DESERET EVENING NEWS.

TRUTH AND LIBERTY.

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THE EVENING NEWS.

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ARRIVALS AND DEPARTURES OF MAILS.

ARRIVALS.

East—Through mail daily	8.40 p.m.
Alta, daily	8.20 p.m.
Parley's Park, Big Cottonwood, and Wasatch, Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays	5.00 p.m.
Park City, daily except Sunday	5.00 p.m.
Summit and Wasatch counties, Tuesdays and Thursdays	8.40 p.m.
Rich county, Tuesday and Thursday and Saturday	8.40 p.m.
Morgan county, daily	8.40 p.m.
Weber county, daily	8.40 p.m.
Ogden, semi-daily, 11.40 a.m. and	8.40 p.m.
Cache and Box Elder counties, daily	8.40 p.m.
Corinne and Kelton, daily	11.40 a.m.
Idaho and Montana, daily	8.40 p.m.
Boise City and Idaho City, daily	11.40 a.m.
West—Nevada, California, Oregon, etc	11.40 a.m.
Ophir, Tooele, Stockton, Jacob City, &c	2.20 p.m.
Bingham Canyon, daily	6.30 p.m.
South—From Beaver and intermediate points, daily	5.50 p.m.
Pioche, Star and San Francisco districts, daily	5.50 p.m.
St. George and points south of Beaver, alternate days	5.50 p.m.
Sanpete and Sevier counties, daily, except Monday	5.50 p.m.
Cedar Valley, Fairfield and Tintic mining district, Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays	5.50 p.m.

DEPARTURES.

East—Through mail, daily	6.30 a.m.
Alta, daily	6.30 a.m.
Parley's Park, Big Cottonwood and Wasatch, Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays	7.00 a.m.
Park City, daily, except Sunday	7.00 a.m.
Summit and Wasatch counties, Mondays and Fridays	6.30 a.m.
Rich county, Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays	6.30 a.m.
Morgan county, daily	6.30 a.m.
North—Davis county, daily	6.30 a.m.
Weber county, daily	6.30 a.m.
Ogden, semi-daily 3.30 p.m. &	6.30 a.m.
Cache and Box Elder counties, daily	6.30 a.m.
Corinne and Kelton, daily	3.30 p.m.
Idaho and Montana, daily	6.30 a.m.
Boise City and Idaho City, daily	3.30 p.m.
West—Nevada, California, Oregon, etc., daily	3.30 p.m.
Ophir, Tooele, Stockton, Jacob City, etc., daily	6.30 a.m.
Bingham Canyon, daily	6.30 a.m.
South—Beaver and intermediate points, daily	6.30 a.m.
Pioche, Star and San Francisco districts, daily	6.30 a.m.
St. George and points south of Beaver on alternate days	6.30 a.m.
Sanpete and Sevier counties, daily, except Saturdays	6.30 a.m.
Cedar Valley, Fairfield and Tintic mining districts, Tuesdays, Thursdays, and Saturdays	6.30 a.m.

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A REVIEW

OF THE

DECISION

OF THE

SUPREME COURT

OF THE

UNITED STATES,

IN THE CASE OF

GEO. REYNOLDS

vs.

THE UNITED STATES.

BY GEORGE Q. CANNON.

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FORTY-SIXTH CONGRESS.

CONGRESSIONAL.

SENATE.

WASHINGTON, 16.—Messrs. Windom, Blaine and Withers were appointed a conference committee on the disagreement of the House to the Senate appropriation bill.

Pending debate on the bill giving a pension to Netterfield, a scout, the morning hour expired, and consideration was resumed of the five per cent military land warrant bill.

Allison quoted authority contemporary with the passage of the enabling act of the States interested to prove that land warrants at that time were regarded as cash; location on scrip was held to be a sale. This was shown by an act of Congress giving Mississippi five per cent. in Indian reservations in that State.

Edmunds remarked that the debates on the act named showed that was a successful begging operation and not the legal construction of enabling acts.

Farley presented a memorial of the legislature of California for the better protection of the commercial interests of the Pacific Coast by the completion of the United States ironclad *Monadnock*.

HOUSE.

WASHINGTON, 16.—The morning hour having expired while bills were being introduced, Weaver demanded the regular order, and the Speaker immediately recognized Coffroth as chairman of the committee on invalid pensions to move to suspend the rules and adopt a resolution for a session Wednesday night for the consideration of pension bills. This brought forth a protest from Weaver, but the Speaker adhered to his ruling.

Pending the vote on Coffroth's proposition, Buckner moved to adjourn. The yeas and nays were called.

The call was not completed until two o'clock, when the district committee took the floor.

EASTERN.

WASHINGTON.

The Poncas' Story.

WASHINGTON, 16.—The Senate special committee investigating the causes of the removal of the Poncas took the testimony this morning of Bishop W. H. Hare, of the Protestant Episcopal Church, the missionary in charge of the Poncas and other Indians. He testified that from the time of his first personal knowledge of the Poncas in 1873 up to the date of their removal to Indian Territory they were in trouble on account of the failure of their crops by reason of grasshoppers, and [illegible] at the hands of the Sioux, and that they were anxious to be removed from Dakota. He had understood from high and reliable sources that they gave their consent to the removal to Indian Territory, but when the time came they were opposed to it, the negotiations having been concluded and arrangements made. He thought it essential that the government, having gone so far, proceed to their removal. It was then essential in order to preserve the authority of the United States among the Indian tribes of that region. The Poncas had for years been suffering from the failure of crops and from incursions of Sioux, and the friends of the Poncas, who had long been making efforts for their welfare—to have them fed and to provide means for their protection—at last concluded that it would be best to remove them. He thought so himself, and in view of all the circumstances, although he knew it would involve hardships for the Poncas, he united with Inspector Kemble in a telegram advising the Department to stand firm in its determination to carry out the Poncas' removal. Bishop Hare, in this connection, informed the commission that he believed the course of Inspector Kemble toward the Poncas was straightforward, honorable and philanthropic throughout. The Sioux in making these raids upon the property of the Poncas violated the regulation against leaving their reservations, but they were so formidable a tribe that the government was afraid of them and was not afraid of the Poncas.

Senator Dawes.—So it appears the government took the Poncas away to the interior to keep the Sioux from hunting them?

Bishop Hare.—Yes, it may be looked at in that way. You know the Indians have a common saying; "The better we are, the worse we are off." The Indians who kill and steal are likely to be well provided for.

Senator Kirkwood.—Is it not easier to procure appropriations for the warlike than for the peaceful tribes?

Bishop Hare.—I understand it is.

Senator Kirkwood said he had asked the question in order to show that Congress must take part of the blame for the condition of the facts referred to.

Senator Morgan.—Was the government's failure to protect the Poncas due to a want of congressional appropriations?

Bishop Hare.—No, I think not, the government authorities were afraid of the Sioux.

The Boom for Blaine.

WASHINGTON, 16.—A large number of prominent gentlemen met in this city last night and organized a National Blaine Club, with Congressman Hiram Price, of Iowa, as President of the organization, and a long list of vice-presidents, including the names of Senator Booth, of California, Senator Blair, of New Hampshire, General S. A. Hurlbert, of Illinois, Governor McCormick, of Oregon, Delegate Brents, of Washington Territory, J. F. Wilson, of Iowa, Wm. E. Chandler, of New Hampshire, Jeremiah M. Wilson, of Indiana, J. W. Bartlett, of Kansas, Congressman Williams, of Wisconsin, Mitchel Penn Ketcham, of New York, Mr. Browne, of Indiana, Mr. Haskell, of Kansas, and a number of others. Addresses were made by Congressmen Calkins, of Indiana, Reed, of Maine, Price of Iowa, and Williams, of Wisconsin, and by Col. Brown, of Kentucky, strongly advocating Blaine's nomination for the presidency, and with equal earnestness condemning the Grant third-term project. The headquarters of the club were established in Washington to remain open till after the meeting of the National Convention. The organization of this club has been hastened by the recent positive announcement put forth by close personal and political friends of General Grant, that "should the Republican Convention nominate him in the same manner as another candidate would be nominated, he would deem it his duty to the country and to the party to accept."

The meeting last night was also intended to initiate a general movement on the part of Blaine's supporters throughout the country, having for its object the development and manifestation of such an amount of opposition to Grant's nomination as may deter the third-term managers from presenting Grant's name to the convention. It is proposed in the event of Grant's friends securing the control of the New York and Illinois delegations to call a convention of all the anti-Grant republicans to meet in May, a few weeks in advance of the Chicago convention; and then make such a demonstration as will compel the Grant managers to withdraw from the contest or else risk certain defeat by defections from the republican ranks in the presidential election. This purpose has been strengthened by the knowledge of several significant declarations made by Don Cameron to some of his friends within the past few days. He says that his purpose is to support that candidate, whoever he may be, whose chances of election seem best.

As to Grant, unless those now managing his cause become convinced before the convention proceeds to business, that he can be nominated on the first ballot, his name will not be brought before the convention at all. Further than this, unless his friends still feel sure when the convention meets that he can be elected if nominated, his name will not be presented.

General Capital Gossip.

The *Inter-Ocean's* Washington special says: Senator Conkling says he will not attend the Utica Convention except he is elected as a delegate, and has no intimation that he will be. He was sure the convention would endorse Grant, although a desperate effort will be made to prevent it and secure some representatives for other candidates. A western paper recently published the statement that Conkling, speaking in executive session, regarding the confirmation of Morton, nominated as Collector of San Francisco, in opposing young Morton, had made remarks unjust to late Senator Morton. Conkling to-day said that such a statement was grossly false, he never in his life uttered a word except in praise of his honored friend, the late Senator.

The debate on the question of putting riders on the appropriation bills will be renewed to-morrow. The democrats hope to present a more even front and to whip in a majority to support their position, but it is not liable that they will do so.

Randall and other congressmen who took a conspicuous part in honoring Parnell are disgusted to find his American trip more a personal, political move than a mission of [illegible] to means get the hall of the House to speak in.

Mr. Wood is not satisfied with the refunding bill agreed on by the ways and means committee, and will tomorrow move a change in the interest on short time bonds.

The friends of Fitzjohn Porter are very much discouraged at the prospect of passing the bill to restore him to the army, and take no pains to conceal it.

It is thought in official quarters that the nomination of a new commissioner of Indian Affairs will be sent to the Senate, and the indications are strengthening that ex-Congressman Trowbridge, of Michigan, is to be the nominee.

The measures coming before Congress now are tested in the light of their possible effect upon the approaching presidential election, and when a conclusion is reached that harm might come of a bill, its fate for the present is settled. The democrats are anxious to avoid questions that may cause partisan debate and this accounts for the unwillingness of the House to touch the Fitzjohn Porter bill. The democrats say that General Porter can wait until after the presidential election for the passage of his bill, and in the opinion of many prominent members it will rest quietly without action until the next session.

At a meeting of the House committee on coinage, weights and measures, Warner read a report of the sub-committee to whom was referred the petition of the Bullion Club of New York, praying that paper currency be restricted to denominations of $20 and upwards. The report recommends that the volume of paper credit money in the United States be limited to its present outstanding issues by stopping any further issue and providing that all additional increase in paper money shall be in coin and bullion certificates. Warner was instructed to present the report to the House with the request that it be printed and recommitted.

Representative Bland, chairman of the sub-committee on mints, asked and obtained leave to report a House bill providing for the further increase of branch mints, to have the same printed and recommitted.

The Senate exodus committee today examined John Ruffin, a middle aged colored man from Wilson, N. C., and formerly a slave of an ex-member of Congress, James Ruffin. He stated that he left North Carolina early in December, and went to Indianapolis and was now "amin' to git back and lib dar." This exodus was the "bomination ob his race."

Jas. Sykax, who resides near Arlington, Va., and once a member of the Virginia legislature, stated in the testimony which he intended to give, he would charge Senator Windom with originating the exodus, but as the Senator was absent, he requested the committee to postpone the examination until the Senator could be present.

The House naval committee today agreed to report the joint resolution authorizing the sending of a naval vessel to carry provisions and clothing to Ireland.

The sub-committee on ways and means have, after consultation with Secretary Sherman, drawn up a new refunding bill. It will be submitted to full committee to-morrow. It provides for the issue of $500,000,000 three and a half per cent. bonds redeemable after 20 years, and for $200,000,000 of four per cent. bonds redeemable after five years.

A large number of eastern silver owners are here, trying to defeat Thurman's Geneva award bill, and are confident the measure cannot pass the Senate.

The superintendent of census, in a circular to supervisors, says the appointment of enumerators must be non-partisan. He is aware of no legal reasons for regarding women ineligible for appointment. Each supervisor must be judge whether such appointments in any number would be practically advantageous in his district. It is clear in many regions that such appointments would be highly objectionable; but the superintendent is not prepared to say that localities may not be found where a canvass of the population by women could be conducted without disadvantage by reason of sex.

Under the modified postal order arrangements with England and Germany, the Remitter will be informed by the postmaster of the exact sum necessary to transmit to the payee, giving the amount in the money of the country of destination. The order furthermore will be handed directly to the purchaser to be forwarded to the correspondent.

The Rights of Another Canal Company.

Francis Morris, of New York, appeared before the House select committee on inter-oceanic ship canal and urged the claims of the American Atlantic and Pacific Canal Co. to the exclusive right of constructing the ship canal by way of Lake Nicaraugua. This right originated in a contract made in 1849, between the Nicarauguan Government and this company, which was supplemented by an additional contract made in 1857. By the latter, the obligation on the part of the company to construct the canal was dispensed with and a new method of affecting transit by the then existing transit company was provided. It is claimed, however, on the part of the Atlantic and Pacific Canal Co., that this contract of 1857 did not abrogate the right of the company to construct a canal, but only dispensed with its obligation to do so, leaving the company still free to claim or forego its right. This view is sustained in a legal opinion given by John K. Porter, of New York. Morris stated that the 192 parts into which corporate rights of the Atlantic and Pacific Canal Company were divided, are held, ninety-four of them by himself and his associates, and the remainder by the transit company and others. None of them are held abroad. The holders of those shares, he says, have been for the last three years using persistent efforts to obtain the recognition of their rights to construct the canal, and have a resident agent in Nicaragua prosecuting their claims before the executive of that country. They have always, however, encountered rival applicants from other nationalities, and within the last year a concession had been absolutely made by the executive of Nicaragua to a Frenchman named Blanchet, which had been defeated in the national legislature by only one vote. He expressed apprehension that without the aid of the American government the rights of the company would be violated and set at defiance. He desired such aid from the government, by diplomacy or otherwise, as might be deemed requisite to obtain its recognition of the rights conferred upon the Atlantic and Pacific Canal Company.

Pacific Mail Reduction.

NEW YORK, 16.—The *Times* says: that the officers of the Pacific Mail Steamship Company announced, a few days ago, that their new reduced schedule of freight rates to San Francisco would be ready yesterday. Yesterday they said they did not propose to issue any schedule but would make private terms with shippers giving to large customers, for long terms, advantages over those whose contracts would prove less profitable to the company. They declined to make public any figures, alleging that shippers did not desire it. They said they had entered into no contracts for so long as a year as yet, being engaged for the present in getting as favorable terms as possible for the large amount of freight offering. Thus far they had found no difficulty in filling their vessels at comparatively a small reduction. It is the opinion of many that the recent back-down from the spirit of defiance thrown out to the Pacific Railway company means that there is a possibility of concluding a new working arrangement between the rival lines and that the public will not be so greatly benefitted as was at first believed.

The Coming Convention—Union Pacific Rates.

CHICAGO, 16.—The executive committee of the National Republican Convention, consisting of Filley, New and Cooper, report that the Exposition building, when fitted up according to plans, will be the most perfect hall in the country for the convention.

The democrats are making strenuous exertions to secure the democratic national convention for Chicago, and a committee of 11 eminent citizens will start for Washington Thursday night to present arguments.

The Union Pacific to-day notified Western railroad managers meeting here that their proposition respecting a pro rate per mile ticket from San Francisco to New York, with rebate at New York, was not accepted, and that arrangements have been made with the Pennsylvania road to carry San Francisco passengers via St. Louis. The Chicago roads will attempt to interfere with this plan by an appeal to Eastern trunk lines.

Desperate Prisoners.

CHEYENNE, 16.—The prisoners in the county jail at this city made a desperate attempt to escape this evening. When Sheriff Draper and deputy Smith went in to lock up the prisoners for the night, a prisoner named Boyd, in for horse stealing, attacked the sheriff with a sling shot made of a piece of coal tied in a handkerchief. The sheriff avoided the blow and drew a revolver which he snapped at Boyd. The weapon failed to go. Williams, another horse thief, attempted to assist his companion when the sheriff shot him in the leg. Deputy Smith grappled Boyd and succeeded in securing him. The other prisoners 15 or 20 in number, became frightened and were locked up without further difficulty. Williams' wound is severe but not dangerous.

WESTERN.

Indian Fighting.

SAN FRANCISCO, 16.—A Tucson dispatch says: On the 9th inst. Captain Rucher, Ninth Cavalry, commanding one of the columns pursuing hostile Indians, after following them two days with his entire command in the direction of San Andrews, came suddenly upon them strongly fortified in a narrow, rough cañon. The troops were received by a heavy fire, under which several horses and men fell. The Indians charged the troops who gave way and retreated pell-mell. The Indians drove the troops across the river. Rations and bedding were abandoned which the Indians secured. General Hatch leaves Santa Fe to-day to look after Indian affairs in southern New Mexico. Lieutenant Terry with Company L, Sixth Cavalry, numbering thirty men from Fort Eowle, Arizona, will reach Fort Bayard to-day, and will act under the personal orders of General Hatch. Two Companies of the Ninth Cavalry, numbering 140 men, left Santa Fe yesterday for southern New Mexico.

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IN SAN FRANCISCO.—The Bank of California.

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