

he shall know or suspect not to be qualified as an elector.

Sec. 13. If any person challenged as unqualified to vote, shall be guilty of wilful, false and corrupt swearing or affirming, in taking any oath or affirmation prescribed by this act, such person shall be adjudged guilty of perjury, and upon conviction thereof, shall suffer the punishment attached by the laws of this Territory to perjury.

Sec. 14. If any judge of the election shall knowingly receive or sanction the reception of a vote from any person not having all the qualifications of an elector, prescribed by law, or receive or sanction the reception of a ballot from any person who shall refuse to answer any persons which shall be put to him, in accordance with the provisions of this act, or shall refuse or sanction the refusal by any other judge of the board to which he shall belong, to administer either of the oaths or affirmations prescribed by section 8 of this chapter, shall be guilty of a misdemeanor.

Chapter 2.

Sec. 1. That on or before the first day of April, in the year 1891, there shall be appointed for each incorporated city in this Territory that under existing laws would elect officers in the year 1891, a registration officer for such city and a registrar for each municipal election precinct in each municipal ward therein, and in the year 1892, and biennially thereafter, there shall be appointed a registration officer for each incorporated city in this Territory, and a registrar for each municipal election precinct in each municipal ward therein. Before entering upon the discharge of his duties, each of said officers shall take and subscribe an oath to faithfully perform the duties of his office, and he shall enter into a bond to the Territory of Utah, with two or more good and sufficient sureties, to be approved by and filed with the clerk of the probate court of the county in which his official acts are to be performed; the bond of the city registration officer shall be in the sum of one thousand dollars, and the bond of the election precinct registrars shall be in the sum of five hundred dollars, conditioned for the faithful performance of his official duties.

Sec. 2. Each municipal ward shall constitute an election precinct for municipal elections and the boundaries of no election precinct shall be changed within seventy days prior to any municipal election, unless it shall appear to the city council of the city in which the election precinct is situated, that there are more than five hundred legal voters residing therein, in which case the city council shall proceed to create within and for such municipal ward, two or more election precincts as hereinafter in this section provided. Whenever it shall appear from the registration lists being prepared for any election precinct that such election precinct contains more than five hundred legal voters, the registration officer having the custody of such lists shall immediately report

the fact to the mayor and city recorder of the city in which such election precinct is situated, and to the Secretary of the Territory; and such mayor and city recorder shall forthwith notify the members of the city council, and such city council shall immediately meet and create, within and for such municipal ward, two or more election precincts, and make such election precincts as compact in form and equal in population as may be, so that there shall not be more than five hundred voters in any one election precinct, and no election precinct shall be made out of parts of any two or more municipal wards, nor shall the boundaries of any election precinct be changed within one month prior to any municipal election. Within ten days after the creation of any new election precinct, and prior to the first ensuing municipal election, the registration officer for such new election precinct, if such officer shall have been appointed, and if not, then the registration officer of the election precinct from which the new election precinct was created, shall prepare a registration list for such new election precinct and place thereon the names of all the registered voters residing in the new election precinct and strike the names of all such persons from the registration list of any other election precinct from which the new election precinct may have been created. There shall be but one polling place in each election precinct, and but one ballot box used at any election therein. And the voters shall vote in the election precinct in which they reside.

Sec. 3. There shall be a registration of voters in each municipal election precinct in each municipal ward of every incorporated city in this Territory that under existing laws would elect officers in the year 1891, during the first fifteen days in the month of June in said year, and there shall be a registration of voters in each municipal election precinct in each municipal ward in every incorporated city in this Territory in the year 1892, and biennially thereafter, during the first fifteen days in the month of June in each year. It shall be the duty of each election precinct registrar therein to provide himself with an office which shall be situated in some public and convenient place in the municipal election precinct for which he is appointed, and shall be open to the public every week day during the first fifteen days in the month of June in each year, during the following hours: from 9 a. m. till 12 m.; from 2 p. m. till 5 p. m.; and from 7 p. m. till 9 p. m.; during which time he shall attend and register, at his said office, and at no other time or place, all persons entitled to vote in said municipal election precinct, who shall appear before him at his office, and take and subscribe the following oath or affirmation:

TERRITORY OF UTAH, } ss.
County of _____

I _____ being duly sworn (or affirmed) depose and say that I am over twenty-one years of age; that I

have resided in the Territory of Utah for six months last passed and in this election precinct or in the election precinct from which has been created within the thirty days last past this election precinct, as the case may be, for one month immediately preceding the date hereof; and that I am a (native born or naturalized, as the case may be,) citizen of the United States; that my full name is _____; that I am _____ years of age; that my place of business is _____; that my place of residence is _____; that I am a (single or married) man; that the name of my lawful wife is _____; and that I will support the Constitution of the United States, and will faithfully obey the laws thereof, and especially will obey the Act of Congress approved March 22, 1882, entitled: "An act to amend section 5352 of the Revised Statutes of the United States in reference to bigamy, and for other purposes," and that I will also obey the Act of Congress of March 3, 1887, entitled: "An act to amend an act entitled An act to amend section 5352 of the Revised Statutes of the United States in reference to bigamy and for other purposes, approved March 22, 1882," in respect of the crimes in said act defined and forbidden, and that I will not, directly or indirectly, aid or abet, counsel or advise any other person to commit any of said crimes defined by acts of Congress as polygamy, bigamy, unlawful cohabitation, incest, adultery and fornication; that I am not a bigamist, polygamist, or living in unlawful cohabitation, or associating or cohabiting polygamously with persons of the other sex; and that I have not been convicted of the crime of bigamy, polygamy, unlawful cohabitation, incest, adultery or fornication.

Subscribed and sworn to before me this _____ day of _____, A. D. 18 _____

Precinct Registrar for _____
Precinct in _____ County.

Upon receipt of said oath or affirmation the election precinct registrar, in the presence of said voter, shall place his name upon the registry list of the voters of the municipal election precinct in which he resides, and all of such oaths or affirmations and the registration list shall be delivered by the election precinct registrar to the clerk of the probate court of the county in which said city is situated, at least thirty days prior to any election for which they may have been taken and prepared, and they shall be public records therein, and subject to inspection and examination by any person applying to see them during usual business hours.

Sec. 4. Objections to the right to vote, of any person registered, shall be heard and determined by a board of three persons, who shall be appointed for each municipal ward in the same manner as the registration officers are appointed, none of whom shall have acted as registration officers, or election precinct registrars, during the registration immediately preceding the filing of such objection, or be candidates for any office to be filled at the next ensuing election; not more than two of the members of such board shall belong to the same political party, if there be more than one political party in such election precinct, and one of them shall be of the political party which was in the minority at