THE EVENING NEWS.

PUBLISHED DAILY, SUNDAYS EXCEPTED, AT FOUR O'CLOCK.

GEORGE Q. CANNON, BRIGHAM YOUNG, EDITORS AND PUBLISHERS.

Friday, - - December 6, 1878.

DEFECTIVE WOOL.

As the winter season is at hand, and we may confidently expect storm and frost to succeed the present delightful calm and sunny weather, now is a good time to give a few hints to sheep owners and herders in regard to the care of their flocks.

Wool is one of the most important staple products of Utah. We have several excellent factories to supply with the raw material for manufacture into cloth, blankets, yarn, etc., and there is a constant outside market for all our surplus. Indeed the demand for our wool crop is so lively that rival middle men keep up, in the wool season, an active if not angry competition for extensive clips.

We need not tell our sheep raisers that the value of wool depends considerably upon its quality. But we may with propriety direct their attention to the fact that neglected, underfed and unsheltered sheep produce defective wool, which is unfit for first-class manufactures. One great fault of wool from sheep improperly cared for in winter, is unevenness. Authorities on this question assert that the effect of bad wintering is to contract the pores, so that the wool which issues is of very attenuated fibre. When the animal recovers its vigor, the pores enlarge and a stronger fibre is produced. Being weak in one place and strong in another, the wool breaks at the slightest strain and this unevenness reduces the value of a fleece considerably. Experts can detect this defect at once on examination, and the price of the wool goes down on its discovery.

Every sheep raiser and sheep herder, therefore, should make proper provision for the wintering of their flocks, that the animals may be kept in a healthy condition. This is not only necessary for maintaining the mutton value of the sheep, but also the quality of the fleece, upon which greatly depends the market value of the wool. We appeal to the pocket rather than to the humanity of those particularly interested, knowing that with some the former is the more sensitive part of their personal economy.

NO "COMFORT" IN THE "CRUMB."

THE late election law in this Territory, which did good service for many years, insuring free, fair and incorruptible elections, was vehemently assailed by a small minority of citizens, most of them new-comers, because of the marked ballot, which was one of its salient features. The law was repealed and a new statute enacted, abolishing that element of the old law which was deemed objectionable.

But in throwing away the strongest safeguard to the purity of the ballot box, our legislators did not fail to build up another. Registration was adopted as the next best protection. But this did not suit the objectors to the marked ballot. They were and are as bitterly opposed to the registration as to the former system, because it leaves them no chance to stuff the ballot boxes, nor to turn an actual minority into an apparent majority by means of any of the tricks with which professional politicians are familiar.

While Utah was discarding the marked ballot, other Legislatures were adopting it. Among them the State of Minnesota introduced it, to counteract the fraudulent voting which is so common in all the large cities of the Union. But the plan met with fierce opposition, as might have been expected, and a legal raid was made upon it. A test case was tried in the District Court of Ramsey County, Minnesota, when the act authorizing the marked ballot was pronounced unconstitutional, "being in violation of the right of voters to cast a secret ballot." This was a very singular ruling, and serves to show that Utah is not the only place where Judges, supposed to be learned and sound, are sometimes afflicted with apparent aberration of intellect.

We have not learned as yet the result of this litigation. It is not likely that the State authorities will accept this decision as final. For the Constitution says nothing about a secret ballot. It does not even directly provide that voting shall be done by ballot at all. But in voting for President and Vice President of the United States, the electors are required by the Twelfth Amendment to name the persons voted for to fill each office "in distinct ballots." Thus, incidentally, the Constitution provides for voting by ballot in this one instance. But voting in the several States and Territories for their own officers, is left to the different local Legislatures to regulate by local statutes. There is not anything in the Constitution which bears in any way against the marked ballot, or requires the ballot to be used in voting at any election for State or Territorial officers. If there is we should like to have it pointed out.

When, therefore, a Judge, in the interests of party, pronounces unconstitutional a law or proceeding about which the Constitution is perfectly silent, he only makes himself an object of ridicule and reprobation. And those who gloat over such a decision because of its incidental bearing upon a defunct statute of Utah, exhibit simply an urgent necessity for the smallest crumb of comfort that may drop within their cognizance, and a painful eagerness to seize it, no matter how far they may have to travel in order to reach the deceptive morsel.

BY TELEGRAPH.

PER WESTERN UNION TELEGRAPH LINE.

EASTERN.

The Reason Why.

NEW YORK, 6.—The *World's* Washington special says: The reason why Blaine has not called up his resolution, is because the democrats are in the majority in the Senate owing to the absence of Sargent, Sharon, Conklin, and others.

The Mexican Trade.

CHICAGO, 6.—New York merchants complain that the Mexican trade is suffering greatly from the wholesale smuggling of our goods across the borders. They claim that the Mexican custom officers openly assert the fraud which is carried on so extensively, that regular exporters from eastern ports and from western rivers, find it impossible to compete, and are gradually reducing their adventures.

Gov. Nicholls Investigating.

Private New Orleans advices state that Governor Nicholls is visiting all the bulldozed parishes taking evidence of fraud, with intent to punish to the limit of the law, all guilty of corrupting, intimidating, or murdering electors.

Railroad Pooling.

At a meeting of railroad presidents of the great trunk lines, last night, it was decided that the present pooling arrangement on the west bound freights be continued in force for five years from the first of January, percentages to be determined from time to time by Commissioner Fink, to whom absolute power is given in the matter. A committee consisting of Rutter, of the New York Central; Cassatt, of Penna; King, of the B. & O, and Blanchard, of the Erie, were appointed, to whom all matters in connection with the east and westbound freights and passenger rates will be referred, and if they are unable to arrange the differences, Fink will adjust matters. The percentage of the pool is at present: Erie, 33 per cent, New York Central, 33, Penna., 25, Balto and Ohio, 9.

It was also resolved to maintain the rates for east-bound freight and passengers. Mr. Fink stated that the resolution making the pool permanent for five years would at once stop all cutting.

The Silk Auction.

The *Sun* says: The amount realized by the auction sale of silk, yesterday, was about $50,000. Prices were unusually small, averaging 20 per cent. less than last year's sales.

Release of Orville Grant.

The *Tribune* says: Orville Grant was released from the State lunatic asylum, at Morris Plains, N. J., yesterday, and was accompanied to his home at Elizabeth, by his son.

Congressional Jobbing.

The *Sun* says, editorially: The session is only four days old, but already jobs and extravagances begin to put in an appearance. Yesterday, for instance, Mitchell introduced bills appropriating $285,000 for the further improvement of three Oregon rivers. Mitchell is a stirring, practical man, who believes in taking time by the forelock. Later on we shall hear from his allowed associates, who have come to Washington with like projects for depleting the Treasury. It seems to be labor wasted to remonstrate against the substitution of "log-rolling," for well-considered and economical legislation.

The Hostility to Hayes.

The *Tribune's* Washington special says: The strong feeling of hostility toward the President, which the republican Senators and Representatives took no pains to conceal a year ago, has given place to a very general sentiment of indifference. There is less disposition to attack the President openly, but no evidence of any cordiality of feeling.

Poultry Hatching.

Professor Corbett, of this city, will ship several apparatuses for poultry hatching, to San Juan, California.

Sargent Improving.

WASHINGTON, 6.—Sargent is convalescent, and rode out, to-day.

Ordered to Report.

Captain Arthur Morris, Fourth Artillery, is ordered to report to the superintendent of general recruiting service, to command a detachment of recruits to the Pacific Coast.

Indian Bureau Transfer Commission.

The joint commission considering the transfer of the Indian Bureau to the Military Department heard Secretary Schurz to-day. He disclaimed any personal desire to return the control of the Indian service under the Interior Department. No branch of the department's business is so troublesome and thankless. He thought the Indians were entitled to humane treatment, and that could only be tendered through the processes of civilization, education and kind treatment. This the military were not fitted to promote. The Secretary quoted from the report of the Sioux commission, signed by Gen. Sherman, Terry, Auger and others, setting forth in effect that if peace with the Indians was required, the management of their affairs should be placed under the civil department of government now. I agree with these gentlemen on this point. There are a great many officers of the army who have excellent ideas about Indians at times, but it is another thing to bring their ideas into practical effect.

The military arm of the government he did not consider gifted with the patient labor required to place the hoe in the Indian's hand and teach him how to use it. He denounced very emphatically the red tape system of reporting Indian outbreaks, which had been asserted was required under the present administration of the Indian affairs. Whenever a case arises where prompt action is necessary, he, in person, communicated with the Secretary of War and the General of the army, as the case may be, thereby causing but very few hours delay in perfecting the necessary arrangements to meet the emergency, rather than months, as intimated by Gen. Sherman. He claimed that the demand for the transfer of the bureau from the civil to the military department was based upon assumptions rather than upon facts. History will prove that the Indian Bureau is credited with the Indian wars which, in reality, occurred previous to the organization under civil management. The cause of the majority of the wars, in his opinion, is the breaking of the treaties, together with the encroachments of the greedy whites upon settlements of Indians who would be peaceful Indians. He did not believe such military officers as Generals Sheridan, Sherman and others desired war, but the subordinates, who had a reputation to make, were not for peace, especially with the Indian race. "The army officers," the secretary said, in reply to a question by Gen. Hooker, "who have been in charge at the Indian agencies, have been very faithful and efficient in their duties, however, in connection with the unsettled state of affairs, and not with a view to civilizing the Indians. The secretary advises the placing of the troublesome Indians on a reservation under martial law, and of increasing the number of the Indian police force from 450 to 1,600 or 1,700. This was very reliable and had rendered good service.

FOREIGN.

GREAT BRITAIN.

The Afghan War—Gen. Roberts' Engagement.

LONDON, 6.—The detailed reports of the fighting in the Peiwar Pass show that the Afghans, who were posted in some pine woods, resisted General Roberts' second movement on Peiwar Khotal most obstinately. Sometimes they even assumed the offensive, hard pressing the most advanced troops until reinforcements came up. Not a single body of the Afghans remained unbroken at the end of the day. The English lost 10 killed and 8 wounded.

LAHORE, 6.—All is quiet in the Khyber Pass. A reconnaissance has been made as far as Peshbolak. The Ameer is collecting levies near Cabul. Gen. Buddolph has advanced many miles northeast of Quettah. The advance is easy and the natives friendly.

House of Lords—Debate on the Queen's Speech.

Earl Grey moved an amendment to the address expressing regret that Parliament was not summoned as soon as possible after war became probable.

The Duke of Somerset, cordially supported the prosecution of the war.

The Marquis of Salisbury, Secretary of State for the Foreign Department, repelled the personal charges that he had deceived Parliament by denying that there had been any change of policy towards Afghanistan. He said they were brought forward by Lord Granville to distract the country's attention from the fact that his most attached political friends were siding with the enemies of their country.

Lord Beaconsfield then addressed the house. He criticized the attitude of the opposition in raising personal questions, and challenged them to attack directly the justice and policy of the war. He stated the inspection of Cypress by his colleagues showed that that island surpassed all government's expectations, and would soon be recognized as one of the most influential positions in the British dominions. He expressed the opinion that the results of the victory of General Roberts, in Afghanistan, would be speedy and satisfactory. He believed the worst of the commercial depression was over, and expected that in a year the position of affairs would be very different. He added, in reference to the business prospects: The recent words of the President of the United States, coming from such a quarter on such a subject, cannot be treated with too much consideration. The enterprise in America reacts on that of England. I look forward with much confidence to the influence of American industry and enterprise shortly producing more favorable results than we can now estimate.

In conclusion, he said the government was prepared to meet Parliament's decision, however it might affect the ministry individually, but he hoped the house would decide to maintain the empire and not sanction the policy which mistakes timidity for wisdom.

The amendment moved by Earl Gray was rejected, and the address adopted without division.

House of Commons Debate.

In the debate on the address in the House of Commons, the Marquis of Hartington made a declaration similar to that of Lord Granville, in the upper house, of the intention of himself and his friends not to hamper the government in the conduct of the war by any attempt to oppose the granting of supplies. He said, the war having been commenced, it necessary for the security of India, conduct it vigorously.

Gladstone spoke briefly, expressing the hope that the House would have more information before a vote of credit was asked.

Irish Grievances.

Before the passage of the address in the House of Commons, McCarthy Downing complained of the absence in the royal speech of any promise to redress Irish grievances.

Power and Sullivan, Irish members protested against the Afghan war.

The Home Secretary promised that when the list of measures for the session was produced, it would be found that Ireland had not been forgotten.

Mill Burned.

The Derby cotton mill, at Bolton, was burned; loss, £25,000.

Expenses of the Indian Expedition.

The secretary of the state for India, in the House of Lords, and the under secretary for India, in the House of Commons will, on Monday, move the following resolution:

Resolved, That her Majesty having directed that a military expedition of her forces, charged upon Indian revenue, be dispatched against the Ameer of Afghanistan, this House consents that the revenues of India shall be applied to defray the expenses of military operations which may be carried on beyond the external frontiers of her Majesty's Indian possessions.

Silver—Stocks.

Silver to-day is quoted at 50½ pence per ounce.

Consols, 94 3-16@ 94 7-16; Erie, 18½.

The Central Asia Question.

EDINBURGH, 6.—The *Scotsman's* London correspondent says: In influential quarters it is believed that an arrangement with Russia for the settlement of the Central Asia question, is on the tapis, and it is likely to assume the form of a partition of Afghanistan.

AUSTRIA.

Waiting for Reinforcement.

VIENNA, 6.—The *Political Correspondent* reports that the Russian General Somokine, who commands the road to Herat, is waiting for reinforcements to the number of 8,000 men, who recently crossed the Caspian Sea.

Ministerial Crisis at Constantinople.

The ministerial crisis at Constantinople has produced a very unfavorable impression here. Kheiridin Pasha, the New Grand Vizier, is one of Austria's bitterest adversaries. He urged the Sultan to forcibly resist the Austrian occupation of Turkish territory. He is regarded here as an unscrupulous schemer, capable of hastening Turkey to her ruin. The change of ministry is believed mainly attributable to Russian intrigues.

ITALY.

Suppression of Clubs.

ROME, 6.—In the Chamber of Deputies, yesterday, the minister of the interior combatted the accusations against the government. He refused to fetter the press, and showed the uselessness of suppressing clubs.

It is still an open question whether the United States has more religions than patent medicines. The religions are probably the more numerous, but the medicines keep up the finest cemeteries.—*Burlington Hawkeye.*

"Talking about the jaws of death," exclaimed a Fifth Ward man, whom one of our reporters interviewed the other day, who is living with his third scolding wife, "I tell you they are nothing to the 'jaws of life!'"—*Syracuse Journal.*

BEAVER STAKE CONFERENCE.

BEAVER CITY, Utah, December 2d, 1878.

The Quarterly Conference of the Beaver Stake, was held on Saturday, Nov. 30th, and Sunday, Dec. 1. On the stand, of the priesthood, were J. R. Murdock, president of the Stake, with his Counselors, the High Council, Bishops and Counselors of the several wards of the county and other prominent members of the Stake.

The assembly was addressed by Elders from different parts of the county, who spoke under the influence of a good spirit, and gave good instructions and exhorted the people to the performance of their duties.

Second day, Sunday.

The congregation was larger than yesterday. The leading topics spoken upon, were the encouragement and education of the young, showing the great necessity of watching the youth, setting before them good examples, etc.

Afternoon.

After administering the Lord's Supper, the authorities, general and local, were placed before the Saints, and were unanimously sustained. President Murdock urged upon the people the necessity of complying with the instructions that had been given, and touched upon many subjects that had been introduced, which principally were in behalf of the young and rising generation. The conference was then adjourned.

WILLIAM ASHWORTH, Clerk of Conference.

CORRESPONDENCE.

ADAMSVILLE, Beaver County, December 2, 1878.

Editors Deseret News:

I regret to announce the death, on Saturday morning, at 9 a.m., of dropsy, of Joseph Walker Simkins, son of James and Mary Simkins, aged 17 years and 6 months. He was a kind, affectionate, and dutiful son, and we sympathize with the bereaved parents. No doubt the cause of his death was brought about by going in swimming too early in the season, the water being too cold, which is the case in a great many instances. I trust this will be a warning to the children in this place.

The health of the people is good, and the harvest abundant. We have a day school well attended, also a Sunday school, and the Saints in general feel alive to their duties.

Your brother in the gospel,
HENRY EMERSON.

Frightful Encounter with a Grizzley.

SALEM, Utah, December 6, 1878.

Editors Deseret News:

A most lamentable accident occurred on the 3rd inst at 12 m. A party of hunters consisting of John A. Powel, Abraham Powel, Caleb S. Rhoads, and Robert Snyder, of this place, started on the 23rd of November, on a deer hunting expedition. They selected their hunting ground at Nebo Creek, east of Mount Nebo. As they were gathering up their game, one of the party, Brother Abraham Powel was attacked by a grizzley bear, which lay secreted in the brush, about 10 feet off, striking him down before any defence could be made, and literally tearing his eyes from their sockets, scalping his whole head from below the region of the eyes, mangling and bruising his whole body in no less than forty-seven different places, in a most fearful manner. Notwithstanding he was used in such a dreadful manner, he rallied and hollowed to his brother John Powel, who was nearly three-quarters of a mile off from the scene. The latter sped to his rescue as fast as possible and carried him to camp, when he received all the care and attention that the isolated circumstances would permit; but in spite of all efforts, he expired on the morning of the 4th inst., in very severe suffering.

The deceased was a young man, aged 23; a most darling and fearless hunter. He was industrious and of exemplary habits, a quiet and peaceable disposition, dutiful and attend to his mother. He was the son of the late James Powel, so well known in the Missouri persecutions, and Mrs. Jemima Powel, an aged lady, who lives to mourn his loss. His comrades, at his request, ordained him to the priesthood of an Elder, and dedicated him to the Lord, after which he expired, uttering his last words, "Take care of mother."

The funeral services will take place to-morrow at the residence of his brother, John A. Powel, in this town.

Respectfully,
ROBERT H. DAVIS.

BOTTLES

WANTED!

WE WISH TO BUY

ALE, CHAMPAGNE AND PORTER PINT BOTTLES,

SEND THEM TO

WALKER BROS. & CO.

LIQUOR DEALERS.

SWEET Chewing JACKSON'S BEST NAVY Tobacco

Awarded highest prize at Centennial Exposition for the superior quality and excellent and lasting character of tobacco and smoking. The best tobacco made. At all first class dealers. Ask for Jackson's Best. Take no other. Sold by all dealers. Send for sample. S. T. JACKSON & CO., Mfrs. Petersburg, Va.

GEO. DUNFORD.

IMMENSE STOCK, SEASONABLE GOODS, HOLIDAY STYLES,

CHRISTMAS & NEW YEAR PRESENTS,

Should be useful as well as ornamental, to accomplish this, look through our Immense Stock of

BOOTS, SHOES, HATS, CAPS & GENTS GLOVES.

Largest Ram in Utah. Standard Goods at Prices unequalled in this Country.

GEO. DUNFORD.

WANTED.

SEVERAL good seamstresses can find constant employment, with good pay. Enquire at this office.

MRS. MURDER

IS closing out her fine stock of Millinery Goods at Cost Prices. d64

NOTICE.

I WISH to notify my friends that I have removed from my old stand to 10 doors west of Theatre. Work done good, cheap and promptly.
JOSEPH BENTLEY, Carpet Weaver.

FOR RENT.

PLEASANT ROOMS, single or in suits with or without board. Enquire at this office. d63

Twenty-Five Residences in Salt Lake City, For Sale.

RANGING in value from 800 to 5,000 dollars. In the list we have in market two perfect Gems of Homes, in point of location, beauty of view, and tastefulness of arrangement.
ELI H. KELSEY & SON, Office, First South street, a few doors east of Deseret National Bank corner.

WM. SADLER

DEALER IN BOOTS AND SHOES, No. 19 East Temple St., opposite the Savings Bank. My goods are unsurpassed for comfort, elegance, durability, and moderate prices.

WANTED

FROM 80 to 200 acres of land, partly improved, or unimproved, with water rights, in Exchange for young stock, cash and other property.
Enquire at or address K at this office, stating location and price. da6w

EXCHANGE.

TWO or Three Hundred Bushels of Wheat, in the Southern settlements, can be had in exchange for same in Salt Lake City or vicinity. Enquire at this Office. d21 1w

GREAT BARGAINS IN WATCHES AND JEWELRY.

Large assortment of new goods, a short time only before departure for Europe. Also two Carriage Horses, by
d306 3m CARL C. ASMUSSEN.

TRUSTEES' NOTICE.

A MEETING of the tax payers in the 11th School district, will be held in the 11th Ward school house on Monday, December 16th, 1878, at 7 o'clock p.m., for the purpose of electing three Trustees for the ensuing two years.
FRANCIS ARMSTRONG, WM. B. CHILD, HENRY COULAM, Trustees.
d61

NOTICE.

To the Administrators of the Estate of the late O. P. Rockwell, deceased.

TAKE NOTICE, that he was owing assessment on the Stockholm Lead Mine to the amount of $120, which if not paid within 90 days from date his claim will be forfeited.
SAMUEL PETERSON, CHRIS. CALGREN,
Santaquin, December 2, 1878. d12 3

ESTRAY NOTICE.

I HAVE in my possession the following described animals:
One seven-year old red roan COW, white face, branded J H on the left hip, dewlap on the brisket.
One seven-year old red COW, ball face, branded B and O (a half circle over the B).
One two-year old black HEIFER, star in forehead, branded J H on left hip, brisket dewlap.
One two or three year old STEER, branded J H on left hip, slit in the left ear, dewlap in brisket.
One two-year old roan HEIFER, branded J H on left hip, slit in left ear, and brisket dewlap.
One six year old red COW, brockled face, illegible brand on left hip, brisket dewlap.
One yearling red STEER, some white about the head, brisket dewlap, branded J H, slit in left ear.
One three-year old red roan STEER, S A H on left hip, under bit in left ear and crop off right.
One seven year old red STAG, top horns, illegible brand on the left thigh, hole in the left ear, underslope in the right.
One eight year old red BULL.
One eight year old red STAG, branded H on left ribs, upper and under slope in both ears.
One five year old red muley COW, brand illegible on the hip.
If the above animals are not claimed within ten days they will be sold in the estray pound at 3 o'clock p.m., on Monday Dec. 9th, 1878.
RICHARD PALMER, District Poundkeeper.
Cedar City, Nov. 30, 1878. dtw

DRIED APRICOTS

HIGHEST MARKET PRICE PAID AT

TEASDEL'S!

Delivery Wagon will call for same, by Leaving your Address.
d216 3m

GREAT REDUCTION IN BUILDING MATERIAL AT THE NEW LUMBER YARD.

SOUTH TEMPLE STREET.

LUMBER

From $18 to $25 per M.

DOORS, WINDOWS, BLINDS, MOULDINGS, SASH, PICKETS, and SHINGLES AT LOWEST PRICES

MASON & SELLS.

Agents for Parker, Coit & Co.'s CENTURY WHITE LEAD, ZINC, and LUSTER COTTAGE COLOR PAINTS.

CLOAKS. CLOAKS.

A LARGE ASSORTMENT OF

Ladies', Misses' and Children's

CLOAKS!

ALSO A FULL LINE OF

FURS! FURS!

WATERPROOF CLOTHS, ETC.

AT VERY LOW FIGURES.

H. S. ELDREDGE, Superintendent,

Z. C. M. I.

DELTA.

Salt Lake City and Wagner's Beer 5 cents a glass, 20 cents per quart, all other plain and fancy drinks 10 cents. We keep the Old Hermitage, Rye, and Bourbon Whiskey, with a full line of bottled wines and liquors for family use, and will not be undersold. The best beer room in the city for families and others.
CONRAD & RUSSEL, Corner opposite Theatre.
d 209 tf.

THE NEW MILLINERY & FANCY HOUSE

— OF —

J. C. BROOKS,

Has and is receiving daily all the new Styles in

HATS & TRIMMINGS

OF EVERY DESCRIPTION.

Also on Hand a Large and Elegant Assortment of

CLOAKS AND FURS,

Which are offered to the Trade at

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL,

AT REMARKABLE LOW FIGURES.

DANIEL DUNNE

MANUFACTURER OF

Iron Fencing, Gates, Tree Guards, GARDEN ROLLERS, CHAIRS,

Fencing for Cemetery Lots, Iron Bedsteads, Children's Cots, Etc.

All kinds of Mining, Milling, Agricultural Machinery, Smith Work and general Job Work done.

FENCING FROM $1.00 A FOOT UPWARDS.

Shop, Second South St., one block west Main, and one block south of Townsend House.
Address Box 471 or Office & Works.
Country order *Solicited and punctually attended to.* 1834

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HOLIDAY GOODS OF ALL KINDS.

Christmas and New Years Cards. Sunday School Presents.

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Beautiful Engravings and Chromos. Fine stock of

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VERY CHEAP.

One thousand and one different Articles to suit the tastes and pockets of our patrons, at

SAVAGE'S Art Bazar.

Country orders filled carefully.

T. LATIMER, G. H. TAYLOR, G. ROMNEY, F. ARMSTRONG

LUMBER YARD AND PLANING MILL.

REDUCTION IN PRICES.

Utah Red and White Pine of all kinds. Eastern Finishing Lumber, California Red Wood.

Utah, Bear River, White Cedar and Red Wood Shingles.

Red White Rustic, Gutter, Siding, Lath, Pickets, Flooring.

SASH, DOORS, BLINDS AND MOULDINGS IN GREAT VARIETY

Frames of all kinds Made to Order Very Cheap.

WINDOW GLASS.

Using large quantities themselves, and dealing directly with the manufacturers in Car Load lots, we intend keeping a Large Stock on hand, of the various sizes, for the Public to select from at Very Low Rates.

Wood Turning of all Kinds.

LATIMER, TAYLOR & CO.,
One Block East of Depot.

F. AUERBACH & BRO.,

FALL AND WINTER STOCK

WE OFFER A FIRST CLASS ASSORTMENT OF

Dress Goods from 10c per yard upwards.
Imitation Camel's Hair Dress Goods @ 25c worth 40.
Alpacas, best English brands, from 25c upwards per yard.
Elegant Cashmeres in black and colors at popular prices.
Genuine Camel's Hair Goods, single and double width, @ $1.00 and $1.75.
Heavy all wool Dress Goods, in navy blue and seal brown, @ 50c.
Double width Polonaise Cloth @ 50c per yard and upwards.
Best French Drap d'ete, from $1.50 up; best value ever offered in this city.
Elegant Henrietta, Crepe and Tamise Cloths very low.
Black, Navy, Seal, Garnet, Plum, Myrtle and Olive Silks, and Silk Velvets, very cheap.

Wholesale Buyers will find our Stock of Staple and Fancy DRY GOODS, LADIES' AND CHILDREN'S CLOAKS & FURS, Choice in Style and Perfect in Fit. ELEGANT SHAWLS! Genuine Seal Skin Sacks, $50. SEAL SKIN MUFF AND BOA, $15 to $30. Mink Sets, $15 to $30. FURSETS, FROM $250 UPWARDS. Turkey Red & White Damask TABLE CLOTHS, Damask and Turkish TOWELS, CRASH, NAPKINS, DOYLIES, &c. LADIES' AND CHILDREN'S SHOES & SLIPPERS, Clothing, Boots and Shoes, Hats and Caps, Knit Goods, Ends, less Variety of Notions, Cutlery, &c., &c. Better assorted at lower prices than ever, as we prefer the necessity and expense of carrying or competing with Eastern and Western Houses, who at great expense send their drummers into distant parts of our Territory, and frequently overload the trade with undesirable goods and prices below which we could supply the trade in smaller quantities and newer styles.

NOVELTIES! In Berlin Worsted, Embroideries, Slipper and Cushion Patterns, Ladies' Lace and Silk Ties, Dr. Warner's Health Corsets, and Combination Corsets, best and most practical. FRINGES AND HEADINGS. HOSIERY, Chenille and Worsted. NEW RUCHINGS. NEW EMBROIDERIES! NEW LACES IN GUIPURE AND TAM. Ladies Knit Jackets, Bonnets, Twilights and Shetland Shawls, Fall Petticoats and White Skirts. THE BEST FINISHED $1.00 Ladies Chemise, EVER OFFERED IN THIS CITY.

We are NOT offering our FRESH stock of Men and Boys' Clothing at less than cost, but will guarantee to sell our Goods as cheap as the cheapest.

Cents' and Boys' Clothing. Cents' and Boys' Hats. Cents' and Boys' Boots, Cents' and Boys' Underwear

Furnishing Goods of every kind, Rubber Clothing, Rubber Boots and Shoes, California and Eastern Blankets; Quilts; Heavy Beaver and Chinchilla Cloths, Good and Cheap.

MILLINERY, AT WHOLESALE ONLY.

Elegant Pattern Hats, trimmed, and untrimmed; Ladies' and Children's Hats in Milan, Felt, Velvet, Plush and Satin. French and American Flowers, Ostrich Plumes, Tips, Wings, Pompomes, in guilt and other new colors. Ornaments in Pearl, Ruby, Gilt and Silver. Turquoises, Plushes, Satins, Nets, Laces, Ribbons, in gros grain, and Satin, in all the newest shades, mostly of our own importation.

Orders promptly filled and honorable treatment guaranteed.

F. Auerbach & Bro.

Established in 1864. 55, MAIN STREET.

NOTICE.

TO WHOM IT MAY CONCERN:

THE Boot and Shoe business of Mr. W. H. Rowe is now consolidated with the Deseret Tanning and Manufacturing Association. Mr. Rowe has been appointed Superintendent.
WM. JENNINGS, Vice-President.

NOTICE.

TO FRIENDS AND PATRONS.

HAVING consolidated my Boot and Shoe business with the Deseret Tanning and Manufacturing Association, I now heartily thank you for the liberal patronage and friendship heretofore extended to me, and respectfully solicit a continuance of the same towards this Association, assuring you that such continued business intercourse will be profitable to you and pleasurable to me.
Very truly yours,
WM. H. ROWE.

NOTICE.

To the Public

THE business combination above noted is intended to meet an urgent desire of the people of Utah for the establishment of an extensive first-class manufactory of Boots and Shoes. The Directors are known to the whole community, and are a guarantee of the solid and reliable character of the Association.

We respectfully solicit a continuance and increase of patronage, assuring satisfaction to all who purchase or order from us. Correspondence should be addressed to

WM. H. ROWE, Superintendent:

Manufactory and Salesroom at the Old Stand, "THE BIG BOOT," 37 East Temple Street, Salt Lake City. Tannery, 19th Ward.

DIRECTORS—John Taylor, Feramorz Little, Wm. Jennings, W. H. Hooper, John R. Winder, H. Dinwoodey, R. T. Burton, George Romney and John Sharp.

OFFICERS—John Taylor, President; Wm. Jennings, Vice President; D. M. McAllister, Secretary; L. S. Hills, Treasurer; Wm. H. Rowe, Superintendent. d277 tf