' PROFITS.

"I wish you would give me—on the square, you know—an idea of the profits of a prescription druggist."

"Well, it's hard to figure it out exactly or even to average it. You see, the time consumed in making up a prescription, the cost of the drugs, etc., vary greatly, and, besides, druggists have different ways of charging for them; but I'll give you an actual occurrence and you may judge for yourself. I was selling some goods to a druggist, an old customer of our house, one day in a town not a thousand miles from this city, when a man came in for a prescription which he had previously ordered. 'How much is it?' he asked. 'Sixty-five cents,' answered the druggist. 'Isn't that pretty steep?' asked the man. 'O, no, we couldn't afford to put it up for a cent less, answered the druggist, with every appearance of frankness. After I had finished my business with the druggist, said I smilingly: 'Say, Smith, just for fun, let's figure up what that 65-cent prescription cost you.' 'All right,' said he, smiling also. So we figured it up carefully, including every possible item—his time at the rate of \$5 a day, the cost of the drugs, bottle, label, cork, twine, wrapping paper, etc. The calculation was rather difficult at times, seeing that the labels cost but 28 cents per 1,000, the corks 24 cents per gross, etc., but we stuck to it, and the most we could make that 65-cent prescription cost was 67 cents. It happened to be one that required no mixing, and the component parts were cheap; but I guess it was a fair sample, all the same. By the way, did you ever notice that a druggist seldom charges 25, 50, or 75 cents for a prescription? He charges 20 or 30, 45 or 55, 70 or 80 cents. It looks as though he was charging upon a fixed scale, instead of guessing at it, with a liberal margin for profit, you see. It looks better, too, especially if the druggist stops and thinks a moment before announcing the price. Druggists size their customers and charge accordingly, with an extra dime or quarter added if the customers is unfortunate enough to be a trifle green."—Kansas City Star.

## HER PRESENCE OF MIND.

The St. Louis Post-Dispatch says that a young lady from Cincinnati visiting a lady friend in the northern section of the city was quite certain the other night that she had at last bagged the bird. A party of four of them had been to the theatre, and upon their return home, the Cincinnati young lady retired to her room, humming in subdued tones:

"In days of old,  
When thieves were bold  
And bandits held their sway,  
A burglar bold,  
With bags of gold,  
Sang merrily his lay:  
My love—"

At this point she saw half protruding from beneath the end of the bed a pair of men's boots. She did not scream or rush wildly from the room, but with great presence of mind branched off into a timid tremulous little whistle and walked around once or twice apparently unconcerned. Then she stepped out into the hallway, shut the door and suddenly locked it from the outside, in a moment she was down stairs in her friend's room with the startling announcement: "There is a man under my bed!" Tableau! The gentleman of the house and a young doctor cousin who lived with them were aroused and given the startling information. Armed cap-a-pie, the two proceeded cautiously to the young lady's room and threw open the door. 'Twas true, there lay the monster burglar. The report of a pistol reverberated throughout the house. The smoke cleared away, but still the villain lay motionless. He must have been killed instantly. Approaching the foot of the bed the old gentleman grabbed one of the boots and gave it a jerk. He landed on his back in the middle of the room, still holding the boot stuffed with rags. A post-mortem revealed a bullet hole in the seat of his dress pants. His young son, who had evidently been reading "Peck's Bad Boy," thinks it mean that some fathers should lick a little boy just because he wanted to have some fun.

## A MADMAN WITH A PISTOL.

MR. CRAIG GETS READY FOR WAR IN HIS BOARDING HOUSE, AND BEGINS IT.

Samuel E. Thompson, of 8 Lafayette place reported at the Mercer Street police station last evening that Louis S. Craig, who lives in the same house, had fired a pistol at him, and was roaming about the house, pistol in hand.

Policemen Twine, Loughlin, and Kiernan were sent over. They found Craig in a front hall room on the second floor. He shouted that he would shoot any one who came near. The policemen parleyed with him to no purpose, and then two of them withdrew half way down the stairs. Twine, however, remained concealed in the next room. After a long wait Craig came out into the hall flourishing the pistol. Twine sprang upon him and seized the weapon. Craig attempted to shoot Twine, but the hammer fell on the latter's finger and the weapon was not discharged. With the help of the other policemen, Craig was overpowered and taken to the station house and locked up. In the room were

found laid out on the bureau, as though to be ready to hand, an immense cut-throat razor and a knife.

Craig is a designer, and hails from New Orleans. The house is kept by Mrs. Higgins, who says that Craig recently hurt his leg, and has been under the influence of morphine for some days. She attributes his insane conduct to the derangement of mind caused by the drug.—N. Y. Sun.

## FROM THE FOUR WINDS.

Lord Parker is shooting in Florida.

Now pull the blanket up over your ears.

The swiftest mile on bicycle to date, is 2.31.

Moderation is commonly firm and firmness is commonly successful.

High stations tumult, but not bliss create; None think the great unhappy but the great.

The more we help others to bear their burdens the lighter our own will be.

The citizens of Richmond County, Ga., yesterday decided to abolish farm fences.

Ex-Senator David Davis is now president of the Illinois State Bar Association.

Baron Tennyson's wealth in property is said to be between \$1,000,000 and \$1,500,000.

The shortest life is long enough if it lead to a better, and the longest life is too short if it do not.

Three days' imprisonment was the fate of a man who called to a German judge to speak louder.

Michael O'Donnell, a Holyoke paper mill employe, was choked to death while eating his supper Tuesday night.

Mrs. James Fisk, Jr., the widow of the phenomenal business man, is said to be in needy circumstances in Boston.

The export of diamonds from the Cape between Aug. 1 and Nov. 30, inclusive, amounted in value to less than \$5,000.

Mrs. Reasie of Readfield, who was so badly beaten by her son a fortnight or more ago, died last week in the insane hospital at Augusta.

Seward Packard, aged 55, employed in the Farley papermill at Wendell, fell down the elevator shaft last week and died within 24 hours.

Postmaster General Gresham is a very polished man. Even the gray of his hair is as glossy as his silk hat, and his smile is a shiny one.

A vessel which arrived at New Bedford a day or two ago brought an eagle which alighted on the masthead when the vessel was 1,500 miles from any land.

John Gormandy, a section hand on the Providence and Springfield railroad, was killed, Wednesday, on a snow plow. He leaves a family in Olneyville.

The body of the man found frozen to death at North Chelmsford was identified Tuesday by papers found on his person. His name is George G. Leslie, of Boston. He had a soldier's license as a peddler.

Jennie Parke, 16 years of age, an operative in the cotton mills in Biddeford, disappeared recently and all investigation fails to reveal her whereabouts. She was a girl of good character, but had no relatives at Biddeford.

A pair of Queen Elizabeth's gloves can be seen in an English Museum. She had a hand like a brakeman. The thumb of the glove is five inches long and the palm measures three and a half inches across. No wonder the kingdom trembled when she brought it down.

Nellie B. Allen, a Lawrence, Mass., factory girl, says she sent \$5.40 to Herbert J. Banton, of Bangor, to see what she could draw in his lottery. She drew one broken collar button, one cheap lead pencil, one tin thimble, an autograph of Mr. Banton and one copy of the Eastern Argus.

Apparently the way for an actress to ingratiate herself with the Princess of Wales is to snub the Prince. Mary Anderson's indifference to his Royal Highness has led her Royal Highness to giving Count Gleichen an order for a bust of Mary, to be placed in the Princess's private collection.

A Stamford merchant has been caught by a new fraud. A drummer called and asked the privilege of leaving a show case containing a good variety of soap. At the end of the year he would call and get pay for what soap had been sold. The merchant signed a contract to that effect. But at the end of 30 days another man appeared with the contract which had a clause in fine print calling for payment in 30 days.

Why should Tennessee, Kentucky and Missouri be denominated "rebel" States? Each one of them furnished as many soldiers to the Union as Confederate armies. If these soldiers and the 10,000 that went out of Texas with the late Governor Davis had served Jefferson Davis with half the fidelity they illustrated in adherence to Lincoln, we would to-day have two instead of one consolidated empire.—Fort Worth Gazette.

Where spades grow bright, and idle swords grow dull.

Where jails are empty, and where barns are full.

Where church-paths are with frequent feet outworn,

Law court-yards weedy, silent and forlorn;

Where doctors foot it, and where farmers ride,

Where age abounds, and youth is multiplied;

Where these signs are, they clearly indicate

A happy people and well-governed State.

## Loss and Gain.

CHAPTER I.

"I've taken a week's vacation, and with blood-aver, I've got to go!"

"My doctor pronounced me cured, but I feel again, with terrible pains in my back and sides, and I got so bad I couldn't move!"

"I shrunk!"

From 228 lbs. to 120! I had been doctoring for my liver, but it did me no good. I did not expect to live more than three months. I began to use Hop Bitters. Directly my appetite returned, my pains left me, my entire system seemed renewed as if by magic, and after using several bottles I am not only as sound as a sovereign but weigh more than I did before.

To Hop Bitters I owe my life. I have been doctoring, and I got so bad I couldn't move. I have been doctoring, and I got so bad I couldn't move. I have been doctoring, and I got so bad I couldn't move.

How to Get Sick—Exposure, cold, day and night, eat too much, and exert exercise; work too hard without rest; doctor all the time; take all the vile nostrums advertised, and then you will want to know how to get well, which is answered in three words—Take Hop Bitters! (5)

**KENNEDY'S**  
**EAST INDIA**  
TRADE MARK  
REGISTERED  
4 FAMILY TONIC  
FOR DYSPEPSIA  
RHEUMATISM  
**BITTERS**  
COMPOUNDED WITH  
MINERAL WATER.  
**BEST**  
REMEDY IN THE WORLD!  
FOR  
Rheumatism, Dyspepsia,  
Constipation, Sedentary Diseases,  
Biliousness, Kidney Complaint,  
Lung Diseases, Impure Blood,  
**ILER & CO.**  
PROPRIETORS AND SOLE MANUFACTURERS,  
OMAHA, NEB.  
SOLD BY DRUGGISTS, GROCERS  
AND WINE MERCHANTS.

**THE LIVER AND ITS FUNCTIONS.**  
It has become a well established fact that the larger portion of diseases to which the human family is subject arise in the first place from some derangement of the liver. The liver is not only the largest, but at the same time one of the most important. The venous blood, on its return to the heart, passes through this organ, and in its passage the impurities, as also the secretions necessary for digestion as well as for a cathartic to assist in the removal of waste material are eliminated. From this it is easily seen that the liver is liable to get out of order to a greater or less extent, and when this occurs it is impossible for it to properly fulfill its office of removing all objectionable matter from the blood, but allows it to pass through, carrying with it the poisons of which it should have been relieved.  
With impure blood the whole system becomes affected, and no organ can properly perform its function unless it is supplied with pure blood to maintain its strength. So the liver becomes all important, and when one has had the feeling of being continually tired, worn out, is constipated, water on the face, or itches, Headache, Slight Stomach Sallow Complexion, Eruptions of skin, etc., they may be sure their liver is out of order, and a remedy is required to assist nature in relieving itself of all accumulations, and restores it to its original strength and vigor. For all the complaints of this kind there is no medicine that equals  
**PRICKLY ASH BITTERS**  
CURES  
ALL DISEASES OF THE  
**LIVER**  
**KIDNEYS**  
**STOMACH**  
AND  
**BOWELS.**  
FOR SALE  
BY ALL  
ALL DRUGGISTS  
PRICE 1 DOLLAR.  
PRICKLY ASH BITTERS is a medicine of rare merit, and not an intoxicating beverage, and being purely vegetable in its composition can be used at all times with beneficial results. It is not claimed as a cure-all, but for derangements of the organs mentioned, it is a specific and as a BLOOD PURIFIER ranks with all other preparations. Ask your druggist for it, and use it as a fair trial. If he has none on hand, ask that it be ordered for you.  
**PRICKLY ASH BITTERS CO.**  
SOLE PROPRIETORS,  
ST. LOUIS AND KANSAS CITY, MO.