

LOCAL AND OTHER MATTERS.

FROM WEDNESDAY'S DAILY, MAY 6.

FORTY-FOURTH ANNUAL CONFERENCE.

The adjourned Forty-fourth Annual Conference of the Church of Jesus Christ of Latter-day Saints, will convene to-morrow morning at ten o'clock, in the New Tabernacle.

A large number of people from distant settlements, as well as many from those of closer proximity to the city, are in town for the purpose of attending the meetings, and it is anticipated that the gathering will be more than usually large. The Saints are generally anxious to hear instructions regarding the best measures to adopt for the advancement of the work of the Lord, and an excellent time during Conference may reasonably be anticipated.

Kanosh.—That intelligent, respectable old Indian Chief is in town. He says he has come to the City to attend Conference.

Recreation Parties.—School and other recreation parties are already beginning to resort to Lindsey's Gardens to spend pleasant holiday hours. A few days ago the pupils of Prof. Riggs' school spent a day there and enjoyed themselves exceedingly.

Done Here.—A signboard on Second East Street has the following announcement:

"Whitewashing done here."

Now those who have got rooms that need whitewashing know where to take them to have them done.

Vanished.—The Delmonico restaurant, that inviting resort of the hungry, has faded away, the proprietor, Mr. C. W. Watson, having sold out at auction. It does not appear that good meals can be supplied to the public at two bits a head, unless the proprietor feels like running the institution for fun and paying a liberal sum for his amusement.

Zoological.—Prof. Joseph L. Barfoot, of this City, has been made an honorary member of the Zoological Society of Philadelphia, and has received a complimentary ticket of admission to the gardens of the Society in Philadelphia, where there is a number of animals indigenous to this region in the splendid collection.

Cache Valley.—Last Saturday Cache Valley was organized into a stake of the United Order. Elder Brigham Young, Jr., was elected President; William B. Preston, First Vice President; L. O. Liljenquist, Second Vice President; L. G. Farrell, Secretary; Orson Smith, Assistant Secretary; and Thomas X. Smith, Treasurer. These, with a director from each settlement, will constitute the central Board of Directors for the stake, besides which there will be a branch of the Order in each settlement.

Photographing.—To-day Mr. C. R. Savage took a photographic view of St. Mark's school, with the pupils arranged in a group, in front of the building. The youngsters were very still and circumspect while the picture was being taken, but as soon as they were told it was done they made a tumultuous rush for the artist and his camera, anxious to see their "high foreheads and smilings." Mr. Savage also photographed the Catholic Church and other public buildings to-day.

Destroy Them.—A great deal has been said regarding the best method of destroying the codling moth. We learn from Brother Geo. B. Wallace, President of the Horticultural Society, that the best way is to place a barrel or tub, containing water, in each orchard or garden at night, and put a light at a sufficient distance below the rim to prevent its being extinguished by the wind. The moths are attracted by the light, fly in close proximity to it until their wings are singed, when they drop into the water. The society advise the people all over the City to adopt this plan, and by it save an incalculable amount of fruit. One man alone, in this City, estimates his last year's loss by the destruction of apples, by the codling moth, at over two thousand dollars.

City Council.—Tuesday evening, May 5th, Mayor Wells presiding.

Petition of Joseph Campbell, for the privilege of running a "whirligig" on the market square; granted during the pleasure of the Council

and under the supervision of the market-master, provided the petitioner pay the regular license of \$5 a day.

Petition of Thomas F. H. Morton, to transfer his liquor license, expiring June 4th, to Sangiovanni and Wilton; granted.

City Marshal and Chief Engineer of Fire Brigade presented his report of expenditures for April, \$87.70; appropriated.

Alderman Clinton's report for April was read and accepted. It showed that eighty-three cases had been tried during the month, \$219.50 had been collected in cash fines and \$190 in labor.

Some other matters were attended to, when the Council adjourned till next Tuesday evening.

Supreme Court.—The time of the Court has been occupied to-day in hearing the arguments of counsel for the claimants to the Territorial Marshalship. Mr. John D. T. McAllister, elected to the office by joint vote of the Legislature, is represented by Judge Sutherland, and the other claimant, Mr. B. L. Duncan, appointed and commissioned by the Governor, without any action of the Legislature, is represented by Judge McBride, brother-in-law to the Governor.

The question involves a most important principle, besides some financial considerations. For instance, Mr. McAllister is the person authorized to draw and disburse the ten thousand dollars appropriated by the Legislature for Court expenses. There should be no question as to who the executive officer should be when one of two claimants is the choice of the people, chosen and elected by their representatives, and the other merely the appointee of the Governor, when the people had no voice in the selection to office of even the last named official. What can be clearer than that under a republican form of government the choice of the people for local officers should be honored? The law also sustains that view, for any law that would not would be plainly unconstitutional, and therefore void.

FROM THURSDAY'S DAILY, MAY 7.

Land Office Removed.—The U. S. land office in this city has been removed to No. 5, Kimball Block, First South Street, formerly occupied by Judge Hemingway.

Home Soap.—Mr. John B. Maiben wants tallow and soap grease, to supply his soap factory in the 19th Ward. He is making a splendid article, according to the universal testimony of those now using it.

Want to Hear from Him.—The friends of Josiah Nichols, who left Leamington, England, about twenty-four years ago, are very anxious to hear from or about him. There is a note for him at this office.

Will Bear Watching.—Just about daylight, this morning, a fellow entered a room in the house of Mrs. Brown, near the Theatre, and walked off with a silver watch. That thief will bear watching. He has not been caught yet.

Petty Thefts.—Night before last a sneak thief stole several articles of clothing, a table cloth, towels, &c., from a clothes line, at the rear of the residence of Brother Charles Denny, 11th Ward, to whom the articles belonged.

Drippings.—There is a plentiful supply of water running down the ditches to-day, but that is not all—a little fellow going with the throng to the "Tabernacle" this afternoon, fell into the stream, "neck and crop." This warm weather, water is a refreshing draught, but the quantity supplied must be moderate.

Ball Practice.—Now that the streets are crowded with vehicles of every sort, look out for runaways, that is, if ball-throwing is persisted in on the most public thoroughfares. This sort of sport seems to be in favor with some of the youths in this city, who have nothing else to do, but it is not pleasant to have a ball fall upon a "scarey" team. Boys, stop it.

Parties having teams standing around town should also be careful to have them well secured to the best available hitching places.

Accident.—The following is from the *Prove Times* of May 5:

"There was quite a lively time at the depot yesterday owing to the arrival of a number of teams from Shantie Springs laden with bullion,

and while the men were engaged unloading, at the warehouse of Durant & Cutting, the platform gave way precipitating two men some eight feet; one named Jerry Lewis, at present a resident of this city, the other named James Miners, of Nephi city, are badly bruised, but we are glad to learn that no bones were broken."

Grass Plats.—In answer to the question as to the best method of obtaining a good grass plat, a gentleman describes to us what he calls the German plan, which is to properly prepare the ground by removing the rocks and making it nice and level, &c. Then take some good soil and a quantity of good, well rotted manure and mix the two together with sufficient water to make a kind of paste. Into this put the grass seed and stir till it is equally scattered throughout the compound. Spread an equal coating of this over the ground and keep it properly moistened. If this be done our informant assures us that a good grass plat will be obtained in an incredibly short time.

False Alarm.—About half-past nine o'clock last night, a cry of fire was raised on East Temple Street, and, in a few seconds, the fire-bell was pealing. Scarcely had the first notes of the warning died on the breeze, ere the engine and hose were making their way to the scene of action, but luckily their services were not required. A quantity of smoke had settled over the New York House, occasioned by the replenishing of the stove with fresh fuel. It looked suspicious at the moment, but the first breath of wind carried it off; hence the alarm. The Wasatch company's bell was also rung, and the engine was sent out.

United.—We had an agreeable visit this morning from Bro. George Halliday, of Pleasant Grove, from whom we learn that the people in that part of the country have generally entered into an organization of the United Order. The local board consists of the following brethren—Thos. Woolley, President; John Brown and George Halliday, Vice-Presidents; Jas. Armistead, Secretary; Alex. Bullock, Treasurer; David West, Benson Walker, Senr., and Rasmus Peterson, directors. They have divided the farming into three districts, twenty persons to each, who have elected their own foreman and two assistants. They intend to classify the mechanics at as early a date as convenient after Conference. Success attend them.

Who Is He?—The following dispatch was received last night—

"COFFERVILLE, Kansas,

"May 6th.

"B. Y. Hampton.

"The man you brought to Topeka is not Bender.

"S. S. PETERSON,

"U. S. Deputy Marshal."

Mr. Peterson, the sender of the dispatch, was one of the first parties who identified the old man as Bender on the arrival of officer Hampton with him at Topeka, and something must therefore have occurred to suddenly alter his opinion. If the old fellow be not Bender the next question is, who is he? And if he be not the old murderer, it will be one of the most remarkable instances of mistaken identity on record. All along until the dispatch was received, so far as could be learned here, the evidence in favor of his being Bender was about ten to two, and it is probably not quite clear on either side yet. However, the above is the latest. One thing is certain; that is, that the old fellow is either Bender, or he must be so near like him that there can be but little difference between the two.

Medical.—Bro. E. W. Phillips, of Morgan Co., North Weber, called in this morning, for the purpose of conveying to ailing humanity some knowledge he possesses in the cure of various ills. His cure for diphtheria, croup, and sore throats in general is, an ounce of tincture of myrrh, made into a syrup with brown sugar; the patient should lie on his, or her, back, and use it as a gargle three or four times, until the skin cuts or becomes raw. This is a perfect cure.

For fevers, get herb turmantil, make tea of it, drink all you can; cure certain in twenty-four hours.

For spasms and inflammation, take groundsell, simmer it over fire, then use; if the stomach is foul it will cause sickness; if not, purging will be the result; use starch and

Turkeyr hubarb to stop purging and sickness; cure in twenty minutes.

For piles take balsam gum pills, or tea, made from the lesser sellendine, or pilewort.

These various remedies are said to be certain cures, known to be such from personal experience. They are safe. Groundsell is a monthly herb, and is not surpassed for keeping the body in order. For inward wounds and bruises, turmantil and groundsell taken together are beyond price.

Nottingham Conference.—A conference was held in the Assembly Rooms, Nottingham, England, on Sunday, April 5, as reported in the *Millennial Star*, F. M. Lyman presiding, and J. F. Wells acting as clerk.

Elders present from Utah—Jos. F. Smith, Prest. of the European Mission; F. M. Lyman, Prest. of the Nottingham Conference; R. T. Burton, Prest. of the London Conference; Jos. Birch, Prest. of the Manchester Conference; Henry Leigh, Prest. of the Liverpool Conference; and Traveling Elders Lafayette Holbrook, of the Manchester, John Mendenhall, of the Birmingham, A. B. Taylor, of the Leeds, and J. F. Wells, of the Nottingham Conferences.

Meetings were held morning, afternoon and evening. The Conference was addressed by the Elders above-named. President Lyman said the Conference contained an aggregate of 600 officers and members, that for the half year ending Dec. 31, 1873, 102 had emigrated, and 20 had been baptized. Since Jan. 1 last, about 30 persons had been baptized.

Elder Taylor related a case where a woman, at Leeds, who had been paralyzed, and whom the doctors had pronounced to be beyond recovery, called upon the Elders and was restored to good health.

A uniform spirit of peacefulness prevailed, and a most enjoyable time was passed by all present.

On Monday, the Saints had a picnic tea party in the Arboretum, and repaired, in the evening, to the regular meeting-room, where songs and recitations were given and duly appreciated.

From Iron County.—Bishop Henry Lunt, from Cedar, Iron County, paid us a visit yesterday. He arrived in the city on Tuesday, accompanied by Bro. C. J. Arthur, for Conference, and expects to leave on his return on Monday or Tuesday. He is in good health and spirits, with the exception of a slight cold, caught on the journey, in consequence of the changeable weather. The inflammation is gone out of his eyes, but his sight remains very poor. He feels grateful to his friends in the city and vicinity for their kindness to him last summer, and would be glad to visit them all, would time permit. On his journey to the city, he attended meetings at Greenville and Nephi, and also a priesthood meeting at American Fork. On the way he found all the people interested and anxious over the United Order, which was generally received in good faith that it would be a great blessing in uniting the people and bettering their financial condition. Most of the people had joined it in Cedar, and the brethren were at work with twenty-five teams, putting in grain. The Spring was unusually late, but the prospects were particularly good for a great harvest of fruit and grain. There were indication of abundance of water in the Southern country, more than for years past. The Cedar cattle had wintered well, few had died. In Millard county and on the Sevier a good many have been lost. Bro. Lunt visited the Cedar sheep-herd a few days before he left. The herd is separated into small flocks, and the ewes were lambing very freely, mostly bringing twins. Of the six Cotswold bucks, purchased of Pres. B. Young last Summer, three were eaten by bears, but the progeny of the other three were very fine, and could be easily distinguished at a glance.

Glass.—The following about glass was handed in yesterday:

"SALT LAKE CITY,

May 6, 1874.

"*Editor Deseret News:*

"Just about this time we hear a great deal about home manufacture, and I understand that extensive preparations are making for the production of iron. This is undoubtedly a step in the right direction, as this industry forms the basis of nearly all other manufactures; but there is still another

enterprise which might perhaps be successfully inaugurated in this territory—the manufacture of glass. Its uses are multifarious and it has become an almost indispensable article in all civilized communities, and the manufacturer would have the benefit of a high freight tariff in his favor. Now I, for one, would like to see some of our capitalists enter into this business, and feel satisfied that, if practicable, it could not fail to prove profitable. Can this be done, and if not, why not?"

"Respectfully, ENQUIRER."

In answer to the question of "Enquirer" as to the feasibility of manufacturing glass in this Territory, we do not see anything that could be consistently urged against it. The constituents of glass are simple and, we believe, can be obtained here in any quantities. Glass is a product derived from the fusion of silica with an alkali to which lime or a metallic oxide is added. The uses to which glass is put by man are so numerous as to be beyond mention. The manufacture of the article is very ancient. Bells of that material, of great beauty, have frequently been found with Egyptian mummies over three thousand years old. The manufacture of glass here would be an incalculable saving to the Territory. It is an article which is in universal use in innumerable forms. Perhaps somebody would like to throw some light on the subject, and the practicability of the successful establishment of this manufacture in Utah.

By Telegraph.

CONGRESSIONAL.

SENATE.

WASHINGTON, D. C., 4.—Wright, from the judiciary committee, reported unfavorably on the bill for the better organization of U. S. District Courts in Louisiana; the report and the bill were placed on the calendar.

The House having returned the bill appropriating \$90,000 for the relief of the sufferers by the southern inundations, the vote passing it was reconsidered, and Pease moved an amendment making an appropriation of two hundred and fifty thousand; referred to the committee on appropriations.

WASHINGTON, 5.—The committee on appropriations reported back the bill appropriating \$90,000 for the sufferers by the overflow in Louisiana and Mississippi, with an additional section appropriating an additional \$60,000 for the issue of temporary supplies of food and clothing.

Edmunds moved an amendment limiting the operation of the law to the 1st of September.

Alcorn urged the necessity of care in the distribution, as the negroes were already refusing to work, saying that the U. S. was going to feed and clothe them. The Secretary of War should have the exclusive control of the fund. He declared that the cause of the overflow was the defective state of the levees, and he argued that the best means of relief would be for the U. S. to take control of the levees, and hire poor people to work and repair them properly, so as to prevent a recurrence of such disasters.

After further debate, Sargent moved to re-commit the bill, which was agreed to, which pointed Tipton's remark that the discussion had already been so prolonged that the sufferers must be dead, and the appropriation had better be for the funeral expenses.

HOUSE.

WASHINGTON, D. C., 4.—Magginis introduced a bill to establish an assay office at Helena, Montana; passed.

McKee, from the committee on territories, obtained leave to report, for action on the 21st of May, a bill for the admission of New Mexico as a State.

Forest, of R. I., introduced a bill extending to Indians the penalties to provide against the liquor traffic among Indians; passed.

WASHINGTON, 5.—A bill passed permitting railroad companies having land grants, to select other lands in lieu of those included in their grants held by actual settlers under the pre-emption laws, and where the entry was filed previous to the grant.