MEXICO, THE LAND OF MANANA.



MRS. JANE R. MUIR, Respected Nauvoo Veteran Who Died During the Week.

At 2:15 p. m., Feb. 14, Mrs. Jane R. Muir passed peacefully away, the at and being general debility. The end of her long and useful life me at West Bountiful, which had been her home since her arrival in tab, in 1848, except for two years during the period she lived in Salt take City. She was a noble and good woman, filled with faith and true her friends, who saw but little, if anything, in her walk and conversaoner fitteness not above criticism. Her husband, William S. Muir, to whom he was married Jan, 1, 1844, preceded her into the eternal world 10 years

Mrs. Muir was born Jan, 10, 1822, in Logie, Parish of Logie, Scotnd. She came to America with her husband the year of their marriage, eing Latter-day Saints, and they settled in Nauvoo. In the exodus of her ple from that city, Mrs. Muir remained at Council Bluffs with her two idren, while her husband went with the Mormon Battalion to Califorta. During his absence the chilidren died. At her death she was survived eight children. The funeral will be held Sunday, commencing at 2 p. m., om the West Bountiful meetinghouse.

All in the Way She Was Trained.

Dr. Russell H. Conwell, the famous tor of the Baptist Temple in Philahigh in a lecture delivered in New ven not long ago, predicted wonder-progress in rapid-transit facilities the near future, and at the same e deprecated the slowness of present read transit. To illustrate this point progress in rapid-transit facilities there have bard the connection of the same sternly. the near future, and at the same sternly. "Well, perhaps she is old enough now," replied the woman, "but she wasn't when the train started."—Har-Conveil told an amusing story, of wasn't when you was traveling with her per's Weekly,

child. The train was delayed by many unnecessary tiresome and seemingly unnecessary stops, and when the conductor was collecting fares the woman refused to pay for her little girl. "That child is old enough to have

her fare paid." said the conductor, very

and the Coast

Special Correspondence. JUAREZ, Mexico, Feb., 1907 .-- I do not know who first called Mexico "The Land of Manana" (tomor-

row), but certain it is that he could have little dreamed that the epithet of respect to the commerce of Europe, than to any, or perhaps all, other caus-es combined. Rob busy France or sunny Italy of their giorious climate: deprive Switzer-land of her snowy alps or Egypt of her Mother Nile, and what are they? Here in this despised laid of Manana we have all these nëtions rolled into one. In size? yes; in natural resources? yes. What, then, do we lack? Our Sierras have no peer even in the lordiy Alps; our climate and soll have no rival in extent and fertility even in Egypt, "the granary of the ancient world," or on the sunkissed plains of Lombardy, What ' Europe to match our wealth of foi and mine? From the great, unbrok, a forests of pine in northern Mexico, stretching for hundreds of miles along the backbone of the con-tinent, to the almost priceless forests of ebony, mahogany, and rosewood of the south, we find a range of almost every variety of useful plant life that has ever become the servant of mankind. Since the time when even tradition is lost in the obscurity of antiquity, a stream of the precious metals has been poured forth from nature's storehouse, yet but a small portion of the country has ever heen prospected. Billions of dollars have enriched the coffers of nareproach or contempt which so glibly rolled from his tongue, could in a few short years have become a title of honor, for an honor it is, indeed, to be ranked as one of the coming nations of the not distant future.

To be sure, this is a rather big claim To be sure, this is a rather big claim to make for a country which, notwith-standing its nearness to "Uncle Sam-uel's" domains, is at present far less known or appreciated than are many of the uttermost parts of the earth. The rosy light of investigation which pre-cedes the dawn of conviction, has at last begun to illumine the eastern hori-zon and we may hope soon for the adlast begun to illumine the eastern hori-zon and we may hope soon for the ad-vent of the sun of prosperity in all his glory upon this land, for so many years the abode of ignorance, super-stition, poverty, and revolution. It being an indisputed fact that all per-manent prosperity and progress must necessarily be based upon a solid foundation, the question naturally arises as to what nature has done for Mexico that ever she should hope to be-come a factor in the world's progress. Britain with her cheap fuel and num-erous harbors and iying as she does erous harbors and lying as she does next door to the great industrial na-

LEPROSY IN COLOMBIA.

Consul P. P. Demers of Barranquilla believes that a recent report to the Colombian government from Dr. Julio Manrique, chief physician of the national lazarets, may interest American

scientists, The number of lepers in Colombia, according to the census taken upon different occasions, has never exceeded 4,000, the greatest part of which is now isolated in Cana de Loro, Agua de Dios, and Contratacion. Leprosy in Colombia, as elsewhere, attacks by preference the destitute element. Cases are rarely found among the classes living with hygienic care. The per-centage of lepers with relation to the total population of Colombia is 1 per 1,000, which is less than in any other tropical country. Doctor Sauton, a celebrated expert and author of a ireating on lagrage unon visiting the celebrated expert and author of a treatise on leprosy, upon visiting the department of Cauca, found that less than one-fourth of the reputed cases of leprosy which he examined there were genuine, the balance being syph-litic. The sick which are sent to laza-rets are first examined by expert clinical physicians whose diagnoses are proved by bacteriological examina-tion,

MRS WILLIAM DREISOW

tions of Europe, owes as much, or more, to nature, as she does to the undisputed thrift and energy of her inhabitants. Germany, too, great as her people un-doubtedly have become, owes more, un-questionably, to her great mineral wealth and her favorable situation with respect to the commerce of Europe, than to any, or perhaps all, other caus-es combined. Within the past few years also we find copper coming into prominence as one of the mighty factors in the indus-trial life of the nation. With a pro-duction of copper too insignificant to mention a few years ago, today Mexi-co stands second only to the last, young "giant of the north" in its output of the red metal, and if the tremendous demand for copper keeps up its present force, as all indications point to its doing, we can but faintly guess what the future has in store for this re-public. Twenty to twenty-five million doilar is no insignificant production of gold, for a nation which but a few years since was so torn with dissention and revolution as to be a laughthy stock among the nations, and yet gold mining among the nations, and yet gold mining is just in its infancy. IRON AND COAL.

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If it is a fact, as claimed by political commists, that deposists of coal or other fuel, in connection with iron, are at the basis of all industrial prosperity, then, indeed, is our country a favored region. The state of Durango, alone, has a deposit of iron ore in the form of a huge hill of menal, estimated by ex-perts to contable not less then form one perts to contain not less than 500,000,000 tons, practically in sight. This is but one of the iron fields, and while as yet no great coal fields have been devel-oped, there is an abundance of oil for fuel and an unlimited water power to be had for the asking. be had for the asking. THEODORE MARTINEAU.

NEWLY DISCOVERED SERUM CURES PNEUMONIA.

From Derby, Conn., comes the information that a newly discovered serum. called "anti-pheumococcic," has been used in treating pneumonia, with remarkably satisfactory results. The first patient to be subjected to the treatment was Mrs. William Dreisow, 31 years of age. When Dr. George L Beardsley was called the patient's pulse was 168 beats a minute, respiration 56 and temperature 103%. One lung was congested and the other badly diseased. Injections of anti-pnueumococcic ser um were made beneath the shoulder blade and in three hours great improvement in the patient's condition was observed. In eight hours her pulse was 137 and temperature 101. A second injection was then given and she continued steadily to improve, although bronic asthma aggravated the case After nine days her pulse and temperature became normal. The serum is the discovery of Prof. Pane, of the Ng. | fect a complete cure.



MRS. HANNAH WILD

A short sketch of the life of Sister Hannah Wild. She is the daughter of John and Mary Calvary Binns. She was born in England on the 6th day of April, 1840. On bearing the Gospel as taught by the L. D. S. her varents embraced the same and crossed the great water for America with their 9 months' old babe. On arriving in America, they journeyed to the city of St. Louis. Her fahrer being a mason by trade, obtained employment in that city, where for several years he was super-intendent of the leves, being placed along the Missirsippi river. long the Missirginni river.

Druing their sojou in St. Louis, an epidemic of cholera broke out and the mother and sister were taken from the family with this disease.

ples Royal University, and it has been used with excellent results in Europe. The mortality rate in pneumonia is about 45 per cent, but where antipneumococcic serum has been used the rate drops to about 15 per cent. It destroys the germ, after which the physician employs ordinary treatment to ef-

distress.

Long live her memory. "hough her spirit has gone To our Father in heaven. Who will sure say "Well done."

ACUTE RHEUMATISM.

Deep rearing or wrenching pains, occa-sioned by getting wet through; worse when at rest, or on first moving the limbs and in cold or damp weather is cur-d quickly by Ballard's Snow Liniment. O-car Oleson, Gibson City, II., writes, Fe., 16, 1902: "A year ago I was troubled with a pain in my back. It soon got so had I could not bend over. One bottle of Bal-lard's Snow Liniment cured me." Sold by Z. C. M. L. Drug Dept., 112 and 114 South Main Street. B



