

the Commissioners on all these points, in view of the results and the logical deductions therefrom. The election just closed was taken entirely out of the hands of persons against whom was the slightest feasible charge of polygamy. It was an election of monogamists, including the voters, the officers conducting it, and the candidates. It was an overwhelming defeat of the so-called "Liberals," and a complete refutation of many of their claims and charges, and it was placed beyond the power of the "Liberal" Governor to again defeat the will of the people expressed at the ballot box, or to give a certificate of election to a friend and fellow-artisan who had not the shadow of a legal claim to its position.

The Commissioners, although their actions and rulings have deprived a large number of citizens, male and female, of the right to exercise the elective franchise which we think they still lawfully hold, will go away with the kindly feelings of a great many of Utah's people, who expect to greet them again in the chambers of these grand old mountains when duty calls them to return, and with them we join in wishing each of those gentlemen a pleasant and prosperous winter, a merry Christmas and a happy New Year.

## LOCAL AND OTHER MATTERS.

FROM THURSDAY'S DAILY, NOV. 16.

**Home Made Ahead.**—To day we were shown samples of flannel underwear, the material for which was produced at the Provo factory, and made up at the Z. C. M. I. manufacturing establishment, in the same building as the shoe factory. The goods are unexcelled by any brought into this market from a distance, and sold at lower rates than the same class of articles imported.

**Too Much Benzine.**—Last night a man called at a saloon on the State Road kept by Mr. McCartney and took in a quantity of intoxicants. In coming out he picked up a can containing coal oil, which he placed in his wagon and brought to this city. The proprietor objected to this proceeding and took steps to have him arrested on reaching town. This morning he was fined \$5 for being intoxicated and the same amount for stealing the coal oil.

**About to Start.**—Mr. Milo Vincent, who has been about seven years in the employ of Z. C. M. I., the latter portion of the time as leading salesman in the shoe department, is about to begin business on his own account, in company with Mr. Oliver Ostler. Both are young men, and start out with hopefulness, and we do not doubt they will, by industry and correct business habits, succeed. They will open a retail boot and shoe store in Ogden on the 1st of December.

**A Commendable Course.**—A number of the young exhibitors at the late Primary fair at Provo contributed a considerable quantity of bottled fruit to the Deseret Hospital. The delicacy was prepared and put up by the hands of the youthful donors.

Several of the primary associations have made quilts and presented them to the same worthy institution.

These examples are worthy the imitation of others of the same character. The hospital is in excellent working condition and proving a blessing in the community.

**From Scotland.**—To-day we had the pleasure of meeting with Elder A. N. McFarland, who has returned from a ninety-months' mission to Scotland, having left for that part of the world on the 17th of April, 1881. He labored in that country with great satisfaction, first as traveling Elder and subsequently, since last June, as President of the Glasgow Conference, which embraces the whole of Scotland. A Conference which was attended by President Carrington, was held last July, in Glasgow, since which time forty-eight new members had been added to the Church up to the time Elder McFarland left for home.

**An Eye Removed.**—Several months since, as our readers may remember, Mrs. Gibson, of West Weber, while returning from Ogden to her home, was thrown from a wagon and the fall to the ground resulted in serious injuries to herself. Among other injuries her skull was

fractured above the eyes. Her right eye was much hurt, the sight was impaired, and she has had to endure much physical suffering in consequence.

On Tuesday Dr. Culbertson was called on to examine the eye, and he found it necessary to remove the optic which he did in a very skillful manner, and Mrs. Gibson, although she sustains a very severe loss in the removal of that light giving organ, is relieved of much pain and is comparatively comfortable. — *Ogden Herald.*

**Death of F. M. Pomeroy.**—From Brother Charlie I. Robson, of Mesa City, Mariopa County, Arizona, we learn of the death, at that place, on October 29th, at 3.30 p.m., of an old member of the Church, Francis Martin Pomeroy, who formerly resided in Bear Lake Valley. The complaint that carried him off was heart disease. Deceased was the son of Martin Pomeroy and L. Hunt and was born February 22nd, 1822, at Somers, Conn. He joined the Church in 1844, and moved to Nauvoo with his wife, where they lived till the exodus of the Saints. He came out with the first and came to Utah—one of the Pioneers. He went to California in 1849 in company with Apostle C. C. Rich, and returned in 1850. One week before he died he bore a faithful testimony to this being the work of God, and defined his position as having no other object in view but to serve God and keep His commandments.

## A DISTINGUISHED VISITOR.

A FRENCH COMMISSIONER OF AGRICULTURE MANIFESTS MUCH INTEREST IN UTAH.

A few days ago Utah was visited by a distinguished Frenchman, Mr. Henry Grosjean, French Commissioner of Agriculture to the United States. He has been in the country about eighteen months, and has in attaining the object of his mission been in the Southern States, Texas, Colorado, and the District of Columbia. He came here, under instructions from his government to investigate the Utah system of irrigation. He spent a day with Mayor Jennings, who took pleasure in conducting him around to view the various canals in this locality. By letters from the Mayor and A. M. Musser, Esq., he was introduced to Brother Anson Call, of Bountiful, with whom he was a guest for eight days, and only left last Saturday, with the expectation of returning.

Brother Call spent four or five evenings with Mr. Grosjean, answering innumerable questions by that gentleman. Not only the system of distribution of water was explained to him, but the Church laws and Court's governing difficulties among the Latter-day Saints arising from that source were made clear, and appeared to interest him very much. The fact that church officials administered in these matters without remuneration seemed to be a source of special astonishment to him, while an explanation, given a this request, of the nature and offices of the Aaronic and Melchisedec Priesthoods caused him to remark that the system of Church organization and discipline was, as a whole, the most complete of any ever brought to his notice. The system of regulations and laws municipal, county and otherwise, for the government of those who refused or were unwilling to have difficulties adjusted by the arbitration courts of the Church were made a topic of conversation, Mr. Grosjean making copious notes of the information conveyed by Brother Call. The queries of the commissioner were not merely confined to agricultural subjects, but also embraced the horticulture and mineralogy of Utah.

While at Brother Call's, Mr. Grosjean spent nearly an entire day in the adjoining mountains, returning in the evening from his trip loaded with specimens of plant and minerals. He is an expert draftsman and, upon an ordinary postal card, made a neat sketch of Brother Call's residence and surroundings, and wrote underneath it, "To Anson Call, Esq., from his affectionate friend, H. Grosjean, Nov. 11th, 1882." The commissioner is a young man, a gentleman of culture and education. It is more than likely, judging from the degree of interest he manifested in matters here, that when he makes his official report to his government, Utah will receive a commensurate share of attention.

FROM FRIDAY'S DAILY, NOV. 17.

**Office Opened.**—The Deseret Telegraph Company opened an office at Spanish Fork Railway station, yesterday.

**Visited the Sugar Works.**—Mr. Henry Grosjean, the French Commissioner of Agriculture, mentioned in the News of yesterday, paid a visit a few days ago, to the sugar works of Mr. Arthur Stayner, at Farmington. He scrutinized the details of the process, which he thought was excellent.

**Returned Missionary.**—This morning we received a call from Elder James H. Wells, of Joseph, Sevier County, who, returned today from a mission to the Southern States. He first went to Franklin, Simpson County, Kentucky, in November, 1880. He also labored in Mullenburg and Butler counties, in company with Elder F. McDonald, who then presided over the Kentucky Conference. When Elder McDonald left for home, in January, 1881, Elder Wells succeeded him as President of the field where he labored, and remained there till the following October when he removed to Des Arc, Prairie County, Arkansas, at which place he and Elder Alma Harding organized a branch of the Church. On the 2d of May he left there for Italy, Ellis County, Texas, where he labored for some time, and subsequently in Smith County of the same State. He baptized a few persons and assisted at the baptism of a number of others.

**Storm at Ogden and Vicinity.**—Yesterday we published the fact that Ogden had been visited by a severe storm early in the morning, causing considerable damage to property. The *Ogden Herald* gives the following details of the boisterous blow:

On Wednesday the weather was extremely cold, the wind was a piercing as a Lyford sermon. At intervals snow fell, it then cleared off. In the evening the wind clouded gathered on the eastern and northern mountain brows, and about 11 o'clock at night the roar of Boreas was heard thundering over the northern and other mountains. The wind increased in volume and velocity, and continued with fearful violence through the whole night. Buildings were shaken and some of the people trembled for fear their habitations would be brought down and themselves buried beneath the debris.

This morning, the house of Mr. Heber Warner, on the bench part of the city, was wrecked. The roof was taken off the gable ends blown out, and nothing but the walls left standing. Considerable furniture was destroyed; but fortunately none of the inmates of the house were hurt. The loss was heavy to Mr. Warner. He had only recently been married and moved into his house which was newly erected.

One of the gable ends of the new brick dwelling house of Mr. Lorenzo Purdy, on Eighth Street was blown out.

Cornices were removed and quite a number of tin roof were blown from buildings in the town; among them was that of the new Baptist Church now in course of erection.

The front of Dee & Horn's saloon, on Main Street, was blown out and smashed.

Signboards were scattered about the streets and awnings were torn into shreds.

The roofing of some of the freight sheds at the railroad depots were taken off and laid on the track.

Another house on the bench, which we are informed belonged to the late Mr. J. L. Gilgoly, is blown down and wrecked.

A large light of French plate glass in the front of J. S. Lewis' jewelry store was broken. The size of glass was 5x10 feet, and three-eighths of an inch thick. The cause of the break was that an iron rod of the frame work of the awning was thrown violently against the window by the force of the wind. It will cost over \$200 to repair the damage.

Several wooden buildings, out houses and hay-stacks were toppled over.

Telephone and other wires were rendered inoperative and business was somewhat retarded, temporarily.

A carriage and hardware storehouse of Farr Bros. was blown down. Several posts, which were two feet in the ground, were torn up and carried some distance by the force of the wind. Considerable damage was done to property.

All the damage we have heard of being done outside of the town is that of Lynne. Part of the front window of a large mercantile establishment belonging to Shaw & Co. was blown out. There were also hay-stacks blown over the country.

About eleven o'clock this morning the weather moderated. The wind subsided and the people were enabled to get around and right up matters to some extent, but they will not venture to elevate themselves too high until the blast is over.

## HORRIBLE SUICIDE.

THOMAS RYDALCH SHOTS HIMSELF THROUGH THE HEAD.

We learn to-day of a horrible suicide, which occurred at Grantsville yesterday. The unfortunate man who committed the rash act was Thomas Rydalch, son of a well-known and respected citizen, Mr. W. C. Rydalch. The deceased shot himself through the head, and death must have been instantaneous. He was found near some hay stacks at five o'clock in the afternoon, although the deed was probably done several hours before. The sympathy with the relatives of the deceased, who was quite a young man, is most profound.

FROM SATURDAY'S DAILY, NOV. 18.

**Death of Franklin Neff.**—Franklin Neff, son of the late Father Neff, of East Mill Creek, died yesterday, of typhoid pneumonia. Deceased came to this valley with the second company of pioneers, and was a highly respected citizen.

**Bound for Colorado.**—A telegram from Elder John Morgan, sent from St. Louis, to President John Taylor, states that Elder A. H. Snow passed that point yesterday, with a company of one hundred emigrants, from the Southern States Mission, bound for Colorado.

**Aurora Borealis.**—The view last evening a little after six o'clock, in the northern sky, of the Aurora Borealis, was a most beautiful sight, for upwards of an hour, while the bright twilight waited for several hours. This may possibly be the result of some "meteoric display" which astronomical scientists have anticipated would occur about this time.

**Home Again.**—Last evening we were pleased to receive a visit from Elder John H. White, of this city, one of the company of missionaries who recently returned from England. He left this city October 17th, 1880, and on arriving at Liverpool was appointed to labor in the London Conference, where he operated in the ministry six months, and from there proceeded, by appointment, to the Norwich Conference, where he labored during the remaining portion of his mission, with the exception of six weeks immediately prior to his departure for home, which he spent in Wales, visiting relations and old acquaintances. Elder White traveled a great deal and raised his voice in advocacy of the principles of the Gospel at every opportunity that presented. He enjoyed his labors greatly, and returns in good health and spirits.

**Frightful Accident at Ogden.**—The *Ogden Herald* of yesterday says that at about half past eight o'clock, on Thursday night, a terrible accident happened to a switchman on the C.P.R.R. track at the depot in that city. The particulars as far as the reporter could ascertain are as follows:

John Elvin, one of the company's switchmen, had opened the switch to run an engine from one track to another. Instead of stepping on to the front step board on the engine he walked ahead; but it appears that he was walking between the wrong rails, when the engine overtook him, threw him down and dragged him forward some 60 or 70 feet before he was discovered. He either did not shout to the engineer or that person did not hear him in consequence of the wind which was blowing strongly at the time. When discovered his right leg was terribly mangled and mangled from the ankle up to the knee. He also received some severe internal injuries, the extent of which has not yet been ascertained.

John Elvin is 26 years old, unmarried. He was born at Phoenixville, Chester County, Pa. He is the son of John and Ann Devere Elvin. He has a near relative named Thomas D. Elvin living

at the above named place. He commenced to work as brakeman in the C.P. yard on Oct. 27, 1882.

## IMPRISONED FOR CONTEMPT.

A CASE IN WHICH UNUSUAL SEVERITY IS EXHIBITED.

At five o'clock last evening the grand jury appeared in the District Court and, through their foreman, informed Chief Justice Hunter that Anne Gallifant, a witness who had been before them, had refused to answer certain questions put to her by that body. The court wished to know the nature of the interrogations, which had been put to the witness, and they were accordingly read. One of those which the lady declined to answer was as to the name of the person to whom she was married. The Court informed Mrs. Gallifant that the question was proper and she would have to take the alternative of answering it or being fined and imprisoned for contempt. She answered firmly that she did not intend to answer. Judge Hunter at once sentenced the witness to imprisonment in the Utah penitentiary until such time as she concluded to answer the question.

Mr. B. Y. Hampton, who happened to be present at the time, stepped up to the Judge and asked whether it would be admissible for Mrs. Gallifant to procure counsel and have the matter argued. The Court quickly answered in the negative, sentence having been pronounced, the witness would have to take the consequences of her refusal to comply with the ruling made in the matter. The lady was placed in the custody of Captain Greenman, deputy U. S. marshal, who procured a conveyance and took her to the Penitentiary.

A point that gives this incident of the Philadelphia District Court a tinge of exquisite cruelty is the fact that Mrs. Gallifant is enceinte, and it was feared that the excitement superinduced by the extraordinary circumstances into which she was thrown might lead to premature birth, and probably endanger the life of the woman and that of her offspring as well.

With a view to anticipating an event of that kind, we understand that Dr. Taggart was instructed to look after the interest of Mrs. Gallifant by way of rendering medical aid should an emergency arise. This was by no means an improvement of the situation, as the unfitness of a man to take charge of a lady under such circumstances who has been ostracized by the Medical Association of this city for alleged conduct for which unprofessional would be a term much too mild, is surely beyond all question. The charges preferred by Dr. Douglas against Dr. Taggart before the Medical Association are still fresh in the public mind. His accuser alleged that he had swindled him, under false pretenses, out of five hundred dollars at one time, besides obtaining money while he was a partner of Dr. Douglas' and not accounting for it to the latter. He was so charged with conduct more immediately pertaining to medical practice really unfit for publication. The Association adjudged that the damaging allegations had been proved, and acting upon this view expelled him from the fraternity. Dr. Taggart is the government physician for the Penitentiary, and while his fitness for a position even of that kind is barely if at all questionable, it appears that an exception might have been made, under the circumstances, in the case of Mrs. Gallifant. In addition to the reasons elucidated above, vile and approprious language used by Dr. Taggart, last night, so we are reliably informed, should unfit him for the position of public medical attendant upon a lady placed in a distressing as well as most delicate situation.

The entire proceeding savors of peremptoriness and severity that, we are pleased to say, are not often exhibited by men employed as servants of the people to administer the law in its spirit as well as the letter.

We now learn, since the above was written, that the grand jury has been discharged, and Mrs. Gallifant of course released from custody.

## WELDE MEYER'S CATARRH CURE

Stops hawking, prevents poisonous mucous dripping in the throat, purifies the breath, and improves the voice. \$1. of all druggists.

deed & w.