

LOCAL AND OTHER MATTERS.

FROM MONDAY'S DAILY, MAY 7.

A Narrow Escape.—The other day, at Butte City, a seven-year-old daughter of James K. Hyde, named May, had a narrow escape. An animal from a passing herd of cattle rushed at the little one, knocked her over, and would have gored and pinned her to the ground. Fortunately, the animal's horns were long, and as it made a thrust at her the little girl's body was between them. She was rescued from this dangerous situation.

Death of Father Mikesell.—A few days ago we stated that Father Mikesell, an old member of the Church, residing in the Twenty-first Ward, was quite ill. Yesterday he breathed his last. He was baptized at Quincy, Illinois, in June, 1839, by Heber O. Kimball, and had consequently been connected with the work of the Lord nearly forty years. He died a poor man, so far as this world's goods are concerned, but rich in unblemished integrity. The funeral will be conducted at 3 o'clock to-morrow afternoon, at the Twenty-first Ward Meeting-house.

Under Consideration.—It is pretty generally understood that, in the event of certain railroad contingencies, it is intended to unite the Utah Central and Salt Lake and Western lines and build through to California. This would have the effect of cutting off entirely from the U. P. the traffic that comes westward over the U. P. This project has been under consideration by the officials of the last-named road, but, as already intimated, will be dependent on future developments in the progressive march of western railroading, which is making gigantic strides, and will continue to move with unimpeded speed for some time yet.

A Swindler.—Some people over Jordan were lately taken in by a swindler, a young Dutchman giving the name of Peter Hogeden. It appears that the name would be more appropriate with the last four letters struck from it. He has been roaming about on the other side of Jordan representing that he was supplying the Silver Horn eating houses with beef, and whatever cattle he got he was to pay for on the 5th, giving his note as security. Brother Abram Todd informs us that he holds the fellow's note for \$38, all the pay he ever expects to get for a cow. There are others in the same locality whom he has swindled in various sums.

It is understood the fellow has gone northward, and will probably be up to some dishonest dodge. He is in height about 5 feet 8 inches; heavy set, light complexion, and mustache; no whiskers, and is aged about 30 years. Look out for him.

A Depraved Practitioner.—The Utah Journal exposes the criminality of a woman who located in Logan a short time since and gave the name of Mrs. Dr. M. J. Solander. The female friend is denounced as one of those professionals who carry on the damning practice of dispensing among women means of limiting the family increase. It appears she has been attempting to play her infernal vocation in the beautiful Capital of Cache, and we are pleased to note the vigor with which the Journal pounces upon the diabolism which perverts the uses and objects of nature. That paper has in its possession affidavits of different persons which nail the guilt upon this woman Solander, placing it beyond a reasonable doubt. Such doings and devices as those of which she is evidently a practical expounder, are almost too degrading, filthy and detestable for detailed explanation. We need not say that we hope the wretched and debased creature, unworthy the name of woman, will receive no encouragement from any source. We know she will not from any person professing to be a Latter-day Saint, and in any degree worthy of the name.

Fire To-day.—This forenoon great commotion was created in the central part of town by the ringing of the fire alarm. The fire brigade with full apparatus turned out and proceeded to the spot, a block and a half west of Walker Brothers' store. The fire was in the barn of Mr. Jas. W. Cummings, and we are informed that it originated from a little grandson of his being in the building with matches. When the little fellow saw what he had done he

became frightened and hid in the barn a few feet from the flames. Fortunately the fire was observed in its early stage and the boy rescued from his perilous position.

A quantity of hay was consumed and the roof of the building destroyed. The barn contained a quantity of stoves, belonging to Cummings & Madsen, but they were not injured. The loss will probably not exceed \$250 or \$300.

Walker Brothers' Fire Company, being located in close proximity to the scene of the fire, had a stream on the flames before the Brigade boys reached there.

The Situation at Montpelier.—This afternoon we had the pleasure of a call from Bishop Robert Price, of Paris, Bear Lake Valley. We learn from him that six new cases of smallpox had developed in the family of Mr. Jos. Phelps, making nine in all. A large number of people besides have been exposed, and apprehensions are felt regarding the probable spread of the malady. The cause of the outbreak is said to have been a woman who arrived in Montpelier sick, and was taken to the house of Mr. Phelps to be taken care of. She died, but it was supposed to have been a case of measles. Subsequently the woman's husband had the body exhumed and placed in another coffin, and the old casket lay about for some time afterwards. It is now certain that the disease of which she died was smallpox.

Business at Montpelier is, in consequence of the visitation, almost suspended. The conference of the Stake, appointed for next Saturday and Sunday, has been postponed for the same reason.

Bishop Price will return northward on Wednesday or Thursday.

The Eagle Rock Shooting.—The shooting of W. B. Green, agent of the Utah and Northern R. R., at Eagle Rock, on the 3d instant, was a most cruel and deliberate murder. Further details are to the effect that W. D. Whitley, the ex-brakeman, entered the agent's office and addressing Mr. Green, said he wished to speak to him. Mr. Green stepped up to the counter where Whitley stood, and asked him what his business was. Whitley commenced talking in a violent manner about some report which he claimed had been made to the Superintendent of the road by the agent. Mr. Green interrupted him, and commenced to reply to him, but had not uttered more than half a dozen words when Whitley drew his revolver and commenced firing. He shot three times, each shot taking effect, inflicting a flesh wound in the neck, a slight wound in the small of the back, and a probably fatal wound in the left breast. The revolver was a 44 calibre Colt, and made a fearful wound. Whitley is a very bad man, and claims to have come from Texas, where he says his parents reside and are wealthy. It is stated of him that he killed a man there. He resided in Logan for some time; and while there, last winter, he made an assault on an officer, named Everitt, with a pistol, for which he was bound over to answer to the grand jury.

BY TELEGRAPH.

FROM WESTERN UNION TELEGRAPH LINE.

AMERICAN.

HELENA, 5.—Vice-Prest. Oakes and party are in the city. President Villard and party reached Deer Lodge yesterday. To-day they will visit Butte, and reach Helena to-morrow, when a conference will be held.

WASHINGTON, 7.—The commissioner of the general land office is daily receiving a large number of inquiries regarding the status of various land grants. This seems to be the effect of the equivocal position of the last Congress relative to the disposition of public lands on land grant railways, as well as the many decisions of the secretary of the interior on these subjects. There seems to be very general expectation that many of these grants will be declared forged, and thousands are ready to enter as soon as they are thrown open to the public. These inquiries come from Michigan, California, New Mexico and from along the Northern Pacific Road, and seven clerks in the railway division of the general land office are kept constantly busy arranging them.

PHILADELPHIA, 5.—The jury in the case of Ellis H. Phippe, ex-Alms-house superintendent, charged

with forgery, after being out all night, returned a verdict of guilty this morning.

CHICAGO, 5.—The Illinois Central has issued tariff No. 1, taking effect May 1st in freights from Chicago to California points, naming San Francisco, Mayaville, Sacramento, Stockton, Oakland, San Jose and Los Angeles via the St. Louis, Iron Mountain and Southern, Texas Pacific and Southern Pacific, and New Orleans and Southern Pacific Railways, the rates on which will also apply from all stations on the Illinois north of Centralia, and from Milwaukee, Racine and Kenosha in Wisconsin. In conjunction with the issuance of the new tariff is a new sheet of California classification. The new rates quoted from Chicago and other Illinois and Wisconsin cities to the points named are: First class, \$5; second class, \$4; third class, \$3.25; fourth class, \$2.50; class A, \$2.35; class B, \$2.00; class C, \$1.75; class D, \$1.50. The classification is the same as that used by the Omaha roads. This is the Central's initiatory bid for California traffic, and the managers of the line announce their purpose to become an active rival.

READING, Pa., 2.—The Philadelphia and Reading Rolling Mills shut down to-day for one week, on account of depression in trade and lack of orders. The puddlers at the Reading Iron Works who had asked an advance in wages from \$3.50 to \$3.75 per ton and were refused, now offer to return to work at the old rates, if paid semi-monthly. The company holds the matter under advisement.

BOSTON, 5.—The 1.30 p. m. score in the Casino race stood: Horses 807, Bicycles 779.

PORTSMOUTH, 5.—An explosion in powder magazines on Priddy's Yard was caused by the accidental ignition of some powder during the filling of a quantity of shells. Only two persons were killed outright, but four were so badly injured that they are in a dying condition.

Four of the persons injured by the powder explosion, died this morning, making the number of fatalities six.

WASHINGTON, 15.—Through miscalculation in surveying the lands for the Zuni Indian reservation in New Mexico, an error was made, and the intention of the government that the reservation should include the springs, which lie directly northeast of the boundary line of the reservation, was not carried out. Recently it has been stated that Paymaster Wm. T. Tucker, son-in-law of Senator Logan, and his associates have taken up six claims, three "desert" and three homestead, containing in all 2,400 acres, which embrace the springs mentioned. It is further stated that should the claims of Tucker and his associates be granted, the water supply of the Zuni will be practically cut off. In the absence of the survey of the Tucker claims, however, they are rendered void by the issuance on May 1st of an executive order amending the original order so as to include within the limit of the Zuni reservation an additional tract of land in which the above-named springs are located. It was learned at the General Land Office to-day that Wm. T. Tucker, Jr., filed his application for these lands in the Santa Fe Land Office November 22, 1892.

The bill to adjust the salaries of postmasters of the first, second and third classes, and to change the commissions allowed postmasters of the fourth class, rendered necessary in view of the reduced rate of postage on letter matter from three to two cents per half ounce, provided that the salaries of the first, second and third classes should be readjusted, to take effect simultaneously with the reduction of the rates of postage from October 1st. Respecting the pay of fourth class postmasters, the act merely fixes rates which should apply to them without specifying the time when the readjustment should begin. The clerks of the Sixth Auditor's office, where the readjustment of salaries is to be made, have been working under the impression that the change in fourth-class offices should take place at the same time as the other classes. Late yesterday afternoon a question arose as to the proper construction of the law, and it was argued by some of the officers of the Department that the fact that no specified time is fixed in the act for beginning the work in the fourth class offices, made it imperative upon the department to readjust the pay of fourth class postmasters, beginning with the date upon which the bill was ap-

proved by the President. To-day the Sixth Auditor submitted the question to First Comptroller Lawrence, and also conferred with Secretary Folger on the subject. Both of these gentlemen are of opinion that the readjustment of fourth class offices should have begun March 3d. This decision will compel the Sixth Auditor to take up and adjust accounts heretofore settled on the basis of the old law (numbering in all about 45,000) and commissions for each of them, so as to make them conform to the new law. After the readjustment of the pay of fourth-class postmasters, beginning with March 3d, the government will owe each of them an increase of 8 to 40 per cent., according to the amount of stamps cancelled, and this increase will have to be paid quarterly until October 1st, when the act regulating postage goes into effect. The payment of this increase will necessarily involve a large deficiency for pay of postmasters for the current fiscal year.

The Treasury statement shows gold, silver, and United States notes in the Treasury to-day: Gold coin and bullion, \$169,053,380; silver coin, \$28,124,879; United States notes, \$48,081,049; total, \$345,259,308. Certificates outstanding, gold \$54,677,500; silver currency, \$10,280,000.

Prince Pakchito, Mr. Ferabime, Japanese Minister, Captain Kutsada and Mr. Takahashi, Japanese Consul at New York, were presented to the President by Sec'y. Frelinghuysen this morning.

At a special meeting of the cabinet this afternoon, all the members were present. The revised civil service regulations were finally considered, and will probably be promulgated this afternoon.

The President has appointed the following postmasters: Wm. O. Matzger, Dayton, Washington Territory; Chas. Haggood, Marysville, Cal.; J. N. Louder, Silver Reef, Utah.

The following officers now attached to the signal corps will be relieved from duty in this city July 1st, and ordered to join their regiments: Major James W. Powell, Captain Sixth Infantry; Col. Wm. H. Clapp, Captain Sixteenth Infantry; Capt. S. M. Mills, Fifth Artillery, and Lieut. R. P. Strong, Fourth Artillery. The latter officer has been in command at Fort Whipple since its establishment as a signal station in 1866.

CHICAGO, 6.—John and Martin Heney, brothers, conduct a shooting gallery. This afternoon, Martin slipped from behind the screen just as John fired at long range and received a bullet in his heart, dying instantly.

Edward Donnelly, the driver of a laundry wagon, was found in bed this morning unconscious. His face and head were beaten into an unrecognizable mass with a heavy iron hinge, and his pockets rifled. There were evidences everywhere of a protracted and desperate struggle. Donnelly cannot live; no clue to the murderer.

ST. LOUIS, 6.—It is stated here that dispatches have been received from New York conveying the information that Jos. Pulitzer, proprietor of the Post Dispatch, of this city, has practically acquired possession of the N. Y. World. Negotiations were not entirely closed, but it was expected that a transfer of the property would be made in a day or two, when it is alleged Mr. Pulitzer will transport part of his editorial and business force hence to New York, and make some radical changes in the character and conduct of the World.

NEW YORK, 6.—About a score of men and women made up the 13th annual convention of the American Labor Reform League in this city to-day. R. H. Hume presided and E. H. Heywood offered resolutions, which were adopted. They declare that as labor is the source of all wealth, accumulation by interest or otherwise, is robbery. That to pay no rent is the banner of duty, not only in Ireland but in New York and all over the world; that czars, queens, presidents and land, railway and bank monopolists are special exponents of vast confederacies of organized robbers, who may expect to be taken off by dynamite, daggers, or whatever other means of retribution justice demands to establish the common right. The action of the Philadelphia convention was denounced as fruitless.

NEW YORK, 6.—O'Donovan Rossa, to-day established another branch of the Irish revolutionary brotherhood in this city. About 100 members were initiated. Captain John Herwin was elected president and Dr. M. A. Farrill, secretary.

Dynamite was declared to be a legitimate weapon of war. It was decided that a mass meeting be held in two weeks to discuss views, on the Philadelphia convention, on the convention of the Central Labor Union to-day, announced the opening of the bridge on the Queen's city. The mass meeting to protest against the holding in the Cooper Institute, the Williams & Guion line.

Ship *Alaska* arrived to-day, made the trip from Queenstown 6 days, 8 hours and 48 minutes, "knocking out" her former time on record, of 7 days, 1 hour and 50 minutes. Moody and others were passengers. The Tribune that on Sunday night Santa W in the Cooper Union Temperance meeting. The Evangelist that they have come home and will return to their labor to-morrow next.

TURNERS, N. Y., 6.—Two cars burned between Howland and Middletown.

WASHINGTON, 6.—J. Sherman metallurgist, of New York, has just concluded here a series of experiments upon a new method recently discovered by him of view to ascertaining its fitness compared with other metals for graph wire. The experiments are said to show that this metal has great tenacity, not rust, and is superior in conductivity to any wire now in use for electric purposes. This which has nearly the specific gravity, and somewhat the appearance of silver, can be produced at a cost of five cents per pound.

BOSTON, 7.—John Callahan, Winchester, went to Woburn, on Saturday night, bought a glass of liquor and went on a spree, brought a three-year old child, him and forced him to drink liquor and then threw liquor in his face. The child went into convulsions and died this morning.

ST. LOUIS, 7.—About a dozen business houses and residences East St. Louis were burned this morning.

CHICAGO, 7.—About one-third the cigar manufacturers of this city having refused to pay the tax demanded, the Union men the shops this morning. It is estimated that 200 in all are out of employment. Other shops have ceded the advance.

FOREIGN.

Dublin, 4.—The Freeman's Journal says: The dynamite plot in America was betrayed by British Consul in New York City, and the name of every conspirator who came to England of the ship on which he sailed, cabled to England directly after vessel left New York. The conspirators from moment they landed in England. The Freeman's Journal says members of the governing conspirators could alone have such information.

Paris, 4.—Reports prevail that Count Von Moltke is leaving ill.

LONDON, 4.—In the Commons this afternoon the Speaker stated he had received a letter from Bradlaugh in which he announced that he would, at the beginning of the next day, ask to be permitted to take the oath. The Speaker for the guidance of the House. There were loud cries for Gladstone, but as the Prime Minister declined, Northcote stated he would pose that Bradlaugh be permitted from going through such a process. Gladstone said he could raise no objection to the motion, which, under the circumstances, Northcote the proper person to make. Gladstone of Labouchere, it was decided to hear Bradlaugh in his own defense at the bar of the House. Bradlaugh pointed out that as the House thought fit last evening to affirm the affirmation bill, the which would have enabled him to take his seat, it was now his duty to take the oath. His exclusion was an act of flagrant iniquity; no man had justified action which declared his seat vacant or a bill disqualifying him; as he was not disqualified, he claimed his right to the seat. Gladstone opposed the motion of Bradlaugh. Gladstone, on moving a previous question announced he would vote with Labouchere against the motion. The motion was then carried, by a vote of 165 to 165.

Bradlaugh again addressed the House, arguing in favor of his to a seat. After speaking for