The Evening paper is the paper of Today, the morning paper is the paper of Yesterday.

DESERET EVENING NEWS.

5 O'clock EDITION.

TRUTH AND LIBERTY.

NO. 270. WEDNESDAY, OCTOBER 10, 1894. SALT LAKE CITY, UTAH. VOL. XXVII.

FELL WITH A CRASH.

Seven Story Building in New York Blown Down by a Gale.

TWO FAMILIES IN THE RUINS.

Several Persons Taken Out Dead While Many Others Are More or Less Severely Injured.

NEW YORK, Oct. 10.—At 7:30 o'clock this morning a seven story building in course of erection at 74 Monroe street, was blown down by a gale. It crashed through a tenement building, No. 72, where two families with four children lived. They were buried in the ruins. So far three have been taken out dead and nine badly injured. Only one dead body has been identified. It is that of Bertha Krause, aged 30. The other bodies are of a man and a boy. Workmen are still digging at the ruins. The building that fell was decorative and frequent complaints have been made about it.

A fourth corpse, that of a woman, has been recovered from the ruins. The body has not been identified.

LIST OF INJURED.

The list of injured thus far recovered is as follows: Geo. Rosenvale, 19 years, both spinal and ear cut; Louis Abrams, 72, left leg broken and many contusions; Dave Krause, 12, cut on the head and body; Fanny Krause, 22, badly cut about the body; Joseph Geary, 14, head crushed and left arm broken; Timothy Doran, cuts and bruises; Bessie Abrams, 40, cut about the head; Lewis J. Abrams, 23, contusions on head and body; Martha Abrams, contusions about the head and body.

The building which fell has been in course of erection for the past months. It was to have been occupied, when completed, as a factory. Ever since the foundation was laid there has been complaints that the structure was a flimsy affair and many had expressed the belief that it would fall before the roof could be put on. The roof had not been completed for hours when the crash came.

There are six persons still missing. Voices coming from beneath the debris can be heard. Four bodies have been recovered. Thirteen persons have been taken from the ruins more or less severely injured.

A LIST OF DEAD.

The list of dead so far as known at noon is as follows: Mrs. Beith Krouse, aged 45; Abraham Krouse, aged 9, her son; Mrs. Jennie Steinman, aged 60; Mr. Steinman, aged 81, her son.

NEW YORK, Oct. 10.—Nine persons are known to have perished by the collapse of the building in Monroe street. These names, added to the list already given, are: L. L. Abrahams, aged 67; Mrs. Beith Abrahams, aged 40, the wife of A. H. Abrahams; aged 45; Solomon Krouse, aged 21; two more bodies have been sighted. These are probably the bodies of Rose Abrahams, age 19, and Eli Abrahams, aged 7, children of L. L. Abrahams.

SEVERELY SHAKEN UP.

A Train Runs off a Broken Switch, But No One Seriously Injured.

CHICAGO, Oct. 10.—Three hundred Illinois Central passengers on the Illinois Central Railroad were badly frightened and given a severe shaking up at the foot of Congress street last night when the train leaving the Randolph street station for South Chicago ran off a broken switch. Mrs. Ziwell, whose residence could not be learned, was the only person injured. Many of the passengers received minor bruises and several women fainted away in the shock of the suddenly stopped train.

That the accident did not result more seriously was probably due to the fact that the train had just stopped at the Van Buren street station and had not gained great headway when the defective switch was reached.

Suit to Set Aside a Deed.

DETROIT, Oct. 10.—Wm. D. Tromley, nephew of the murdered Broome Point recluse, filed suit here to-day to recover a large estate, twenty acres and money to secure the estate, while of a deed which, he says, John A. Sells secured by misrepresentation.

Dr. Holmes's Suicide Thought.

BOSTON, Oct. 10.—A small gathering of loving friends, and a few words of impressive support from the lips of his life-long co-worker, Edward Everett Hale, were the simple rites over the body of Dr. Wendell Holmes at Kings chapel this afternoon. The Bohemian club of San Francisco sent a large basket of white chrysanthemums with membership badge. The pall bearers were all members of the family.

Much Damage by a Cyclone.

PENSACOLA, Fla., Oct. 9.—The tropical hurricane that has been in the gulf for some days, struck this city Saturday night. It increased in force as morning approached, and all day yesterday it raged with terrible fury. Falling roofs made it dangerous to appear on the streets, and business was practically suspended. Several barks dragged their anchors and other vessels either ashore or were capsized. One house was blown down, and the wharf was swept away and the supply-house swamped and sunk.

In the city much damage was done. Twenty, three and small cottages were blown down. A part of the roof was torn off the opera house. The entire roof of the large Blount & Wolfe building was carried away and all the stores and offices in it were flooded by water. A part of the roof of Lacy & McClintock's machine shops were blown into the bay. The colored United Baptist church was blown down. So far as learned no one was killed. The storm ceased at midnight.

Trolleys to Chicago.

LONDON, Oct. 10.—The Standard publishes a letter from Paris, stating that Li Hung Chang's nephew, Li Chior Chue Chea the Tsung, and Wah Yeon, another officer, are charged with selling 200,000 pounds of Chinese rice to Japan in the early part of the year. The rice was sent out of the country by means of coolies, the passes which were obtained under the pretense that the rice was for the use of the famine stricken in China. The letters say the rice sold for the enrichment of the men as traitors.

The Japanese Progressing.

LONDON, Oct. 10.—A dispatch from Shanghai says it is stated on good authority that a force force of Japanese have been landed near New Chwang, the gulf of Liao Tung, and the capture of that place within a few days is inevitable.

Customs Receipts of Chile.

VALPARAISO, Chile, Oct. 10.—The steamer which arrived from Europe last night brought 100,000 pounds for the revenue bank. The customs returns at Valparaiso last month were $967,000. This exceeds by $90,000 the revenue of the same month last year. Ipique showed $2,100,000, chiefly exports duty on nitrate; Tocopa, $525,000. The returns from all sources forward to the republic show gains over the same month in 1893. The nitrate sale in October 15 companies thirty-one works and twelve lines of stamps.

The Anglo-Chilean claims tribunal will open October 20 to settle the claims arising from the late revolution. The British minister has already presented a claim for $3,000,000 pounds. The great nitrate case arrived here on a fleet of sailing in return for that of the steamship of Santiago made in the month of June early this year.

Booth's Reception in America.

NEW YORK, Oct. 10.—Commander Ballington Booth, of the Salvation Army, in an interview on the coming visit of his father, General William Booth, said that he would be received on his long tour through America as few distinguished men are.

"At the opening of the meetings in Union Square, Monday, October 22," he said, "I am going to try to get Mayor Gilroy to introduce General Booth. At Carnegie Music Hall the same evening there are audiences of 3,000 people, 2,000 of whom will be delegates from the Salvation Army, the Rev. Dr. Brothers, the leading Congregationalist minister, will preside. An address on behalf of the clergy of New York, probably about one thousand, and Mrs. Booth and I will present an address on behalf of the Salvation Army.

"In Association Hall, Oct. 23, about 1,500 of the cream of New York society will be present. The Rev. Joseph Strong, president of the Evangelical Alliance, and the author of the New Era and Our Country, will preside. Tuesday night in Carnegie Music Hall, there will be a great meeting in honor of Social Purity, at which addresses will be made by Chauncey M. Depew and Governor Flower.

"On the trip through the country General Booth will be introduced at Philadelphia by John Wanamaker in the Academy of Music, in the Convention hall at Washington by J. W. Strong, of the Federal square opera house, at Music hall in Baltimore by the mayor; at the Auditorium in Chicago by Senator Jonn M. Palmer; at the Exposition building at Minneapolis by Knute Nelson, governor of Minnesota; at Exposition building in St. Louis by the mayor of St. Louis; in the capitol at Springfield, Ill., by Gov. John P. Altgeld; at the Auditorium in Kansas City by the mayor and Governor Francis.

SAVED BY TEARS.

Elopement, Marriage, Arrest and Forgiveness.

JACKSONVILLE, Ill., Oct. 10.—Edward Watkins, of Modesto, came here last night to elope with Miss Mae Wright, 19-year old daughter of Judge Robinson, and the couple were married just in time to smile at the father, who had telegraphed ahead of his coming, but who did not arrive soon enough to stop the ceremony. Tears, threats and were had upbraiding by the father, who charged Watkins with abduction and had the young man arrested in spite of the tears and entreaties of the fair bride. The justice feared the consequences and taking bonds of $500 Watkins thought he could secure consolation by going to Morgan'ville, some ten or twelve miles away. Thither he went in custody of an officer, but which returned the same evening. He had done the work; the suit was dismissed and the young couple were three to one.

THE CLOAK MAKERS' STRIKE.

Three Hundred Shops Affected—A Move Against Piece Work.

NEW YORK, Oct. 10.—The general strike of the cloakmakers' union ordered by a general vote of the union, promises to be more extensive than was at first thought. The orders who belong to the United Cloak and Suit Cutters' union, numbering 1,000, will go out tomorrow and the week, it is believed, will prove the limit.

The strike was originally intended to be a sympathetic one in support of the strikes in the wholesale houses of Julius Stern & Co., N. Ottenberg & Co., A. Bulle & Co., and Bullard, Philadelphia. Work is at a little standstill in these shops pending the outcome of the strike. Committees were sent around early to cover the strikers. The 2,000 men in Greer, Jonasen & Co.'s factory were among the first to go out.

Among the larger firms where the manufacture coats be halted, it was said that 1,500 struck in Samuel Oppenheimer's and 1,000 in Popkin & Co.'s place in Grand street. About 500 shops in all were affected, including the most prominent cloakers. A force of 300 pickers was distributed in the vicinity of the shops.

The men strikers met last night in the tabernacle in New Irving hall, while they were addressed by Joseph Barondess and others. Barondess was reported as saying that if he had been a conqueror, the men passing around to cease his name.

"Now," he said, "I want to warn you not to go near the jobbers. The jobbers will try to get you to work. The manufacturers are conspiring against you. We must do away with the piece-work system."

The girl cloakmakers held a meeting of their own. Barondess expected at this meeting at a late hour, and the girls went wild over him, standing on chairs, waving handkerchiefs and shouting hysterically. Barondess made a short speech assuring them that they would win, and then hurried out. The sensation caused by his appearance broke up the meeting. The girls would listen to no one else after waards.

DAMAGE BY STORM.

Wind and Water Unite in the Work of Destruction.

MANY STEAMERS DISTRESSED AT SEA

Vessels Driven Ashore, Houses Unroofed and Telegraph Wires Broken by the Gale.

NEW YORK, Oct. 10.—The storm which broke shortly after midnight has done great damage on sea and land. The tracks on the New Jersey Southern railroad between Seabright and Highland Beach, N. J., are covered with sand washed upon them by the waves. The fishing smack Lottie, driven ashore at Highland Beach, is a total loss. The crew were taken off by the life saving crew.

A steamship, apparently in distress, was sighted soon after daylight at another point distance off Long Branch. While the sea was running so high no effort was made to establish communication between the steamship and shore. The steamship does not seem to be immediate danger. In Seabright and vicinity tallihgs were uprooted.

At Long Island city a big iron tank belonging to the East River Gas company was blown down in Willis Avenue of the foundation. The tank was 50 feet high and 165 feet wide. The wires were all blown down and small trees along the shore from Long Beach city to Hewers Beach were broken and thrown upon the beach.

The baby wave of the Brooklyn railroad at Nolte Beach were broken and the tracks are now being built. The ferry near Harewell, of sixty-seven and about forty was disabled on account of the ship at Long Island city. The new engine house at the corner of Rockway and Flushing Avenue was blown down. An unusually high tide caused the sea at Staten Island, doing considerable damage to small yachts.

In Jersey city three houses were blown by coming in contact with the wires. Many smaller trees were uprooted. The only steamer that ventured outside this morning was the Hamilton, from Rio de Janeiro, and Pernambuco, from Berlin. The Vesuvius today are Alcedi from Naples, Hawaiian Hermes, Kompeir Frederick Wilhelm, from Naples, Middle from Lisbon, Scandia from Hamburg, state of Nebraska from Glasgow, Willehad, from Bremen. Several steamers from eastern and western Indian ports due today are no doubt receiving the full force of the gale. They are the Caribbee, from Rotterdam, Elmer from New Orleans, Nieve, from Gravesend, and Yucatan from Havana.

Off Bellhaven, near Greenwich, Conn., the yacht Vanda is ashore, with every prospect of becoming a complete wreck. At Ringlewood a falling chimney killed Miss Mary Kerr, 19 years of age. The tug Bell McWilliams, having in tow seven barges loaded with coal at Lloyd's harbor, L. I., were all driven ashore. Four persons known to be in the boats are missing. About 8 a.m. an unknown schooner was seen off White Stone, Long Island, going before the wind in the direction of New York, her foremast gone and most of her lower sails torn away.

Advices from Brazil.

RIO JANEIRO, Oct. 10.—As the senate failed to confirm Senator Baraula Ribeiro for justice of the supreme court the president has sent in the name of Senator Americo Braglia e, ex-president of the state of Sao Paulo.

Admiral Mauritz presides over the court called to investigate the conduct of Admirals Mello and Da Gama in connection with the recent revolution. At the request of President Peixoto Senator Prudente will settle all the difficulties with Portugal before he retire.

The capital of the state of Rio de Janeiro, has been changed from Nictheroy to Petropolis.

The Argentine's government has proclaimed November 12th next, the anniversary of the discovery of America, as a public holiday and will have a big naval review.

Assault Followed by Murder.

ST. CHARLES, Mo., Oct. 10.—Dora Woods committed a criminal assault upon Emma Collier yesterday evening. Robert Collier states out to avenge the wrong done his sister. In the battle with guns thirteen, Collier was fatally wounded. The girl is also dying of her injuries. Woods is in jail here with every prospect of lynching.

SECEIVER APPOINTED.

The American Debenture Company Unable to Meet its Obligations.

CHICAGO, Oct. 9.—Elias Summerfield was appointed receiver of the American Debenture company today, at the request of the stockholders and directors. The obligations of the company are said to be $15,000,000 (?) and its holding stock are considerably larger than that sum. The bill for a receiver was filed by C. D. Turney, J. L. Parrott and C. S. Lashly, of New Jersey, and A. G. Black and F. Trimingham, of New York, and recites that the company was formed for the establishment and operation of hotels, spritings, gas works, promoting railroads and dealing in stocks, bonds and securities. Large interests have been acquired and the depression of business has caused sharp declines in the market values of the holdings. For this reason the company is unable to meet its obligations.

The company was an adjunct of Griffin & Stanton, a bond concern of New York.

Well Known Sportsman Dead.

LONDON, Oct. 10.—Sir John Astley, the well known sportsman, is dead. He will be remembered in the United States as the giver of the famous Astley prize so much coveted during the reign of long distance pedestrian contests.

Strongest Defense the Tariff.

LINCOLN, Ills., Oct. 10.—In point of numbers the demonstration of the Democracy of Logan county here today is reported to be the largest ever held in Central Illinois, and was in every respect a most enthusiastic and successful affair. The day was ideal and the weather was perfect. The day was cool and chilly, with light showers. Stevenson held a reception from 10 until 12 o'clock. An outdoor meeting arranged for a late hour could not be held and a hall secured in which Stevenson made a speech in defense of the tariff till he passed, although he believed he would gladly have given a decided vote in favor of the bill as it passed the House, had an opportunity presented itself.

FATHER MATHEW'S BIRTHDAY.

A Great Temperance Parade and Rare Service in Chicago.

CHICAGO, Oct. 10.—The birth of Father Mathew, the apostle of temperance, was celebrated today with a show, was 10,000 people participate in which a parade, Pontifical mass, Catholic high mass, special sermons, children's sermons, and personal and private observances. Temples and similar orders were in the procession, which was led by Governor Altgeld, Mayor Hopkins and other notables. The service was preliminary to a mass meeting at the Auditorium with Bishop Watterson, of Columbus, Ohio, as chief orator. The committee received the following reply from Mr. Cleveland: "I am pleased to hear that my recent discussion has produced so happy an effect. It is a matter of deep regret that so many Catholics are engaged in the saloon traffic, which, by its nature, is the cause of so much harm to our brother man and a reproach to our non-Catholic brethren. Family vacation and other causes will prevent my attendance, if not otherwise, and the course of reputation be received from the Catholics of America, I remain, yours very sincerely in Christ."

Gigantic Coal Combine.

VICTORIA, B. C., Oct. 10.—The gigantic coal combine which has been in process of organization for some time past between the Dunsmuirs and others on the main, the New Vancouver Coal company of Nanaimo, is reported to have been consummated. For a long time both sides have felt the fight between them was simply a waste of energy and money, so that when the owners of a rival line branched the Dunsmuirs and their friends sold in to unify the coal, by which the whole coal trade of British Columbia could be brought under control at what will be practically a huge monopoly, capable of freezing out all competitors on the coast. The output of the mines at Wellington and Nanaimo is to be limited, it is announced, so that the price of fuel can be raised.

Coal now stands at $7 a ton in Victoria, only eighty miles from the mines, and any rise would be a great hardship. Steam coal is said to go all around as soon as the combine is secured and the entire Pacific coast will feel the effect within three months. It is reported that Lord Strathcona's recent visit here had something to do with the further development of the combination, he being the heaviest stockholder in the Puget Sound mines, which are believed to be ready and willing to enter into the ring.

The result of any further curtailment of the output will cause distress among the miners, as the work at present just enables them to keep soul and body together.

Still Blowing a Gale.

CAPE MAY, N. J., Oct. 10.—The severe gale which struck this city last night continued until daylight. The sea is running high and the tide has not completely submerged the meadows. Many vessels are in sight on the beach, riding heavily to the trough of the sea. The life saving crews cannot launch boats to make even an attempt to board the vessels. The wind has shifted to the north-west, but is still blowing a gale.

New York Stock Exchange.

NEW YORK, Oct. 10.—Speculation has been very quiet this morning, with sugar easily leading in point of activity. It moved up ⅛ to 85, but subsequently brought ⅛ sugar, preferred, advance ⅛.

With the exception of speculation in sugar, trading is without feature. Sugar gained ⅛ per cent, bringing it up ⅛ from yesterday's closing figures.

Crowds Anxious to Hear McKinley.

PEORIA, Ill., Oct. 10.—Crowds gathered at the stations all along the Rock Island road to see and hear Governor McKinley. Speeches were made at Joliet, Morris, Seneca, Ottawa, Utica, Lasalle, Peru, Spring Valley, Bureau Junction, Henry, Stratton, Chillicothe, Kickapoo and Peoria. At Ottawa Governor McKinley spoke with especial reference to the effect of a protective tariff upon the wages of railroad employes.

He said: "We cannot get along without each other. Our industrial policy which promotes the prosperity of a great number will bring the best rewards to all people in whatever occupation they may be engaged."

People greet Governor McKinley as overalls. He was escorted to the lakeside, where he addressed an audience of several thousand.

At 2:30 the trip to Springfield was resumed.

Convention of Bankers.

BALTIMORE, Oct. 10.—The twentieth annual convention of the American Association of Bankers convened at Hoyt's opera house at 10:30. Every delegate of the Union is represented. Secretary Gross says the records show for $150,000,000 would be coined.

Addresses of welcome were made by John P. Poe and Robert Pearl, chairman of the Baltimore clearing house.

American Board of Foreign Missions.

MADISON, Wis., Oct. 10.—The American board of foreign missions opened its annual meeting here this afternoon. About 1,000 delegates are in the city and more will come by later trains. President C. K. Adams, of the state university, delivered the address of welcome, to which Richard Storrs, of Brooklyn, N. Y., made response.

Miss Gilmore Wedded.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Oct. 10.—The wedding of Miss Susie J. Filmore, of Washington, great niece of the late President Millard Filmore, and Mr. Amy Arthur Camp, of New York, took place at Brookland, D. C., today.

LAURENCE GRONLUND

The Socialist Writer and Lecturer in the City.

SAYS HIMSELF A COLLECTIVIST.

The Distinction to Be Made Between Socialists, Communists and Socialists or Collectivists.

Laurence Gronlund is in Salt Lake for a stay of a week or more, and intends to disseminate his views in the whole of socialism, or as he terms his special view of the socialistic idea, collectivism. He will also deliver lectures on Populism, for he is an ardent partisan of the People's or Populist party, which he believes is destined to a great deal in solving the going questions of the day.

economic problem, about fifty years of

Mr. Gronlund is by birth, but has lived in a Dominion since he was arrived in the United States a boy, and spent a small boy. He emphasizes to the political positions of Canada, being to East, the last of that alien Washington, the other turned at Washington, under the present labor commissioner Carroll D. Wright. In the West in Illinois, Mr. Gronlund is known only by his books, the most notable which are the three devoted to socialism: The Cooperative Commonwealth, which deals with the economic view; Our Destiny, which discusses socialistic principles from an ethical standpoint, and Danton in the French Revolution, which treats of the historic aspect of the question. Regarding the first named book, Count Tolstoi, the Russian, wrote to Mr. Gronlund as follows:

TOULA, Tsarsya Polnaya.

Dear Sir—I received your book, "Our Destiny," several months ago, and have finished you for it honor, but I known your address. I read it through with more than great interest. I quite agree with your two main points: (1) That the society must be the tools of progress, and (2) that morality is the only which is or an effect to promote organic society of society, as you term it, the kingdom of God on earth, as I express the same thing.

The book made such an impression on me, that I wished to be translated in Russian, and sent it to a friend of mine for that purpose. I quite endorse the opinion of the Revue d'Economie Politique that it is quite new and more nice aspect of socialism.

If my opinion of your book can be of any use to you, I quite unconditionally say that I highly appreciate your book, the ideas expressed in it, and the expression of them.

Yours truly,

LEO TOLSTOI.

During the labor congress at the World's Fair, one of the days was occupied by Professor Ely, Mr. Gronlund and Henry George, in the order named. Mr. Gronlund has had introduced as one of the text books for the political economy classes in the University at Ann Arbor the book on The Cooperative Commonwealth.

Speaking of anarchism, communism and socialism, he said today: "Anarchism is the destruction of all government, which is as far from my idea of right as it is possible to go. The anarchists and collectivists or socialists are as far apart as the poles. As an idea of what the anarchists think of us, here is an extract from Johann Most's paper, in which he says of us that we are the time or revolution comes, we will be responsible—that is, assassinated as so many were to the French revolution. Neither are we communists, for these believe in community of all property, while we believe only in community of capital, and private ownership in property for private use. As collectivists we do not approve of the violent methods of the European socialists. We want the greatest amount of all capital by the government, in a peaceable manner.

"We are satisfied to work with the Populists, or with Henry George, or with those who advocate government ownership of railroads, for they are all in the same line with us, though we go much further. We would say government ownership of railways, banks, telegraph lines, factories, mills, workshops and all industries; also government ownership of land, the tools of capital. The government would be the employer, the people the employed, and there would be no conflict of interest, but all would work as a cooperative commonwealth, with a mutual interest. We would have this brought about by gradual means, so as to cause as little disturbance in society.

"We also would preserve private property rights to personal property which did not enter into the conduction of public business. For instance, if a family has a cow, and they use all the milk and butter, the animal is left in private ownership, but if the milk is sold, then that which is put up for sale becomes the government property to dispose of. In other words, the government handles all the business affairs.

"I am with the People's or Populist party in their demand for nationalization of railways, banking and telegraph. As to their request for an increased supply of money, that is indifferent. Their contention for the abolition of Bank Counter as real early wrong. I contend that this Association Government, the tool, will lead us quickest to our predestined goal. It teaches that private management of capital, or private enterprise, is injurious to society. Take silver: private enterprise has controlled the national wealth into a position of nothing, before. Suppose the government had control of it, should we have had our silver demonetized? Would the nation not actually have been far better off if silver had never been found within our borders? The mine owners their have to get rid increased the output of silver from Colorado in ten years from $3,000,000 to $35,000,000 a year, and lowered its value by flooding the world with silver. I want a government banking system, which would do away with any such trouble. The time teaches that private enterprise should give government ownership of all enterprise should take its place. There would be some preparatory work to be undertaken, nationalization of railroads, etc., are government banking laws and similar. Today these ideas are the essential tools for the modern political party."

Mr. Gronlund spoke twice in Tabernacle hall, and tomorrow begins a series of five lectures at the Central theater on Collectivism.

Gilbert Amos and Wife.

Testimony was taken in Judge Merritt's court today in the suit of Gilbert H. Amos vs Mar'ha E. Amos, in which the husband sues for a divorce on the ground of cruelty. The case is an exceptional one. The parties were married in this city on January 19, 1888, and 20. Amos stated that for more than two years past his wife had refused to submit with him, that she has neglected him in sickness and utterly failed to perform her household duties. He likewise said that she has deliberately stated to his acquaintance of other men at dances, dinner and places, and threatened to kill him. She has, by her conduct, he said, led him to believe that she desires to "put him out of the way," thereby placed his life in jeopardy. Amos also proved his income. There are two children, aged four and eight years, and he asked that their custody be made regarding their custody and the disposition of the property of the parties as the court may seem just and equitable.

Judge Merritt declined to decide the case today, but took it under advisement.

Criminal Calendar.

James Mooney, tried Saturday afternoon on a charge of stealing a dark green mare belonging to Fred Bitner, trial in county, has been acquitted, acquaintance Tells, charges with

Jim Gallin whose case the jury acquitted, also in agree, has been repeatedly it own complainants, on Saturday afternoon, pending a motion of the prosecution.

recorder for selected, Lyndsey, who

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MURRAY MURDER.

Charles Thiele is Accused of Taking His Wife's Life.

THE EMPANELING OF A JURY.

Thiele Will Contest Back Time—Today's Proceedings in Court in the Judge by the Bribes.

Charles Thiele, the Murray saloonkeeper, after lying in jail for upwards of five months, was placed upon trial for his life in Judge Hart's division of the Third district court this morning. The case has been indicted for the willful murder of his wife, Mary Thiele, at their home at Murray, on April 20th of the present year, by cutting her throat.

Thiele was brought up from the county jail by a deputy sheriff shortly before 10 o'clock. He wore a dark suit of clothes and appeared to have recovered external admiration to his general appearance, which has undergone a great change for the better since the time of his arrest. Thiele has the reputation of having been a hard drinker in his time, and he lacks five or six months of having to surrender his liberty in the county jail the worst months, and those who formerly knew the man would now at first glance hardly recognize him as the same person. Thiele sealed hour between his counsel, Judge A. N. Cherry and Mr. James Cherry, of the law firm of Cherry and Cherry, and, when listening closely to all the necessary preliminaries that went forward during the morning, he did not seem in any way to realize the serious charge now hanging over his head.

The prosecution is in the hands of Assistant District Attorney Howat, and both sides have been working most assiduously on the case for several weeks past. While Judge Hart, will not, of course, leave a stone unturned to secure a favorable verdict, it is certain that they will Meets. Under the mountaining defense put forward a mass of all the best talent and thereby are hopeful selection of a jury of the client.

It is expected that the jury will be a jury in Tulele [illegible] no more long and tedious business; but than progress is made with the [illegible] was the case this forenoon, the first bitter are that the final result will begin before a late hour tomorrow, and the hearing will, it is anticipated, occupy fully one week. This means a Sunday for the jury in charge of the court outside.

[illegible] the ordinary panel of jurors for the September term, a selection will be made from the following special venire:

C. S. Farnsworth, John H. Hamilton, Chas. Sumnal, J. R. Decker, C. H. Dacus, B. K. Hilstok, Joseph Smith, J. W. Cundell, W. Gidinger, C. H. Wanless, Thos. A. Dandee, Rent, L. Anderson, Dave Leibetter, Jas. A. Brown, R. S. Young, S. D. Coldtrem, S. H. Tolle, Salt Lake City.

W. E. Way, Opdyke.

A. R. Potter, W. R. Parkin, Hyrum Pace, Joseph Smith, W. H. Streeper, Centerville.

Jos. Stringham, C. H. Hampton, James Day, D. O. Wells Jr., D. S. Sinkler, W. H. Parkins, Bountiful.

Thomas Holmes, Wm. Moss, J. W. Parkins, Woods Cross.

S. S. Worthington, Grantsville.

L. A. Steed, T. B. Clark, J. H. Robinson, D. A. Saunders, W. O. Mayhew, Tooele.

W. H. Harrow vs L. C. Crossman, Attorney C. W. Talbot withdrew as counsel for defendant; also in the cases of L. C. Crossman vs Mrs. R. M. Brown and Edward Horne vs C. W. Venice et al.

John Alberger et al vs F. E. McClain et al. Order made staying all proceedings for ten days.

J. H. Bacon vs Geo. E. Hale. Order setting Saturday, October 13th, to hear motion to dismiss.

State Bank of Utah et al vs Patrick Ryan et al. Petition for order instructing the receiver to pay claims of the banks out of the funds in hand deposited. By consent of the parties the court appointed Attorney H. E. Booth special master to investigate as to the claims of the several banks holding notes, the claim of Jno. T. Rich, late trustee, and the requirements of the receiver for present and future expenses, with power to report findings and also what will be an equitable distribution of funds.

Utah Store and Hardware Co. vs Geo. Graves et al. Demurrer to complaint overruled, ten days to answer.

Will Help Bee Owners.

Messrs. Lorenzo & Terry, whose excellent display of honey and working bees at the Fair attracted so much attention from the public, announce that they are willing to give to beekeepers throughout the Territory the benefit of any information acquired in their successful experience. Being practical bee men, this offer is especially valuable to beekeepers in the business. They say that with proper management the honey product may be doubled from the same number of swarms that is now said in Utah. From five swarms this year they gathered 1,500 pounds of the best grade of honey.

Marriage Licenses.

The county clerk issued marriage licenses today to Joseph M. Jepson, 30, and Lillie Wallace, 18, both of Kanab, Kane county, and to Thomas E. Ellis, 22, and Jane Ann Freebairn, 22, both of Salt Lake City.

Election of Officers.

Blake Prophet Joseph H. Felt, of the Y. M. M. I. A., met with the election of the second ward last night, when the following officers were elected for the ensuing year: Franklin Hendricks, president; John J. Peterson, first counselor; Louis Iversen, second counselor. The rest of the officers will be elected at the next meeting, Tuesday night.

Judge Merritt's Orders.

Among the cases which came before Chief Justice Merritt today were the following:

Jos. Houngerten vs Wm. R. McCartney et al. Demurrer to complaint sustained.

F. E. McGurrin, trustee, vs Geo. A. Hill. Motion to set aside demurrer overruled and exceptions taken.

W. H. Harrow vs L. C. Crossman. Attorney C. W. Talbot withdrew as counsel for defendant; also in the cases of L. C. Crossman vs Mrs. R. M. Brown and Edward Horne vs C. W. Venice et al.

John Alberger et al vs F. E. McClain et al. Order made staying all proceedings for ten days.

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Utah Store and Hardware Co. vs Geo. Graves et al. Demurrer to complaint overruled, ten days to answer.

Brocky Lightfoot's Break.

Brocky Lightfoot, the turbulent darkey who is nearly always in trouble, increased his woes this morning by assaulting a fellow prisoner named Jones. He was taken before Justice Smith and sentenced to thirty days' imprisonment for the offense.

Forgery Alleged.

A smooth stranger has been preying the town the last week or ten days. Hotel men and others are the losers to a considerable amount in consequence thereof. It is reported, too, that Walter Rice, cashed a $2,000 bill at Cohen for him yesterday afternoon. The police have been working on the case all night and today, but have not yet situation has an inlet.