BELGIAN LABORERS.

King Leopold Receives a Delegation and Makes a Courteous Speech.

THE GOVERNOR OF INDIAN TERRITORY ORGANIZING A MILITIA.

Spiritualism to be Investigated.—The Connellsville Strike.—Other Items.

By Telegraph to the NEWS:

THE KING AND THE LABORERS.

Leopold Has Pledged Himself to Support Universal Suffrage.

BRUSSELS, Feb. 10.—King Leopold received a delegation from the Workmen's Council of Industry. He said, he had decided to pledge his support of the demand for universal suffrage. He had the cause of the working classes at heart, but not being a dictator, he must leave the suffrage question to the nation. "The workmen are wrong" he added, "in considering themselves a separate caste. We are all Belgians in different grades and all workmen."

The delegates replied that the workmen had been made a separate class by being refused the right to vote.

Murder and Suicide.

COLDWATER, Kansas, Feb. 10.—Louis R. Holmes of Arizona, yesterday, shot and dangerously wounded his wife and then shot himself. He died in a few minutes. The couple have been living apart for four years and, because the woman refused to return to him, Holmes shot her.

ORGANIZING A MILITIA.

Intruders to be Driven Out from the Chickasaw Nation.

PAULS VALLEY, I. T., Feb. 10.—Governor Bird is organizing a militia to eject intruders from the Chickasaw Nation. It is estimated that at least 1000 intruders will be driven out if the order is carried out. This will cause great hardship among them, as a majority of them are dependent upon this year's crop for living. The fault is with the landlords, as they are required to secure a permit for each renter, which they have neglected to do.

Failure.

TORONTO, Feb. 10.—Boyd Brothers, dry goods merchants, have failed. Liabilities, $100,000.

Waste Money.

LONDON, Feb. 10.—The Parnell Leadership committee has issued a circular asking the league branches in London to affiliate with and give the committee monetary and other assistance.

In Congress.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 10.—The House bill increasing to $100 a month the pension of the widow of General Custer was passed.

SPIRITUALISM.

A Society of Distinguished Persons Formed for Its Investigation.

BOSTON, Feb. 10.—Rev. Edward Everett Hale, Miss Mary A. Livermore, Rev. M. J. Savage, Rev. Edward A. Horton, R. O. Flowers, editor of the Arena, and other well-known persons have signed an agreement to form a society for the investigation of spiritualism.

The Connellville Strike.

PITTSBURG, Feb. 10. — Dispatches from the Connellville coke region report that the strike of the coke workers and miners is general, 10,000 men being out. All plants are closed down.

The Stock Market.

NEW YORK, Feb. 10.—The stock market showed better prices this morning, the North American sugar receipts and Villards being prominent in the upward movement. Sugar stocks rose 1[1]. At noon the market was quiet, strong, at the highest prices of the morning.

Does Not Like Prize Fighting.

VANDALIA, Ills., Feb. 10.—Peter Jackson, a colored pugilist, on his way to New Orleans, stopped here. He says he does not like prize fighting and intends to quit it, but that before doing so he intends to challenge Sullivan for the championship and that the Boston slugger must fight or surrender the belt.

Maud S.

PITTSBURG, Feb. 10.—Robert Bonner says that Maud S. will be bred the coming season for the first time. She will never be driven against her record again. Sunol will be given three trials next summer to break the World's record, 2:08¼. It is claimed by Marvin, her driver, that she can trot a mile in 2:04, and a quarter of a mile in 28 seconds, 1:55 gait.

Alleged Conspiracy to Defraud the Heirs.

HELENA, Mt., Feb. 10.—The Root faction in the Davis will contest, has commenced an action, which, it is asserted, will show the existence of a conspiracy between John A. and Erwin Davis, the brother of the deceased millionaire, and J. C. Scongo, to defraud the heirs.

Death of a Famous Irishman.

NEW YORK, Feb. 10.—James Redpath, the famous Irish nationalist, journalist and lecturer, who was recently injured by a horse car, died today from the effects of his injuries.

The Eight-Hour Day Movement.

CINCINNATI, Ohio, Feb. 10.—The first annual convention of the United Mine Workers of America opened this morning with fifty-two delegates present from nineteen states. A special object of the convention is to make arrangements for the inauguration of the eight-hour day on May 1st, 1891. The sentiment of the speakers seems to be that everything is in good shape for a monster strike in May next, if the demand for a shorter day is not agreed to.

No Legal Votes. It Is Claimed.

OKLAHOMA CITY, O. T., Feb. 10.—The Republicans have applied for an injunction to enjoin the county commissioners from counting the returns of the late election on the ground that no legal votes had been cast, because there is no act of Congress on territorial legislature, conferring the right to vote on any one. If this is successful, similar proceedings will be taken in other counties.

The Stories of Invasion Unfounded.

KING FISHER, O. T., Feb. 10.—It is said that Colonel Wade, commanding officer at Fort Reno, has investigated the alleged threatened invasion of the Cherokee Strip by the settlers, and finds the stories that thousands of settlers are moving at the border towns, unfounded.

The Coldest Ever Known.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 10.—The signal service bulletin says that the weather reports from south-western New Mexico and south-western Colorado show that the mornings of the ninth and tenth were the coldest ever known over those sections, at this season of the year. The temperature ranged from one degree below to sixteen below zero. This morning it was twenty below over the greater portion of eastern Texas.

Senator Sherman Hastens to His Sick Brother.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 10. — Senator Sherman left here today for New York and Cincinnati, receiving advices that his brother, the General, was ill in New York.

No Bucket Shops in Indiana.

INDIANAPOLIS, Feb. 10.—The legislature today passed a law making it a felony to conduct a bucket shop, to deal in margins or rent a building for this purpose within the State of Indiana.

The New Apportionment Law.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 10.—The first step toward putting the new apportionment law into effect was taken today by the State Department, from which it certified copy of the law was sent to the governor of each State and territory.

Combat Between Guards and Smugglers.

ST. LOUIS, Feb. 10.—A special from Matamoras says that there has been two desperate combats near Mier between the custom guards and smugglers, in which four guards were killed and one smuggler wounded. The smugglers succeeded in getting away with their goods.

Stephen Harding Dying.

MITAN, Ind., Feb. 9.—Hon. Stephen Harding, for many years a prominent figure in Indiana politics, is dying. During Lincoln's administration Harding was appointed Territorial governor of Utah and afterwards made Federal judge in the Territory of Colorado.

Barilas Says Central America is at Peace.

NEW YORK, Feb. 9.—Consul-General Boles has received a cablegram from the Presidents of Honduras and Guatemala, denying that there was any revolution. Barilas says all Central America is at peace and finally engaged in gathering the coffee crop, which, in Guatemala will be the largest yet produced.

Eaten Off by a Cat.

CLINTONVILLE, Wis., Feb. 9.—Charles Kanuck, a resident of Lepolis, shot and killed his wife and himself one day last week. The bodies were not found until Saturday evening. The face of Mrs. Kanuck had been partly eaten off by a cat.

An Abundance of Candidates.

PIERRE, S. D., Feb. 9.—In the ballot for United States senator today twenty-five different persons were voted for. There were a great many absentees, but all are expected here tomorrow. Many leading politicians express doubt as to any election by the legislature.

NEWS IN A NUTSHELL.

A bill, providing for a mine inspector, is under consideration by the Idaho legislature.

Frank H. Dyer, ex-Marshal W. H. Remington and Marshal Parsons are in Washington, D. C.

Ex-Lemons was elected Mayor of Pagosa, yesterday. He got 212 votes, Page 9, and Simms 89.

John F. Swift of California is now talked of as the successor of Mr. Windom in the National Treasury.

The Idaho House Committee on Elections has reported a bill adopting the Australian ballot system of voting.

Miss Avery is the name of a young lady journalist who gave the best report of the late Fitzsimmons—Dempsey prize fight.

The Idaho Legislature is having a lively time over the election of a United States Senator. It looks as if Dubois will have to take a soup bath.

English society has another scandal on its hands. The Prince of Wales and Lady Brook are concerned. The lady is wife of the heir to the earldom of Warwick.

Louisiana was the only State which rejected its legislature quadrennially. Mississippi, by its new constitution has adopted the four years' term, and will hereafter follow Louisiana.

A mysterious murder has occurred in St. Louis. The wife of Eugene Brown of 2737 Madison Street was found with a bullet hole in her head. Who inflicted the wound is the mystery.

Yesterday, in South Omaha, a war broke out between the American Live Stock Company, an Illinois institution, and the South Omaha Live Stock Exchange. Competition in the market the cause.

General Palmer of Michigan, President of the World's Fair Commission is not troubled about the reduction of his salary by Congress, but he feels for the other officers. Palmer is worth $2,000,000 and can afford to be cynical.

Miss Eva McCoy, aged 12, is surprising San Francisco by her mind-reading feats. As usual she found the pin, and read the name written on the inside of a watch case carried by a strange young man. The young man is not what is vulgarly called a "sport."

All Europe is already preparing for a great labor demonstration on the first of May next, in Belgium, Spain, Portugal and Germany workmen's clubs have all declared for the May demonstration. German Socialists are preparing their doctrines among the farmers and soldiers.

It is understood that immediately after the adjournment of Congress the Hon. Gilbert A. Pierce will resign from North Dakota to Cuba, with a view to becoming a candidate for United States Senator when that island is admitted to our national union. Col. Pierce has acquired a thorough knowledge of the Spanish language from the labels on the cigars he has been smoking since he went to Washington.

Sir Charles Dilke is spoken of as the successor of the late Charles Bradlaugh in the borough of Northampton. The English public seems disposed to forget his folly, or else it thinks he has sufficiently atoned for his sin.

The editor of the St. Louis Globe-Democrat is one of the few great journalists we have. Therefore it is of interest and value to secure from him such expressions as this: "The best editor is the man who can best discriminate between bread and stones before cutting upon the waters—the man who can best select from the events of the day the matter to serve up to the reading public for manna." Taylor, the so-called water poet, built the same opinion as our distinguished friend McCullagh, only he put the cart before the horse in this wise:

"All you can read then would print as news,
Serve out to know wisdom in chunks;
But learn wisdom to cart out your
And put it on sale without duds."

MALE AND FEMALE FALLS.

AN EXCHANGE tells the truth when it presents the following result a observation:

"Women seem to be surer footed than men and not as likely by half to lose their equilibrium. Perhaps it is because they exercise more caution and keep a sharper eye on the ground through force of habit, engendered by a desire to keep skirts clean. Man steps out boldly and is easy prey for banana skins and icy pavements. When woman slips she makes slight effort to recover her balance, but falls to a subdued 'Oh!' and generally subsides in a sitting posture without sustaining any great shock. Man on the contrary makes a great effort to keep his feet, indulges in mild gyrations, wrenches almost every muscle in his body and ends by going down at full length with a crash. What he says doesn't begin to express his feelings, even if the language expressed is bold. Sometimes he appears to take it in good humor, especially if he thinks anyone is looking, and will gather himself up, cast a sheepish, sickening glance behind him and slink away. Lovely woman blushes somewhat, smiles, too, and worries on without attracting anywhere near as much attention."

Azalaut Sweet Cream Butter.

A correspondent of the *American Dairymen* writes:

"I have made butter for years. We make it from ripened cream (not rotten) and furnish it to families as they want it weekly, they taking only so much as they can use freely in use for the coming week. Some have it twice, and some have it three times a week, always getting it within twelve hours after it is made; thus you see they always have strictly fresh made butter. They don't try to keep it, for they have none to keep. We never had complaint; it was nothing but praise. When the new tangled weed cream butter showed itself, we paid little attention, until last summer I said if it is really better, if the Freedmen's wife uses it, everybody's wife should use it, and therefore we will make sweet cream butter, so we made it of strictly sweet cream. It (the cream) was not the least bit 'off,' everything also being the same, sent to our customers and said nothing. We were satisfied it was good butter, equally as good as the ripened cream, and thought we ran no risk in using it. But listen; the first thing we heard, a lady who only used one pound a week called to say that the last end of the last pound was not as good as the first, and thought we must be making our butter. Another family who used one or ten pounds weekly, and received it all in one day, sent word that they must have their butter twice a week, as the latter part of the week the butter was bad. Some others threatened to stop, as there was something wrong. This was our retail trade. Our wholesale counter, of stores which we supplied once or twice a week, getting about two cents above the market price because our butter was particularly fresh and sweet.

"The result with them was disastrous; it was nothing but kicks and losses. It stood on their hands, and we took it back and did everything to make our peace with them. Some butter which came back, not over two weeks old, was most villainous stuff. If it had not had our stamp I would not have believed it was our butter. Of course it did not take long to get back to the old-fashioned way, when the storm subsided and the skies soon became calm and smiling as ever. We pocketed our loss and experience and are satisfied that sweet cream butter is very good when made, probably equal to any other, but must be eaten right away. I have no doubt that creamery men have had experience which they might tell, but are too shy to say a word.

Monthly Meteorological Summary.

Station—SALT LAKE CITY, UTAH.

Month of JANUARY, 1891.

Temperature				Precipitation			
Mean	Highest	Lowest	Range	Total	Greatest in 24 hours	Snowfall	Depth on ground
29.8	50	9	41	0.80	0.80	8.0	8

SUMMARY.

Mean Barometer, 25.78. Highest Barometer, 25.91; date 11; lowest, 25.37; date 1.

Mean temperature, 29.8; highest, 50; date 18; lowest, 9; date 1; range, 41; greatest daily range, 37; least daily range, 1.

Mean temperature for 1891 to date, 29.8; for 1890, 29.7; for 1889, 26.1; for 1888, 21.2; for 1887, 25.4; for 1886, 24.4; for 1885, 24.2; for 1884, 24.2; for 1883, 24.4; for 1882, 23.7; for 1881, 24.4; for 1880, 23.7.

Total excess in temperature for the month, 55; total excess in temperature from Jan. 1, 55. Prevailing direction of wind, NW. Total movement of wind, 12,16. Highest velocity of wind, 32; date, 22; direction and date, 30 miles N.W. on 5th.

Total precipitation, 0.74.

No. of days on which 0.01 in. or more fell, 4.

Total snowfall, 8.0; total depth on ground, 8.

Total precipitation in inches and snowfall in inches for this Month for 1891, 0.74; 1890, 1.12; 1889, 0.37; 1888, 1.87; 1887, 0.97; 1886, 1.31; 1885, 1.51; 1884, 2.47; 1883, 1.21; 1882, 1.57; 1881, 1.40; 1880, 1.15; snowfall, 8.0; 1890, 4.0; 1889, 7.0; 1888, 12.0; 1887, 8.0; 1886, 7.0; 1885, 4.0; 1884, 5.0; 1883, 4.0; 1882, 3.0; 1881, 4.0; 1880, 10.0.

Number of days of Rain or Snow during month, 8.

Total snowfall for season from January 1st, 0.0.

Number of clear days, 7; partly cloudy, 11; cloudy, 13.

WM. MCMILLATRET,
Observer.

SHORTHAND COLLEGE.

Room for a few more students at the evening session—Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays.

F. E. MCGURRIN,
Progress Building.

IS LIFE WORTH LIVING?

BY HENRY H. SHERBURNE.

"Is life worth living?" we every that do ponder
Upon such commentaries as may chance to cross our path;
Our minds perhaps by sympathy beaten and
And current thought the opinion over tinged
Can brilliant wit grab us and on it wonder,
And smile to see its own particular blunder
Held up to scorn of another's power,
By gem of speech, and yet not quite in the hour
And wise in fear

"Is life worth living?"—with a crowing cock,
Pain where not will the ever loiter you thank,
Can good service in Heaven be lost, should, shall?
Can broken hearts again with old ones meet?
Can weary labor, over strength with toil,
With guidance spring and rest up the spot
To promise of repose, and yet not rest and not
To be pain up their it despite gain,
And wise in fear?

"Is life worth living?"—where we have been
Were bad and disloyal, remorse not work?—
Can justice smile in honor dead with one?
Can cause blood water back that on now?
Can vision dead in dens as one to life,
Yet jocularly with and jolly not
How much wanted it would be
For all those beneath it to be point to one—
And wise in fear?

Surely but one reply can ever be found
To those my queries—and have its service
Sound.
Charity cannot blind her mantle's power
And pity, weeping gently, lets her tear
Drop quietly adoptive: "It is better so—
Here all are equals where we all are low."
And memory sting, and with loving care,
Shows but the grave which mouldered wave,
Yet "Every letter is to dead."

"Is life worth living?"—every my days already
Here.
It surely should be, at least I thus consider,
When between what occurrence has passed,
Where unpalatable experience for gods at
Hence;
Where brilliant act is slashed in poetic truth,
And hold a beacon light, to enlightens youth;
Where power is paying earned by possession gained
Day—
Time we as our truly say life is worth living,
In spite of fear.

"Is life worth living?"—with loves, great and
Such,
It may be that each day can not be fair,
When sorrow comes from causes that are
Slight;
Where pain overtakes the tender of the new,
Or death's grave, a man to let so passed
Forever to a—and—and—and—and regret,
No ever with these light life is so worth living,
As now we are.

"Is life worth living?"—that rule can depend
On what to aims may be, and where is decide,
Where good is more than evil for enough
With best;
Where simple justice ever is in hand,
Where that of sympathy and honors praise
In lonely place, a help to cheer our way,
There is no reason that life wind can give
Its show it might not then be count to true
As yet is fair.

CUTLER, Mass.

Scraps from Oneida County.

A correspondent, writing from Clifton, Oneida County, Idaho, under date February 8th, says:

Our daily mail commenced yesterday, February 7th.

There has been much sickness in our ward this winter, but only one death has occurred so far.

We have not had much snow here as yet, and unless we get more of it or some good rains this spring, the people here will be short of water during the coming summer.

DEATHS.

WALKER.—At Farmington, February 8, 1891, Elizabeth M. Walker, in her 40th year. Deceased was born at Nauvoo, Illinois, August 25th, 1851, and was one of the Church of Jesus Christ of Latter-day Saints in 1861, and was well known to the Elders, having kept the Conference house in Bountiful for several years. She went to Manchester in 1881, where, as matron in a public institution, she nursed scores to gather home the saints. She emigrated to Utah in September, 1885, and resided at Farmington since. She was an honest Mother Walker was well known to all the new society there as a skilful nurse and faithful Latter-day Saint.

Millennial Star, please copy.

MARKETS AND STOCKS.

NEW YORK STOCKS.

New York, Feb. 10, 1891.

Ore Sales	.....	Union Central	74
Money	..... 2@3½	Wabash	14
Exchange	 486	North American	5½
Gold	..... 1[1]	Pacific Mail	38½
Silver	..... 1[1]	Rock Island	76½
Bar Silver	..... 1[1]	St. Paul	76½
Bullion	..... 1[1]	St. Paul & Omaha	35
Sterling	 486	Texas Pacific	7½
Northern Pacific	20½	Union Pacific	41½
Preferred	..... 47½	Fargo Express	115
Northwestern	 111	Western Union	81½

CHICAGO MARKET.

Chicago, Feb. 10, 1:15 p. m.

Wheat—Strong; cash, 96½; May, 97½. Corn—Steady; cash, 37½; May, 37½. Oats—Steady; cash, 30½; May, 30½. Pork—Steady; cash, 9.15 @ 9.20; May, 9.20 @ 9.25. Lard—Steady; cash, 5.60; May, 5.60.

ADVICE TO MOTHERS.

MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP should always be used when children are teething. It soothes the child, softens the gums, allays all pain, cures wind colic, and is the best remedy for diarrhœa. Twenty-five cents a bottle.

STRAYED.

FROM THE TWENTIETH WARD SALT LAKE CITY, one dark bay horse, about 15 years old, hind feet hair white. Return to Ted Sheridan and Abercrombie Co. Lumber Yard. Liberal reward.

NOTICE.

In the Probate Court in and for Salt Lake County, Territory of Utah.

In the matter of the Estate of Samuel Rennie, deceased.

ARCHIBALD PRIME, SAMUEL BRING, Janet and William Rennie, the heirs of the estate of Samuel Rennie, deceased, have filed in said court a petition for the appointment of Irene Dalgleish administrator of said estate, and the hearing of said petition is fixed by the order of said court to be heard before the probate judge in his office in Salt Lake City, Utah, on the 10th day of February, A. D. 1891, at 10 o'clock a.m., at the County Court House of said County, in Liberty Park, at the time and place for the hearing of said petition, and that notice thereof be given to all persons interested in said estate by publication in the DESERET EVENING NEWS, a newspaper printed and published in the city and county of Salt Lake, for a period of two weeks.

Given in open court this 6th day of February, A. D., 1891.

W. H. RAMPTON,
Probate Judge for said county.

TERRITORY OF UTAH, } ss.
County of Salt Lake.

I, C. E. Allen, Clerk of the Probate Court in and for the County of Salt Lake, in the Territory of Utah, do hereby certify that the foregoing is a full, true and correct copy of order for appointment of commissioners to partition public and for hearing of the estate of Samuel Rennie, deceased, as appears of record in my office.

Witness whereof I have hereunto set my hand and affixed the seal of said Court, this 6th day of February, A. D. 1891.

C. E. ALLEN,
Clerk of the Probate Court.
By C. E. STANTON, Deputy Clerk. 4-12

SALT LAKE THEATRE.

CHAS. W. BENTON, MANAGER.

THURSDAY, FRIDAY, SATURDAY,

AND SATURDAY MATINEE,

February 12, 13 and 14,

THE EVENING DISPATCH,

FREDERICK WARDE,

ACCOMPANIED BY

MRS. D. P. BOWERS

And a Metropolitan Course of Plays.

REPERTOIRE:

Thursday, - - HENRY VIII.

FRIDAY, - Grand Double Bill.

MERCHANT OF VENICE

—AND—

KATHERINE AND PETRUCHIO.

Saturday Matinee, - VIRGINIUS.

Saturday Night, - MACBETH.

Sale of seats commences Wednesday, Feb. 11.

PRICES, $75c to $1.50.

WANTED IMMEDIATELY.

A COMPETENT TOOTH-PICK FOR HOUSE work, at 20 S. Main. Good wages, steady job.

WANTED.

A WOMAN TO DO WASHING AND IRONING for two people living in Bountiful, every Monday. Apply at 66 E. North Temple Street.

WANTED.

WANTED BY AN EXPERIENCED NURSE, an early time in the Fifth Ward. Address N. Deseret Evening News and leave at Desk.

RANCH FOR SALE.

THE PROPERTY KNOWN AS THE HILL ranch Beach, containing 160 acres in Weber County. Apply to W. Rampton, 20 First South, city. 2d

FOR SALE.

A DESIRABLE RANCH FOR SALE. 40 acres, 20 in Bench Ground, Grover P. O., Uinta Co., Wyoming.

DISSOLUTION OF PARTNERSHIP.

WE HEREBY GIVE NOTICE TO THE World, that the co-partnership heretofore existing between Henry Dinwoodey and H. Amerson and Samuel H. Amerson, under the firm name of Henry Dinwoodey & Co., has this day been dissolved, the business of the co-partnership of said firm, formerly of Salt Lake City, Utah, Territory of Utah, has been taken over and assumed by Henry Dinwoodey, who will carry on the business of the said firm under the name and style of HENRY DINWOODEY & CO., and will assume from the firm its outstanding liabilities.

And the said Henry Dinwoodey will collect all accounts due the said co-partnership, and pay all claims against the firm.

This 10th day of January, A. D. 1891.

HENRY DINWOODEY,
FREDERICK H. AMERSON,
SAMUEL H. AMERSON.

WHY THE DESERET NEWS SHOULD BE SUBSCRIBED FOR IN PREFERENCE TO ANY OTHER PAPER.

1. It is the organ of the Church of Jesus Christ of Latter-day Saints, and the authorized medium through which the views, wishes and instructions of the Church Authorities are expressed, and given to the Saints.

2. It may always be relied upon as advocating or defending the right side of every question proper for public journals to treat upon.

3. It is devoted to the interests of the Latter-day Saints and has, from its inception, valiantly defended their rights and advocated the principles in which they believe and every Latter-day Saint should therefore feel under obligations to do his part in helping to sustain it.

4. It is not published for speculation, and never has been, but for the good which it is capable of accomplishing; the profits, if any there be, derived from it, being devoted to extending its sphere of usefulness, and benefiting the community.

5. It is doing its utmost to establish home industries, among which are paper making and type-founding, strengthening and strengthening branches necessary to the development and independence of the community, but which, during their infancy (which in this Territory they have not yet passed), can only be carried on at a pecuniary loss.

6. There is no danger of any subscriber to the News failing to get what he subscribes for through failure of the business and a suspension of the publication—a result in the case of hundreds of newspaper ventures every year.

7. It is now printed throughout in new and readable type, so that even the aged can peruse it without difficulty or danger to their eyesight.

8. It is free from objectionable advertisements, so that no parent need fear that his children will have their minds corrupted from having access to it; in fact, it refuses thousands of dollars worth of the best paying advertisements annually, because it is devoted to the moral and spiritual interests of its readers instead of to getting gain at their expense.

9. Its tone is not regulated by public opinion nor the hope of gaining subscribers or advertisements. It advocates that which is right and condemns that which is wrong, regardless of results, financial or otherwise.

10. It never encourages its readers by pointing off editorials of self-praise for mere items.

11. The News practices no deception and resorts to no subterfuge to induce people to subscribe, but on the contrary, prefers to stand on its own merits as the people's newspaper, with a premium only to do its utmost to give its patrons the full value of their money—a premium which it has exhausted in faithfully keep in the past.

12. In conclusion, if a Latter-day Saint can afford to subscribe for only one newspaper, that paper should be the DESERET NEWS; and if more than one, the NEWS should invariably be the first.

SUBSCRIPTION RATES:

	1 Yr.	6 Mo.	3 Mo.	1 Mo.
Daily	$10.00	$5.00	$2.50	$1.00
Semi-Weekly	3.00	1.75	1.00	.10
Deseret Weekly	2.50	1.50		

Address all Communications to

THE DESERET NEWS CO.,
Salt Lake City, Utah.

R. K. THOMAS.

26, 28, 30, 32 E. First South St. — R. R. K. T. T. — 26, 28, 30, 32 E. First South St.

DRESS GOODS.

EVERY DRY GOODS HOUSE KEEPS DRESS GOODS, BUT scarcely a house in America can show the collection of superb things we are prepared to offer this Spring. They are strung along from New York to Salt Lake, and SOMETHING NEW IS ARRIVING DAILY. The purchases of six past seasons would not equal the selections of this season's line, and Ladies cannot form the faintest idea of how elegantly and tastefully they can dress, except by calling and examining our choice stock of French Novelties and the other artistic effects in our Dress Goods Department.

We shall show a line of French Challies, the patterns and colorings of which are pronounced works of art.

Our Combination Plaid Robes are the most tasteful, at a moderate price, ever produced; and about two hundred patterns of European Novelties, of which no two dress patterns are alike, are something to be proud of.

The Wool Plaids embrace colors never before attempted, and, together with the patterns, are simply immense, and in styles suitable to all ages.

Our Black Goods stock is very complete, in which we are showing many novelties that are offered at the very low prices we place on Henriettas, Sergas, Cords, Diagonals and Twills.

WASH DRESS GOODS.

THE TERMS APPLICABLE TO OUR WASH DRESS GOODS are handsome, pretty, sweet. These three styles of beauty are all embraced in the choicest tine ever offered in any one house. The cream of all importers and manufacturers are collected in this one grand display.

We lead with the great European Novelty, Korah Moire, in printed goods, a new weave made from Egyptian Cotton and Combed Yarns, combined with the Moire effect, producing a richness only to be found in the highest class silks. Every house advertises Scotch Ginghams and Zephyrs, and show more ugly than pretty patterns, but with us it is different; we have an immense assortment, and every pattern is a beauty, the colors rare and rich, producing effects never before witnessed in this class of goods, and are perfectly fast.

We are also showing stylish patterns in American Ginghams.

The old stand-by, Printed Sateens, is largely represented in all qualities, and the new Canton Cloth, made by Simpson & Sons, deserve special mention for its richness of design.

The patterns in Prints this season are so very pretty we must speak of them.

WHITE GOODS and EMBROIDERIES.

WHITE BLACK GOODS IS THE ONE NEW THING UNDER the sun; you want to see them; they are in Embroidered Flouncings, India Linens, Nainsook Checks, Lace Effects, Cords and Stripes. Ladies of more advanced years can have all the comfort there is in wearing a white muslin dress and yet be dressed in black. You should buy them early, the novelty being so great, there are doubts of there being enough to supply the demand.

We have a more extensive line than ever in White Embroidered Flouncings in forty-five-inch goods for Ladies, and twenty-seven inches for children. You will, of course, see Flouncings in other stores, but if you want style combined with cheapness, you will buy them of us.

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R. K. THOMAS.