

By Telegraph.

TENNESSEE.

Meeting of Irish citizens—Death of the oldest steamboat man.

MEMPHIS.—A meeting of Irish citizens, last night, was addressed by a number of prominent men. Resolutions were adopted to the effect that the Irish should not take part in the present war in Europe unless the English become involved, when an effort should be made to liberate Ireland.

NASHVILLE.—John West, the oldest steamboat man in the West, died yesterday.

WISCONSIN.

Mass. meeting of Germans.

MILWAUKEE.—A mass meeting of Germans was held here last night in favor of Prussia in the war with France. A patriotic dispatch was sent to Bismarck.

OHIO.

Arrival of Lady Franklin—Resolutions on the Chinese question—Lady Franklin holds a reception.

CINCINNATI.—Lady Franklin arrived to-day from California, having come here to see Capt. Hall and confer with him in regard to Arctic discoveries.

A meeting of German citizens was held to-night to consider the subject of sending to Prussia, men owing service to the Prussian army; a committee was appointed to collect funds to pay the transportation of those willing to go.

A young man's Democratic club was organized to-night, at which resolutions were adopted opposing the introduction of Chinese labor, and any candidate for Congress who is not pledged against it. Lady Franklin, in deference to the general desire of the citizens, held a reception at the Burnett House, this afternoon, which was largely attended.

NORTH CAROLINA.

Fired on by Ku-Klux.

A dispatch from Raleigh, last night, states that Ku-Klux fired into a company of negro militia camped on the square. The militia returned the fire. Subsequently, a company of white militia, in passing, not answering the sentinel, were fired into by mistake. The militia sleep on their arms.

RALEIGH.—The Governor refuses to surrender to the Chief Justice the persons of citizens of Alamance county, held by Kirk. It is said the number is over a hundred. Holden is also said to have ordered a military commission to assemble at Yanceyville to try the persons under arrest.

WASHINGTON.

Official dispatches—Line of steamers suspended.

WASHINGTON.—Official dispatches from China give the correspondence between Minister Lowe and Prince Kerne, relative to the death of Burlingame. Great regret is expressed by the Chinese officials at the event, and stating that Burlingame's mission was gratifying and successful, and the posthumous rank conferred upon Burlingame was the highest that could be given outside of the royal family.

The German and Hamburg line of steamers having been suspended, letters heretofore going by them by direct routes, will be sent by closed mail via England, under old rates—until the war ceases.

ILLINOIS.

Germans wanting to go and fight—A strange case of Lynch law—Loss among speculators—Excessive heat.

CHICAGO.—The past week has been one of great excitement and activity in home productions, more particularly in wheat, the price of which fluctuated widely and caused heavy losses to speculators. Many are reported badly crippled. Much more has been lost by outsiders from the country, who have been speculating largely.

The thermometer to-day is 100 in the shade at Springfield, Illinois. Yesterday the mercury marked 108 in the shade. The pastures in many parts of Illinois is reported drying up and stock suffering.

More than six hundred Germans have applied to the North German Consul here, desiring to be sent to Prussia to join the army.

Governor Solomon, of Washington Territory, will forward two hundred emigrants to Puget Sound next week, and as many more next month.

At Ponca, Nebraska, on Saturday, one Miller, on trial for the murder and robbery of a man named Dunn, confessed the crime in open court, giving a detailed account of the murder, which was peculiarly atrocious; a crowd of citizens took him away from the sheriff and hung him in the presence of a thousand people.

NEW YORK.

Diabolical wretches—Deaths by sunstroke and Asiatic cholera—The "Camorria" near—Rumors of peace.

New York.—A man and boy, unknown, attempted to set fire to the house of W. H. Lyon, in West Orange, N. J., to-day, and failing, they poured kerosene on the clothing of a little girl, the only occupant, and ignited it with a match and escaped; the girl was saved by passing by, but she is probably fatally injured.

There have been seventeen deaths by sunstroke to-day.

What is pronounced Asiatic cholera has appeared in Jersey city, where six deaths took place in a few hours.

Twenty-five thousand dollars have been subscribed to the German patriotic aid society.

The *Ville de Paris* passed, between ten and eleven last night, two hundred miles east of Sandy Hook, a vessel showing two red rockets, supposed to be the yacht *Cambria*. The wind is good from the west.

There are vague rumors on the street of a peaceful settlement of the Franco-Prussian difficulty.

MONTANA.

Fear he is murdered—Homicide—Warm weather.

HELENA, 26.—Robert Coburn, of Coburn's Ranch, on Fort Benton road, lost some stock a few weeks ago, and went out lately with some Indians, who said they knew where the stock was, to find it. He has been gone eight days, and it is feared that the Indians have murdered him.

John Pemberton, alias Pemberton, a half-breed, has been shot and killed by John Finellen, a colored barber, at Banook City, on account of a quarrel over a game at cards; Finellen had an examination and was discharged on the ground of self-defense.

The telegraph line is completed from Helena to Deer Lodge Valley, Montana.

The weather is very warm, mercury 89°.

VIRGINIA.

Gone to enforce the laws.

FORTRESS MONROE.—Three companies of artillery have gone to Raleigh to aid Governor Holden to enforce the laws.

WYOMING.

The Big Horn expedition.

CHEYENNE, 26.—Information from South Pass says that the soldiers who were sent by the Government after the Big Horn expedition, overtook them but were unable to bring them back; the soldiers returned to South Pass by Horner's, and proceeded to the Big Horn country.

MASSACHUSETTS.

Tremendous fire.

BOSTON.—There was a disastrous fire in East Boston this afternoon, which destroyed property valued at half a million. Messrs. Bennett's planing mill, where the fire originated; loss \$400,000; F. M. Bird & Co. \$75,000; G. M. Bird \$100,000; Messrs. Deane, \$25,000; Eli Hodges & Co. \$95,000; the Presbyterian Church \$20,000. All partly insured. There were a great many other sufferers, in smaller amounts. The Baptist Church lost \$40,000.

FOREIGN NEWS.

GREAT BRITAIN.

Demonstrations in favor of France—England preparing—Fasting and prayer by the Prussian nation—Movements of troops—The Commons—Continental news—African missionary arrived—Harvest prospects improving—Interview with Napoleon.

DUBLIN, 24.—A great demonstration was made here last night, in favor of France. A meeting of 50,000 was addressed by prominent men.

LONDON.—A morning paper prints, to-day, in large type, an account of an interview with Napoleon, and says that a fortnight ago the Emperor had no thought of war, but France was slipping from his hands and he must lead the people to a foreign war. The Emperor claimed that Bismarck wanted too much. The Emperor demanded Luxembourg in 1866 as an equivalent for the neutrality of France in the affair with Austria. Bismarck demanded Holland as an equivalent for Luxembourg. The Emperor replied that if Prussia attacked the independence of Holland it would mean war with France.

In consequence of the warlike attitude towards Bavaria and Prussia, England has resolved to make preparations for putting her army on a war footing. The channel squadron has received orders to get ready to proceed to sea, to unite with the Mediterranean squadron at Gibraltar, to form a flying squadron, under the command of Admiral Hornet.

A special from Berlin, to-day, announces that passenger traffic on the railways will cease to-morrow. Reserves are being pushed forward. The army is in excellent spirits and full of confidence.

The people of Prussia will observe Wednesday next as a day of fasting and prayer to propitiate divine Providence, and invoke His blessing on their arms.

It is expected that the French fleet will attack Kiel. Eleven French frigates, steering east, passed Hastings to-day, the French residents liberally subscribing to a fund for the wounded.

Reports from Mayence indicate that the Prussians are shifting their position so as to face southward.

The Prince of Wales has gone to Denmark to influence the country to be strictly neutral.

The Prussian authorities have granted permission to newspaper correspondents to follow the army. The Prussians are concentrating a powerful force at Mayence. The Prussians on the recommendation of some American officers, are using balloons for observation.

A special correspondent to the N. Y. Tribune, writing from Metz, 25th, describes the movements of the troops on that day: There were 10,000 soldiers at Forbach, 7000 at St. Alvan, 3000 at Sarreguemines, and a large cavalry camp at Thionville, which protects the left of the French army. This force will be increased to forty thousand. The first division of the third corps is commanded by Gen. Alvyards, and comprises 188 battalions of Chasseurs and the 59th,

62d, 2d and 9th regiments of the line. This division marched out on the morning of the 22d, and by this time, it is at Baulay on the road to Sarreguemines. The Imperial guard is reported to be on the way to Metz, but its probable destination is Nancy. The Bavarian videts are already seen with the Prussian and South-German forces. This is considered important, as showing that the forces of Prussia and South-Germany are completely blended, and that the Prussians have the Bavarian cavalry, which is superior to their own. It is confidently affirmed that the Prussians are retreating and concentrating between Mayence and Coblenz. The correspondent of the London Standard has been arrested. He entered camp without leave, telling the sentinel that his British passport was an order from headquarters. The authorities have prohibited the sale of military maps to civilians; officers only can buy them. No parcels of goods are allowed to come by rail except by a quartermaster's order. The factories are unable to obtain coal and will be obliged to close. Marshal Bismarck is sending everywhere for maps of the Bavarian organization of the postal service. His military chest has arrived. All the money is in gold, showing that the French are intent on quitting their own territory immediately, and mean to carry the campaign where French notes will not be taken. Great importance is attached to the gunboats, which have been used as in the American war, and will act on the Rhine and Nevele, and possibly on the Saar, should the Prussians defend that stream. Each gunboat carries one heavy gun, manned by twelve men and commanded by a lieutenant. The Prussians have no gunboats. All is quiet in Luxembourg. Communications with Germany have ceased. French officers boast that they have a million men between the Ouville and Strasbourg. Passports to newspaper correspondents are rigidly refused by order of the Emperor.

In the Commons Gladstone, in reply to a question of Torrens, said: Negotiations for the settlement of the *Alabama* claims stood where they did a year and a half ago; the United States having declined the offer made by England; the next advance was due from the American government.

Granville, in the Lords, again referred to the draft of a secret treaty. He had an interview to-day with the French ambassador, who told him the treaty originated with Bismarck; that it never had a serious basis and was rejected by both parties. The ambassador protested that France was actually desirous of maintaining peace with Belgium, England and Holland.

The Commons, to-night, rejected the proposal to abolish the sinecure of the lord privy seal.

The Rev. Mr. Muffall, the celebrated African missionary, has arrived from the Cape of Good Hope.

The prospects of the English harvest improve daily.

FRANCE.

Strict neutrality by Austria—Farwell address—The French Minister insulted.

PARIS.—The *Journal Officiel* says the Austrian government, having exhausted all means of mollifying Napoleon and preventing war, has resolved to observe a strict neutrality; but, at the same time, to keep up a careful watch for a chance of a peaceful settlement with Prussia, and a determination of lifting the theatre of war and abridge its duration.

The Queen of Prussia, on leaving the Rhine provinces for Berlin, issued a farewell address to the inhabitants. She says she has lived twenty years amongst them and experienced nothing but their attachment and devotion for the King, his children and herself. She would willingly stay, but sacred duties call her elsewhere. The enthusiasm of Germany is the voice of God, and her sufferings in the faith, and the blessings which have followed them for half a century, warrant confidence and trust in Him for time and eternity.

A large number of workmen are engaged on the fortifications of Paris.

The *Marcellais* is suspended. Some of its editors and reporters have gone to Switzerland.

The Bank of France will probably soon suspend specie payments; it already declines to pay out gold and is redeeming only in silver.

The Minister of France, at Stuttgart, was insulted before his departure by the populace.

Many priests have volunteered to go as chaplains with the army. The guards left Paris to-day. The minister of the interior has sent a circular to all prefects, assuring them that whenever information reached the government from the theatre of war it will be furnished them by telegraph, and in the absence of such information they may consider there is no news of importance, and take no notice of rumors which prevail.

CANADA.

Recruiting for the French.

TORONTO.—A Montreal correspondent of the *Globe* says that a gentleman recently from France, has opened a recruiting office for the French army in that city; the recruits have a free passage to Europe, where they are promised a bounty. The recruits are mostly Irish.

WEST INDIES.

False reports—Assassination to prevent surrender.

HAVANA.—The statement that forty-two citizens had been assassinated in Remedios and women forced to work in chain gangs, is false.

The Captain General declines Spanish reinforcements.

PRUSSIA.

Manifesto from the King.

BERLIN.—The *Journal* publishes a manifesto from King William, thanking the people for the innumerable expressions in favor of German unity and independence received from all parts of Germany, and even from America. The King pledges himself to act in accordance with the expression of the wishes of the people for the benefit and elevation of the entire fatherland, and he hopes thus to conciliate all opposition. He concludes by saying that in the right and unity of Germany is a new assurance that the war will lead to a durable peace and to the completion of German unity and independence.

Warren Humes, Frank Palmer, Chas. L. Dahler, Salt Lake City, Denver, Virginia City.

HUSSEY, DAHLER & CO., BANKERS AND DEALERS IN GOLD DUST, COIN AND EXCHANGE, Salt Lake City, U. T., and Virginia City and Helena, Montana. Warren Humes & Co., Bankers, Denver and Central City, Colorado. d76 tf

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At the COTTONWOOD DISTILLERY, a few Thousand Bushels of

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For which One Dollar, Cash, per Bushel will be paid. Also a few Bushels of BLACK CURRANTS, FRESH PULLED, OR DRY.

For which Four Dollars per Bushel will be paid (more convenient the currants can be left at my City Liquor Store. d105 tf

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Sailing from New York every Wednesday. Cabin passage from New York \$25, Gold, \$144. STEERAGE \$30 from New York; \$21 from Liverpool. Queenstown, Glasgow or London, derry, payable in currency.

Passage from or to Germany, France, Norway, Sweden, etc., at Lowest Rates. Remittances to Great Britain, Ireland and the Continent. Apply to WILLIAMS & GUION, 29 Broadway, New York. d182 ly

A. MINEE, Attorney and Counselor.

After an absence of three years in Europe, again returns to the Public his professional services. Office at his residence, 3d South Street, Salt Lake City, Utah. P.S.—Foreign and Domestic Collections at tended to. d181 tf

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ANYONE having Horses or Cattle that meet with accidents, injuring them so that their meat is unfit for table use, can find ready sale for them at the

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Half-a-block west of President Young's residence. d178 W

LOST.

BETWEEN this City and Farmington on Tuesday, July 26, a Leather POUCH, containing some Mr. J. C. Young's, an Order drawn on Mr. Joseph A. Young, in the name of James Millard, and other papers. The finder will be remunerated on leaving it at this Office, or with Bishop John W. Ham, Farmington. d205 3

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HALF-A-BLOCK WEST PREST. B. YOUNG'S RESIDENCE.

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The finest cabinet of Home Productions, Home Manufactures, Minerals, Indian Relics, &c.

And the best collection of ROCKY MOUNTAIN BIRDS, BEASTS & REPTILES.

Consisting of Wolverine, Lynx, Bear, Foxes, Eagles, Hawks, Falcons, Peregrines and their young, &c., &c.

THE CAMEL and the HAPPY FAMILY THE PANORAMA

Specimens of Native Minerals, Fossils, Petrifications, Raw Materials, Woods, Metals, Cotton, Silk, Wool and Home Manufactures, and a large collection of Foreign, Paper, &c., Paintings, &c., &c.

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Admission Adults, 25 cts. 10 cts. Children, 10 cts. 5 cts. Schools and Families, 25 cts. 10 cts. Reliable orders Taken.

FEEDING TIME, 3 P.M. d182 W

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Groceries,

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CHEAPER THAN EVER

AT THEIR STORE ON

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d186 ly

MINERS & BUILDERS

LUMBER will be sold cheap at the New N. T. MUMFORD'S 14th Ward. Orders promptly filled.

TEAMS WANTED TO Haul.

Slabs, \$1.50 per Cord, at the Mill.

C. B. MAWLEY.

d189 2m

NOTICE

ALL PERSONS indebted to the late firm of Wm. JENNINGS and Wm. JENNINGS & CO., will please call and settle the same immediately at the office of the undersigned.

WM. JENNINGS. Office at THASDEL & CO.'S STORE, Eagle House, (Up Stairs,) East Temple Street, Salt Lake City. d184 tf

WM. SLOAN & CO.

SIGN OF "BIG BOOT,"

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CLINCHING SCREWS!

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We use them for soleing Men's, Women's and Children's Boots and Shoes, and warrant the work superior in every respect to Pegged or Nailed.

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HIGGS, BRO. & COMPANY.

The proprietors would respectfully inform the citizens of Salt Lake City and vicinity, that they have now in operation their Steam Machine Works, and are prepared to do all kinds of Machine Work at the shortest notice. Reasonable Prices, freight added.

Manufacturers of all kinds of Machinery: Tools, Turning Lathes, Planes, Gears Cutting and Bolt Screwing Machines, &c., &c.

Particular attention paid to Models of various kinds, Brass and Iron Castings and Machinery in General.

Job work of all kinds, such as Repairing Machinery, Millwright Work, Sewing Machines, Engines & Boilers.

For further particulars apply at the Works.

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1870.

Trains will leave Salt Lake City daily at 5 a.m. and 7.45 p.m.; arrive at Ogden 7 a.m. and 4.45 p.m.; leave Ogden City at 8 a.m. and 5.30 p.m.; arrive at Salt Lake City 10 a.m. and 7.3 p.m.

In addition to the above an

ACCOMMODATION TRAIN

WILL RUN

ON WEDNESDAYS AND SATURDAYS

Leaving Ogden City 5 a.m. and Salt Lake City, 4.40 p.m., on which will have full entitlement the purchase of a ticket to return on the same day and train free, and will stop by arranging with the conductor at any point on the line to take on or let off passengers.

Passengers will please purchase their tickets at the office. Fifty cents additional will be charged when the fare is collected on the train.

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