CAN KILL THEM ALL

But No Further Serious Trouble Is Anticipated.

LATEST INDIAN NEWS TO-DAY.

Talk With Captain Jim on What Might Happen—Rich Gold Find.

[Special Correspondence of the News.

Nearly all reports that have been published in the daily papers regarding the Indian trouble in Jackson's Hole are erroneous and misleading. I have now arrived on the scene of trouble four days after the news of trouble first came and will send me word at every point.

Yesterday myself and C. R. Pratt of Salt Lake made a trip to the Indian trail crossing the north fork of the Snake river, above this place, in search of Indians and excitement. We were about two or three miles on the west side of river and probably five miles in the outside foothills towards the mountains. We found signs of three Indians who had passed that morning, and we heard about two points of rifle fire and concluded, should Weather kill me tonight that fifty Indians had been seen crossing the railroad track at Beaver canyon and are headed up this way (in spirit). Four of Brown's at Market Lake two days ago and are presumably in the foothill at the south. Signal fires can be seen every night in most any direction and for two days and nights the mountains and valleys to the east of Wade Teton, Moran and Jackson's Hole—have been on fire but are now out. Fires presumably caused by Indians.

Four companies, D, E, H and I, of the Ninth cavalry from Fort Robinson, Nebraska, are camped on Moody creek and I met General Coppinger, Colonel Finn and the major, Agent Teter, of Ross Fork, was with them as also Matt Patrie, chairman of the Republican State Central committee. None of them seem to anticipate trouble. John Carmen, the much-talked-of "squawman," is out and will go to with the troops. "Trapper" Seymour is to be the guide. Every indication is that the Indians are fully aware of the movement of troops and could easily kill every man, woman and child in Jackson's Hole before they could arrive. The soldiers have made thirty miles in two days and expect to make fourteen more tomorrow.

Six Indian police and interpreters arrived at camp while I was there. A full-blood Navajo has arrived from Washington on a special mission of some kind. In a conversation with "Captain Jim," a friendly Indian who has been in the service of the government for thirty years, I learned that the "friendlies" expected trouble. His talk was: "Agent Teter, him tellin me no talk now."

"But Jim, tell me what you think."

"Me think Indian hard to catch. In Nez Perce war Indian kills many white, white kill few Indians; white 4,000 men, Indians 400."

"But Jim, what will you do in this war?"

"Me no know. Go tell bad Indian conservation. Nugo may be shot. Maybe come away. Indian heap fool boy."

"Should they not return to the reservation but start to fight what will be done?"

"When bad Indian fights every body shot. Big Washington have to send more soldiers, this no 'nuff."

"If they break away and run which way will they go?"

"Indian no run. Heap more soldiers come. Plenty fires at night. You see? Big hills; heap quiet hide. Indians plenty hosses; soldiers not many. Soldiers lose hosses; Indians get more."

Considerable more talk was indulged in but as I was not an adept at Indian language cannot give it; but he seemed to think the reds would likely come his way if they were compelled to.

Five companies of infantry will arrive at Market Lake tonight or tomorrow and will proceed at once "no county." While we do not anticipate any immediate trouble at this place, everybody seems to think an organization would not be out of place.

There is a suspicion that a great many Indians are crossing the trail that is five miles above where we saw the signs of the three, and a party of citizens will probably go up there in the course of a day or so to investigate.

A man by the name of S. J. Barry came down from the Jackson's Hole country yesterday with between $150 to $200 worth of gold, which he and a partner—Matlik—made in a twelve days' run. From remarks he made while intoxicated I should judge his claims are located in the upper end of the Hole and that he has something very rich so he is getting all the land he can. He leaves for his camp this evening with a pack outfit but states he will be out again in a week or ten days.

F. L. W.

The victory of Dr. Price's Baking Powder at the Chicago and Midwinter Fairs, is a triumph for the best boon ever given to house wives.

A "PEN" BIRD GOES FREE.

A Valuable Breeding Cinnamon Also Gets Off.—A Clothing Thief sentenced.

In the police court this morning Wm. Howard arraigned for trespass was allowed to go. M. Way and H. Swift, two young men who came here from Denver in a box car were also discharged.

Wm. Lynch who has just finished a term in the penitentiary was arraigned for vagrancy. He pleaded guilty through his attorney Mr. Hamilton and was allowed to go on his own recognizance until tomorrow, giving him a chance to leave town.

Jim Sing was arraigned for maintaining a nuisance at 345 south State street. H. D. Ficks was the complaining witness. City Councilman Dilworth is agent for the property and he stated that there had been a terrible nuisance but action had been taken to remedy it. The owners of the property were being consulted as to whether sewer connection would be made and in the meantime the filthy water is being carried into another cesspool and the ditch will be covered. He said that they were connecting with a nuisance the city had been maintaining for in front of the property, but the city's was "in it" with theirs. The case was dismissed, but the court told the complaining witness that if the nuisance continued he must assert his rights and prompt action would be taken by city.

Burt Harris alias H. Morris, who has a record located also at a particular place and who has been playing games in the clothing stores of this city, was arraigned to answer to two charges of petit larceny. The complaints were made by Barnes & Co and the Mens Clothing firm. He pleaded guilty and the evidence showed that he was an old hand at the business. Upon his person were found twenty-five new shirts from St. Louis, Louisville and Kansas City for trousers he had purchased. At Barnes's store he stole a pair almost before the eyes of the clerks and Detective Sheets. The sentence was eighty days imprisonment on both charges.

Elizabeth Thompson, who confessed to the officers to be an accomplice in the burglary of the house of Rev. Mr Nixon, plead not guilty to that charge. H. C. Kiesel, representing the county, prosecuted. Officers Raleigh and Sheets testified that they arrested the defendant while he had in his possession a number of the stolen articles. He was bound over to await the action of the grand jury with the bail of $500.

SALT LAKE COUNTY MINES.

Summary of Figures Prepared by Statistician Squires—Smelter Reports to Come.

Salt Lake county's mining report for 1894, as prepared by the bureau of statistics, gives the following information:

MINES IN OPERATION IN 1894.

Patented, 81; not patented, 159; total, 240.

Number of employees, 455.

Total wages paid, $341,[illegible].

Output in tons, 99,[illegible]; value of output, $442,[illegible].

Value of plant, $681,[illegible].

Tons of ore commenced, 17,794.

Total value of all development work up to 1894 (partly estimated), $4,507,[illegible].

MINES NOT IN OPERATION IN 1894.

Patented, 87; not patented, 82; total, 169.

Character of Product—Gold, 13; lead, gold and silver, 88; gold, silver and copper, 23; gold and silver, 20; lead and silver, 25.

Value of plant, $109,[illegible].

Total value of all development work up to 1894 (partly estimated), $593,[illegible].

RECAPITULATION.

Total Number of Mines—Patented, 168; not patented, 237; grand total, 405.

Character of Products—Gold, 27; lead and silver, 203; gold, silver and copper, 37; gold and silver, 20; lead and silver, 25.

Total value of plant, $790,[illegible].

Total value of all development work up to 1894 (partly estimated), $5,101,[illegible].

The report of the smelters operating in this county have not yet been received, although Colonel Squires, chief statistician for the county, has made urgent requests to have the reports sent in, but as yet they have not materialized.

The celebrated government chemist, Dr. Mott, after exhaustive analysis, pronounces Dr. Price's Cream Baking Powder "The Acme of Perfection."

THE REPUBLICAN PLAN.

The County Committee Adopts the Proposed New System of Holding Primaries.

The Republican county committee met at Zion's Savings bank this forenoon, the following being present: First precinct—J. J. Greenwalt by Arthur Parsons; Second precinct, S. R. Waterfield; Third precinct, unrepresented; Fourth, J. T. Axtell; Fifth, E. S. B. Thompson; W. F. James by P. D. Rinehart, S. H. Hill, George M. Cannon, James Nelson, W. W. Wilson, R. M. Harmon and Mesdames Wells, Fox, Froebth, Smith, Allen.

On motion of Mrs. Wells it was decided, "then by then," the proposed new plan for holding primaries.

As adopted the plan provides that "candidates for the office of delegates to any convention to be voted for on a printed ticket, not more than ten votes to be allowed to prepare ballots at one time; and no voter to be allowed more than five minutes in which to prepare his or her ballot, and said voter shall retire as soon as ballot is prepared and voted. No person other than the judges and challengers and the voters shall be permitted to be allowed near the polls. Tickets shall be distributed by the judges of election only."

Any number of candidates will be allowed, and the names of all shall be printed in alphabetical order, under supervision of the county committee, on one ticket, and the delegates for whom the voter wishes to cast his ballot shall be indicated by a cross or other sign. Any Republican, male or female, residing within the district for which the primary is held shall be entitled to have his or her name placed on the ticket as a candidate for delegate, sending it either in person or by proxy to the secretary of the county committee. All tickets must be uniform as to size, color and weight. The time of holding primaries shall be from 1 to 9 p. m. All candidates shall be permitted to be present at the counting of the ballots. There shall be one woman as primary judge in each case; also two clerks or teachers. One or more polling places shall be held in each voter's ward of the city and one or more in the outside precincts, the exact number to be fixed by the precinct committee.

On motion of Thompson it was decided that "in case any precinct committee shall for any reason fail to carry out the plan of primaries as provided for the executive committee of the county committee shall have full power to make all arrangements for holding the primary in such precinct."

After the adoption of two or three other motions and the transaction of other business the committee adjourned.

First Precinct Democrats.

There was a well attended and enthusiastic meeting of First precinct Democrats in the First ward last night. John Siddoway presided, and A. M. Musser acted as secretary. Mrs. Margaret Caine, Fisher Harris, Mrs. F. S. Richards, John Siddoway, Mrs. George Alder and Councilman Newell were the speakers.

(Continued from Page One.)

A FREIGHT WAR.

There is a strong effort on the part of Southern Pacific officials to explain that it will be beneficial to Utah, business men, dealers and merchants there to say benefit. It does not extend beyond Ogden in any direction. Forty-eight all Utah miles on the lines of the Union Pacific and Rio Grande between and including Ogden and Spanish Fork enjoyed similar rates but now higher stands alone in the so-called benefits. Whatever Salt Lake, for instance, gets from the coast over the Southern Pacific will have to come from Ogden over the Union Pacific or Rio Grande at advanced, arbitrary of local rates added, and these local rates, respectively, are enormous, before all the way from 15 to 50 cents per hundred.

"This state of affairs" in connection with the other discriminations that have been mentioned, said a leading local jobber today, "is simply ridiculous and will not be endured any longer than we can get together and formulate a plan of defense for ourselves and a Federal protection. As regards the lines from Ogden north with the Union Pacific and the Rio Grande will have to make concessions. We cannot stand this average of twenty cents a hundred advance. The new tariff, 1 pounds, have now all been issued and the different merchants who take them up are overhauling carefully, comparing sample goods and point out their discrepancies to the railway officials and generally preparing for a meeting. If nothing is done in response to our petitions, we will report to nothing and—what is worse I prefer not to state. But it will obtain in the end, that is certain."

As a sample of the outrageous discriminations we can be employed in New York to San Francisco and back to Salt Lake cheaper than it can be brought from New York to here direct. Here are quotations as given out of a very great many instances:

Take first, say dressing, bags of which enormous quantities are used. The tariff on them from New York to San Francisco is 75 cents per hundred weight. From San Francisco to Salt Lake the rate is $1.25, or a total rate of the remarkable sum of $1.75. From New York to Salt Lake the rate is $2.10, being 35 cents less by way of San Francisco than direct. On another rate for rate from New York to San Francisco is $1; back to Salt Lake it is 40 cents. From New York here it is $2.40, or a difference in favor of the long route of 85 cents. On merchandise the tariff from coast to coast is $1.25; from San Francisco to Salt Lake, 40 cents, or a total of $1.65. From New York to the Salt Lake market it is $2.40. In fine and dried fruit from New York to San Francisco is 40 cents, back to Salt Lake it is also 40 cents, but from New York to Salt Lake direct it is $1.20. The same is true as to horse shoes.

"SHOULD BE LOOKED INTO.

Why is it That Salt Lake Does Not Supply Western Colorado Towns?

This big and superlunative railway discrimination against Salt Lake City has suggested the calling of attention to another injustice from which local business men are evidently suffering considerable monetary loss.

Conditions are such that Salt Lake is not or cannot supply Western Colorado towns with merchandise as cheaply as Denver when in fact in some instances the distance between them and the latter city is greater than it is between them and Salt Lake. Those towns are Grand Junction, Glenwood, Aspen, Leadville, Montrose and Delta. Certainly Salt Lake business men would like to obtain there providing proper traffic arrangements could be made. The trade of these towns actually belongs to Salt Lake. It rests with the business men of this city for their patronage, why should they throw open territory on their lines to rebate? This applies with special force to the Denver & Rio Grande and Colorado Midland, both companies of which are actively engaged in this city in trading western freight business. Why not send goods out at the same rate that they are brought in and give this city a chance with Denver? That is the question that should be answered fairly and squarely. The Rio Grande would probably be willing to assist in bringing about such an arrangement. It is intimated in high places that unless the Colorado Mid and and Denver & Rio Grande explain and do in this regard that they will suffer accordingly.

Three cans of Dr. Price's Baking powder are equalled so gas as one of Dr. Price's.

SALT LAKE THE TERMINAL.

Offices of Master Mechanic and Road Master to Be Abolished.

On and after August 1st, a new order of things will be inaugurated on the line of the Union Pacific railway. Salt Lake will be the terminal point for all Short Line trains, thus cropping Ogden to an extent, while this city receives the benefit of the change. The crews will be paid mileage according to the number of miles actually run, doing away with the custom of calling a 37 mile run in Ogden 50 miles, and a run of 131 miles from Ogden to Pocatello, 150 miles. This move will greatly benefit the company.

The offices of local master mechanic and roadmaster will be abolished and superintendent of the Utah division will be under the charge of James Latimer of Nephi. Roadmaster Byrne will likely be installed in some other department.

Master Mechanic Patterson will remain in charge of the machine shops as district foreman, but will be subject to the orders of J. F. Dunn, master mechanic of the Idaho division, who will hereafter look after the Utah division also.

The northern trains from Cache valley and intermediate points will come right through to Salt Lake, making a stop at Ogden as usual.

These changes have been made with a view to cutting down the number of employes, thus reducing the expense, as the mileage in Utah was considerably small that it was thought best to couple it onto some other division where the mileage is greater.

While the changes have a bad effect on some of the local officials, they will not in a general way hurt this city as they will furnish employment for more men, as more work will be done here.

CASTORIA

for Infants and Children.

MOTHERS, Do You Know

Do You Know

Do You Know

Do You Know

Do You Know

Do You Know

"Castoria"

Do You Know

absolutely harmless?

Do You Know

Do You Know

Well, these things

The facsimile signature of Chas. H. Fletcher is on every wrapper.

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

Personal Paragraphs.

Mr. and Mrs. Charles [illegible] of Philadelphia are spending a few days in the city and are located at the Knutsford.

George R. Agnew, of Brighton, is a Walker guest.

R. J. Hendricks is at the "Utah" with his family from Hopkinton, la., for a Manitou sojourn.

The Walker has Mr. and Mrs. F. A. Magnuson, of Riverside, Cal.

Mr. and Mrs. Edward H. Sisk, of Brighton City, and Mr. and Mrs. Jacob Lorton, Lodi, are stopping at the Knutsford.

W. A. Powell, of Monmouth, Illinois, is a Knutsford guest.

Mr. and Mrs. Frank Gray, New York, are at the Knutsford.

The Walker registers among the prominent guests of the Hotel Frederick, Philadelphia, and wife, of Independence, Iowa.

W. H. Bryan is up from St. George and is at the Knutsford.

Mr. H. Pearson and wife are in the city from their residence at Bryan, Texas.

Irving Vance, Chicago, and M. L. Rosenfeld, N. Dodge, are Knutsfordites today.

The Temple has Mr. G. H. Long and daughter in Oakville, Mo.

Mr. H. Sawyer, Hartford, Mass., is at the Knutsford.

W. J. Stewart is in from Boise and has taken up at the Knutsford.

George F. Nelson, Green Bayou, Mich., and E. Crook, New York, are registered at the Knutsford.

Relatives Heard From.

The summer has received word from Mrs. David Frank, of Omaha, Nebraska, New York, to evaluate the body of H. S. Engel, the boy who was killed at the Union Pacific yard disaster. Further inventories are awaited before shipment of the remains can be made. A photograph has been taken of the suicide and sent to Mrs. Frank.

"There is no place like home" when the cooking is good. It's always good when Dr. Price's Baking Powder is used.

PROVO.

PROVO, UTAH, JULY 30, 1895.

Legal Business.

Annie Lowe, of Benjamin, has brought suit in the First district court against Jacob Lowe, John Jones and Warren E. Davis, to collect $[illegible], which she claims is due her from the estate of Isaac Lowe, deceased, of which Jacob Lowe is administrator. Jones and Davis are sureties for Lowe.

Mike Matkovich, of Eureka, has brought suit against Dan D. Mulliner, also of Eureka, to recover possession of personal property, consisting of a house and furniture, valued at $[illegible], and for $100 for wrongfully withholding the same from plaintiff. Plaintiff alleges that in September, 1894, he gave defendant a bill of sale of the property in question as security for $[illegible] borrowed money, with the understanding that when the money was paid the property should be released. Plaintiff alleges that he has offered defendant the money, and that he has refused to accept it and return the property.

Robert Crosby, of Juab county, has brought an action against Guy and Linda Crosby to recover $500, for the alleged loss of his wife, which he alleges defendants enticed from him between the 1st of September, 1893, and the 15th of July, 1894.

Damon G. Tunnicliff has commenced an action against Richard D. Sutton and Isaac Sutton to collect $[illegible], balance due on a note of $1,[illegible], secured by a trust deed on Utah county realty. The real estate has been sold, and failed to bring sufficient money to liquidate the debt.

Notes.

Albert Brandson and Miss Christine Jacobsen, aged 18, both of Spanish Fork, received a marriage license this morning.

There is but one prisoner in Utah county jail at present, and he became so lonesome that Jailer Wilkins had to give him a job to work up the jail, at which he is working faithfully.

COMMERCIAL.

SALT LAKE CITY BANK BOARD.

Telegraphic bank clearings for last week were $[illegible], being the year $[illegible].

[illegible]

NEW YORK MONEY.

New York, July 29.—Money, on call, easy, [illegible] per cent; last loan, [illegible] per cent; closed at [illegible] per cent.

[illegible]

NEW YORK STOCKS.

Wells, Fargo & Co. express, [illegible]; Pacific Express, [illegible]; Western Union, [illegible]; Sugar, [illegible]; Tennessee Coal and Iron, [illegible]; Chicago Gas, [illegible]; Lead, [illegible]; Leather, [illegible]; Leather preferred, [illegible]; Cotton Oil, [illegible].

[illegible]

CHICAGO GRAIN AND PROVISIONS.

[illegible]

CHICAGO LIVE STOCK.

[illegible]

BABY HUMOURS

Instantly Relieved And Speedily Cured by

Cuticura

WHEN ALL ELSE FAILS

[illegible] CUTICURA SOAP [illegible] CUTICURA.

[illegible]

4th South Between State and Main

All this week Monday, Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday at 8 p.m.

PROF. CENTRY'S

Dog and Pony Show.

[illegible]

Admission—Children 15 cents. Adults 25 cents.

R. K. THOMAS,

26, 28, 30, 32, East First South Street, Salt Lake City.

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[illegible]

THE COMPLETE WORKS OF SHAKESPEARE.

[illegible]

"PECK'S BAD BOY AND HIS PA."

[illegible]

THE COMPLETE WORKS OF LORD BYRON.

[illegible]

ART, SOCIETY AND ACCOMPLISHMENTS.

[illegible]

THE YOUNG AMERICAN ANNUAL.

[illegible]

CITY OF PALACES.

[illegible]

R. K. THOMAS.