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10 PAGES—LAST EDITION

## SUBJECTS TRIBUTE TO JEFF. DAVIS

Splendid Bronze Monument to Memory of Confederate Leader Unveiled in Richmond.

HIS DAUGHTER PULLED CORD.

Occasion Was Last Day of Confederate Reunion and Was Generally Observed in South.

Orator Praised Daughters of Confederacy, Whose Work Made Success Possible.

Richmond, Va., June 3.—An everlasting memorial of Jefferson Davis, the patriot and statesman, who was the chosen leader of the "lost cause" and the first and only president of the Confederate states of America, was unveiled here today as the crowning feature of the annual reunion of Confederate veterans. The ceremony was made the occasion for a grand military pageant in which every veteran in gray who was physically able and many a one who was not, participated.

Mrs. J. A. Hayes, of Colorado Springs, Colo., daughter of Mr. Davis, pulled the cord that held the canvas shroud which covered the bronze statue. Her two young sons, the grandsons of the Confederate president, caught the two cords used to complete the unveiling.

The drawing aside of the veil which draped the figure representing the veterans' beloved leader and the first gun of the presidential salute which immediately followed, was the signal for a cheering and a cheering which swelled to thunderous applause by the sons and daughters of the veterans.

The event today was a fitting close to what is universally recognized as probably the last gathering of the Confederate veterans.

The unveiling of the monument was the fruition of the 18 years of patient and loving effort and every man who wore the southern uniform in his heart a desire to be present. A devotion which knows no equal in American history is responsible for its building. It was a devotion which would not without help. There was no united nation to bear the expense. Love and sacrifice were the masons who piled the stones and spread the mortar that cemented them into an enduring memorial.

### DAUGHTERS OF THE CONFEDERACY.

Beautiful sentiment was heard on every side and the thanks of the entire south were offered by the orators of the occasion to the United Daughters of the Confederacy, whose work it was that made the Jefferson Davis monument association a success. Of those expressions a quotation from the writings of Jefferson Davis himself, which was given in the principal speech by Gen. Clement A. Evans of Atlanta, Ga., evoked the most applause.

The sentiment occurred in the dedication of the monument, "Fall of the Confederacy," by Mr. Davis and in the address to the "Women of the South of Yesterday," as follows:

"The Women of the Confederacy, whose pious and devoted hearts were wounded soldiers' hearts, who supplied the wants of our soldiers in the field; whose zealous faith in our cause shone a guiding star undimmed by the darkest clouds of war; whose fortitude sustained them under all the privations to which they were subjected; whose annual tribute expresses their enduring grief, love and reverence for our sacred dead; and whose devotion to the memory of their children to emulate the deeds of our revolutionary sires."

All of the work of the reunion had been done and the fifth and last day was devoted to the unveiling of a tribute to the memory of Jefferson Davis. The streets were brilliantly decorated. There was scarcely a house or business building in the city that was not profusely decorated with Confederate colors and bunting, and on account of the injury of much of the decorating by severe rains adding to the bunting was put up by the city today. This was repeated at the Franklin street and Monument avenue, the line of march for the procession to the Davis monument.

### GRAND PARADE.

The grand parade to the unveiling started at 11:30 o'clock. The military feature was similar to the parade on the first day of the reunion when the statue of Maj. Gen. E. B. Stuart was unveiled, but there were far more veterans in gray in the line. They appeared to be in better health than the first day, and the marching was better. The parade was in open rank within one mile of the state, and the modern military organizations marched through in regular order to be followed by the veterans. The parade was a long march for the veterans and avoided all counter-marching in the parade formation. The grand procession was under command of Gen. Stith Bolling of Petersburg, Va., as chief marshal.

### LINE OF MARCH.

Along the line of march a dense crowd lined the streets, the windows were filled and many of the houses were covered with cheering and singing groups. Flags were waived in beating time to stirring confederate airs. In the great throngs of veterans and organizations which proceeded in regular order was a constant succession of bands and file and drum corps. Following the veteran section of the parade came the confederate division, which was composed of the women to whom the confederate soldiers owe nearly every memorial that has been erected in honor of the heroes of the confederacy. The military saluted, the crowds cheered and the bands played "Dixie" and "Maryland." The procession continued out to the avenue to the Davis monument, where the parade was disbanded. The ceremonies were opened with prayer by the Rev. Dr. J. William Jones of Richmond, chaplain general. A. Swanson of Virginia, who was followed by Mayor Carlton McCarthy of Richmond, who introduced Gen. Evans as orator of the day.

At the conclusion of his address, the mayor spoke, briefly accepting on behalf of Richmond the trust imposed upon it by the south. Mrs. J. A. Hayes of Colorado Springs, Colo., daughter of Mr. Davis, then pulled the cord that

held the canvas shroud that covered the statue. Her two sons, the grandsons of the Confederate president, caught the two cords used to complete the unveiling.

Mrs. Norman V. Randolph of Richmond, chairman of the central committee of the Jefferson Davis monument association, made an address of welcome to which a response was made by Mrs. William J. Behan of Mississippi, president of the Southern States memorial association. Mrs. George S. Holmes of South Carolina, president of the monument association, made a response to the address of welcome. Representative John Sharp Williams of Mississippi read a response that had been prepared by Mrs. Lizzie George Henderson, president general of the United Daughters of the Confederacy.

### THE MONUMENT.

The monument to Jefferson Davis is the crowning feature of Richmond's great monument avenue. It is the combined work of E. V. Valentine and William C. Noland of Richmond. The memorial consists of a semi-circular colonnade terminating at each end in the square piece, with a large column or shaft rising from the enclosed space. The semi-circle is about 50 feet across with a depth of 30 feet and stands 77 feet in total height. The monument typifies the vindication of Mr. Davis and the cause of the confederacy, the leading inscription being "Deo vindictus" (God will vindicate).

### THE COLONNADE.

The colonnade, composed of 12 Doric columns, besides the two end piers, stands 77 feet above the walk-way and its frieze is decorated with bronze seals of the 11 states that seceded and the three others that sent representatives and troops. In the center of the space enclosed by the colonnade stands a large Doric column over five feet in diameter. The column forms a background for the bronze figure of Mr. Davis, and also carries on its top a bronze statue of the Confederate states.

### THE INSCRIPTION.

"Jefferson Davis, President of the Confederate States of America, 1862-1865."

The bronze figure of Mr. Davis stands on a great block of granite in front of the column, and about 12 feet above the ground. The president is represented in a standing position as though addressing an audience, with his right hand resting on the open book of history.

Around the molding is traced a noteworthy extract from Mr. Davis' farewell speech when he resigned from the United States senate on the secession of Mississippi:

"Not a duty to others, not to injure any section of the country, not even for our own pecuniary benefit. But for the high and solemn motive of defending and protecting the rights of the people, and which it is our duty to transmit unshorn to our children."

On the points of the colonnade stand bronze tablets, one to the navy and one to the army of the confederacy. The army tablet is inscribed:

"From Sumter to Appomattox, four years of unflinching struggle against overwhelming odds."

The navy tablet is inscribed:

"The navy table examples of heroism, teaching new methods of warfare, it carried the flag of the south to the most distant seas."

### IN LOUISIANA.

New Orleans, June 3.—Confederate Memorial day in Louisiana and Jefferson Davis' birthday made today a double holiday. The United States government, which has closed all the many commercial houses were closed.

Confederate monuments and the graves of confederate soldiers were decorated during a parade of confederate veterans.

### THE DAY IN TEXAS.

Dallas, Tex., June 3.—A new state law which makes Jefferson Davis' birthday a legal holiday, was observed today by the United States government through its local officials. The post office and other general offices were closed.

Waco, Tex., June 3.—Exercises were held in many towns in Texas today in honor of the birthday of Jefferson Davis. Prominent speakers participated.

### MONTGOMERY OBSERVES THE DAY.

Montgomery, Ala., June 3.—Jefferson Davis came to Montgomery first to be inaugurated as president of the confederacy in 1862, next to dedicate the magnificent monument to the dead of the south in 1877, and lastly, a corpse, to lay in state en route to his burial place in Richmond. Consequently the city took marked notice of the unveiling of his monument at Richmond today. All business being suspended and the stores and houses were closed.

A large measure gathered about the star upon the capitol steps, which marks the spot where President Davis took the oath of office, and stood with bowed heads and silent hearts.

A floral offering was sent to Richmond by the state in the form of a huge wreath. It represented the cradle of the confederacy, as Montgomery is known.

### FIRE ON THE OCEANIC.

Was in Steamer Berths; Soon Under Control; Origin is Suspicious.

New York, June 3.—The fire on the White Star steamer Oceanic which was discovered in the stateroom shortly after 1 o'clock this morning was not brought under control for two hours. The fire started among the stateroom berths and proved to be a hot blaze. The crew was called to quarters and did what it could to extinguish the flames, but when they spread to the cargo outside aid had to be called. In the after-noon were 187 barrels of glucose which burned like oil and that part of the cargo was soon entirely aflame. It was below the water line and there was nothing spectacular about the blaze. The crew closed the after compartments and then the firemen drowned out the flames. All the bedding and other perishable fittings of the stateroom were destroyed in addition to a quantity of freight.

Among the cargo was some theatrical scenery belonging to Forbes Robertson, who recently left for England after a successful season in America, and this is said to have been burned or damaged.

The origin of the fire is unknown, but suspicion was prevalent on the dock that it was the result of incendiaryism. The loss will reach several thousand dollars. It was stated that the sailing of the steamer which is set for Wednesday, will not be delayed.

### A HOPELESS CONSUMPTIVE.

Lived Forty Years After His Physicians Had Given Him Up.

Chicago, June 3.—Forty years after two physicians had given him up as a hopeless victim of tuberculosis and said his death was a matter of only a few hours, Dr. Marvin Chapin died yesterday aged 74. He was a native of New York and a human aid, 40 years ago, he went to the old fields of Ohio and "roughed it" as he said. He was a successful farmer and a successful businessman, and he was a successful man in every way. Dr. Chapin came to Chicago in 1881 and taught a Presbyterian Sunday school class for 20 years.

## TRUTH AND LIBERTY.

MONDAY JUNE 3 1907 SALT LAKE CITY UTAH

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THE COLONNADE.

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