EVENING NEWS.

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CHARLES W. PENROSE, EDITOR.

Tuesday, - - April 19, 1887.

GOING BEYOND THE LAW.

"THE law cannot touch him, but powder and ball shall." That was the exclamation of the mobocrats who plotted the murder of Joseph and Hyrum, the latter-day martyrs for the everlasting gospel. It embodies the sentiments of the chief promoters of all the violent assaults upon the Latter-day Saints. It would materialize into substantial action to-day, but for the fact that, locally, the "Mormons" outnumber their unprincipled enemies and have superior strength. Physical force cannot be brought to bear, but trickery and scheming take its place. The law, fairly interpreted and impartially administered, will not touch the masses of the "Mormons," and therefore julterior measures are resorted to for their injury. Some temporary advantages may seem to accrue to our foes thereby, but, as in the case of the sacrifice of the Prophet and Patriarch, the ultimate results will prove of incalculable benefit to the cause assailed.

In framing special legislation against the "Mormons," the spirit of the national Constitution has had to be violated or the object intended could not be nearly approached. And in the execution of those laws, which are themselves infractions of the supreme law, unheard of constructions have had to be invented and unprecedented practices resorted to in order to accomplish the desired purpose. This has been patent to all keen observers during the latest anti-"Mormon" crusade.

The scene in the Third District courtroom on Monday was a further example of this disposition to exceed the law and override its explicit provisions. The questions propounded by Mr. Dickson to the jurors on their *voir dire*: "Are you a member of the Mormon Church?" was unlawful. So were others, such as: "Do you believe it right, according to the law of God, that a man may have more than one wife at the same time?" "Are you willing to take an oath that you will not hereafter, at any time, obey that law of the Church?" "Are you in good standing in the Church?" "Do you accept or reject any of the teachings of the Church?" "Are you willing to take an oath that you will not hereafter, under any circumstances, preach or teach polygamy or plural marriage?" These and many other similar questions put to the jurors were outside of any law, and the District Attorney had no legal or moral right to propound them.

In our opinion the proper course for the jurors would have been to decline answering them from the first. No juror can be legally questioned as to his membership in a church, nor as to his acceptance or rejection of a tenet of faith. Neither can he be required to express his willingness or unwillingness to obey a law of God, or to take any other oath than that provided for in the new law for voters, jurors and office-holders. No juror can be compelled to answer such questions as these we have copied from the examination of jurors which Judge Zane permitted and sustained in the Third District Court on Monday. They need not have been answered, pro or con.

The jurors were ready and willing to take the oath provided for by law, but not the oath fabricated by Mr. Dickson. He had no right either to make a new oath or to ask a juror whether he was willing to subscribe to the illegal fabrication. And Judge Zane was as much, or more, in the wrong in countenancing and assisting the improper inquisition. Every juror rejected for his unwillingness to take any other oath than that required by law was unlawfully excluded from the panel, and this cannot be successfully controverted. If there is any law requiring or permitting such tests as were put to "Mormon" jurors on Monday, let it be cited and we will admit our error. But no one knows that there is no such law on any statute book in this or any other country better than the Judge and Attorney who rejected jurors on the tests thus imposed.

The provision excluding jurors for belief that it is right for a man to have more than one wife or to cohabit with more than one woman, in Section Five of the Edmunds Act, is strictly limited to "any prosecution for bigamy, polygamy or unlawful cohabitation." The movement on Monday was to exclude "Mormons" from jury service for the term in all cases, both civil and criminal. And it gives just occasion for many surmises, not at all to the credit of those engaged in the scheme.

It is such distortions of the law that the "Mormon" people justly complain of. It is only by those means that their enemies obtain the powers to oppress and wrong them under color and pretence of law. And it is just such improper proceedings, as we understand it, that the Administration rejects as representing its policy. The Government desires to see the laws enforced, not exceeded, nor perverted, nor outraged, nor turned into engines of persecution against any church, system or class of citizens. The whole judicial crusade against the "Mormons" under the Edmunds law has been a succession of excesses, and the proceedings on Monday were so wide a departure from statutory provisions that they cannot be sustained by a solitary precedent or a single respectable argument.

The organ of the Leaguers in general and of Dickson and Zane in particular, desires the Utah Commissioners to take the same "view of the case" as the Attorney and the Judge, and argues that if there was nothing wrong in Dickson's questions, there would be nothing wrong in "the putting of the same questions by the registrars to men who desire to register as voters." We understand that desire, and the public will not be slow to discern the purpose that lies skulking behind the movement. But unfortunately for those who wish to obstruct the registration and to exclude "Mormons" from the polls, both the Edmunds Act and the instructions of the Commissioners to the registration officers in pursuance thereof and of the new law, stand broadly in the way of their designs.

The Edmunds Act says concerning the Commission:

"*Provided*, That said board of five persons shall not exclude any person otherwise eligible to vote from the polls on account of any opinion such person may entertain on the subject of bigamy or polygamy, nor shall they refuse to count any such vote on account of the opinion of the person casting it on the subject of bigamy or polygamy."

The Commissioners, in their latest circular, after stating the statutory disqualifications, which prohibit from voting persons guilty of the offenses named in the new law and those who have not taken the prescribed oath, make the following remarks on this matter:

"The Commission is of the opinion that the above specifications include all the disabilities to which electors are subject under the laws of Congress, and, that no opinions which they may entertain upon questions of religion or church polity should be the subject of inquiry or exclusion of any elector."

This is sufficiently explicit and covers all the ground. If any registration or election officer, leagued with the scoundrels who want to steal the Territory, attempts to impose any requirements in excess of the law, let the offense be reported at once to men who will see that citizens are protected in their rights, and that the official violator of the law, by exceeding its bounds and obstructing its electors, is proceeded against for his crime.

The attempt of the organ at argument on this question turns entirely upon an "if." *If* there was no "wrong in Mr. Dickson's questions." Yes, but there was a great deal of wrong in them. They were wrong because there is no law to justify them. Jurors were debarred from taking the oath provided for by law, because they were not willing to take another and entirely different oath for which there is no law. A test of this may be found in the fact that after the persons who were not rejected passed the test imposed, no such oath as Mr. Dickson premised was presented to them, because there was no such oath to present. It only existed in the mind of Mr. Dickson and the Court. It is not in the Edmunds Act nor in the new law. And as the District Attorney was bound by law in the examination of the jurors, what he did was wrong for it was in excess of the law.

We caution registration and election officers not to follow the bad example of a dismissed official, nor to take the dangerous and vile advice of the organ of mischief. If they do they will get into more serious trouble than any of their ill-advisers would care to help them out of. They had better not go beyond the law. Serious consequences depend on this, both to them and the people, and we are in earnest in this word of warning. There is no excuse for such a course as the chief conspirators would like to see taken by reckless registrars, and those who attempt to follow it will deeply regret their folly.

Let the laws take their course. There are bad provisions in them and many sections are to be condemned by the just. But while they are enforced like other laws, and are not made the vehicles of persecution instead of prosecution, and those who administer them keep within their legitimate limits, there will be no formidable obstruction to their enforcement. But they must not go beyond the law or they will themselves become criminal, and if legal technicalities prevent their punishment by process of the courts, there will be found a lawful way by which they can be reached, so that they may learn the needed lesson, that officers of the law must keep themselves within the bounds of the law.

PARNELL'S PREDICAMENT.

THE dispatches yesterday contained startling statements in relation to the position of Charles Stuart Parnell immediately following the Phœnix Park murder. It will be remembered that at that time Parnell wrote a letter committing himself and his partisans to a condemnation of the atrocious deed, and thereby disarming much of the hostile feeling naturally directed against Ireland and the Irish. Recently the London *Times* has been publishing damaging statements against Parnell and his cohorts, calculated to overthrow the law-abiding attitude they have for some time assumed, and as an absolute "clincher" (or what it considers such) prints an alleged autograph letter from Parnell to Egan shortly after the murder, in which it appears that the condemnation of that bloody deed was merely a matter of policy, directed by a desire to hold the political scales level until the greater weight could be placed on the false side. Parnell has now been heard from, and his partisans are at work, one of them being now engaged in the task of comparisons and other expert duty, while the Irish statesman himself flatly repudiates the whole thing, and so does his American lieutenant, Egan. Parnell calls attention to certain facts and things making it altogether improbable on the surface of the question that he wrote or knew of such a letter being written as that published by the *Times*, and this morning, to add to the weight of his disclaimer, the *Pall Mall Gazette*, one of the most influential newspapers published in Great Britain, after reviewing the case, demands that the editor of the "Thunderer" be sent to the clock tower as a punishment for his transgression. It is also noteworthy that the *Times* is alone in its support of this most extraordinary proceeding.

Parnell was never better or worse situated, as the case may be, than now; if the letter proves to be "a weak invention of the enemy," he becomes at once more prominent and stronger than ever; but if it should be shown to be genuine, his cause is gone and he will be dragged down to the lowest depths of infamy. Appearances at present favor the former result.

MARITAL RIGHTS IN OHIO.

THE bill establishing the property rights of married women, which became a law in Ohio on the 19th of March, has already been commented upon in these columns. Married women have enjoyed similar rights as to holding property in Utah ever since 1872. Ohio is ahead of several of the States but following in the wake of this Territory in that particular. There are some provisions in the Ohio act that are not common in statutory law and are worthy of consideration. We therefore append here a number of sections which other States might adopt with profit.

"Section 3108. Husband and wife contract toward each other obligations of mutual respect, fidelity and support.

"Sec. 3109. The husband is the head of the family. He may choose any reasonable place or mode of living, and the wife must conform thereto.

"Sec. 3110. The husband must support himself, his wife and his minor children out of his property or by his labor. If he is unable to do so, the wife must assist him so far as she is able.

"Sec. 3111. Neither husband nor wife has any interest in the property of the other, except as mentioned in Sections 3110 and 4188, but neither can be excluded from the other's dwelling.

"Sec. 3112. A husband or wife may enter into any engagement or transaction with the other, or with any other person, which either might if unmarried; subject, in transactions between themselves, to the general rules which control the actions of persons occupying confidential relations with each other.

"Sec. 3113. A husband and wife can not, by any contract with each other alter their legal relations, except that they may agree to an immediate separation, and may make provision for the support of either of them and their children during the separation.

"Sec. 3114. A married person may take, hold and dispose of property, real or personal, the same as if unmarried.

"Sec. 3115. Neither husband nor wife, as such, is answerable for the acts of the other.

"Sec. 3116. If the husband neglects to make adequate provision for the support of his wife, any other person may, in good faith, supply her with necessaries for her support, and recover the reasonable value thereof from her husband.

"Sec. 3117. If the wife abandons the husband, he is not liable for her support until she offers to return, unless she was justified, by his misconduct, in abandoning him."

ELECTRICITY AND STEAM.

ON March 30th the Boston express train entered New York in a novel condition—lighted by electricity and heated by steam. It was a signal triumph of science, and an exemplification of the marvelous strides taken in the development of those processes by which the elements are made subject to man peculiar to the latter times. The following on the subject appeared in the *Sun*:

The cars themselves are worthy of description, though fine woodwork and cabinet finish are not novelties. The baggage car, smoker, two passenger coaches, and two drawing-room cars all have the Roman arch roof, which gives an imposing exterior and interior effect. The dark mahogany finish that is uniform in the passenger cars would be, in the gloom of ordinary kerosene oil lamp lighting, too sombre. But there is no oil burning except in the headlight, and the twenty incandescent electric lamps that are ranged in double rows along the high ceiling of the cars effectively light up the beautiful markings of the natural wood. Each light is of sixteen-candle power, and the steady glow is fed from the storage batteries of the Julien system. Newspapers may be read with ease, and the cars are cheerful and pleasant. There are sixty storage cells to each car placed under the floor between the trucks, and they may be charged with electricity while the train is laid up on a side track in Boston. They will hold twelve hours' supply of electric fluid so as to make the round trip to New York and return, and with time to spare.

The steam heating device is what is known as the Martin system, and consists of an arrangement of pipes which take live dry steam from the dome of the locomotive and conduct it through the car so as to distribute the heat thoroughly. The distinctive features of the system are an automatic pressure regulating valve on the engine, and controlling valves for each car from a main pipe below the car, so that the different cars may be kept at varying temperatures. The water of condensation is carried off by an automatic drip and does not return to the boiler. The live dry steam is thus enabled to do its perfect work.

The cars were warmed yesterday on a very low pressure, despite the March winds, and yet there was no fire on the train back of the roaring furnace under the locomotive boiler. The result in pure air, absence of coal gas and smell of oil was greatly enjoyed by the passengers.

Great importance is placed upon the safety of these appliances in case of accident. There are neither lamps nor stoves to set fire to the wreck, and the traveling public is alive to the necessity for these improvements by reason of recent lessons, and of a long series of terrible accidents.

George W. Blodgett, the electrical engineer of the B. and A., and Charles H. Barnes of the Superintendent's office, ran the train through yesterday to instruct the train hands, and will take it back to-day. Crowds gathered at all the stations to wonder and admire as the new train with a meteor effect bisected lower New England.

TREATY WITH NORTHERN INDIANS.

AN Idaho journal contains the following:

"John V. Wright, of Tennessee, J. W. Daniels, of Minnesota, and H. W. Andrews, of New York, commissioners appointed to visit the Indians of the north and adjust terms with them, for a permanent treaty, to be ratified by the government, have performed their mission and effected the terms of a treaty, which have been approved by the Spokane and Cœur d'Alenes, and signed by their chiefs and head men in the presence of the great body of the Indians after being fully explained to the Indians. The Indians relinquish to the whites about 400,000 acres of land outside of the present reservation of the Cœur d'Alenes and the Spokanes with the full consent of the Cœur d'Alenes agree to go and live upon the reservation of the latter, and this reservation is to be theirs forever for joint occupancy, unless they agree to part with it. One hundred and fifty thousand dollars is to be paid to them by the government, $30,000 the first year and $8,000 per year for the period of fifteen years subsequent thereto. It also provides that no white man can come upon this reservation and marry one of the women of such tribe without first producing evidence of good character, which shall be approved by the agent in charge, the head chief and minister in charge."

TO THE SANITARY OFFICERS.

SALT LAKE CITY, April 16th, 1887.

Editor Deseret News:

As you have agitated the question of sanitary reform, permit me, through the columns of your paper, to call the attention of the proper authorities to a state of things that exist on the west of Jordan bridge, at the foot of North Temple Street.

This locality has been the dumping ground of a large portion of the offal of the city, not only to the annoyance of those residing adjacent, but to the traveling public.

The corporation is in a great measure responsible, as they have established a dumping ground about a third of a mile west of the bridge, seemingly without regard to the rights of residents in that locality, and without any law or rules, enforced, governing the disposition of the accumulated filth of the city at that point or the highway leading thereto.

There can now be found festering in the rays of the sun, dead animals, night soil, and other garbage calculated to breed disease; the stench arising from them is pestilential and abominable, and the nuisance should be immediately abated by the proper officers, who, by attending to the matter, will receive the thanks of the public and of the residents of

BRIGHTON.

TERRITORIAL ITEMS.

CULLED FROM LATEST EXCHANGES.

It is thought that grasshoppers will be numerous throughout the Malad valley this summer, and some of the farmers, in the greatly infested parts will not put in as large a crop as usual. "O ye of little faith."

—Last week, Wednesday, Austin Merrill, who lived at the head of Boulder Creek, near Shoup, Idaho, was killed by the accidental discharge of his revolver, while he was in the act of taking a drink from a creek.

—A stranger who died at Casa Grande, Arizona, a few days ago with smallpox, said his name was Ham English, and before he died he confessed to having murdered three men and one woman during his wicked career.

—The Virginia City *Enterprise* says: As things are now working, the indications are that when we get our share of Idaho, on the day of her being cut up and portioned out, Winnemucca will be made the capital of Nevada.

—According to the enactment of the recent legislature all practicing physicians in Idaho must file their diplomas with the auditor and recorder of the county before they can continue their practice, and all such diplomas must emanate from some good and reputable school. Recorder Boetcan wishes all the physicians to understand that their diplomas must be recorded next week.

—The Dillon (M. T.) *Tribune*, of the 15th says: On Thursday last, E. F. White and Howard Sebree sold to J. C. Savery and E. M. Trask their interest in the Montana Lumber Company, of Butte. The sale includes all the interest of Messrs. White and Sebree in the valuable real estate owned by the company, near the Butte depot grounds, consisting of warehouses, store buildings, planing mill, etc., also their real estate and business at Anaconda, where the company does a large business, and also all the grocery and merchandise business both at Butte and Anaconda. Negotiations have been pending for several weeks and were closed on the day named by the full payment of the purchase price in cash, amounting to about $80,000.

LATEST DISPATCHES.

The Customary Fatal Railway Accident.

THE MAHDI'S IMPUDENCE.

Another Cutting Case in Mexico.

THE LONDON "TIMES" SCORED.

BIG STRIKE IN CANADA—SUPPOSED LOST AT SEA, ETC.

By Telegraph to the NEWS.]

The Daily Fatal R. R. Accident.

ST. JOHNSVILLE, N. Y., April 19.—The passenger train on the New York Central Railroad met with an accident near this place near midnight. A land slide which had been caused by rains, threw the engine from the track. Engineer Edward Canarr was killed and the fireman had his leg broken. The passengers were badly shaken up, but none were seriously injured. The wrecked train consisted of eight cars, all but one of which left the track. The landslide was 120 feet long.

Canada's Debt.

OTTAWA, Ontario, April 19.—Sir Charles Tupper stated in the Commons last night that the gross public debt of Canada, on March 21st, was $270,000,000, the net debt being $226,000,000.

Anti Coercion Meeting.

TORONTO, April 19.—A large and enthusiastic anti-coercion bill meeting was held here last night, and appropriate resolutions were passed. Letters of regret because of their inability to be present were received from Archbishop Lynch, Bishop Cleary and Bishop O'Mahoney. They all sent contributions to the anti-eviction fund.

The Mahdi's Audacity.

CAIRO, April 19.—Delegates of the new Mahdi had an audience yesterday with the Khedive, to whom they presented letters from the Mahdi to the Khedive, the Queen of England and Sultan of Turkey. In the letter to the Khedive, the Mahdi says: "If you will recognize me as the true Mahdi, you will be saved; otherwise I will march forward and the same fate will befall you as overtook your generals. Mahdi addresses Queen Victoria as the favorite of her people."

Another Cutting Case.

EL PASO, Texas, April 19.—Pedro Garcia, editor of the *Observator Fronterizo*, languishes in Cutting's old cell in Paso del Norte jail, for calling Mayor Provencio, of Paso del Norte, a drunkard and Roberto, the tax collector of the state of Chihuahua, a robber. Garcia published his paper in El Paso and was arrested in the act of circulating it in Paso del Norte on the Mexican side of the river, identical with Cutting's case. The Mexican government exercises the right of extra-territorial jurisdiction, excepting that Garcia is a native Spaniard and is held for circulating and not publishing the libel.

A Strike.

MONTREAL, April 19.—The teamsters employed by the Canadian Pacific and Grand Trunk railroads went on a strike last week for an increase of 15 cents a day, making their wages a dollar and a half. New men were engaged. When they started for the stables this morning, they were attacked by the strikers. The force of police which arrived were stoned and held at bay by the strikers, but reinforcements arrived and the strikers were dispersed after a hand-to-hand conflict. The injured strikers were sent to the hospital.

Voting for Senator.

TALLAHASSEE, Fla., April 19.—The twenty-ninth ballot in the democratic caucus was taken at 2:30 this morning, and resulted as follows: Perry 47, Bloxham 41. The caucus adjourned till to-night, the vote not being decisive.

Going for the "Times."

LONDON, April 19.—The *Pall Mall Gazette* says: Parnell is an Irishman, therefore the *Times* is allowed to insult and libel him with impunity. We earnestly appeal to the members of the Commons on both sides to do Parnell justice and commit the editor of the *Times* to the clock tower for breach of privilege.

Easily Alarmed.

SOFIA, April 19.—A Russian war ship engaged in the practice of firing off Varna yesterday and caused great alarm among the people of that town. The Bulgarian authorities have protested against a repetition of the firing.

Probably Lost.

NEW YORK, 19.—The harbor police were informed to-day that six men hired a cat boat at Communipaw on Sunday last and set sail for Bayenne. Nothing has been heard of them and it is feared all were drowned.

The Political Division.

LONDON, April 19.—Three liberal-unionists voted against the second reading of the Irish crimes act amendment bill in the House of Commons last night. Six conservatives, six Gladstoneites, ten liberal-unionists and three Irish nationalists were absent.

Primrose day, the anniversary of the death of Lord Beaconsfield, was generally observed by the conservatives.

Military Matters.

WASHINGTON, April 19.—Major-Gen. Terry, who commands the division of Missouri, will discharge the duties of general commanding the department of Missouri until a successor is appointed to succeed Gen. Wilcox, retired. The appointment of Col. Merritt to the vacant brigadier generalship does not necessarily carry with it the command of the department of Missouri, and there is understood to be some competition among the brigadier generals for the succession.

Plain Words.

NEW YORK, April 19.—The following card, published this morning, explains itself:

To the editor of the Herald:

I have seen a paragraph which has been going the rounds to the effect that Gen. Logan's paper contain a letter from Gen. Sherman of a compromising nature, which he and his brother, Senator Sherman, had endeavored to suppress, and in your issue of to-day I find that one of your Washington correspondents has interviewed the senator, who treats the whole matter with proper contempt. Now I reaffirm every word my brother is reported to have said. Gen. Logan's friends are at perfect liberty to publish in full, any letter I ever wrote to him in private, confidential or official; further, if Mrs. Logan or John A. Logan, Jr., will send to me an accredited agent, I will permit him to see and copy all the letters to be published to gratify the curious. All men in public station write private letters as well as public, and in this instance I withdraw the limitation as to publication, only suggesting that the letter and answer be published together as more satisfactory to the honest reader. The paragraph here, and the paragraph there is as much a forgery as the writing of a check.

W. T. SHERMAN,

Fifth Avenue Hotel, New York, April 16th.

The Boodler.

NEW YORK, April 19.—Jacob Sharp's lawyer had a lengthy consultation with assistant District Attorney Nicoll today. It is thought that the case against Sharp will be called on Monday next, but nothing definite can be learned, the district attorney and his assistant maintaining the utmost reticence on the subject.

There is no excuse for weak backs when St. Jacobs Oil can be had.

Croup, coughs, colds, promptly cured by Red Star Cough Cure. Twenty-five cents.

Special Notices.

GRAND EASTER OPENING.

Mrs. C. E. Dye announces to her many patrons and friends that she will open a new and well selected stock of fine Millinery at her Millinery Parlors, No. 16 Main Street, on Monday, Tuesday and Wednesday, 4th, 5th and 6th of April. All are invited to call and see the elegant display of all the latest novelties.

MRS. C. E. DYE,
Millinery Parlors,
d1f 16 Main Street.

F. Auerbach & Bro. offer in their Bargain Sale Wednesday, Thursday, Friday and Saturday 300 Baby Coats and Cloaks, the choicest and cheapest ever offered since Utah's best crop first started. d5t

YOU MAKE MONEY

By using "Colorado Star" Soap. This is the cheapest laundry Soap in the market.

AN IMMENSE STOCK of Carpets and Wall Paper cheap at Dinwoodey's.

DON'T BE IMPOSED UPON

By your grocer with Cheap Soaps; insist on having "Colorado Star" or "Denver Best." These are full weight and pure.

A GOOD CHANCE.

Barratt Bros. have decided to sell all the furniture possible at cost rather than move it. dtf

GRAIN CHOPPING!

Oats, Corn, Barley, Peas, and all kinds of Grain Chopped, for horse or hog feed, at the PIONEER ROLLER MILLS.

NEW SPRING SUITINGS JUST Received from the Provo Mills. Suits made to order at JOHN C. CUTLER & BRO., No. 26 Main Street.
ds&wdt

CLOSING OUT SALE

Of Surplus Nursery at Greatly Reduced Prices.

The Geneva Nursery has on hand a limited assortment of the leading varieties of pear, standard and dwarf, plum, cherry and peach, ornamental trees, roses, shrubs, small fruits and forest tree seedlings. This stock has just been received from New York, having been shipped for the purpose of filling orders. We guarantee it to be first class in every particular. Please call and examine. Office in Central Block, just west of Walker Opera House.

J. A. GOODHUE,
d117 General Agent.

Wonderful Cures.

W. D. Hoyt & Co., Wholesale and Retail Druggists of Rome, Ga., say: We have been selling Dr. King's New Discovery, Electric Bitters and Bucklen's Arnica Salve for two years. Have never handled remedies that sell as well, or give such universal satisfaction. There have been some wonderful cures effected by these medicines in this city. Several cases of pronounced Consumption have been entirely cured by use of a few bottles of Dr. King's New Discovery, taken in connection with Electric Bitters. We guarantee them always.

Sold at Z. C. M. I. Drug Store. 1

Active, Pushing and Reliable.

Z. C. M. I. can always be relied upon to carry in stock the purest and best goods, and sustain the reputation of being active, pushing and reliable, by recommending articles with well established merit and such as are popular. Having the agency for the celebrated Dr King's New Discovery for consumption, colds and coughs, will sell it on a positive guarantee. It will surely cure any and every affection of throat, lung, or chest, and in order to prove our claim, we ask you to call and get a Trial Bottle Free. 1

"I have been afflicted with an affection of the Throat from childhood, caused by diphtheria, and have used various remedies, but have never found anything equal to BROWN'S BRONCHIAL TROCHES.—*Rev. G. M. F. Hampton, Piketon, Ky.* Sold only in boxes.

A sound mind goes very seldom without a sound digestion, and nothing contributes toward it more than the use of Angostura Bitters, the world renowned appetizer and invigorator, manufactured only by Dr. J. G. B. Siegert & Sons.

Bucklen's Arnica Salve.

THE BEST SALVE in the world for Cuts, Bruises, Sores, Ulcers, Salt Rheum, Fever Sores, Tetter, Chapped Hands, Chilblains, Corns, and all Skin Eruptions, and positively cures Piles, or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction, or money refunded. Price 25 cents per box.

FOR SALE at Z. C. M. I Drug Store

I was troubled with Catarrh. I used half a bottle of Ely's Cream Balm and it helped me wonderfully. My father was almost deaf, he had a constant roaring in his ears, after a few applications of the Balm he was relieved of the roaring and can now hear as well as ever.—*Miss Nettie Wirtle, Copperopolis, Arizona.*

ESTRAY NOTICE.

I HAVE IN MY POSSESSION:

One old roan MARE, white strip in face, branded Tr on right thigh and right shoulder and PR on left thigh.

Also one flea bitten gray MARE eight years old, branded Tr on right thigh and right shoulder.

If not claimed and taken away within (10) ten days from date will be sold to the highest bidder at estray pound at Herriman, April 25th, 1887.

WM. H. FREEMAN,
District Poundkeeper.

Herriman, S. L. Co., April 18, 1887.

J. Thomas, DENTIST.

Teeth Extracted without pain, by the use of VITALIZED AIR.

Office, No. 68 S. Main St., one door south of Daynes' Music Store. d1w

GRAEFENBERG CATHOLICON

An infallible remedy for all FEMALE COMPLAINTS Cures WEAKNESS, NERVOUSNESS, and GENERAL DEBILITY. This remarkable preparation is the only reliable remedy for the distressing diseases of women. Sold by Druggists.

PRICE $1.50 PER BOTTLE.

Many leading Physicians are using this Medicine in their practice.

GRAEFENBERG CHILDREN'S PANACEA.

Best Medicine for Children. 50 cents per bottle.

GRAEFENBERG CO.,
111 Chambers St., N. Y.

SALT LAKE THEATRE.

H. B. CLAWSON, - - MANAGER.

RETURN OF THE OLD FAVORITES
BEGINNING
MONDAY, APRIL 18th,
AND CONTINUING
Four Nights
AND WEDNESDAY MATINEE.
THE
Carleton Opera Co.,

Numerically larger and artistically stronger than ever.

MONDAY.....ERMINIE
TUESDAY.....NANON
WEDNESDAY (Matinee).....ERMINIE
WEDNESDAY (Night) The DRUM MAJOR'S DAUGHTER.
THURSDAY.....NANON

PRICES—$1.25, $1.00, 50c and 25c. No extra charge for reserved seats. Sale Saturday morning at 10 o'clock.

BUGGY FOR SALE.

A DOUBLE-SEATED TOP BUGGY almost new, for sale cheap. Enquire at 12th Ward Store. dtf

COMPOSITION Fire-Proof Roofing.

I AM NOW PREPARED TO PUT ON Composition Fire-Proof Roofing, which is considered the best adapted and most durable roof for our climate.

ELIAS MORRIS,
d6m 21 w., South Temple Street.

THE STALLIONS BLACK CRESCENT AND TOM HAMILTON

WILL MAKE THE SEASON FOR 1887, at Taylor Brothers' farm, in Bluff Dale, 20 miles south of Salt Lake City.

Crescent is sired by the famous L. C. Lee, is jet black, and weighs 1300lbs.

Tom is half Hambletonian and half Morgan, color, chesnut brown. For terms and further particulars, enquire at farm or of

d&sw M. W. TAYLOR, City Hall.

Received Direct from the Manufacturer a New Supply of

CLOTHING! Men's, Boys' and Children's.

Call and see them before purchasing. Lowest Prices guaranteed for CASH. Large stock of HATS and GENTS' FURNISHINGS.

BARTON & CO.,
44 MAIN STREET.

PIONEER PATENT ROLLER MILL CO.

Mill: No. 53 North Temple Street, East. Office: 21 South Temple Street, West

BRANDS:
HIGH PATENT.
BAKER'S No. 1.
SUPERFINE WHOLE WHEAT FLOUR.

HIGHEST CASH PRICE PAID FOR WHEAT.

Mill Telephone No. 371. Office Telephone No. 397.

ELIAS MORRIS, Supt.

THE STALLION Prince Richelieu!

WILL MAKE THE SEASON OF 1887 at the farm of A. W. Davis, one mile west and one half mile north of the white bridge. PRINCE RICHELIEU, is a beautiful bay, fifteen hands three inches high, and is Hambletonian and Morgan breed.

Terms, $15.00 a Season
d3m

REMOVAL!

We have removed our Coal Office from H. Dinwoodey's Furniture Store to

No. 40 MAIN STREET,

Nearly opposite Z. C. M. I.

WEBER COAL

From the Wasatch and Crimson Mines, and

PLEASANT VALLEY COAL,

From the Utah Central Ry. Co's Mine, constantly on hand.

We are prepared to furnish in any quantities at the yard at the Utah Central Railway Depot, or delivered to any part of the city, at regular rates.

Telephone No. 336.

HOME COAL CO.
d3m F. A. MITCHELL, Secretary and Manager

Utah Cracker Factory

27 EAST THIRD STREET, SALT LAKE CITY.

Manufacturers of
PLAIN AND FANCY
CRACKERS, CAKES & JUMBLES,
Guaranteed to be equal to any imported.

FOR SALE BY
Z. C. M. I., SALT LAKE CITY, OGDEN AND LOGAN.

Co-operative Stores and other dealers would do well to patronize these goods and introduce them to their customers. d

DEAFNESS Its causes, and a new and successful Cure at your own home, by one who was deaf twenty-eight years. Treated by most of the noted specialists without benefit. *Cured himself* in three months, and since then hundreds of others. Full particulars sent on application.

T. S. PAGE, No. 41 West 21st St., New York City. 4eod4w

NOTICE TO CREDITORS.

Estate of Anna Katrina Walin, Deceased.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN BY THE undersigned, Administrator of the Estate of Anna Katrina Walin, deceased, to the creditors of, and all persons having claims against the said deceased, to exhibit them with the necessary vouchers, within four months after the first publication of this notice, to the said Administrator, at the store of S. P. Teasdel, Salt Lake City, in the County of Salt Lake.

Dated at Salt Lake City, March 29th, 1887.

WILLIAM B. BARTON,
Administrator of Estate of Anna Katrina Walin, deceased. d1taw4w

NOTICE TO CREDITORS.

Estate of Lavina W. Johnson, Deceased.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN BY THE undersigned, Executor of the last Will and Testament of Lavina W. Johnson, deceased, to the creditors of, and all persons having claims against the said deceased, to exhibit them with the necessary vouchers, within ten months after the first publication of this notice, to the said Executor, at the office of Taylor, Romney, Armstrong Co., Salt Lake City, in the County of Salt Lake.

GEORGE H. TAYLOR,
Executor of the Last Will and Testament of Lavina W. Johnson, Deceased.

Dated at Salt Lake City, April 2nd, 1887. d1aw4w

NOTICE TO CREDITORS.

In the matter of the Estate of Emeline Free Young.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN, THAT all persons having claims against the Estate of Emeline Free Young, must exhibit them, with necessary vouchers, to the executor of the will of said Deceased at the office of the undersigned, at No. 30 East Temple Street, Salt Lake City, Utah, within ten months from the first publication of this notice.

RYSUM S. YOUNG,
d1aw4w JAMES S. FERGUSON

Z. C. M. I.

Offer a full and Complete Stock of

SPRING AND SUMMER GOODS

IN

Staple and Fancy Dress Ginghams,

ZEPHYRS, ZANZIBARS, SEERSUCKERS, BOURETTES AND CRINKLES.

SATEENS, FOREIGN AND DOMESTIC.

White Goods, and All the Latest Novelties in Wash Fabrics.

WE SHOW A LARGE LINE OF

FOREIGN AND DOMESTIC DRESS GOODS,

Silks, Satins, Surahs, Rhadames, Etc. Embroidered Dress Robes, White and Colored.

SPRING WRAPS,

Jackets and Jerseys, New and Elegant Lines.

RIBBONS, FLOWERS, PLUMES & TIPS

IN ALL THE LATEST NOVELTIES.

NEW LACES & EMBROIDERIES,

FULL AND COMPLETE STOCK

Ladies', Misses' and Children's Straw Hats, Trimmed and untrimmed, Hosiery, Gloves and Underwear.

New & Complete Stock of Men's, Boys' & Children's Clothing, Hats AND

FURNISHING GOODS.

NOTIONS IN IMMENSE VARIETY.

CARPETS

In Moquet, Velvet, Body Brussels, Tapestries, Three Ply, Extra Super, Cotton Chain and Hemp, Smyrna and Velvet Rugs, Door Mats and Oil Cloth.

WALL PAPER, COMPLETE ASSORTMENT.

H. S. ELDREDGE, Supt.

Great Bargains

IN

SPRING AND SUMMER GOODS, DRY GOODS, NOTIONS & FANCY GOODS

Dress Goods from 6¼ cents per yard and upwards.
Lawns from 5 cents per yard and upwards.
Embroideries from 4 cents per yard and upwards.
Laces from 40 cents per dozen yards and upwards.
Lace Curtains from 10 cents per yard and upwards.
Indigo Blue Prints, 14 yards for $1.00.
Ladies' Hose from 5 cents per pair and upwards.
Children's Hose from 5 cents per pair and upwards.
Corsets from 40 cents per pair and upwards.
Ladies' Balbrygan Vests from 50 cents each and upwards.
Ladies' Muslin Underwear from 25 cents and upwards.
Kid Gloves from 50 cents per pair and upwards.
Silk Gloves " 35 " " "
Silk Mitts " 35 " " "
Lisle Thread Gloves from 20 cents per pair and upwards.
Towels from 10 cents each and upwards.
Table Cloths from 50 cents each and upwards.
Bedspreads from $1.00 each and upwards.
Scarf Shawls from $1 00 each and upwards.
Parasols from 25 cents each and upwards.
Ribbons, all Colors and Widths.
Valises, all Sizes and Styles from 50 cents each.
Trunks from $2.75 each and upwards.

A FULL AND COMPLETE STOCK OF

GENTS' FURNISHING GOODS.

THE LOWEST PRICES IN THE CITY.

SATISFACTION GUARANTEED.

Mail Orders Receive Prompt Attention.

C. M. DONELSON & CO.

COHN BROS.

NEW STOCK OF

BLACK GOODS,

Both for Mourning and Ordinary Wear.

We direct attention that we have just opened a very Choice Assortment in this line, mostly made by Priestley & Co., Bradford, England, in all Wools and in Silk Warps, as follows: Henriettas, Drap d'Alma, Armures, Crape Cloths, Batiste Diagonals, Melrose, and Venetian Cloths, Imperial Twills, Serges, Albatross, and a variety of Fancy Weaves. This new line of goods will be offered during this week at

ESPECIALLY LOW PRICES.

Our line of Black Cashmeres, always the Best and Cheapest in the City, now sold LOWER THAN EVER.

LADIES' JACKETS AND WRAPS.

We have received another lot of Ladies' and Misses' Jackets, and Beaded Wraps, and on account of our Very Low Prices, sell rapidly, and this stock is constantly changing.

Also a new line of Ladies' Jerseys, the best made and the Newest Styles in the City,

AT PRICES THAT CANNOT FAIL TO PLEASE.

We sell the best made BOYS' SHIRT WAIST in the City. The whole line is new this Spring at our well known Popular Prices.

OUR ASSORTMENT OF

PARASOLS

Is acknowledged to be not only the Largest, but the finest selection on exhibition in this City, and during this week will be offered at

VERY LOW PRICES.

COHN BROS.