

[SPECIAL TO THE DESERET NEWS.]

By Telegraph.

GENERAL.

WASHINGTON, 30.—Col. Wickizer having declined the appointment of United States attorney for Utah, because the post master general refuses to allow him to hold the office of postal agent at the same time, Chief Justice McKean has recommended P. N. Baskin for the appointment.

At the weekly meeting of the Methodist Episcopal preachers to-day, which was numerously attended, many clergymen from Wisconsin, Michigan and Chicago being present, Rev. Fuller, from East Sagamond, was appointed to receive money for the relief of the sufferers by the Michigan fires. Brother King stated they had received \$17,400 for the Chicago sufferers, of which Daniel Drew gave \$5,000 on condition they would raise \$30,000. J. B. Cornell gave \$2,500, and other parties contributed various sums ranging from \$500. Brother North wished the money subscribed withheld until they would come to some conclusion as to what they would do, many preachers thinking the money should be held to erect churches, while others were desirous of distributing it to worthy parties without distinction of creed.

NEW YORK, 30.—A correspondent of the London Times writes from Berlin that, during June and July last, the Russian government invaded and annexed the country of Dsoongaria, on the northern slope of the Thian chain of mountains, on the eastern boundary of the empire. The territory is twice as large as Ireland, rich in minerals and agriculture, and has a population of about two millions. Hostilities were begun by Russia on account of the refusal of Dsoongia to surrender a fugitive.

NEW YORK, 30.—A private letter from Buenos Ayres says that there has been a frightful prevalence in that country of small pox during the past summer. Twenty-six thousand deaths by yellow fever occurred in Buenos Ayres, and thirty thousand deaths in the province of Corrientes.

The nail manufacturers of the Atlantic States held a convention in this city on Saturday, and decided to-day to advance the wholesale prices 15 cents on the keg of all descriptions of nails. This action is said to have been in consequence of 100,000 kegs destroyed by the Chicago fire.

PHILADELPHIA, 30.—The steamer *Hassler* sails to-morrow for Boston, where Professor Agassiz and party will be taken on board, and starts on the exploring expedition around Cape Horn and up the Pacific.

LOS ANGELES, 30.—The surveying party of the Southern Pacific narrow gauge railroad have returned. They were unsuccessful in finding a practicable route through Marengo pass.

WASHINGTON, D. C., 31.—All the members of the cabinet were at the session to-day. Assessor Shattuck, of Mississippi, reports that on the night of the 23d inst., an attempt was made to burn the assessor's office at Okolona, but the fire was extinguished before any material damage was done. The assessor thinks there is no doubt the fire was set by the friends of a party of Ku Klux, five of whom had been arrested that evening and confined in his house. Threats were freely made against the life of Mr. Hall, the assessor's clerk, for the part he took in the affair. Assessor Shattuck suggests that troops be stationed there to protect the government property, as the excitement is high.

Senor Don Santiago Pierce, for some time past minister resident here from the United States of Columbia, to-day delivered his credentials as envoy extraordinary and minister plenipotentiary from that republic.

At the cabinet meeting to-day, a petition from Chicago signed by representatives of both political parties was read, asking that troops be stationed in that city for the protection of property, those troops which were there immediately after the fire having been withdrawn. In accordance with the petition an order has been issued by which a portion of the eighth infantry at Willit's Point will be dispatched to Chicago.

The subject of the Ku Klux arrests in South Carolina was considered, attorney general Ackerman stating the result of his late visit to South Carolina. The prisoners having asked to be released on bail it was thought best to leave the matter to the discretion of attorney Ackerman.

NEW YORK, 31.—A late Paris letter

says that the working classes manifest an indisposition to labor, and there are many cases of trade suffering. Although in want, skilled workmen refuse to work, owing to habits of idleness contracted during the siege. In rebuilding the city workmen will only consent to restore what some of their own number have helped to destroy, on payment of exorbitant wages, and even then often leave their work half done.

The English papers just received discuss the new social movement growing out of the alleged alliance between the workmen and certain of the peers and members of parliament. The *Times* is not disposed to believe that Lord Derby and Disraeli have pledged themselves to the programme of the workmen as heretofore indicated. The *News* looks upon the movement as incredible. Sir Stafford Northcote, one of the alleged signers of the so-called treaty between the peers and workmen, publishes a letter denying that any of the gentlemen whose names have been brought under public notice signed or in any way intimated their agreement with the resolutions. He thinks all that was done was the expression of a willingness of some of the peers and members of parliament to consider the well-being of the working classes.

Jim Fisk was served to-day with an order for his arrest in the suit of Miss Mansfield. The object of the order was to require Fisk to give bail, which he has done.

A party of Tammany roughs last night broke up a reform Democratic senatorial convention in the fourth (Tweed's) district. They broke into the room cheering for Tweed and turned off the gas. Subsequently the convention reassembled and substituted the name of O'Donovan Rossa, the Fenian exile, for senator, in place of Miller, previously nominated.

CHICAGO, 31.—At Lincoln, Ill., on Saturday last, a Miss Swindell, aged eighteen, shot, it is believed fatally, Henry Howell, a young man against whom she had commenced suit for desertion. They had just agreed upon a compromise and Howell was leaving the lawyer's office with the agreement, to have it acknowledged before a justice, when the girl without warning fired, the ball striking him behind the shoulder and coming out through his breast.

MILWAUKEE, 31.—The relief committee publishes the following circular: To a benevolent public. Through the spontaneous liberality of a sympathetic people, especially of our women, from Maine to San Francisco, we have now on hand and in transit an ample supply of clothing of every description for men, women and children, to meet the wants of the sufferers by the fire in northern Wisconsin and the peninsula of Michigan. Money is still greatly needed for purchasing provisions, building, implements, horses, oxen, cows, hay, feed, etc. Money may be sent to Alexander Mitchell, treasurer.

PARIS, 31.—The disarmament of the national guard throughout France, is nearly completed.

SAN FRANCISCO.—The drain of specie to make good the losses sustained in the Chicago fire by local insurance companies and assessments on their stock, amounting nearly to \$1,002,500, is seriously affecting the stock market, the necessity of realizing breaking down prices through the whole list.

Five San Franciscans, Italians and Swiss, have just sold a mine, recently discovered in Arizona, to an American company for \$85,000.

Kershaw Island, a spur of Angel Island, better known as Peninsula Island, is occupied by U. S. troops, by direction of the War Department, issued August 27, 1867, it having been at that time designated as a military reservation. The Government proposes to erect fortifications upon it to prevent a hostile fleet passing up through Raccoon Straits, flanking Alcatraz, and taking San Francisco from the bay front.

Mrs. Keating, wife of a Pacific Street saloon keeper, was to-day committed for trial for drugging and robbing an old man from the country, who had walked into their parlor.

The average advance in the rates of premiums by fire insurance companies doing business here since the Chicago fire is fifty per cent.

The grand jury have indicted nearly one hundred persons for dealing in the Sacramento, Brooklyn, Woodland, and other lottery tickets, or advertising them for sale.

WASHINGTON, 1.—The information received from the navy department from Dr. A. Pethiman, of Gotha, concerning the German discovery of an open Polar Sea states that the northern-

most point reached was seventy-nine degrees north on meridian forty-eight degrees east. Found a most favorable state of ice toward the north pole, with probable connection with the sea on the north side toward the east. The expedition was made in a small sailing vessel at the expense of the officers.

Military changes have been made by the President, transferring the State of South Carolina from the department of the west to the department of the south; the Indian territory north of Texas and south of Kansas has been added to the command of general Augur, and the department of Texas is added to the division of Missouri. The department of the Platte is for the present discontinued. The States of Louisiana, Arkansas, Mississippi and the Gulf posts will constitute the department of the Gulf, to be commanded by colonel Moroy of the fifth cavalry. The third cavalry is ordered to Fort McPherson.

Second Lieutenant Frederick G. Grant will accompany general Sherman on the tour of military inspection in Europe.

Gen. Geo. B. Williams, 2nd deputy collector of internal revenue, to-day, concluded an engagement with the Japanese minister to go to Japan and organize an internal revenue system similar to that of the United States. The engagement is for three years at a large salary.

NEW YORK, 1.—There is much comment to-day on the Mansfield-Fisk correspondence. Revelations are expected of damaging effect to the Erie officials as well as Tweed, Sweeney and other Tammanyists. Fisk attempts to reply to the Mansfield letter by declaring that the suit is an attempt to extort money from him.

A special dispatch from Washington this evening says it is asserted on authority to Senator Poole that President Grant has determined to declare martial law throughout the entire South in consequence of the continued outrages.

PHILADELPHIA, 1.—The Citizens' Municipal Reform association have succeeded in securing indictments against the city treasurer and his broker, and warrants for their arrest have been issued. Astonishing developments as to the management of the city affairs are expected. The treasurer will have a hearing to-morrow.

CHICAGO, 1.—Governor Palmer has instructed attorney general Bushnell to take proper steps to have lieutenant general Sheridan, colonel Frank L. Sherman, major Colston and others connected with the organization of the regiment of home guards, a member of which shot colonel T. W. Grosvenor a few days after the great fire, presented to the grand jury for indictment for their connection with the tragedy. It is said that mayor Mason will also be indicted.

SAN FRANCISCO, 1.—The failure of the banking house of John Sime & Co. took the town completely by surprise and created quite an excitement on the streets. It is not yet definitely known what produced the failure, but it is supposed to have come through the stock and mining operations carried on during the life-time of the head of the firm, lately deceased. Cavellier, of the board of brokers, is said to be among the heaviest, if not the heaviest loser. It is reported that he has taken out an attachment for \$20,000. The stock market is visibly affected by the failure.

There is no indication of any run on any other bank, resulting from this failure. It entails a heavy loss upon many stockholders. J. B. E. Cavellier loses \$26,000; exempt Fireman's fund, \$7,000; A. Holmes & Co., \$14,000; R. D. Easton, \$10,000; R. P. Keating, \$14,000; H. H. Noble, \$11,500; others considerable sums. The house was the trustee of the James King William testimonial fund, which amounted to a large sum. There is no charge of fraud in the management, but the failure is thought to result from losses made some time since, and the quiet withdrawal of the funds on deposit since the death of John Sime. It is believed Sime & Co. will pay seventy-five cents on the dollar. The sheriff is in possession of the bank.

The bills found by the grand jury already at this term amount to 155; of which 120 are for selling lottery tickets.

FOREIGN.

LONDON, 31.—Five cabinet councils were held during the past week, the foreign policy of the government being the main subject discussed.

The organization of the army is progressing actively. The regiments are being brought up to a war standard

and there is an immense accumulation of war material.

President Thiers refuses to modify his ultimatum to England, regarding the commercial treaty.

DUBLIN, 31.—The trial of Kelly creates much excitement.

LONDON, 31.—The *Court Gazette* this evening publishes the new regulations bill for the abolition of the purchase system of the army. The main feature of the regulations is the rigid examination to which applicants are subjected.

RIO JANEIRO, Oct. 8.—The emancipation bill frees all children born of slaves after its date and all slaves of the government, and establishes an emancipation fund for the benefit of existing slaves. The government has been congratulated by all the foreign ministers.

NEW YORK, 1.—The mails by the *Russia* bring a full report of Earl Granville's speech at Manchester, Oct. 19. In the course of his remarks he said, "I will venture to allude to the treaty of Washington, of which Mr. Ashton has already spoken so well. I believe it is a great accomplishment. I believe it is one which has results of the best possible character. I was accused, in the House of Lords, of having too much complimented all those who are connected with that treaty. I cannot regret one word which I have said. (Cheers.) I think we see the results of it every day. It is an immense thing that two such proud and sensitive countries as Great Britain and the United States should have consented to settle by amicable means a quantity of complicated questions, and to establish that good feeling which ought to exist at all times. (Cheers.) There

hardly a day passes on which we have not some proof of the extent of this good feeling. What has been the feeling in England? I don't believe that if one of our large manufacturing towns had been burnt down, more sympathy would have been shown, not only in Manchester, connected by feelings of interest with the United States, but in every other part of the country, than has been shown with the suffering and calamity which we regret so much that the inhabitants of Chicago have suffered. (Cheers.) On the other hand, what do we see? I heard a rumor of an intended Fenian invasion. I telegraphed at once to communicate with Mr. Fish. That wonderful instrument of communication of thought informed me the very next day that the government had already sent instructions and given orders of the most stringent character, (cheers,) and we have heard, although only from very meagre telegrams that it appears that the American Government's instructions have been obeyed, and this most ridiculous and wanton raid has been put down, not by us, but by the Americans themselves. (cheers.) And if I may be allowed to add one single sentence, it is on the effect which I think our example must have with regard to the settlement of international affairs."

TAKEN UP!

ONE dark red Heifer, two years old, branded E C on left side, and J R on left hip. Also ear marked.

L. H. KENNARD,
Farmington, Utah Ter.
d294 s78 w40 1t e

Oct. 17, 1871.

TAKEN UP!

BY the subscriber, off his rancho, in Box Elder County, a dunn horse Mule, about twelve years old, some saddle and harness marks, branded U on left shoulder; no other brands visible. The owner is requested to prove property, pay charges and take him away.

CHRISTIAN HANSEN.
Brigham City, Oct. 28, 1871. d292 1-w39 2

JUST OUT!

FROISETH'S NEW SECTIONAL AND MINERAL MAP OF UTAH, Size 40 by 56 inches. Scale 8 miles to the inch. Elegantly engraved on stone, colored in Counties and mounted on cloth. Indispensable to county Surveyors, as it shows all the United States Surveys. Agents wanted in every county. Sold only by subscription, and furnished to those who order it from CALDER BROS., SALT LAKE CITY. Sole Agents for their sale in Utah. s78 w40 1w e

MIDWIFERY!

I INTEND re-opening my School at Cedar City, where I will teach the Ladies who may wish to learn the science of Midwifery in the Danish and English language. The first term will commence on the first of December this year and the next term on the 20th of February, 1872. It is especially important that young women in our community acquire a knowledge of this science that death may not occur for the want of skillful aid. Those wishing to attend my school, will please send in their names immediately. Terms 80 dollars, (including board,) paid in advance, one half cash and the rest in produce.

A. CHRISTOFFERSEN,
Midwife, Cedar City.

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