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TRUTH AND LIBERTY.

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DAVID O. CALDER,
EDITOR AND PUBLISHER.

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LOCAL AND OTHER MATTERS.

FROM WEDNESDAY'S DAILY, MARCH 18.

From Provo.—Mr. S. S. Jones, of Provo, arrived in town yesterday. He is here for the purpose of purchasing goods for the Provo Co-operative Institution.

Interested.—Hon. A. P. Rockwood receives communications almost daily from parties interested in pisciculture, for reports of the fish department in Utah for 1873.

The Snowing.—We have had four or five days of it, on and off—that is all, and now it is from knee to middle deep in the streets and lots. This end of the winter is one of the old fashioned sort, and where there is any road at all, the streets are threaded with the old, familiar, single file sheep walks, and stringing and wading and floundering along them is how the pedestrianizing citizens get about just now.

Cowardly.—It is an invariable evidence of cowardice for persons to attack those who are known to be weaker than the assaulting party. This is what a gentleman thought yesterday when he saw a number of dastardly fellows pelting a defenceless Chinaman with snow-balls. It is not excusable in boys to be guilty of such meanness, and how much more unpardonable therefore when indulged in by a lot of grown up, lazy "boobies," who should be arrested and fined for such unmannerly conduct. They call such conduct fun, but if it is, it is very one sided.

Incorrigible.—The complaints about boys indulging in the dangerous practice of shooting those little birds that are flying around so thickly at this season are frequent and emphatic. A gentleman called to-day and showed us one among a number of small bullets which were shot at some of those birds and which struck a front window of Mr. Le Grande Young's house, South Temple St., endangering the lives of the inmates.

Apparently there is no other way to stop this practice than to have the parties engaged in it arrested and punished. Talking about the matter does not seem to effect much.

Scaffold and Elevator.—This morning we were shown, by Mr. E. F. Milhoan, the model of an Adjustable Scaffold and Elevator, patented by Mr. A. J. Heavners, the inventor, of Pittsfield, Pike County, Illinois. It is the most ingenious contrivance of the kind we have ever seen, and is suited not only for builders and painters, but for fruit gathering and a number of other purposes. By means of a crank and rope attachments the platform can be moved upwards or downwards to any desired height. The platform can be made long or short, as desired, by placing extensions at each end or removing them.

Mr. Milhoan is here for the purpose of disposing of the patent-right for the Territory.

Still More of it.—The present snow storm is now said to be the heaviest of any in this City for ten or twelve years. About three to four inches more fell from last night till this afternoon, making a depth of probably twenty-one to twenty-two inches on the level. On the surrounding benches it is deeper.

The Temple Block snow plow has been doing good work in clearing some of the sidewalks, and a contrivance of the same character has been clearing the street railroad track.

The "shovel brigade" have had a lively time of it, clearing the snow from the roofs of buildings and awnings, as well as from the sidewalks in front of places of business.

Traffic on the street still continues to be greatly impeded.

Well Boring Machinery.—On Saturday Mr. Thomas Winter received, from the East, a quantity of patent well-boring machinery. He intends, as soon as the weather will permit, commencing operations with it in this city and vicinity. It is claimed that it is suitable for obtaining common wells as well as artesian wells, being similar to that used by Mr. House, of Corinne, when he struck a stream of gas at that place last year.

The borer for a common well makes a hole eleven inches in diameter, which, when tubed with iron or wood, will admit a bucket eight inches across. The bucket is fired by means of a valve on the bottom. The machinery, which is known as the Jiltz Patent Well Auger, can either be manipulated by three men or by horse power.

Should the machinery do all that is claimed for it, there can be no doubt about Mr. Winters finding plenty of employment with it, and it would prove a great boon to people living on the benches, where it is difficult to obtain wells by the ordinary process.

City Council.—At the meeting of the City Council last night the following, among a number of other matters, were attended to:

Petition of W. B. Hibbard, asking that the ordinance requiring special license to be taken by telegraph companies be repealed, was not granted.

One year's license fees of the W. U. T. were remitted.

Petition of W. Willis for leave to number the buildings of the city, was reported on adversely, and not granted.

Petition of D. A. & M. Society for the control of the waters of springs near Union Square, with which to irrigate Agricultural Park, was reported on favorably, and granted, on certain conditions.

Petition of G. Rushton and others for privilege of opening 8th West Street, between North Temple and 9th South Streets, was reported on favorably, and granted, on condition that Salt Lake County make a road on that street.

Petitions of John Proctor and others, and M. Bergstrom and others, asking that certain portions of the public streets be repaired, were reported on adversely, and were not granted.

The committee on municipal laws was instructed to draft an ordinance to provide for the numbering of houses, in accordance with the petition of General E. M. Barnum.

The Codling Moth.—The following article on the codling moth was read before the Horticultural Society by Mr. John Reading, and was recommended by that Association:

"The 'codling moth,' or the apple worm, seems to attract considerable attention, and well it may, as it seems to have made great progress in the destruction of fruit, and unless some steady and effective measures are taken, the chances are that we will have a very poor show for fruit in the future.

"Considerable has been published already, giving descriptions and modes of prevention and destruction, so that any more said in that direction might seem superfluous. But if we are to take sure and effective measures to prevent the spread of the moth, we must continually keep the matter before the public,

and recommend the most sure preventive measures to effect the object in view.

"The first operation should be to scrape the trunks of the trees where the bark is scaly, and wash over afterwards with whale oil soap or strong lye wash, but not so strong as to injure the trees. The scrapings should be collected and destroyed by burning. Another plan is to place bands of hay or paper, funnel shaped, around the trunks of the trees, say about two feet from the ground, to prevent their upward travel, changing every day or two and burning them. But the most effective plan is to place barrels or tubs of water, in the evening, with lights placed on the surface, so low down as to prevent the wind from blowing out the light. By this means the moth is attracted to the light and either is burned or drowned. These lights should not be more than five rods apart. Another mode is to have the inside of the barrels greased or covered with something else of a mucilaginous nature, and that would catch all that come in contact with it. It seems that the months of May and June, or when the trees come into bloom, is the best time to put these plans in operation, as at that time the moths are on the wing.

"As Salt Lake City is the most afflicted with the codling moth I would recommend that there be an organization made for the purpose of effectually putting these plans into operation, and that the work be done with a will and unitedly. If this be done, I do not doubt that the progress of the moths will be considerably stayed, and by such means we shall be able to secure to ourselves an abundant supply of good, sound fruit."

From Europe.—We have been permitted to peruse a letter from Elder Junius F. Wells, now on a mission to Europe, to President George A. Smith, dated Nottingham, England, Feb. 5th, from which we extract the following:

"Elder James T. Little and myself started in October for Vienna. On the way there we visited Brussels, Antwerp and Cologne, and spent a pleasant day on the Rhine. We remained in Vienna one day after the closing of the Exhibition, and were much interested with the narrow roads, vaulted underground passages, flights of street steps and rickety houses of the old town, which stand out in strong contrast with the open boulevards, palatial residences and extensive gardens of the new town.

"We proceeded to Munich, where we were delighted with the magnificent display of paintings and sculpture. An interesting spectacle was a procession of nobles and statesmen, headed by Prince Ludwig, uncle to the King, marching from the Jesuit church to the Parliamentary buildings to open the new Congress.

"After spending a day at Basel we descended the Valley of the Jura, and arrived at Berne, where we were warmly welcomed by President Huber and Elder Henry Riser, with whom we spent Sunday. We were introduced from the pulpit to a German-Swiss congregation, and, although considerable time was spent in translating, I think I never attended a more spirited meeting.

"We spent four days at Rome, saw all the antiquities of painting and sculpture we could in that time, and then proceeded to Naples, ascended Vesuvius, visited Pompeii and Herculaneum, and enjoyed a delightful trip to the Blue Grotto of the Island of Capri.

"At Turin we were pleased to see, for once, a little design in the order and arrangement of buildings in an Italian town. The streets are straight, being laid out at right angles and are lined with rows of trees.

"We stayed ten days in Paris. The unfavorable state of the weather prevented a number of trips to the environs, which we would otherwise have made. However, we went to Versailles and saw the palaces and Trianon. The court-martial had disposed of Marshal Bazaine before our arrival, and we

therefore missed the animated appearance of the Court room. * *

"We returned to London in high spirits and received our appointments to our respective fields of labor.

"I have been laboring in the Nottingham Conference for one month, under the direction of the President, Elder F. M. Lyman, and feel greatly blessed in my endeavors to do good, and learn as well as teach the road to salvation."

FROM THURSDAY'S DAILY, MARCH 19.

Mining Casualty.—To-day the remains of H. B. Keyser, a miner, who was killed by accident at the Emma mine, yesterday morning, were brought to town. He fell down the engine shaft, in attempting to enter the mine by that way.

Not Poetic.—A man on First South Street, who has a ranch down south, says no poet that ever eulogized the "beautiful snow" ever had a hoof of stock on the range. That man has got some, and they are taking some of the poetry out of his nature.

Fatal Accident.—We learned last evening that a private soldier, named Dohl, Company D, 2nd Cavalry, accidentally shot himself on Tuesday night. The ball entered near the groin, and came out between the shoulders, near the back of the neck. He lingered till yesterday morning, when he died.

Worked It Out.—It will be remembered that, a few months since, a man named Jones was sentenced to 100 days for personating an officer, and at the same time was held to appear in the Probate Court to answer to the charge of forgery, in altering the figures on an order, the bonds being placed at \$500. His term of 100 days expired to-day and now he is hunting bondsmen for that \$500.

Ancient Coins.—Mr. Ed. Harris is quite an antiquarian in his way. He has at his store a very interesting collection of coins, among which is a Greek-Roman one of the time of Antony and Cleopatra, the heads of those worthies being on one side and the "god apis" on the other; one of Gallienus, 253, after Christ; Constantine, 313 after Christ, and Claudius 2nd, 268 after Christ; also an English coin of the time of Edward 3rd, of the year 1305.

A Vagrant.—A man named Armstrong, just released from the chain gang, went up town, got intoxicated and then went to one of the officers, telling him that he had a strong preference for him, the officer, and therefore he wished to be arrested by him. The officer marched him to the City Hall, doubtless feeling elated at the distinguished honor of being thus preferred.

Armstrong is one of a number of men who are determined to put in the Winter under the guardianship of the police authorities.

Nearing Completion.—The new building of the Bain Wagon depot, First East Street, is nearing completion. Messrs. Sebre & Robertson will soon receive a splendid and very large stock of vehicles of every description, when they will be able to accommodate the public with anything in the line, from the lightest kind of a buggy to the heaviest wagon. The suitable character of the premises, while affording ample protection to the stock from the weather, will admit of its being nicely arranged.

Fine Improvement.—That zinc cornice which surmounts the Watch Hotel is probably the finest on any building west of Chicago. It was manufactured by Messrs. Mitchell and James, of this city, on whom it reflects great credit, that branch of manufacture having been introduced in the Territory by them. Not only the cornice but the whole front, north and west, of this fine block of buildings presents a very imposing appearance. The corner store is being rapidly fitted up and prepared for occupation as a drug store.

A Rough.—Yesterday a man, giving his name as John Miller,

got on the Utah Southern train at the Bingham Railroad switch, and, when asked for his ticket or fare by the conductor, "abused the latter. Miller was put off the train at the nearest station north. As the train was starting he pulled out a pistol with the apparent intention of shooting Mr. Eugene Callay, the conductor, who, however, jumped off the train, disarmed the fellow, arrested him and brought him to this city. He was lodged in jail and was to be tried in the police court at four o'clock this afternoon.

Summoned to Appear.—Sheriff John Burt, of Box Elder county, has been summoned to appear before Judge McKean within twenty days and answer to a charge preferred against him by Bachman and Butterbaugh. Some time since Mr. Burt, in accordance with an execution directed to him and issued from the Third District Court, against Alexander Toponce, of Corinne, levied upon and sold a number of mules belonging to Mr. Toponce. Messrs. Bachman and Butterbaugh assert that a number of the mules, amounting in value to \$3,266, belonged to them, and that the sheriff was aware that the animals were their property when he sold them.

The Governor's Marshal, Mr. Duncan, served the summoning process on Mr. Burt. The latter will, we understand, answer within the specified time.

Sudden Death.—Coroner Taylor being notified this morning that Wm. D. Owens, who kept a boarding house on Second South St., had died suddenly about midnight, last night, caused a jury to be summoned and held an inquest at 11 o'clock this morning.

The jury being duly empaneled and the witnesses sworn, Elizabeth Owens, wife of the deceased, thirty-eight years of age, and a native of North Wales, testified as follows:

"Deceased is my husband. He was forty-seven years of age, and was born in Glamorganshire, South Wales. He went to bed about 11 o'clock, when he appeared in his usual health; but a little after 12 o'clock, I was aroused by discovering that he was in a distressed condition. I immediately used every exertion to relieve him by rubbing his hands and changing his position, but before I could procure a light he died suddenly in my arms. He has had attacks of the same kind before, at various times, within the last eight years, but has usually recovered within three or four hours. He has been a citizen of this country for the past twenty years."

The following is the verdict of the jury—

"Territory of Utah,
Salt Lake County."

"An inquisition holden at Salt Lake City, Fifth Precinct, on the 19th day of March, A. D. 1874, at 11 o'clock a.m., upon the body of Wm. D. Owens, there lying dead, before George J. Taylor, coroner of said county, by the jurors whose names are hereunto subscribed.

"The said jurors, upon their oath, do say that he died in a fit of apoplexy.

"In testimony whereof, the said jurors have hereto set their hands, the day and year aforesaid.

"JOHN S. DAVIS,
"HENRY GEORGE,
"CHAS. W. STAYNER," Jurors.
"GEORGE J. TAYLOR,
"Coroner."

TROOPS IN UTAH.—The number of United States soldiers at present maintained in Utah, is larger than the entire military force between Omaha and San Francisco, outside of that Territory. At Salt Lake and Beaver there are stationed twelve companies of infantry and one of cavalry, each of which is full. These troops were placed there by order of President Grant on the representations of Parson Newman. There is no need for them in Utah. The Mormons are law-abiding and peaceful, unless their peculiar institution of polygamy may be said to be in conflict with law. This army should be disbanded, and a million dollars or so saved to the Treasury.—N. Y. Sun.