THE SCHOOL ELECTION.

Partisanship Developing and Will It Creep Into the Primaries?

Interest in the approaching school election is increasing daily and the question is now being seriously discussed. The Republican city committee met last evening in the office of Judge C. W. Bennett to consider whether or not it was best to make a partisan issue and nominate party candidates from each of the three legal wards or to allow the matter to deal with the matter without reference to politics. The result of the meeting was that the question was referred to the precinct committees to act in the matter in their own districts as their wisdom shall direct.

As yet the Democratic city committee has held no meeting to take action concerning the preliminaries to the election and inquiry among some of its members bring out the information that probably none would be held. Neither have the precinct committees of that party met and up to this afternoon no steps had been taken to call them together in an individual or collective capacity.

There appears to be a pronounced effort on the part of certain politicians to force partisanship in the coming school election. But the movement will undoubtedly be opposed to the views held by careful and conservative citizens, who would very much prefer seeing the efficiency of the schools impaired by the introduction of politics into them.

Appropriations.

The county court has been in session a portion of this forenoon examining and passing upon a number of claims left over from the previous meeting.

TWO RIVAL HOUSEHOLDERS.

The Le Grandes and the Duvals Keep Up the Tug of War.

The Le Grandes and the Duvals are having a great time in the courts. Both "houses" hail from the delightful region of Franklin avenue, and as the ladies have had a partial tussle, the gentlemen thought it time they took a turn at the wrangle. It will be remembered that a few days ago "Madame" Lizzie Duval caused the arrest of "Madame" Le Grande on a charge of disturbing the serenity of her household, by indulging in the use of very sad and naughty language. Commissioner McNulty investigated the case and fined the offender, who thereupon swore out a similar complaint against Lizzie, and she was arrested the same afternoon, but released on bonds. That matter will be investigated tomorrow.

Out of all this Messrs. Joe Duval and Edward Le Grande founded a case. Joe is the complainant. He alleges that Edward struck him with an iron bar over the head, badly damaging that part of his anatomy, and hence a charge of assault with a deadly weapon. At four o'clock this afternoon Commissioner McNulty will be called upon to say who is to fault. Meanwhile the Court begins to wonder when and where all this family trouble will end.

Met and Adjourned.

The members of the Utah commission met at 11 o'clock today but transacted no business. After several matters had been talked over informally an adjournment was taken until Friday at 11, at which time the election canvass will probably be named.

THE CITIZENS' MASS MEETING.

A Part of the Program of the Big Gathering at the Theater Tomorrow Night.

Extensive preparations are being made for the big mass meeting of citizens at the Theater tomorrow night. All classes having the welfare of this fair city at heart are expected and accommodated to turn out and make the affair memorable and successful.

Hon. George Q. Cannon will be chairman of the meeting and regular speakers have been announced as follows: Hon. Heber J. Grant, Judge C. C. Goodwin, Thomas R. Cutler and Captain Rowe. After these gentlemen have spoken discussion and suggestions will be taken from citizens occupying seats in the body of the house. It will be a meeting of the people and all who have ideas to offer will be given an opportunity to present them. The purpose is to make the occasion a glorious one for home industry.

During the afternoon Hess's military band will parade the streets and arouse enthusiasm on the question and in the evening that splendid musical organization will be reinforced by the great Barnhisler band.

The call for the meeting and the objects thereof are set forth in the following note, which was published in the NEWS on Saturday:

To the Public—The election is over, and it is now high time for us to make a united effort to promote general prosperity.

Our great sugar industry is engaged in an unequal struggle with a mighty trust which seeks to rob it out of existence. The Utah Sugar trust is exceedingly anxious to a quarter of a million dollars. This money belongs to us, our laborers and laborers, and the schools of our territory fall. We are paying annually in this city nearly 100,000 for lard, enough great cotton mills are within our borders. Utah is standing at the door of Statehood. The change from the Territorial to the State form of government will have a pronounced effect upon our business interests, in this, at least. The trust seeks from open to the alien land law, which now prohibits the investment of foreign capital in the Territories. This it will enable trust and monopoly companies now endeavored by the sense of their charters from investing in the Territory, to place their tools in Utah.

That it will tolerate no interest here of Hessians who are preparing against the territorial form of government have caused their eyes to the opportunities here offered, and

This it will induce a large emigration of people who will be attracted here by the promise of prosperity which always comes to a newer, Territory, in contrast to stagnation for work. In the people meet this opportunity to assist the restoration of Salt Lake's destiny. We have been working too much at cross purposes and too little with the unanimity which is resistless. The Chamber of Commerce takes initiative and invites all parties interested in more of whatever nationality to meet at the Salt Lake Theater in mass meeting on Thursday, the 15th day of November, 1894, at 7:30 p. m., to discuss ways and means to protect and foster our industries to ensure to us cheaper rates for fuel and to promote general interest in advancing our prosperity by whatever means the wisdom may lead to them. In this meeting is a great event in our history. Good speakers will be in attendance, and everybody will have a chance to express opinions and offer suggestions.

J. H. BANON,
A. H. CANNON,
HENRY G. WEBER,
R. H. SHARP,
E. F. CLOSSON,
Committee on Arrangements.

Land Office.

The following filings were made in the land office under date of Nov. 14th:

Palmer H. McBride, of Heber City, homestead final proof of the northwest quarter of section 17, township 4 south, range 5 east.

Malcolm F. Woods, of Alpine, homestead final of the southwest quarter of the northwest quarter of section 23, and south half of the southwest quarter of section 22, and northwest quarter of the northwest quarter of section 27, township south, range 1 west.

William H. Stoker Meadow, Millard county, homestead entry of the east half of the southwest quarter, and the southwest quarter of the southwest quarter of section 27, and the northwest quarter of the northwest quarter of sec. 34, township 22 south, range 8 west, containing 160 acres.

Amos L. Alexander, of Fillmore, homestead entry of the west half of the northeast quarter, and the east half of the southwest quarter of section 7, township 22 south, range 19 west, containing 160 acres.

Edward Sawyer, of Holden, homestead entry of the southeast quarter of the northwest quarter, and the west half of the southwest quarter of section 4, and the northwest quarter of the northwest quarter of section 9, township 26 south, range 2 west, containing 160 acres.

Ward P. Thompson, of Marysvale, desert entry of the unsurveyed northwest quarter of the northeast quarter of section 31, township 28 south, range 2 west, containing 40 acres.

JOINT SESSION HELD.

County Court, Board of Education and District School Trustees Met.

There was a joint meeting of the county court, board of education and district school trustees of Salt Lake county this afternoon beginning at two o'clock to consider the question of the county disposing of the corner on which the old court house stands for the purpose of having erected thereon a high school to which students from precincts outside of the city could attend free of charge.

The resolution of Selectman Morris, the substance of which was published in last night's NEWS, met with general disfavor, and the proposition of the county desiring to the board of education the property in question, the board to erect thereon a high school at its own expense and allow the county people to attend free of charge perpetually, came up for discussion.

The question arose as to whether the county had the authority to convey the property to the board. County Attorney Murphy did not feel able to decide the matter offhand and asked to have the board's attorneys, Williams and VanCott, associated with him to investigate and report the law in the case.

Mr. Williams was of the opinion that it did not lay within the power of the county officials to lend the land to the board of education as suggested. After further debate the question was referred to the county attorney and the board's attorneys associated. One week from today was the time set for hearing their report.

THE SHAM BATTLE.

It Was a Splendid Affair and Was Witnessed by Hundreds of People.

The sham battle at Fort Douglas this afternoon was as realistic as to divest it of almost every semblance of anything and everything that did not pertain to a genuine contest.

The affray was witnessed by hundreds of people from this city who managed the post street cars for two or three hours. It was a most successful contest and proved that the boys of the Sixteenth can be relied upon to do their work well.

OGDEN.

OGDEN, UTAH, NOV. 14, 1894.

Funeral.

The funeral services over the earthly remains of John W. Bing, formerly policeman at the Union depot, were held in the second ward meeting house. They were conducted by Bishop McQuarrey. The singing by the choir was very impressive. Prayer was offered by Joseph Parry. Elder C. Welch dwelt upon the uncertainty of life and the necessity of preparing for a miserable of existence. Elder T. Dilley spoke of his acquaintance with the deceased from his childhood and exhorted the youth to follow in the footsteps of the good. Bishop Fisher, of Mineville, spoke on the divinity of salvation and the mercy of God to all mankind. Bishop McQuarrie addressed a few words of consolation to the bereaved family. Delegations from three lodges of the A. O. U. W. were present, of which he was a member. The floral tributes were beautiful and elaborate, consisting of a gate ajar surmounted by a white star, a broken wheel, a crown and a harp. The remains were followed to the grave by a large body of mourners, and the cortège numbered one hundred.

A $25,000 Case Decided.

A case involving the ownership of real estate to the value of $25,000 was decided in the Fourth district court in favor of George G. Griffin, defendant, against Lively T. Dyer.

Damage Suit.

The case of Abraham W. Ramsden against the Ogden street railway company occupied the attention of the court and a jury yesterday. This is a suit for $10,000 for injuries received by Abraham, a six-year old boy, on June 15, 1893. He was knocked down by a street car on Washington avenue, resulting in a fracture of skull and other injuries.

PROVO.

PROVO, UTAH, NOV. 14, 1894.

Indictment Set Aside.

After the First district court had resumed yesterday afternoon, Prosecuting Attorney Judd moved to set aside the indictment in the matter of the United States vs. Alma Hague, indicted for making false entries in the books of the First National Bank of Nephi, while he was cashier of that institution.

One of the pleas was a motion to compel the prosecution to elect which count to prosecute, and on a motion to set aside the indictment and one a demurrer to the indictment. Mr. Judd says that the case was set down and set for trial, and he did not anticipate any more motions and demurrers would come in now. If a case was set for trial last Monday but was not called on account of the case not being reached by the calendar, Judge Smith stated that he remembered very clearly, when Mr. Hague present, that it was allowed the attorneys to withdraw the pleas of not guilty, as a false idea, for the purpose of making such motions as they desired.

Arthur Brown, attorney for defendant, expressed that he had not filed the papers yet. He had submitted the motion to the prosecuting attorney so that he might be acquainted with their contents. He would now ask leave to withdraw the pleas, to make such motions as he saw fit.

Mr. Marshall, special counsel for the United States, objected to withdrawing the pleas now, on the reason that Mr. Hague should have taken advantage of the order of the court before.

Prosecuting Attorney Judd called attention to the fact that witnesses had been summoned for the government at a great expense, about $1,000, and he objected to the plea being withdrawn at this time.

Mr. Brown, in reply, stated the question was not one of $1,000 or $10,000 expense to the United States, but one of justice to the United States as well as to the defendant.

Judge Smith allowed the plea to be withdrawn, to hear the motion of the counsel for defendant. Mr. Brown first moved to set aside the indictment for the reason that John W. Paul, the court stenographer, had been permitted to the grand jury room while the case was being considered, contrary to the statute, which provides that none but members of the grand jury, the district attorney and his assistants, interpreters and witnesses shall be present. Prosecuting Attorney Judd admitted that the question brought up by the motion was one of importance by the court, and asked for argument and for consideration for the reason that Mr. Brown could have made this motion before. It further has the clerk read an order from the court appointing Mr. Paul stenographer of the grand and petit juries in the cases against Mr. Hague.

Mr. Brown replied that the order did not apply to the Nephi term of court, when this indictment was found, and argued that under the statutes the admission to the grand jury room of Mr. Paul was an error.

Judge Smith remarked that Prosecuting Attorney Judd had acted under the instructions of the attorney general at Washington and was only a tool.

Mr. Brown stated that if the attorney general had made such an order he was evidently ignorant of our statutes.

As there was a question as to whether Mr. Paul had been in the grand jury room while testimony in this particular case was being taken, the arguments were suspended in order to ascertain this fact, to be confirmed at 3:30 o'clock. At that time the case was again taken up. Prosecuting Attorney Judd stated that in order to set aside the indictment he wanted to say to the court that he did not know of any such arrangement, as claimed by Mr. Brown in regard to the defendant having the right to withdraw his plea.

Judge Marshall said he had examined the minutes taken before the grand jury, and found that Mr. Paul had appeared before the grand jury as a stenographer.

Thereupon Judge Smith made the order to quash the indictment, and also ordered that the case be submitted to the next grand jury.

Mr. Brown then gave notice that he would present a similar motion in the case of the United States vs. Alma Hague, embezzlement, and the People vs. Alma Hague, embezzlement. Both of these indictments were found in Nephi. Counsel for the prosecution were not ready to act on these motions, they will be heard some time this week.

In the case of the United States vs. Alma Hague, embezzlement, for which the indictment was found in Provo last March no such motion will be made. That case is not set for trial this term.

The remainder of the afternoon was devoted to hearing evidence in the case of L. Lucy vs John A. Brown, sheriff, et al, which was argued and submitted.

Following this case was that of Samuel Cattle vs the R. G. W. Ry. Co. Plaintiff, who resides at Salem, sues for $10,000 damages for injuries sustained in April, 1891. He was a passenger on the defendant corporation's train from Provo to Spanish Fork, and as he attempted to leave the train and alight on the platform, the train started up and threw plaintiff to the ground, causing him to sustain severe injuries. Plaintiff claims the wreck was caused by carelessness on the part of the employes of the railroad company. The defendant corporation denies any responsibility for the accident.

OTHER BUSINESS.

In the case of Joseph & Fabian vs Reed & Cropper et al, plaintiff's motion for new trial overruled, and thirty days' stay granted to perfect appeal.

In the case of West Shoks et al vs J. T. Spencer et al, a motion, Saturday the 17th, was set for hearing motion for a new trial and motion to retax costs.

Nearly Completed.

President Moss, of the Salt Lake & Mercur railroad, says in his morning, he states that at the rate of the work he expects the road will be completed to the Mercur mine, as it now running from Fairfield to the Mercur mill.

OBITUARY NOTE.

MARY E. EASTON AND MARY J. BENON.

GREENVILLE, Beaver county, Utah, Nov. 11, 1894—Died of old age and purpura, Mary Minor Easton, wife of the late Bishop Robert Easton, born Sept. 10, 1812, in Scotland, died November 7, 1894.

Also Mary Janet, daughter of John and Mary Benon, born November 20, 1862, died November 7, 1894, of being sister.

Funeral services were held in the Greenville meeting house, Bishop R. S. Mortlock presided. Opening exercises by long remarks were made by Elders J. H. Murdock and H. L. Sorensen, of Beaver, and C. A. Miller and J. N. Morris, of Greenville ward.

Salt Lake Herald, please copy.

HENRY J. N. BENON.

COMMERCIAL.

SALT LAKE CLEARING HOUSE.

Today's exchanges were exceedingly smoothed for $241,27. same day last year, $2,[illegible].

TODAY'S QUOTATIONS.

NEW YORK.—Silver, 67½; lead, $3.10.
London.—Silver, [illegible].

ORE AND BULLION.

T. R. Jones & Co. received today: Bullion, $2,800; ores, $1,000. Total, $3,800.

McCornick & Co. received today: Silver and lead ores, $5,800; Hanover bullion, $3,400. Total, $9,200.

REAL ESTATE.

Transfers filed in the office of the County Recorder of Salt Lake County from 9 a.m. yesterday:

Utah Territory to John H. H. Moriarty, parcel of land in Sec. [illegible] Lake meridian [illegible] $ 40
J. A. Gallagher to William H. Rogers, property in Stephens canyon [illegible]
Jacob Smith et al to Mary A. Wilson, part of lot block 10, Plat A, Salt Lake survey [illegible] 1 00
John Middleton et al to John Connally, lots 10 and 11, block 2, Fairmont [illegible] 100 00
Sharon Allinder to A. L. Condon, lots 3 and 4, block 10, plat D [illegible]
James W. Ferguson et al to Alice M. Ferguson, lot 10 in block 1, Ferguson's [illegible] 1 00
Rudolph Walter to Ida Carrie Kuhn, part of section 11, township 1 south, range 1 west, Salt Lake meridian [illegible] 500 00
Thomas Carter et al to Wilford Fox, parcel of ground [illegible] 1,125 00

STOCKS AND BARGAINS.

NEW YORK STOCKS.

New York, Nov. 14, 1894.

Money	[illegible]	Pacific Mail	[illegible]
Sterling Ex.	[illegible]	Pullman Palace	[illegible]
Pacific 6's	[illegible]	Illinois Central	[illegible]
Adams Express	[illegible]	St. Paul & Omaha	[illegible]
American Express	[illegible]	Western Union	[illegible]
Central Pacific	[illegible]	Chicago Gas	[illegible]
Kansas Pacific	[illegible]	Sugar Refinery	[illegible]
Preferred	[illegible]	Texas Pacific	[illegible]
Northern Pacific	[illegible]	Union Pacific	[illegible]
Preferred	[illegible]	Cotton Oil Trust	[illegible]
Lake Shore	[illegible]	Western Union	[illegible]
North American	[illegible]	Sugar	[illegible]
New York Central	[illegible]		
Chicago, Burlington & Quincy	[illegible]		

CHICAGO STOCKS.

Chicago, Ill., Nov. 14.

Wheat—Nov.	[illegible]	Pork—Nov.	[illegible]
Dec.	[illegible]	Jan.	[illegible]
Corn—Nov.	[illegible]	Lard—Nov.	[illegible]
Dec.	[illegible]	Jan.	[illegible]
Oats—Nov.	[illegible]	Ribs—Nov.	[illegible]
Dec.	[illegible]	Jan.	[illegible]
Rye—[illegible]			

FOUND.

A LOG CHAIN. [illegible] THE BEE HIVE office of Herald [illegible] Main [illegible]

LEWIS' 98 PER CENT LYE
STRONGEST AND PURESTEST
PATENTED
The only lye that will not injure tin pails. Unlike other lyes, it is not a powder, but packed in a can with lever lid, the contents are always ready for use. Half the can, sufficient for soap in 10 minutes without boiling. It is the best lye for softening water, making hard soap, washing bottles, disinfecting sinks, etc.
PENN SALT MFG. CO.
Sole Agents, Phila., Pa.

'The Woman's Era.

Within Her Sphere She Reigns Supreme.

Woman shines her own. Her field widens constantly. Every day brightens her prospects. Her progress foreshadows the greater triumph at hand. Emancipation and equality are her positions in the years to come.

Prophetic of final victory were her achievements at the World's Fair. At her shrine there crested the nations bowed. The lesson taught at the "Woman's Building" will last "till time shall be no more." Their enlightening influence will be felt around the globe throughout the dawning century.

Only less memorable were the honors gained at the Fair by

Dr. Price's Cream Baking Powder

The highest award conferred on this peerless preparation, is a fitting accompaniment of the laurels won by the women of America.

DEATHS.

[illegible]

Dr. Price's Cream Baking Powder
World's Fair Highest Medal and Diploma.

A Handsome Companion
to one of the genuine Dorma [illegible] Dr. Price's Cream Baking Powder given away.

DELINQUENT NOTICE.

Liberty Park Mining Company.

Location of principal place of business, Park City, Utah.

Location of Mine, Dorma Creek, Mining District, Wasatch County, Utah.

NOTICE, THERE ARE DELINQUENT [illegible]

Name.	No. Ass. Over's	No. Ass. Sub's	Amt. Due.
Pierce, George G	24	24	[illegible]
Hatch, O H	12	100	[illegible]
Hatch, O H	12	100	[illegible]
Hatch, O H	12	100	[illegible]
Hatch, O H	12	100	[illegible]
Hatch, O H	12	100	[illegible]
Cox, M W	12	100	[illegible]
Lambert, John A	12	100	[illegible]
Hardy, H H	25	50	[illegible]
Hatch, Ezra N	25	50	[illegible]
Ross, A	100	50	[illegible]
Hatch, O H	12	100	[illegible]
Hatch, O H	12	100	[illegible]
Hatch, O H	12	100	[illegible]
Hatch, O H	12	100	[illegible]
Cannon, T	12	100	[illegible]
Moody, W J	12	100	[illegible]
Grandy, E A	12	100	[illegible]
Grandy, O H	12	100	[illegible]
Johnson, George	12	100	[illegible]
Johnson, George	12	100	[illegible]
Johnson, James	12	100	[illegible]
Johnson, James	12	100	[illegible]
Johnson, James	12	100	[illegible]
Johnson, James	12	100	[illegible]
Johnson, James	12	100	[illegible]
Johnson, James	12	100	[illegible]
Cox, James O	12	100	[illegible]
Cox, Chas O	12	100	[illegible]
Cox, Chas O	12	100	[illegible]
Hughes, Thos J	12	100	[illegible]
Hughes, Thos J	12	100	[illegible]
Hughes, Thos J