DESERET EVENING NEWS.

TRUTH AND LIBERTY.

VOL. XIV. SALT LAKE CITY, UTAH TERRITORY, MONDAY EVENING, JANUARY 31, 1881. NO. 58.

THE EVENING NEWS.

Published every evening except Sunday.

One copy, one year, with Postage $10.50
" " six months, " 5.25
" " three months, " 2.65

THE DESERET NEWS: SEMI-WEEKLY.

Published every Tuesday and Saturday.

One copy, one year, with Postage, ... $4.00
" " six months, " 2.00
" " three months, " 1.00

DESERET NEWS: WEEKLY.

Published every Wednesday.

One copy, one year, with Postage $2.50
" " six months, " 1.75
" " three months, " 85

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FORTY-SIXTH CONGRESS

SENATE.

WASHINGTON, 29. — Edmunds submitted a resolution instructing the judiciary committee to inquire and report its opinion touching the constitutional legality of the votes of any electoral college given for President on the day for casting the votes of electors in all States. Adopted.

Ingalls' resolution for counting the electoral vote in the Senate chamber was taken up.

Bayard moved to refer it to the electoral count committee.

Morgan and Hill supported the motion. The latter held that the Senate should adhere to its position in the Morgan rule now pending in the House. As the matter was merely one of formality, and Garfield being constitutionally elected and would be peaceably inaugurated, there was no reason for the slightest apprehension.

Ingalls and Edmunds claimed the time had arrived for some definite provision on the subject.

By a party vote Bayard's motion prevailed.

Davis', of Illinois, bill to confirm the right of Chicago to certain land on the lake front, passed.

On the consideration of the Indian severalty bill, Teller moved to add a proviso to section 6, which provides that allottees, upon lands being patented to them, shall be subject to the laws of the state or territory in which they reside so as to prohibit the punishment of an Indian for polygamy, who at the time of the allotment was practicing the same in accordance with the usages and customs of the tribe to which he belonged. Agreed to.

The following amendments were adopted:

By Kirkwood, allowing the purchase by government of small parcels of reservations not allotted.

By Teller, authorizing the education in primary branches of agriculture and irrigation of 50 Indian boys at the Agricultural College at Fort Collins, Colorado.

By Vest, applying the statutes of Kansas in regard to descent, alienation, distribution and partition as far as practicable to the lands taken in severalty.

By Morgan, adding to the agricultural lands set apart for the head of a family, one section for grazing purposes.

Morgan then moved to strike out the ninth section, requiring the consent to the act of two-thirds of the members of the tribe before it shall extend to them.

Ingalls, in some general observations upon the Indian problem and the difficulties of its solution, criticized the course of the opponents of the bill, as embarrassing the Senate in its effort to pass a bill of some character upon the subject. As a member of the committee which reported the bill, he appealed to Morgan and Teller to cease further opposition.

Morgan replied that he did not want it put into the power of the Secretary of the Interior, when he could tribe or otherwise cajole a lot of Indians to go with him, to compel a tribe to dispose of their property as this bill did.

The prospect of disposing of the bill being very remote, Cope asked unanimous consent to an agreement for a vote upon it on Monday morning. Edmunds objected. Adjourned.

HOUSE.

WASHINGTON, 29.—The North Carolina case was considered. Jones said the greenback party, if it voted with the republicans on this question, did so because nobody could outstrip it in the support of a free ballot and fair count.

A vote was then taken on the minority report declaring Martin, contestee, democrat, entitled to the seat. Rejected—117 to 110.

Felton, Stephens and the greenbackers, except Ladd, voted with the republicans.

Martin was then declared not entitled to the seat by a vote of 115 to 103.

Yeates was declared entitled to the seat and he took the oath.

De La Matyr presented a petition with 22,000 names, urging steps against white men's encroachment on Indian reservations.

Adjourned.

AMERICAN.

WASHINGTON NOTES.

WASHINGTON, 29.—The Senate foreign relations committee will report back the Chinese treaties favorably.

At a meeting of the House Inter-Oceanic Canal committee, today, the sub-committee on Eads' ship railway bill reported it back with the guarantee section stricken out. They accompanied the report with a recommendation to insert in lieu of the omitted section a modified proposition providing for a guarantee of interest at 4 per cent. upon 15 year bonds, instead of 6 per cent. 20 years, with enlarged requirements as to tests of canal capacity, bringing the latter up to vessels of 1,000. It was claimed for the modified proposition that a majority of the full committee will favor it.

The Senate select committee on the removal of the Poncas met today. Wm. Stickney and Walter Allen, of the presidential commission to the Poncas, were interrogated by the committee, and Secretary Schurz in regard to the [illegible] evidence upon which they based their published conclusions.

Stickney testified that the Ponca Indians, in the Indian Territory, unanimously and enthusiastically wanted to stay there; that all conditions were to their liking. No argument, promise or threat had been used on them. Allen corroborated Stickney's statements. He believed the Indians [illegible].

Secretary Schurz produced a printed copy of the testimony taken by the commissioner, from which it appeared that [illegible] others had said they had better houses, better health, as good land and less trouble with [illegible] among men in the Indian Territory than they had in Nebraska and Dakota. They agreed that they would not return, and that they were at ease in heart.

An special meeting of the House committee on foreign relations today, Chairman Eaton having at last succeeded [illegible] quorum, it was decided to report back the Chinese treaties favorably, without amendment, and Senator Eaton will accordingly report them to the Senate at its next executive session, with a recommendation on behalf of confirmation that they be ratified in their present terms. To-day the meeting was of course a secret one, and the committee are extremely reticent in regard to the proceedings; but in addition to the statements above given concerning the action finally reached, which may be relied upon as strictly accurate, there is reason to believe that the proceedings were not entirely harmonious, but that on the contrary, the motion to report the treaties favorably and without amendment, was carried by only one or at the most, only two majority. It is quite certain, therefore, that the treaties will give rise to considerable discussion in the Senate, and that they will have to encounter both criticism and the proposed amendments, but with the prestige of the committee's report in their favor, it may be confidently expected that they will obtain ratification at an early day without any amendment.

The Secretary of War, to-day, transmitted to the House of Representatives, a copy of the communication just received from Col. G. H. Mendell, of the engineer corps, reporting the results of a survey made in accordance with the provision inserted in the last river and harbor bill, at the instance of Senator Earley, with a view to the improvement of channels outside the bar of Humboldt Bay, California.

Col. Mendell reports that an expenditure of $78,817 will give a channel in front of Eureka 350 feet wide and 10 feet deep at low water, and deeper in the mid-river channel to eight feet, and he recommends that an appropriation of $16,000 would be desirable for the purpose of promoting the stability of sand spits forming the heads of the harbor.

Horace Davis to-day presented to the House the resolution of the San Francisco Chamber of Commerce, praying for a thorough survey of the Pacific Ocean and for an appropriation of $175,000 to construct a revenue cutter for the service in Alaska.

A decision was rendered by the law officers of the Post Office Department to-day, in which it is held the law governing the rate to be paid telegraph companies for the transmission of Government business requires that in the event of the reduction of rates by any telegraph company the Government tariff for business over the lines of the competing companies to points that can be reached by the company making a reduction shall be the same. The decision grew out of an inquiry from the Secretary of the Treasury relative to the reduction of rates by the American Rapid Telegraph, and the effect thereof upon the Government business over other lines.

The *Star* this evening prints the following news items: Senator Sharon rushed out through the Senate lobby yesterday, and seeing an employe, said to him:

"Somebody wants to see me in the Democratic Club room. Where is the Democratic Club room?"

"It is the Democratic Cloak room you want, Senator," replied the employe.

"Well, where is the Democratic Cloak room, then?" asked the Senator.

Senator Sharon has been at the Capitol so rarely during his eight years of senatorial service, that he has never got the hang of the place.

THE NEW YORK WALK.

Hughes Beats any Previous Record.

NEW YORK, 29. — Hughes was obliged to run all the time to keep on the track and was bent and crippled like a man of 70, but plucky and determined. He was loudly cheered while running. He will stop at 520 unless pushed by Albert. Howard is much discouraged, but his efforts to beat Krohne for the third caused great excitement, the latter being forced to a run for the first time in the walk. Howard's aged father walked round the track once, trying to persuade him to retire, but Howard said he would take the third place or die for it. The crowd was immense. About noon Hughes and Krohne ran a break neck race, but Krohne was so much exhausted that he fell into the arms of attendants and was carried to his cabin. At 2 o'clock on the 134th hour, Hughes had slept less than three hours since the race began. Since midnight he had rested an hour and five minutes. Score—Hughes 558, Albert 539, Vint 532, Krohne 525, Howard 515, Campana 401.

In the afternoon Albert crowded Hughes in regard to the number of laps until he was reeling with exhaustion and the interest and excitement among spectators increased as Vint and Krohne began a run at a rattling pace. Howard drew out with his stable, instep and heel bruised. Hughes eats five ounces of beef in an hour, and drinks often of the lightning exhilarator—a mixture for pedestrians, and has used no liquor. His presents have been numerous, costly, from ladies and gentlemen. O'Leary gave him a $250 diamond pin; Albert Smith, another; the editor of the Police *Gazette* $1,000 in cash. The air is cold in the building. Hughes has entered for the Astley belt race in London.

The match ended at 9.27 o'clock, when Vint the last man on the track left it. Score—Hughes, 582 miles and 146 yards; Albert, 548; Vint, 530; Krohne, 526; Howard, 515; Campana, 425. The managers, who expected to reap a rich harvest, will clear less than $800 for themselves. The expenses have been great, receipts limited, and the house by counterfeit tickets considerable. The five men will divide about $3,000 among them.

ATTRACTS THE AMERICAN.

CHICAGO, 29.—Of Keene's Chicinnati engagement, special report that he played on Wednesday night Pike's Opera House to a $1,300 house with the sign, "standing room only," displayed in front, while Salvini, who opened that night, played in a much more popular house to only $400. On Tuesday evening the great Italian tragedian visited Pike's and sat in the box, a close and delighted listener.

The *Commercial* says that at times he [illegible] Keene's little all [illegible] thought seized over persons but the people on the stage. Actor Mr. Crisdell had fallen on the [illegible] of his leg, and [illegible] any previous [illegible] could he walk to the [illegible] of [illegible] quickly put of his leg, and [illegible] speaking [illegible] who not [illegible] attended [illegible] Keene [illegible] complimentary [illegible] the [illegible] and [illegible] of [illegible] many a [illegible]. He was Keene his [illegible] convention [illegible] Hamlet he [illegible] saw Irving's Hamlet, and I can assure you, yours does not suffer by comparison with it. I admire your remarkable spontaneity, your genius, your independent originality. To be sure, you have not had the art, training and schooling I have been able to enjoy in the old world during more than 30 years; yet you, in America, have that which is necessary to genius, perhaps more so; for as a new people you are untrammeled by traditions and can go whither your genius leads you." Keene was nervously happy and evidently moved, not only with the words, but with the gracious manner of their giving and the high source whence they came.

Chicago Races.

The directors of the Chicago Racing Association, to-day, adopted a programme for the summer meeting, for the week ending July 23d. The premiums offered aggregate $39,000, the largest for a number of years. Extra purses of $5,000 to $10,000 are offered for the best time on record, in various races, among others free for all for a $2,500 purse, with $1,000 for beating 2.10¾ ("Maud S" and "St. Julian" barred). Mr. Bemis offers to make a race with his pacer, "Sorrel Dan," against "Maud S" and "St. Julian," each to put in $2500, the driving park to add $10,000, the winner to take the whole, to divide it in a ratio of 75 to 25 per cent.

BRIEF TELEGRAMS.

Portugal wants to make peace between England and the Boers.

And now New York has formed a Ladies' Anti-Polygamy Society.

Senator Bruce has been endorsed by the Georgia colored republicans for a place in Garfield's cabinet.

The democratic senatorial caucus agreed that some bill for congressional reapportionment shall pass.

Chas. Broomer an old Philadelphia German, had $2,900 in bonds stolen from him on the street Saturday.

Sec. Sherman was banqueted by the Merchants' Club of Boston Saturday evening, and made a financial speech.

The Missouri legislature ask Congress to open Oklahoma to settlement and to the St. Louis and San Francisco railroads.

Twelve hundred and forty-seven persons are employed in Washington in the census bureau. The number of census enumerators is 81,265.

Gen. Skobeloff says his losses at Geok Tepe, on the 12th inst., were four officers and 50 men killed, and 18 officers and 235 men wounded.

Heavy ice in the river and bay at New York impedes ferry travel. A molasses laden barge was sunk at pier 4, cut down by the ice. Total loss.

Great damage has been caused by floods in Spanish provinces. The railways in many places are under water. Guadalquivir River is still rising.

A N. Y. judge holds Wm. Thornton ineligible to office because he bribed voters by offering to serve for $1,200 if elected, the salary being $2,400.

John T. McDougll of the Rialto bucket shop, opened in Boston, Thursday, and left last night with several thousand dollars belonging to creditors.

One hundred and ninety-three millions more were exported from the U. S. during 1880 than imported. This is an excess of $60,000,000 less than in 1879.

The cession of Astofagosta to Chili, the surrender of the allied fleet and the payment of an indemnity of $30,000,000 are the Chilian conditions of peace.

A FEROCIOUS BEAST.

TERRIBLE STRUGGLE WITH AN INFURIATED WOLF.

The peaceful inhabitants of Corbara, near Salerno, Italy, says a correspondent, were startled the other day by a singular and terrible event. A woodman was working on a mountain called the Little Corbara, when all at once he found himself wounded in the arm and neck, at the same time receiving a shock which threw him to the ground. Turning round he was horrified to see an enormous wolf, with terrible eyes and bloody jaws. With an effort he succeeded in wrestling himself free from the grip of the wild beast, and screamed for help, but faint from loss of blood he again fell to the ground and was again attacked.

Fortunately his screams had attracted the attention of four peasants working not far off. They ran up, but being unarmed could only frighten the animal away with sticks and stones, and pick up the unfortunate man, who now lies in a hospital in this city. The wolf in its flight attacked and throttled no less than fourteen sheep. Meanwhile the alarm was spread through all the country side, and in the afternoon many young men set forth to the mountain to hunt and kill the ferocious beast; but before they had found it, it had flown at a rural guard, who, being armed, wounded it with two bullets from his rifle. Then, believing that he had killed it, he approached more closely, when the animal, springing up with horrible howls, knocked him down and with a grip of its terrible jaws broke his arm and lacerated his face. A bullet from the pursuers, who now came up, once more put the animal to flight, but not even yet was its bloody career finished. The wife of the syndic, who was walking out, unfortunately met the wounded and infuriated animal, and was bit severely in the arm. She would have fared worse had another shot from the pursuers fortunately laid the wolf dead upon the ground. The wounded are said to be in a precarious condition. It is feared that the brute was in a state of madness, and its body is to be brought to Naples to be examined. It is as large as a calf, and weighs 200 pounds. It is a very uncommon thing to see a wolf in the neighborhood.—*London Times.*

What is what Made Of.

As what interests the petition [illegible] French government to put a stop to the manufacture of artificial wines, the statement having that [illegible] and the sale of any wine [illegible] Paris is made of grapes, the Americans who ran up their taxes at the [illegible] at our own cost will natural[illegible] [illegible] the Spanish French wines are made of. As exchanges say there are a number of large factories near Paris in which wines are made from rotten apples, damaged dried fruits of all kinds, beets and spoiled molasses. But there are not enough of these materials to make as much wine as is required by foreign trade. Turnip juice has been worked over into wine, and American cider is the basis of millions of bottles of champagne, but good apples and turnips are too costly to be wasted on cheap wines, such as most Americans buy. Some of the temperance societies might find the returns they are after by satisfying public curiosity about what wines are made of.—*N. Y. Herald.*

MAN.

The average weight of an adult man is 140 pounds 6 ounces.

The average weight of a skeleton is about 14 pounds.

Number of bones 240.

The skeleton measures one inch less than the height of the living man.

The average weight of the brain of a man is 3½ pounds; of a woman, 2 pounds 11 ounces.

The brain of a man exceeds twice that of any other animal.

The average height of an Englishman is 5 feet 9 inches; of a Frenchman, 5 feet 4 inches, and of a Belgian, 5 feet 6½ inches.

The average weight of an Englishman is 150 pounds; of a Frenchman, 136 pounds, and of a Belgian, 140 pounds.

The average number of teeth is 32.

A man breathes about 20 times in a minute, or 1,200 in an hour.

A man breathes about 18 pints of air in a minute, or upwards of 7 hogsheads in a day.

A man gives off 4.08 per cent. carbonic gas of the air he respires; respires 10,666 cubic feet of carbonic acid gas in 24 hours; consumes 10,667 cubic feet of oxygen in 24 hours, equal to 125 cubic inches of common air.

A man annually contributes to vegetation 124 pounds of carbon.

The average of the pulse in infancy is 120 per minute; in manhood, 80; at 60 years, 70. The pulse of females is more frequent than that of males.

The weight of the circulating blood is about twenty-eight pounds.

The heart beats 75 times in a minute; sends nearly 10 pounds of blood through the veins and arteries each beat; makes four beats while we breathe once.

Five hundred and forty pounds, or one hogshead, one and one-quarter pints of blood pass through the heart in one hour.

Twelve thousand pounds, or 24 hogsheads, four gallons, or 10,782½ pints pass through the heart in 24 hours.

Growth of the Russian Empire.

The acquisitions Russia has made since Waterloo are equal in extent to all the empire she had previously in Europe. She has taken more from Sweden than what remains. She has taken from Poland territory equal to the whole of Austria. She has taken from Turkey an area equal to the whole of Prussia. She has taken from Persia an area equal to the whole of Britain. She has taken from Tartary an area equal to Greece, Spain, Italy and Turkey in Europe.

She is 860 miles nearer Berlin, Vienna, Dresden, Munich and Paris. She is 450 miles nearer Constantinople. She has taken the capital of Poland, and gone nearer the capital of Sweden, from which she was situated 300 miles in the days of Peter the Great. Since that time she has advanced 1,000 miles nearer India. Surely she ought now to stop and recruit her finances.

ESTRAY NOTICE. I HAVE IN MY POSSESSION: One dark red BULL, 4 or 5 years old, no marks nor brands visible. Which if not claimed within 10 days from date, will be sold at public auction, on Monday, February 7th, 1881, at the Estray Pound, at Coalville, at 1 o'clock p. m. JOSIAH RHEAD, District Poundkeeper. Coalville, Summit Co., Jan. 23, 1881.

ESTRAY NOTICE. I HAVE IN MY POSSESSION: One red and white BULL, 2 years old in the spring, has two slits in the left ear and is branded with a wagon wrench on the left hip. If the above described animal is not claimed and taken away within ten days from date, will be sold at public auction on February 8th, 1881, at 1 o'clock p. m., at the Estray Pound at Coalville. JOSIAH RHEAD, Coalville, Summit County, Jan. 25, 1881.

ESTRAY NOTICE. I HAVE IN MY POSSESSION: One brindle COW, five years old, slit in right ear, point of right horn broken off, no brand visible; has a bull calf with her. If the above animal is not claimed by Saturday, February 12th, 1881, will be sold at public auction at 2 p. m. at the estray pound, at Hennefer, Summit Co. WILLIAM H. BATCHELOR, District Poundkeeper. Hennefer, Jan. 20th, 1881.

NOTICE. THE ANNUAL MEETING OF THE Stockholders of the Utah Southern Railroad Company, for the election of Directors for the ensuing year, will be held at the office of the company, in Union Depot, Salt Lake City, U. T., February 19th, 1881, at 11 o'clock a. m. H. B. YOUNG, Secy.

Wel De Meyer's CATARRH CURE. Unquestionably the most important medical discovery since [illegible] A remedy which satisfies with the [illegible] [illegible] Sold by all Druggists or by H. B. Drewer & Co., [illegible] Street, N. Y. [illegible] Dr. W. H. Tabernacle, Salt Lake City; Dr. [illegible] Provo; Miss Martha E. Rankin, 404 Clark St., Chicago; Miss Agnes, Opera House Block, Salt Lake City; Mrs. [illegible] Louis; Miss Agnes, Opera House Block, Salt Lake City; Mrs. [illegible] L. I.; [illegible] Sarah Barrington, 207 Broadway, N. Y.; [illegible] Dr. [illegible] Chicago; [illegible] Dr. [illegible] Chicago; [illegible] Dr. [illegible] Chicago