

Medicine and Sisters' Fountain
Knowledge is the title of a new
booklet, just published by
Medicine and Sisters' Fountain.
It contains a great amount of in-
formation particularly designed for
the use of the household, and
contains full directions for the
use of the most reliable and
effective remedies, put up
in a neat little case, that every
household (especially those residing
in the country) may have a drug
store in miniature of their own;
containing pills, powders, lin-
iments, ointments, etc.
Male and female agents wanted.

Notice of removal of G. S.
Haley, carpet weaver, to 3rd South
Street.
So good, so pure,
So safe, so sure,
So suited to each dental wait,
The Fragrant SOZODONT.
d&w

The End of the World.
Speculations about the probable
end of the world's destruction are
common. When a man dies that's
the end of the world to him; and
the reader of this paragraph is
guaranteed to have a cold, cough,
throat, or difficulty of
breathing, hoarseness or any affec-
tion of the bronchial tubes, the best
thing he can do is to postpone the
question indefinitely by a prompt
remedy to *Hale's Honey of Hor-
seshoe*. Sold by Druggists
everywhere at 50 cents and \$1.
Large size much the cheapest.
Hale's Honey of Horshoe in one
month. d47 & w

**Hale's Pulmonic Syrup, Sea Weed
Tonic, and Mandrake Pills.**
These celebrated and
popular medicines have effected a
revolution in the healing art, and
the failure of several max-
ims which have for many years
obscured the progress of medical
science. The false supposition that
"Consumption is incurable" de-
rived physicians from attempting
to cure diseases by the use of
medicines, and the result was that
many of the most valuable max-
ims of medicine were lost. It is now
proved, however, that Consumption
can be cured, and that it has been
cured in a very great number of
cases. *Hale's Pulmonic Syrup*
and *Hale's Sea Weed Tonic* are
the medicines in connection with
which the cure has been effected.
Mandrake Pills, one or both, ac-
cording to the requirements of the
case.

Dr. Schenck himself, who enjoyed
uninterrupted good health for more
than thirty years, was supposed to
be dead at the very gate of death,
his physicians having pronounced
his case hopeless, and
announced him to his "fate." He
was cured by the use of the afore-
mentioned medicines, and his recovery
was similar to that of many others,
making it not absolutely necessary
to specially see Dr. Schenck, un-
less patients wish their lungs ex-
amined, and for this purpose he is
professionally at his principal office,
No. 24th and Arch Streets, Philadel-
phia, every Monday, where
all letters for advice must be ad-
dressed.

*Schenck's medicines are sold by
all druggists.*
d55 cod
Christie Re-canned and Repaired
at H. B. Whipple's Furniture Store.
d43

Cheap Coal.—Weber Coal by
the Car Load \$5.50 per ton at Neb-
er's scales, also delivered in all
parts of the city by the ton, at
cheap rates.

T. R. O'Reilly & Co., Main
street, opposite Wasatch hotel, are
selling Clothing and Men's Fur-
nishing Goods, cheap—only one
price. d21

Unfettered Order Rules.—Having
frequent enquiries for copies of
the "Rules that should be observed
by all members of the United Order"
we have the first edition of the same
at \$1.00, we have lately printed an
authorized edition on fine fancy
colored paper, on a sheet 12 by 20
inches, suitable for framing or
mounting on a stretcher and hang-
ing up in the house of the Saints.
They can be had at this office, or
mailed to any address for 10 cents
per copy.

**Laws concerning Naturaliza-
tion, Citizenship, Elections, Super-
vision of Elections, and United
States Marshals at Elections,** in
pamphlet form. Price 15 cents.
On sale at the DESERET NEWS
Office. d&w

Geo. C. Peterson, watch maker,
1st South St., a few doors east
of Commercial St.

T. R. O'Reilly & Co. have re-
mained their Clothing and Gents'
Furnishing Store to Main street,
two doors south of White house
corner, opposite Wasatch building.
d21

**RED CANYON AND ROCK
SPRINGS COAL.**—The only rela-
ble market for lump, assorted and
egg coal. Large stock always on
hand, and full weights guaranteed.
Prices low, and special attention
given to suit the wants of the pub-
lic. Office, 65 Main Street.

A. GOULD,
Agent.

**Medium sized black furs per
dozen.**
Large size, black Talma Capes,
in sets 7.00
24 inch, 24 bone corsets at 1.00
Black Caps at 50
Horse made socks, per dozen 4.50
Stock gloves per pair 1.25
Woolen yarn, per pound, 87c
Men's stoga shoes at 1.25

H. E. PHILLIPS,
29 Main St.

**The Grand Central Hotel, New
York,** means "war" on rates. To
accommodate the demand for low
prices, it has reduced its rates from
\$4.00 to \$2.50 and \$3.00 per day.

PRICE OF GOLD.

Corrected daily by Deseret National Bank.
SALT LAKE CITY, January 18, 1877.
Buying at \$106; Selling at \$107.

Local and Other Matters.

Thermometer 45 degrees F. in
the shade at 1 p. m. to-day. Wind,
partially cloudy.

Sleighting.—Sleighting has been
the order of to-day.

Snow.—About six inches of snow
fell yesterday and last night, but it
has been melting fast to-day.

Central Organization.—Meeting
of the Central Organization of the
Young Men's Mutual Improve-
ment Associations, at the Council
House, to-morrow evening, at
seven o'clock.

Another Line.—The Atlantic and
Pacific Telegraph Company have
commenced the erection of a tele-
graph line between this City and
Ogden, and anticipate having it
finished in between one and two
weeks.

A Change.—Bishop M. W. Mer-
rill, of Richmond, Cache County,
having recently resigned the super-
intendency of the Utah Northern
Railroad, George W. Thatcher has
been elected, by the company, to
that position.

A Desperate Case.—A man
named Dunlap has been arrested
and placed in jail for safe keeping,
being affected badly with delirium
tremens. He is possessed of a ter-
rible delusive fear that three men
are after him to assassinate him.
He is in a most miserable plight,
a living exemplification of the hor-
rible effects of drunkenness.

Temple Donations.—The general
meeting of the Seventies, last even-
ing, was fully attended, and the re-
ports relating to the building of the
Temple in this city, so far as re-
ceived, showed, that as a general
rule, the response to the call to aid
in that good work had met with a
liberal response from the brethren
belonging to the different quorums.

**President Joseph Young, A. P.
Rockwood and Horace S. Eldredge**
were present at the meeting.

Fort Wayne and P. E. R.—By a
private communication from Chi-
cago we learn of the Fort Wayne
and Pennsylvania Railway, that
business on the road continues
good, notwithstanding the almost
unanimous cry of hard times. So
far this winter the weather has
been cold, and much snow has
fallen, but this road has been ex-
tremely fortunate; while other eastern
roads have been blocked, this en-
tire line has been clear, and it is a
rare case for the trains to be over-
run minutes late.

The Brigham Young Academy.—
We learn, from the *Enquirer*, that
there was an examination of the
students of the Brigham Young
Academy, of Provo, on the 15th
inst., on the occasion of the closing
of the second term of the first ac-
ademic year. The exercises, from
the elementary to the higher
branches, showed commendable
progress on the part of the students
and reflected great credit on the
principal, Prof. Karl G. Maeser, and
assistants, Prof. M. H. Hardy and
Misses Caddie Daniels and Te-
nie Snodgrass. This educational in-
stitution is reported in excellent
working order.

Shall there be War?—One of the
prevailing themes hereabouts and
all over the country is whether or
not the nation is about to be plunged
into a fratricidal civil war. Until
recently the opinion that a
bloodless solution of the questions
at issue would be attained has been
quite extensive, but this idea ap-
pears to be gradually waning and
giving place to the dreadful con-
viction that the prospects of a
peaceful arrangement are becom-
ing more and more remote. Each
party appears to be unreluctantly
determined to carry matters to any
degree of extremity rather than
yield to the other. Should a resort
be had to the arbitrament of the
sword, the struggle will doubtless
be fierce and determined, and of
such an internecine character as
will be almost unparalleled in
the history of modern warfare,
civil or national.

Until recently it has been
thought generally that the better
sense of the people would prevail,
but there appears to be a strong
probability that the people of the
better sense class will, by the en-
couragements of the senseless class,
be forced to accept of the uncon-
ditional aggression against their
liberties by the latter, or resist
them to the bitter end.

Anyhow, the nation appears on
the edge of a seething maelstrom
of destruction, into which it may
be at any moment hurriedly pre-
cipitated. If things come to the
worst, the people of Utah are in
as safe a place as could well be de-
sired.

Boat Lake.—N. Williamson
wrote from St. Charles, Bear Lake
Co., Idaho, January 18th, as fol-
lows:

"I see in the News that you have
placed a notice in Salt Lake Valley,
while here at St. Charles we have
not yet three inches of snow on the
level. Stock is doing well on the
ranches yet. The health of the
people in this place has been very
good, only a few deaths and twenty-
two births in 1876. Our Sabbath
meetings are well attended and a
good spirit prevails among the peo-
ple. We have a good Sunday
school, well attended, and well con-
ducted by William M. Allen and
wife, who superintend also two
day schools. The Young Men's
Association and the Young Ladies'
Retirement Association are do-
ing well and feel a lively interest
in their meetings, also the Relief
Society are prospering. We intend
to build a new meeting-house next
summer, 32 x 50 feet, and have the
apostles of the material now on the

By Telegraph.

TO-DAY'S DISPATCHES.

CONGRESSIONAL.

WASHINGTON, 18.—Jones, of
Florida, presented a petition of the
democratic presidential electors
claiming to have been legally elect-
ed, and asking that the vote cast
by them be counted. Tabled until
next week.

Edmunds, from the special joint
electoral committee, reported in
writing, accompanying the report
with a bill expressing gratification
that all the members of both com-
mittees had signed the report, with
one exception. The committee
would desire to take the bill up by
Saturday or Monday at farthest,
believing that their recommen-
dation was not a compromise but a
measure of justice, in aid of
constitutional government, which
would command respect and
which would preserve the rights of
the electors.

**The following are portions of the
bill accompanying the report pre-
sented by Edmunds:**

*A bill to provide for and regulate
the counting of the votes for
President and Vice-President,
the decision of the questions
arising thereon, for the term
commencing March 4th, 1877.*

*Be it enacted, etc., That the Senate
and House of Representatives shall
in the hall of the House of Repre-
sentatives, at the hour of
ten o'clock post meridian, on the
first Thursday in February, 1877,
and the President of the Senate be
presiding officer, and two electors
be previously appointed on the part
of the Senate and two on the part
of the House of Representatives,
to whom shall be headed, as they
are opened by the President
beginning with the electors of the
electoral vote, which certificates
and papers shall be opened,
presented and acted upon in the
alphabetical order of the states,
beginning with the electors of
Maine, and ending with the electors
of the state of Texas, and the
electors having been read in the
presence and hearing of the two
houses, shall make a list of the
votes as they shall appear from
said certificates, and the result
shall be delivered to the President
of the Senate, who shall thereupon
announce the result of the election
and the names of the persons (if any)
elected, which announcement shall
be deemed a sufficient declaration
of the persons elected President
and Vice-President of the United
States, and together with a list of
the votes, be entered on the jour-
nals of the two Houses. Upon
such reading of any such certifi-
cate or paper, when there shall be
any dispute as to the validity of
the vote, the President of the Senate
shall call for the objections, if any.
Every objection shall be made in
writing, and shall state clearly and
concisely, and without argument,
the ground thereon, and the ground
thereon shall be signed by at
least one senator and one member
of the House of Representatives
before the same shall be received.
When the objection is made, the
President of the Senate shall call
for the vote or paper from a State
shall have been received and read,
the Senate shall thereupon withdraw,
and such objections shall be sub-
mitted to the Senate for its decision,
and the members of the House of
Representatives shall, in like man-
ner, submit such objection to the
House of Representatives for its
decision; and no electoral vote or
votes from any State from which
an objection has been received shall
be counted except by the affirmative
of the two houses. When the
affirmative of the two houses have
voted, they shall immediately again
meet, and the President of the Sen-
ate shall announce the decision of the
question submitted.*

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By Telegraph.

TO-DAY'S DISPATCHES.

CONGRESSIONAL.

WASHINGTON, 18.—Jones, of
Florida, presented a petition of the
democratic presidential electors
claiming to have been legally elect-
ed, and asking that the vote cast
by them be counted. Tabled until
next week.

Edmunds, from the special joint
electoral committee, reported in
writing, accompanying the report
with a bill expressing gratification
that all the members of both com-
mittees had signed the report, with
one exception. The committee
would desire to take the bill up by
Saturday or Monday at farthest,
believing that their recommen-
dation was not a compromise but a
measure of justice, in aid of
constitutional government, which
would command respect and
which would preserve the rights of
the electors.

**The following are portions of the
bill accompanying the report pre-
sented by Edmunds:**

*A bill to provide for and regulate
the counting of the votes for
President and Vice-President,
the decision of the questions
arising thereon, for the term
commencing March 4th, 1877.*

*Be it enacted, etc., That the Senate
and House of Representatives shall
in the hall of the House of Repre-
sentatives, at the hour of
ten o'clock post meridian, on the
first Thursday in February, 1877,
and the President of the Senate be
presiding officer, and two electors*