Then DESERET EVENING

FIFTIETH YEAR.

'PHILIPPINES ARE **OURS FOREVER.**"

mpassioned and Authoritative Declaration Made by Senator Fairbanks in the United States Senate Today.

esolution Declaring the Government Policy to Retain the Philippines-Senator Fairbanks Speaks Thereon-Hurtful Resolutions and Utterances in Congress are Costing the Lives of American Soldiers-America Will Not Retreat from the Islands-Filipinos a Barbarous Race-Incapable of Self-Government - Three Commanding Intellects-Aguinaldo a Malay Sylla, Not a Filipino Washington-Americans Encouraged Him-How to Bring Peace.

ered a resolution, calling on the secary of war for information as to names of transports, the persons m whom they were acquired, the ices paid and all other information dating to the transport service. It as adopted.

At the conclusion of the routine busi-Mr. Beveridge (Ind.) was recoghis speech on the Philippine The text of his address was resolution, which he offered a few 's ago, which declares "that the Philare territory belonging the United States; that it is the inthe United States to retain m as such, and to establish and maingovernmental control oughout the archipelago as the siluon may demand."

It was a brilliant audience which eeted Mr. Beveridge when he began speak. Every gallery was crowded. orming a fringe about the chamber ere many members of the House of csentatives who had been attracted

Washington, Jan. 9 .- Mr. Allen (Neb.) | tion in government. It is barely posable that one thousand men in all the archipelago are espable of self-gov-ernment in the Anglo-Saxon sense My own belief is that there are not hundred men among them who one comprehend what Anglo-Saxon selfgovernment even means; and there are over 5,000,000 people to be governed. I know many clever and highly educated men among them, but there are only three commanding intellects and characters-Arellano, Mabini and Arellani, the chief justice Aguinaldo. of our supreme court, is a profound

lawyer, and a brave and incorruptible man. Mabini is the highest type of subtlety and the most constructive mind that race has yet produced. Aguinaldo is a clever popular leader, able, brave, resourceful, cunning, ambitlous, unscrupulous and masterful. He is full of decision, initiative and authority, and had the confidence of the He is a natural dictator. His masses. ideas of government are absolute orders, implicit obedience or immediate death. He understands the character of his countrymen. He is a Malay Syl-la; not a Filipino Washington.

"These conclusions were forced upon me by observing the people in all walks of life in the different islands, and by conversations with foreign nerchants, priests, mestizos,

Malaria, Dec. 29, Reuben Waethers, L, Twenty-fifth infantry: 30th, George Burchall, B, engineers: Jan. 5, Patrick Fallon, H, Twelfth infantry. Pernicious malarial fever, Nov. 25th, Wm. Dance, K, Twenty-fourth in-fanter. fantry.

Juch

fantry. Chronic diarrohea, Jan. 3, Peter H. Keane, sergeant Fourth cavalry. Inflammation of bowels, Jan. 1. Wil-liam Crabtree, D, Twenty-third infantry. Aertic stenosis of heart, Jan. 3, Ed-ward Brown, musician, K, Sixth in-fantry. OTIS."

fantry. OTIS." The second is a list of the casualties sustained in the campaign opened in the "Manila, Jan. 9.—Casualties, wounded in engagement near Imus, Jan. 7th, Fourth infantry, C, Stanley Millard, leg. Fourth infantry, C. Stanley Millard, leg, slight: Twenty-eighth infantry, C. John Corbit, hand, moderate; A. John Barry, arm, moderate; Henry J. Flood, ser-geant, arm, moderate; Eleventh caval-ry, C. Ridgeway Griscom, neck severe; Thirteenth infantry, F. Charles Cawet-zka, both thighs, severe; Fifth artil-leve, F. Tarrace Money, thigh moder-

lery, F, Terrence Money, thigh, moderate; William Protz, chest, severe. "Action at Cabantauan, Nov. 5, Ernest B. Barjaron, civilian in Low's scouts, OTIS." chest, severe.

Blackburn Gets a Majority.

Frankfort, Ky., Jan. 9 .- The house balloted for United States senator with following result: Blackburn (Dem.), 57; Bradley (Rep.), 42, Ray (Dem.), absent. In the senate the ballot for senator stood: Blackburn, 22; Bradley, 12. Senators Greenshaw and McConnell, Populists, voted for Blackburn, and Hays and Alexander, the two anti-Blackburn men, were not present. The joint assembly will ballot tomor-row, and on account of the doubt as to whether the ballot should occur today or next Tuesday the proceedings of tomorrow will be duplicated on the cor-responding days of next week.

Gen. Greeley Serious.

Washington, Jan. 9 .- The following statement regarding Gen. Greeley's condition was given out today: "General Greeley's condition is still a cause for anxiety. The superficial wound is healing well, but the symp-toms of shock and concussion of the brain have not disappeared."

PULITZER DWELLING CONE.

Handsome Dwelling the Scene of a Sorrowful Tragedy.

Two Servants Lose Their Lives-Narrow Escape of Others-House a Total Loss.

New York, Jan. 9 .- The handsome dwelling of Joseph Pulitzer, the proprietor of the New York World, in East



TRUTH AND LIBERTY.

TUESDAY, JANUARY 9, 1900, SALT LLKE CITY, UTAH.

London Fears it, but America Says There is None.

NO REASON TO JUBILATE.

Boer Tactics a Surprise to British What was Buller Doing?-Gen. French's Losses.

London, Jan. 9 .- There is some reason to believe that the United States and German embassies are trying to find a common basis on which they can cooperate in pressing their respective demands against Great Britain for the Delagoa Bay seizures. A high official of the German embassy had a long conference today at the American embassy and the diplomats are believed to have discussed the steps each country has already taken and the best future procedure.

Washington, Jan. 9 .- It is stated here on authority that the United States is not co-operating with Germany or any other government in representations to the British government respecting the seizure of goods destined for Portuguese

Moreover, our government does not contemplate any such co-operation, the difference between the cases of the seized German vessels and the seizure of Anterican goods, the latter in British vessels, is so pronounced that the same principles would have no application. So it is the determination of the de-

East Africa.

partment to conduct its negotiations on this point single handed and that is now

Mr. Choate, American ambassador at London, is in daily communication with the foreign office as well as with the department of state on this subject. The negotiations are now in that phase where both sides are endeavoring to develop facts respecting the seizure and the final answer of the British government to our representation made last week is not expected for several days.

London, Jan. 9 .- Further news of Gen. White's victory is anxiously awaited as it is generally realized today that

of his repulse of the Boers. The re-

markable revelation in Boer tactics has

weakened garrison of Ladysmith being

subjected to such a courageous assault

supineness are nowise complimentary.

to Colenso, westwardly, in the direc-

Advices from the Modder river say

the Boers continue to extend their

works, and it is estimated that 30,-

000 men were required to defend them.

The prisoners captured by the Cana-

dians and Queenslanders at Sunnyside

are going to Capetown for trial, as reb-

indignation on learning that the pris-

The colonial troops continue to earn

warm praise on all sides, the latest ex-

ample of their effective work being re-

corded in the dispatch to the London

Times, dated January 6, from the Mod-

Canadians and Queenslanders had been

large belt of the Orange Free State ter-

siderable force of the burghers, who, be-

The casualties of the Suffolks near

Killed: Col. Watson and Lieuts. Wil-

Missing: Captains Brett, Thompson

Gen. French further reports that the

and Brown, and Lieuts. Allen, Wood-

kine Carey and White, and 23 men.

casualties of the other regiments

Martin and Butter and 107 men.

Wounded: Twenty-one men.

with Norvalspoint, withdrew.

Colesberg were:

44 wounded.

Little change is apparent in the po-

The Canadians expressed intense

tion of Potgeeteer's drift.

oners were British subjects.

ritory across the border.

British, who had not reckoned on

States Consul Macrum explaining the situation at Pretoria at the outbreak of the war, and his own conduct respecting the representation of British interests on the Transvaal. It appears from these that Mr. Macrum, like his successor at Pretoria, Mr. Hollis, was placed under a technical limitation in the exercise of his functions by the Boer government, and while he was permitted to disburse the funds sent him by the British government for the comfort of the British prisoners in Pretoria, he did so in the distinct stipulation that he was acting unofficially Possibly the motive of the Boer government in refusing to allow the Ameri-can consul to act officially, was a desire on his part to force the British government into some official recognition of the status of South African republics. If so, the effort failed, and Mr. Macrum and his successor, Mr Hollis, have gone on in their work of mercy without molestation from the Boer government. This object being secured and there being little else at present in the nature of business touching British interests in Pretoria that requires the attention of a representative of that government the state department here is disposed to allow the siuation to drift along without change or protest because the Boer government has not seen fit to allow the American consul to act in an official manner. There is nothing in Mr. Macrum's report to throw the faintest light upon his inexplicable action in leaving his post in the middle of the war. The state department has heard in-

directly from Webster Davis, assistant secretary of the interior. Mr. Davis is now at Capetown, and his appearance at that place gave rise to all sorts of rumors to the effect that he was charged with some weighty diplomatic mission, and especially with a purpose to mediate between the billigerents in South Africa. As a matter of fact Mr. Davis went to South Africa solely for his health, seizing upon the opportunity to pay a visit to United States Gen. Stowe at Capetown, who is his near relative. Unfortunately the gentleman gave some foundation for the rumors referred to by projecting a journey to Pretoria in company with Mr. Stowe, but this trip was abandoned as soon as it appeared that its purpose might be misconstrued.

Robert Murdock Gets the Plum in the Capital of Cache.

NEW LOGAN POSTMASTER.

Appointment Sent to the Senate 'Today by President McKinley-Other Nominations.

Washington, Jan. 9 .- The President sent the following nominations to the Senate today:

Postmasters: Utah-Robert Murdock, Prof. Tanner's Resignation Not With



court this morning, the first action of the court was to continue the trial of Burgess, who is charged with having robbed the government store at the Ouray reservation, to the May term. This was done to give the United States attorney time to secure more witnesses. The case against H. Mason Abbott, charged with having made an improper, in fact a criminal use of the mails, was called. Great difficulty was encountered in the empaneling of the jury in this case, the entire forenoon being consumed in the task. The regular venire was exhausted, and the court was under the necessity of sending the deputy marshals out on the streets or anywhere a man could be found to serve on the jury. One by one Attorney A. V. Taylor for the defendant, challenged the jury, until he had exhausted the limits of the law. As the jury now stands, there are but two out of the regular venire who will sit on the case. The personnel of the jury is as follows: John Shorten, William Elliott, W. M. Wayman, A. L. Hamlin, William Wood, E. B. Pyper, George Knowlden, Messrs. Deakin, Virtue and Grey,

The first witness in the case was Geo. M. Sutton of New York. He is a post-office inspector. He testified that defendant had mailed to him at Ogden, a package containing articles for criminal purposes. Witness had assumed the name of Mrs. Ollie Bowen, in order to detect defendant in the crime of which he suspected him.

NOT RECEIVED.

o hear the maiden effort in the Senate the young Indianan.

Throughout the speech, which was ery long, Mr. Beveridge commanded he attention of his colleagues of the enate and of his auditors, both on the or of the chamber and in the galeries. He spoke rapidly, with notably lear enunciation, and at times with passionate force and dramatic fervor. In opening, Senator Fairbanks said: "I address the Senate at this time because senators and members of the use on both sides have asked that give to Congress and the country observations in the Philippines and Far East, and the conclusions which those observations compell; and ecause of hurtful resolutions introduced, and utterances made in the Senate, every word of which will cost nd is costing the lives of American

'Mr. President, the times call for The Philippines are ours forterritory belonging to the Unitas the Constitution calls States.' And just beyond the Phillpes are China's illimitable markets, We will not retreat from either. We rill not repudiate our duty in the rehipelago. We will not abandon irchipelago. opportunity in the orient. We not renounce our part in the mison of our race, trustee, under God of the civilization of the world. And will move forward to our work. howling out regrets like slaves to their burdens, but with whipped. gratitude for a task worthy of our strength, and thanksgiving to Almighty God that He has marked us as His chosen people, henceforth to lead the regenration of the world.

Then, in a speech which would ocupy fully two pages of the "News," he reviewed the situation of the Philippine's commercially and geographically and touched on the Chinese trade. Of Of the character of the Filipinos, he said: "It will be hard for Americans who have not studied them to understand They are a barbarous race, he people. modified by three centuries of contact ith a decadent race. The Filipino is he South Sea Malay, put through a rocess of three hundred years of su-erstition in religion, dishonesty in aling, disorder in habits of industry and cruelty, caprice and corrup- 1 ment.

lins, of Utah, introduced a resolution

today, which was referred to the Phil-

ppine committee, directing the com-

"1-What form of government, insur-

DEAD AND WOUNDED.

Gen. Otis Reports a List of Casualties

Larger than Usual-

Washington, Jan. 9 .- Gen. Otis cabled

the war department this morning two

asualty reports from Manila. The first

nbraces the losses incurred during the

ursuit of Gen. Tino's command, which

nittee to inquire into and report:

RAWLINS

pure Filipinos, and every variety of mind, character and opinion from San Fernando in Luzon, on down through the entire archipelago to the interior of Sulu.

Regarding the prolongation of the war

he said: "Mr. President, reluctantly and only from a sense of duty, am I forced to say that American opposition to the war has been the chief factor in pro-longing it. Had Aguinaldo not understood that in America, even in the American Congress, even here in the Senate, he and his cause were supported; had he not known that it was proclaimed on the stump and in the press of a faction in the United States, that every shot his misguided followers fired into the breasts of American soldiers was like the volleys fired by Washing-ton's men against the soldiers of King George, his insurrection would have dissolved before it entirely crystallized." Then followed a discussion of the forms of government best suited to the

Fillpinos, the constitutional power of the United States, the history of the war, and the duty of Americans, the Senator closing with the declaration:

"Mr. President and Senators: Adopt the resolution offered that peace may quickly come and that we may begin our saving, regenerating and uplifting work. Adopt it, and this bloodshed will cease when these deluded children of our islands learn that this is the final action of the representatives of the, American people in Congress assembled. Reject it, and the world, history and the American people will look where to forever fix the awful responsibillty for the consequence that will surely follow such fallure to do our manifest duty. How dare we delay when our soldiers' blood is flowing?"

Mr. Hoar followed Mr. Beveridge and addressed himself to the Indiana senator with great earnestness. would be a base thing, he said, for this country to strike down the young re-public in the Philippines.

Mr. Hoar said he could prove from Otis and Dewey that there was a Filipino government. Otis in all communi cations said that the people of the Philippines desired to establish their independence. Mr. Hoar said Aguinaldo was brought over and placed at the head of 30,000 people, who desired in-dependence, and who were furnished arms by the United States govern-

Fifty-fifth street, was destroyed by fire today and at least two lives lost. When the flames had been extinguished the bodies of two women were found badly burned. One is that of Miss Elizabeth Montgomery, the governess, and the other of the housekeeper, Mrs. Jellett. In one hand of Mrs. Jellett's was firmly clutched a small bag, into which it is believed she tried to thrust some

of her personal effects before leaving her room. Mrs. Jellett was a widow and it was said that she had a son and daughter in Toronto. One of the servants, who escaped over the roof, said that he saw Mrs. Jellett on the roof at the time. It is supposed she went back for the bag which was found clutched in her hand when her body was found. At the time the fire began there were in the house Mrs. Pulitzer, her daughters, Edith, 14 years old, and Constance,

12, and Mrs. Pulitzer's baby son, two months old, and twenty-two servants. Mr. Pulitzer and his son Joseph, Jr., at Lakewood, N. J. Mrs. Pulitzer was asleep with her two daughters on the second floor. The floor above was occupied by the nurse and he baby. Mrs. Pulitzer was awak ened by a crackling noise. She detected the smell of smoke and almost immediately afterward the electric fire alarm sounded.

Mrs. Pulitzer ran to one of the doors of the room but found it locked. The other was open and, taking her children, she started down stairs, shouting the alarm. After placing Edith and Constance in the street, she hurried up to the third floor and found the nurse with the baby in her arms about to get out on the fire escape. The wo-man was hysterical. Mrs. Pulitzer quieted the nurse, took the baby from

her and together they went to the stre John O'Connor, the second butler, had a narrow escape. He slept on the top floor with another servant. He was aroused by Mrs. Pulltzer's cries, and finding the smoke coming thickly up-ward, walked out along the window ledge to the roof of the next house, No. 14, the residence of Alexander Maitland

O'Connor says he was overcome by the smoke and sank down when he reached a place of safety. A companion revived him and assisted him to the street.

The origin of the fire is unknown, but it is thought that it must have started **ON THE PHILIPPINES.** in the basement or in the lower portion by defective electric wiring. It se-cured great headway, and in a short ime was blazing from the roof. While the crew of twelve firemen were at work on the third floor the floor fell, carrying them to the second floor.

Utah's Senator Introduces a Resolution of Inquiry as to the Gov-Lieut. Hauck was painfully hurt, but remained at work. The house contained a valuable historical library and many carefully selected works of art. Nothing of value

> The total loss is estimated at \$300,000. The second body found in the burned Pulitzer dwelling was identified posi-tively as that of the governess, Miss Elizabeth Montgomery. Death was

Testimony as to the Legislators Receiving Money for their Votes.

Washington, Jan. 9 .- Ex-State Senator Whiteside of Montana continued his testimony before the Senate com-

Double Hanging.

Dysentery, Dec. 26th, Jack Whitney, corporal, E. Sixth infantry; Jan. 1, the county physician, and get his aid. mittees and by railroad representaas follows: to John Harrington, 23, and Katherine Manila Jan. 8.-Deaths: tives and any citizens who may be di-Schuyled had the misfortune to have his foot crushed by a railroad rail and now the member is frozen as well. Dr. corporal. Harrington, 20, both of Mercur; Carl E. Drowned, Rio Agno, Nov. 15, Newton Arthur J. Edgerton, L. Thirty-second infantry: 2nd, James Kelly, G. Third artillery: 5th, John W. McGee, corporal, rectly concerned. The prospects are W. Reese, Albert E. Holter, I. Fourth Savalry; Rio Grange, Nov. 7, Clarence W. Crites, D. Third cavalry; Rio Pasig. accidentally, Jan. 2, Anton M. Bong, I. Peterson, 24, of Smithfield, Cache ish naval authorities have offered him Pepper, a wealthty Susquehanna counthat the committees will soon report a ship to convey him to Delagoa bay. The steamer Bundesrath is dischargty farmer, living in Rush township, on the night of October 10, 1897, for the County, and Hulda Pearson, 22, of Salt Anderson could not be found at the and that there will be little delay in G. Fourteenth infantry. Pneumonia, Jan. 1, Theodore Gehring, Lake City; John W. Blackwood, 43, and Evelyn E. Burke, 19, both of Salt Lake commissioners' office so the unfortunate the Council over its disposition. That purpose of robbery. Previous to their trial both men made confessions im-plicating Susie Graham, Eagan's miscripple painfully dragged himself up to ng. the petitions of the railroads will Inirteenth infantry: Rio Zapote, acci-dentally, Jan. 1, Eli Lorrimore, A, Thir-y-eighth infantry. Gamiling, accibe C. Fourth infantry: Thomas J. Lyons, D. Third cavalry: 4th, William Maloney, corporal, L. Nineteenth infantry. the doctor's office in the Summit block. granted there is no doubt, but there may be some modification of the re-quests ere they are complied with. City; John Edward McKendrick, 23, and Neille Smith, 23, both of Salt Lake Washington, Jan. 9.-Mail advices are where he was given attention. Schuy just coming to hand from United looked respectable, but out of luck. where he was given attention. Schuyler tress, in the plot to rob Mr. Pepper. City.

Logan. there was little warrant for the exulta-California-J. W. Wood, Pasadena; which followed the announcement

J. W. Loyd, Portersville; G. V. Bealls, Visalia; L. F. Griswold, Covina; L. A. been another complete surprise to the Groff, Los Angeles.

German Speech from the Throne.

Berlin, Jan. 9 .- At the opening of the and it is realized that Gen. White's diet today, Prince Hohenlohe, the imtroops can not be expected to greatly prolong such an ard of a defense. perial chancellor, read the speech from the throne, wherein it was shown that In some quarters it is considered unthe finances of Prussia are in a satisaccountable that Gen. Buller did not The year of 1898factory condition. press the passage of the Tugela while 99 closed with considerable surplus and the Boers were engaged northwards, the current year, the chancellor said and the comments on his apparent was expected to give favorable results. The estimates for 1900 maintained an From the Boer headquarters it is re-ported Gen. Buller is constructing a equilibrium and the revenue of the railroads continued satisfactory. subsidiary railroad from the main line

The speech from the throne also announced the introduction of a bill for the construction of eight railroads, the re-introduction of Rhine-Elbe canal bill after the completion of the proposed waterway for large ships betweeen Ber. lin and Stettin and the other river improvements, and the intention of the government to make the port of Emden available for trans-oceanic steamships with the object of rendering the Rhenish commerce independent of foreign ports. The speech concluded with promising the greatest possible attention to the interests of agriculture.

CLEANING AWAY THE DIRT.

der river, cabled to the Associated Tokio, Japan, Disturbing the Accumu-Press last night, which said news had lations for Hundreds of Years. been received from Belmont that the

Yokohama, Dec. 20, via San Francisco, Jan. 9.- (Correspondence of the Asso-clated Press.)-Tokio presents an exso energetic in that vicinity that the Boers had been compelled to desert a Every house and traordinary spectacle. hovel within a hundred square miles of area is being cleaned under police susition at Colesberg. Gen. French re-ported to the war office Sunday mornpervision and the streets are piled with rubbish heaps. Not only the mats but the floors are removed and the accumuing, January 7, that he had reconnoit-ered with a squadron of the household lated debris of years is being swept away. The rats are having a hard time, cavalry on the Boers' east flank, two miles from Achterlang, and drew a connot only being driven from their haunts, but also having a bounty put on their heads. Fear of the plague is the cause ing anxious for their communications of all this energy.

The proposed impeachment of the premier and the home minister has fallen through, the evidence brought against them being of the flimsiest nature and manifestly inspired by politi-cal animosity. The memorial of the throne was defeated by a vote of 164 to 121

Massacred a Crew.

to London, Jan. 9 .- Mall advices from January 4, were twelve men killed and New Britain report the massacre of the The queen has telegraphed her concaptain and crew of fifteen men belong. gratulations and thanks to Gen. White ing to the British schooner Nukumania and his troops of Ladysmith. A dispatch from Frere Camp last South Wales while trading among the Admiralty Islands. Only three boys Sunday night said all was quiet there, escaped. The natives, after murdering the sailors, inaugurated a feast ashore thus dispelling the widespread hopes that Gen. Buller had followed up his and ate their victims. demonstration before Colenso, with an

REIMBURSING C. W. YOUNC.

Bill Introduced in Congress Today, by Senator Rawlins.

a sentence of several years, as his guilt, it is claimed, is already established. Stamps Stolen from the Wanship, Utab, Postoflice.

[SPECIAL TO THE "NEWS."] Washington, D. C., Jan. 9 .- Senator Rawlins today introduced a bill to reimbure Geo. W. Young, postmaster at Wanship, Utah, in the sum of \$163. for postage stamps stolen from the safe of the postoffice at that place.

FOOT CRUSHED AND FROZEN.

and then adjourned to meet tomorrow Unfortunate J. C. Schuyler of Omaha called at the county commissioners' office today to see Dr. H. A. Anderson,

Mr. McCornick.

When asked today if Prof. Tanner, president of the Agricultural College, Logan, had tendered his resignation, Mr. W. S. McCornick, who is president of the board of trustees of that institution, said that he had not received the resignation. "Of course, Prof Tanner may have sent in his resignation, but I have not received it yet," said Mr. McCornick. "I think likely the report is true, because Prof. Tanner has

been contemplating resignation for some time." Connected with the resignation is

some talk with reference to the action of Congress in relation to the holding of positions in Federal institutions by alleged polygamists. It is stated that members of the congressional appropriations committee have determined to withhold the regular Federal appropriation from any institution in which there may be a polygamist holding ofby presidential appointment or fice. otherwise, and that not desiring to see the money withheld Prof. Tanner determined to resign. If the report of the determination of members of the appropriations committee be true, some who claim to know, t say there will be other changes in the official personnel of the institution.

A WARRIOR IN A BAD BOX.

Belligerent Soldier to be Tried for a Serious

Offense.

Made a Victors Assault on Lieutenant

White, Commandant at Fort

Douglas, on Christmas Day.

There is one private in Troop C.

Ninth Cavalry, stationed at Fort Doug-

This man is William Buckner.

Tye, who leave for Fort Logan on the

8:05 train. Buckner's offense was com-

demonstrative and was ordered to the

guard house by Lieut. White whereup-

on the prisoner sprang furiously upon

him and would have done him great

bodily harm, but for timely assistance. It is expected that Buckner will receive

ON THE GROUNDS.

Council Committees, Officials and Cit-

izens to Meet.

Last night the Council committee on

municipal laws and streets held a short

joint meeting upon the union depot.

The committees simply went over the

petitions in an informal way in order

to get a general idea of the situation

afternoon. That meeting will be held

two years ago and was defeated by his Republican opponent, the Hon. James R. Maun. The district, however, was overwhelmingiy Republican and Mr. Organ is satisfied with congratulating himself on the strenght he showed. Mr. Organ is stopping at the Knutsford and will remain here for some days yet.

will enjoy a most prosperous season

in 1900. When asked today as to the

object of his visit here, Mr. Organ said

that it was simply to look over the field

with a view to capturing some of the

big Utah wool shipments in the spring.

"These," he said, " will be immense,

and Utah sheepmen will get rich out

of their business in short order if this

sort of thing continues. From the best

information 1 can get the demand for

wool will be very great this year. The

product will be much lighter in Austra-

lia this year than usual on account of

drouth; and there are other reasons, all

of which will contribute to higher and

better prices. All this is beneficial to

the western States where sheep are

raised extensively. Why, I am reliably

informed that between six million and

seven million pounds of Utah wool has

already been contracted for at twenty

cents and better per pound. It only

takes a second's calculations to show

"There are," continued Mr. Organ

"few wool men in this part of the field

now. They have got through here and gone elsewhere. Most of the western agents are now in Mantana. By reason

of 30 big a proportion of the Utah clip

having been disposed of already, the

wool will move east earlier than usual

and there will be less rivalry than

customary for the remainder, although

there is enough of the product unsold to

make it interesting to all concerned."

Mr. Organ is something more than a railway agent. He is also a business

man and politician when at home. He

ran for Congress on the Democratic

that this represents a lot of money.

GIFT FROM EMPLOYES.

Superintendent John T. Caine Presented With a Fine Umbrella.

At 5 o'clock yesterday evening Supt. John T. Caine of the city water works department, was summoned to the emergency works on North Temple street and upon arriving there was surprised to see twenty-five of the employes of the department surround him, with Storekeeper Selis as chief conspirator. Mr. Sells approached the superintendent and reminded him that the day marked the seventy-first anniversary of his birth, and that as an earnest of the esteem in which he was held by those working under his direction It gave him much pleasure to presend a very handsome umbrella of silk, with sliver mounted pearl handle, upon which was engraved "J. T. C., from S. L. C. W. W. Employes, Jan. 8, 1900." "May it protect you from the elements

above," said Mr. Sells, "for we know you will not be annoyed from below." Mr. Caine made a felicitous reply, at the close of which he said: "Now that the Republican party has been successful, it is our duty to give them our support and assist them in giving the city of Salt Lake a business administra-The superintendent wished them tion." all a happy new year and the meeting closed with singing and recitations, and a good time generally.

THE NATIONAL BANKS. The Four in Salt Lake Elect Directors Today.

las, who finds himself in a very bad The four national banks in Salt Lake City, in common with those of the predicament; and all on account of his country, conducted elections today at own belligerence and breach of discipline. As a consequence he is in the which boards of directors were being chosen under rules growing out of Fedpost guard house and tonight will be taken to Fort Logan, Colorado, to uneral law. Balloting commenced on the dergo court martial for an offense opening of business this morning and which, in time of war, would have will conclude at 4 o'clock this afternoon. At a meeting of the Deseret National meant the forfeiting of his own life. Bank, held at 11 a. m. today, 1,619 Buckner will be in charge of Sergeant shares were represented. These are the Robert Bloedsoe and Corporal Lewis directors that will doubtless be chosen: L. S. Hills, W. W. Hiter, James Sharp, John R. Winder, David H. Peery, W. H mitted on Christmas day and was in McIntyre, Moses Thatcher, George Romney, John R. Barnes, John C. Cutthe nature of a personal assault upon Lieut. White, the commanding officer of the post. Buckner was noisy and ler, E. R. Eldredge, David Eccles, A. W.

Carlson. These are the men voted for at the National Bank of the Republic, and who are certain to be chosen: Frank Knox, Geo, A. Lowe, E. Kahn, W. E. Smedley, H. L. A. Culmer, G. S. Holmes, Stephen Hays, James A. Mur-

ray, Butte, Ed. W. Duncan. The Commercial National directors met today and declared a 3 per cent dividend and posted the following names to be voted upon, all of which will be chosen: George M. Downey, W. P. Noble, Thomas Marshall, John W. Donnellan, John J. Daly, O. J. Salisbury, Moylan C. Fox, Theodore Meyer, A. F. Holden.

At the Utah National it was stated that the following board would be elect-H. W. Brown, W. H. Dale, James M. Dart, James Chipman, W. S. Chip-man, Gill S. Peyton, J. E. Openshaw, W. H. H. Spafford, George Sutherland, B. G. Raybould, Frank Y. Taylor.

MARRIAGE LICENSES.

right on the proposed depot site and Montrose, Pa., Jan. 9.—Cornelius Shew and James Eagan, were hanged here today. The crime for which Eagan and Shew suffered death on the gallows was the murder of Andrew J. fected the release of Lieut. Gillmore will be attended by the Council comad the other American prisoners. It Marriage licenses were issued today fantry.

The London Times correspondent at guese government compels the local banks to accept it as legal tender, the same rate as British sovereigns, thus It is to Make Up for \$163 in Postage Continuing the correspondent says: "It is a question whether the Portu-

says the officials there recognize they must evacuate the town at an early date and are securing houses at Pretoria

Bloemfontein and elsewhere are packed with wounded men.

A special dispatch from Amsterdam says that an uncredited rumor is current there that a British cruiser has fired upon the Dutch cruiser Friesland near Delagoa bay, and that a Dutch officer was killed.

other than that of the kingdom of control."

poral, G, Twelfth infantry.

Typhoid, Dec. 27, George Lenfepd, C, Twenty-second infantry; 26th, August Gruel, M, Sixteenth infantry; Jan. 3, George M. Dubley, F, Fourteenth in-fantry; 6th, Edward I, Derry, E, Sixth artilley: 2nd Charles Harrison H artillery: 2nd, Charles Harrison, -H. Twenty-sixth infantry; 4th, Jeff. M. Stirrewalt, E, Eighteenth infantry; 3rd, Wm. Rundy, H, Twenty-sixth in-

Washington, Jan. 9 .-- Senator Raw- | Spain existed in the Philippine Islands prior to December 10th, 1899, and to what extent Spain had actual control of the islands

ernment of the Islands When Spain

Ceded Them.

"2-Can sovereign power be justly and in accordance with international Fent, revolutionary or dictatorship, law, claimed in the absence of power to

dentally, Dec. 29, Wm. C. Bryant, cor-

mittee on privileges and elections today in the Clark case. He was cross-examined by Mr. Faulkner. He identified two envelopes exhibited which he said had contained money given to him to hold members of the legislature.

was saved.

caused by suffocation.

MONTANA BRIBERY CASE.

They were marked by initials and oth-erwise which Mr. Whiteside said had been placed on the envelopes at the time the money was deposited in them.

effective move elsewhere. Lourenzo Marques cables that although there is no guarantee and the Transvaal gold is of standard value, the Portu-

giving the republics every facility for extensive transactions here and remitting money to Europe.

guese order is not a breach of neutrali-

The latest news from Bloemfontein

It is also announced the hospitals at