s 1 for Mexican free lead ore our mines would all close down. The lead production of our mines is only about 10 per cent of the entire output, the other 9-10 being gold and silver. (Applause.) The price of lead has gone down, the production has gradually diminished since the enactment of the McKinley bill. The Republicans tell us that if the Democracy wins in Utah our mines will close down. They didn't close down here between 1883 and 1890. (Applause.) Since the McKinley bill went into effect the three largest mines in Tintic were compelled to suspend business. (Renewed applause.) At Ogden the other night my friend quoted from a letter purporting to have been received by him from the well known hardware firm of E. C. Coffin & Co. of this city. When the gentleman read it I was following him in the Republican campaign book and found that the letter had been copied bodily from the book or the extract in the book from the letter. (Applause.) To the persons who are now engaged in manufacturing in the United States the people are compelled to pay $14,000,000 tribute annually.

The shoddy mills have greatly increased in number since the passage of the McKinley bill. England, the area of which is not much larger than Utah, sustains 35,000,000 head of sheep. In all the United States we have 44,000,000 head. The labor cost in the United States is less than elsewhere. Regarding bounties the Republican nominee has said that if the last Territorial Legislature had been Republican instead of Democratic, there would have been sugar bounties in every county in Utah. (Laughter.) We Democrats don't believe in bounties. (Applause.) Last year the Lehi Sugar company was paid $45,000 in bounties. If that thing was extended indefinitely it would exhaust the Territory's finances. Democrats believe in home industries, but those industries must sustain themselves. When the farmer is unable to make both ends meet at the end of the year, he has just as much right to go before the Legislature and ask for an appropriation as an organized corporation has.

In 1887 the Republican party joined with the Democratic party in reducing the tariff.

Why is it that the millionaire manufacturers sell their products to foreign countries 35 per cent cheaper than they do to the American people? They are able to do so by the purchased provisions of the McKinley bill. The infamous system of Republican protection which has given to Carnegie wealth beyond the dreams of avarice is crushing the life out of the people. It has created the famous alliance of tariff, trusts and trusts. The rich it makes richer and the poor poorer. It fills our prisons and poor houses.

Reciprocity is a kind of latitudinal free trade, extending also off to the little island where Robinson Crusoe was stranded and the other two more and insignificant places.

Mr. Cannon has seen fit to refer to the election of one year ago. That is not an issue of the present campaign. He says that it was not a criterion. We don't know. The Democratic party has not resorted to the use of the Sunday schools (tremendous applause), or the Elders meetings to further their political ends. Neither have they dragged the names of men sacred to the Mormon people in the mire. (Cheers and applause from the Democratic side of the house.) They have endeavored to be honest in their canvass. They have issued no illustrated pamphlets as rewards of merit in the Sunday schools.

The speaker here referred sarcastically to what he termed an unholy alliance between the Republican leaders, Charles Crane and Judge Bennett on one side and Joseph F. and John Henry Smith and Bishop Clawson on the other. (Hisses and expressions of disgust came from the Republican side of the house). Mr. Rawlins continued. You may sneer and protest but when men "stand the livery of the court of heaven to serve the devil in I have a right to tear off their masks and take them by their heels and horns and hold them up to public derision. In Provo the people have been told not to vote for Joseph Rawlins because he was an apostate and an agnostic.

At Mill Creek secret emissaries were sent among the people, I am told, to inform the people the same thing. The way to judge a man is by his past life. To the people I would say if you listened to the admonitions of such men, under such circumstances, Oh, Utah! poor Utah, who has been wandering in the wilderness of untold for forty years, hang your heads in shame. But I say that on the morrow you will express your honest convictions at the polls. As to the result no man will yield greater obedience than myself. I want no advantage over a political opponent and will take none. As the light shines through the rifting clouds after a storm, so do the signs of political freedom in Utah now appear. Men have mistaken the temper of the people with whom they have to deal. No tricks or dark devices will now deceive them. If I, for any purpose, desired revenge against the people I could have no greater wish than to see the schemes of such individuals as I have referred to succeed. The Democrats have confined themselves to legitimate discussion in this campaign and with the result I will be content. (Applause.)

CANNON CLOSES.

I am not going to tear away the mask and show the faces of members of the Democratic party, prominent and otherwise, who held confidential positions and are covered with boils and horns, who have used their Church influence in a certain direction. (Applause.) I have traveled more miles and made more speeches in this campaign than any other man and I never yet have made a personal attack on any member of the other party. I have heard of and read humiliating remarks made by the other candidate against my father, who was his client at the time he referred to and was supposedly under his protection. (Applause.) It belongs to us to show to the nation that we can stand on one broad political plane with the people of the United States. In every word the gentleman uttered in concluding his speech there was a threat against the people of Utah. He substantially said that unless they vote the Democratic ticket on the morrow they would be regarded by the nation as traitors. If that is so the Democratic party died when it adopted its platform at Provo. (Applause.) One thing the Republican party will not do in this Territory if the Democratic party is successful and that is accuse the people of insincerity. (Applause.) It is said that for forty years we have wandered in the wilderness and that we will hang our heads in the valley of shame if a certain thing occurs. To-morrow the people have the privilege of redeeming themselves. The Democracy has thought for a long time it owned us body and soul. I know that when the home rule bill was drafted its prospective officers were paraded out. (Applause.) Yes, people of Utah, we have wandered in the wilderness for forty years under the leadership of a Democratic Moses, but tomorrow you will be led into the promised land by a Republican Joshua. (Applause.)

The great gathering then dispersed amidst vociferous cheers for the respective candidates.

UTLEY WANTS A PARDON

And the Petition is Supported by the Trial Judge.

The following petition for a free pardon on behalf of Lafayette Utley has been received by Governor Thomas. The convict is now serving a three years' term in the Penitentiary, for robbery:

To His Excellency Arthur L. Thomas, Governor for the Territory of Utah:

The undersigned, your petitioners, respectfully show that Lafayette Utley, aged 19 years, in April last was convicted in the third district court of Utah of the crime of robbery on the person of one Moses Bruno; that he has been serving his time in the Penitentiary ever since April last; that the day of his sentence, that he was sentenced for three years; that his mother is now 54 years of age, is a widow and his said son, Lafayette, is the only person upon whom she can depend for support; that up to the time of his being sent to the penitentiary he was kind to his mother and gave her his earnings and was a great help to her; that she has no means for her support, and is unexpected to do what little she is able to do to get money to subsist upon; that at the time of the robbery the said Lafayette was partially intoxicated, and had in no been for that fact we believe he would not have committed the robbery; that the boy and his mother have had a hard struggle for existence, the husband and father having died when the boy was eight months old; that we are satisfied that if a pardon is granted him he will be a good law-abiding citizen, will be a comfort and blessing to his mother in her old age, and that the ends of justice will have been met. We therefore petition your Excellency to grant a pardon to Lafayette Utley, and your petitioners will ever pray.

Ex-Judge Anderson has placed this endorsement on the back of the document:

I sentenced the defendant to the shortest term the law permits and think he has already been sufficiently punished, and heartily join in the foregoing request for his pardon. T. J. ANDERSON.

Mortality Statement.

Following is the monthly report of the health department of this city for October. Population (estimated), 60,000. Annual death rate per 1,000, 12.40.

Cause of Death.	No.
Accident	
Asphyxiation	
Bones, Inflammation of	
Bright's Disease	
Brain, Congestion of	
Cholera Infantum	2
Convulsions	
Consumption	
Croup	
Diphtheria	
Erysipelas	
Heart Failure	
Heart Disease, Organic	
Heart Disease	
Inanition	
Jaundice	
Marasmus	
Malnutrition	
Meningitis, (cerebro Spinal)	
Nephritis	
Pneumonia	
Peritonitis	
Phthisis	
Puerperal Fever	
Septicemia	
Typhoid Fever	
Senile Debility	
Total	62

| AGE. | | |