

# THE DESERET NEWS.

TRUTH AND LIBERTY.

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VOL. XVII.

**Bishop WILLIAM BUDGE** is authorized to act as GENERAL AGENT for the **DESERET NEWS** throughout Cache County.

## NOTICE

**IS HEREBY GIVEN** TO ALL WHO ARE INDEBTED TO THE **DESERET NEWS** OFFICE for Subscriptions, etc., that payment of the same after this date, is to be made to **GEORGE Q. CANNON**, the present Editor.

April 1, 1868.

**BRIGHAM YOUNG.**

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(Special to the *Deseret Evening News*.)

## By Telegraph.

### CONGRESSIONAL.

#### HOUSE.

The tax bill was reported to the House to-day. It fixes the tax on whisky at sixty cents; the finer qualities of tobacco are reduced from forty to thirty-two cents. There is not much change in other kinds.

There was quite an animated debate in the House, to-day, on the so-called Osage Indian treaty, now pending in the Senate, whereby 8,000,000 acres of land, in Kansas, belonging to the great and little Osage Indians, are transferred to a railroad company. The treaty was denounced as an outrage and a swindle, and everybody connected with the making of it was spoken of as a thief and a rascal. Resolutions were finally passed unanimously, denying that any one had the right to make such a treaty for the benefit of a great monopoly, and charging that it was procured through corruption and expressing a solemn opinion that it ought to be rejected by the Senate.

Washington, 20.—The President, to—

#### GENERAL.

San Francisco, 18.—The first sample of new wheat has reached this city; the quality was excellent.

The water, in front of Oakland, opposite San Francisco, is being surveyed preparatory to improvements for the Pacific Railroad terminus.

San Francisco, 19.—Last night a very large audience attended the formal dedication of the new mercantile library now building in this city; it is one of the largest and finest edifices on this coast.

A rock slide on the line of the Central Pacific Railroad near the Summit tunnel, two days since, killed several Chinese.

The first through trip to Reno was made yesterday. The Company say the road will reach the crossing of the Humboldt river, one hundred miles beyond Reno, early in July. Nine thousand workmen are employed.

The Trinidad lumber mills, in Humboldt Co., were blown up on the 15th inst., killing one man and wounding several.

London, 17.—Dispatches from Rome state that the Pope intends to issue a general amnesty to political offenders on the anniversary of his accession to the Holy See.

Washington, 18.—The *Intelligencer* has another studied attack on McCulloch this morning, urging the President to remove him. The article asserts that McCulloch became alarmed at the prospect of removal, and on Monday summoned Chief Justice Chase, post haste, from Richmond, in order to use his influence with the President that he might be induced to have him retained in office; and that Chase responded at once, and on Tuesday evening did call upon the President for that purpose. The article excites considerable commotion

in political circles, principally from the fact that the *Intelligencer* is recognized as the President's organ.

Burlington, Vt., 18.—Eight tons of arms were taken from the Fenians by the United States Government and passed through this city en route from St. Albans, to New York.

New York, 18.—A special telegram from Washington says the following is said to be the authoritative statement of Chief Justice Chase himself; universal suffrage as recognized on Democratic principles, the regulation of which is to be left, in the several States, under the Constitution of the United States, to the States themselves; universal amnesty and the complete removal of all disabilities on account of participation in the late rebellion, not only as a just and wise measure of public policy, but as necessary to the beneficial administration of government in the States recently involved in civil war with the United States, and to the full and satisfactory re-establishment of the practical relations of those States with the active States of the American Union; no military government in any of the States of the Union in time of peace, as this is not compatible with the principles of civil liberty established by the Constitution, nor can the trial of private citizens by military commissions be tolerated by a people jealous of their freedom, and desiring to be free; the taxes are to be reduced as far as practicable, and collected impartially and with strict economy and apportioned so as to bear on property rather than on labor, and while all national obligations should be honestly and exactly fulfilled, no special privileges should be allowed to any classes, or individual corporations.

Washington, D. C., 18.—The Bill relative to the Court of Claims, passed by the House to-day, and previously passed by the Senate, is of a highly important character. One of the provisions extends to the right of appeal from that court to the Supreme Court in cases of special jurisdiction, such as the cotton cases of the last term, wherein the court held that no appeal may be made because they did not come under the general jurisdiction. Another section provides that the Court of Claims may grant a new trial in any cases within two years, if it has reason to believe that it has been imposed on, or that new evidence of a material character can be produced. The most important feature of the bill is that which abolishes the office of solicitor of the Court of Claims, and takes from the Attorney General the privilege to appoint his own assistant. This disposes of the assistant attorney general, Binckley and solicitors Norton, Wood and Kerr. The President is authorized to appoint, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate, two assistant Attorney Generals, at a salary of four thousand each; and the bill makes it the Attorney General's duty, with his assistants, to attend all business of the government before the Supreme Court and the Court of Claims.

#### FOREIGN.

London, 20.—To-day the anniversary of the accession of Her Majesty, Queen Victoria, to the throne of England was observed. The holiday was also duly observed by appropriate salutes throughout the realms of the British Government. The city was gaily decorated with flags and streamers from the national vessels, as well as the mercantile marine of all nations, which have been profuse in their display of colors. Immense crowds filled the streets, all intent mainly, upon witnessing the grand review of volunteers by the Queen and royal family at Windsor; towards which point they have been wending their way on numerous railroad trains. The day was made a special occasion for a grand review of the regular volunteer troops at Windsor Park, where for several days they had been arriving in large numbers from different joints. Salutes were fired from Windsor Castle and other prominent governmental places at sunrise, noon and sunset. The barracks at Windsor were gaily festooned and decorated; the troops were in full dress uniform for review

the weather was comparatively fine, although the morning was threatening, which had the effect of preventing many thousands from attending; but with the exception of a slight shower there was nothing to mar the splendor of the display. The troops in line numbered 27,000 of different arms. While being received by her Majesty and her brilliant suite of generals, and the officers of the royal household, they presented a scene of grandeur and enthusiasm such as has been seldom if ever before witnessed in this country. After marching past and saluting the Queen and the royal cortege the troops paid a marching salute to the object of the grand jubilee. They then defiled over a pontoon bridge erected across the Thames by the royal engineers, where they were dismissed. The throng was immense. The Queen and the royal family were serenaded with marked enthusiasm. The festivities concluded with reunions of civil and military organizations.

Ostend, 20.—Admiral Farragut, after a brief visit to Brussels, has returned here again, and assumed the active command of the fleet. Preparations are being made for a grand review of the American squadron by King Leopold, which takes place on Monday. The flag ship, Franklin, will be draped with flags. The Admiral will tender a grand banquet on board to their royal highnesses the king and queen, subsequent to the review.

Specials to the *Herald* say that General Napier had arrived at Alexandria, accompanied by a son of the Emperor Theodorus.

#### FROM SATURDAY'S DAILY.

POSTPONED.—The Matinee for children and families is postponed from Wednesday until Friday, that those at a distance may have a better opportunity to attend.

EASTERN.—By letter from Elder John Brown, written from St. Louis, to a friend in this city, we learn that Elder Dusenberry was in Mississippi, in good health and in fine spirits. He had opened a new field and was being greatly blessed in his ministerial labors. Elder Brown says that the Elders have been well received in several States, school-houses, court-houses and chapels being opened to them and but little opposition manifested. There is much dissatisfaction existing among many of the people of the Southern States.

DROWNED.—By letter from Bro. Alexander Ross, dated Morgan city, Morgan county, 17th inst., we learn the following:

"This morning, this city was thrown into a state of considerable excitement, by the upsetting of a boat on the Weber river, resulting in the death of Bro. John Ager. In attempting to cross the river in a small, flat-bottomed boat, in company with two young men, he ran against a snag, which precipitated the three into the river. The young men got out, with considerable difficulty, but Bro. Ager was carried down by the force of the current and drowned. Search is being made for his body, which, for the satisfaction of his family and relatives, we hope will soon be found. Elder Ager was a native of England, aged 31 years, 1 month and 21 days. He was born in a small town called Walton, in the Essex Conference. He obeyed the gospel in 1857 and emigrated in 1858. His life in the Church has been one of devotion to the truth; faithful in the discharge of the duties assigned him; kind and generous to all within the range of his acquaintance; and in his habits industrious and persevering. These traits in his character have gained for him the confidence and good will of all who knew him. He has left a wife and three children to lament his loss."

*Mill, Star please copy.*

ACCIDENT.—Yesterday afternoon as Bro. Joseph Cornwall, of Mill Creek, was coming down Mill Creek Canyon, his team started and ran off with him. He held in, the best he could; but being a weak man, was unable to rein them up, and about a quarter of a mile from where they started off he was thrown from his wagon on the rocks, had his leg broken, and was otherwise badly injured. Help was at hand; his team was secured; he was conveyed home; and Dr. Anderson was called from the City to attend him.

IMPEACHMENT.—When can a man be said to be thoroughly impeached? When he works hard and gets nothing but dried peaches for pay.

CABINET MAKERS' MEETING.—The committee appointed by the Cabinet Makers meeting, met pursuant to appointment last evening, in Henry Dinwoodey's Cabinet Factory. After freely discussing the general question, it was unanimously resolved that a Territorial Cabinet Manufacturing Company be formed, with a capital of \$100,000, in shares of \$50 each, to be controlled by legally elected Directors; with the object of importing to Utah machinery and lumber for the purpose of Manufacturing first-class furniture for home consumption and exportation, at prices to defy both eastern and western competition. Adjourned till next Monday evening, at half-past six o'clock.

E. HANHAM, Secretary.

#### FROM MONDAYS DAILY.

MORGAN COUNTY.—Our correspondent writing from Morgan City says:

"In the early spring crops looked fair and promising; but the sharp teeth and keen appetites of the grasshoppers have made the fruitful field a desert in this district of country. Very little, if any, grain will be raised this season. This being the case, the majority of the brethren have gone to work on the railroad."

UNIVERSAL.—On the news of President Kimball's death being made known, the flags were raised half-mast high throughout the city, and everywhere we were to-day, and from all sorts of people, we heard the strongest utterances of grief on the occasion, although such an event was not unexpected. The feelings expressed, show how deep seated is the affection entertained for the leaders of Israel by the people. The mourners for President Kimball are all who knew him and could appreciate his worth, and the thousands of Latter-day Saints who never even saw him.

THEATRE.—As a tribute of respect to the memory of our beloved Brother, President Heber C. Kimball, the Theatre will be closed until after his obsequies. CLAWSON & CAINE.  
Monday, June 22, 1868.

THEATRICAL.—"Under the Gaslight" was again repeated on Saturday night to another crowded house. Each performance sees some change and improvement; and the delighted audiences have no appearance of wearying of the fun, frolic, pathos, virtue, villainy, singing, dancing, fine scenery, mechanical effects and startling sensations in the play. It will be repeated.

SABBATH MEETINGS.—Elder Alma L. Smith gave an interesting account of his labors on his missions to the Sandwich Islands, from the last one of which he has recently returned. He entered at some length into the circumstances connected with the course of Walter M. Gibson, which had led to the sending of Elders to the Islands in the Spring of 1864, of whom he was one. The efforts of the brethren to remove the effects of Gibson's deceptive career among the natives, and their labors to grow cotton, sugar cane, and in other ways prosper the mission, were dwelt upon by the speaker; who also described some of the feelings, peculiarities and habits of the natives. While upon his late mission to that part of the world, he had been the recipient of courtesies and kindnesses which he had not experienced on his previous mission. When traveling around the Islands, horses would be furnished to the Elders to go from one place to another, and money was frequently given them to bear their expenses. He bore his testimony to the truth, and spoke of the feelings he had while gone from his friends and his home in Zion. And in expressing his feelings, he related the circumstances connected with the murder of his father and brother at Hann's Mill, Missouri, in 1833, and his being severely wounded at the same time and place himself.

Afternoon.  
Elder George A. Smith delivered a historical discourse, showing the condition of Christianity for a few centuries after the death of the Savior, and that of Paganism during the same time, with the persecutions endured by the Christians, and the gradual corruption of the gospel principles through their intermixture with heathen rites and ceremonies and the theories of philosophers. He traced the establishment of the Greek and Latin churches; referred to the crusades; and brought the history down to the period of the Reformation, treating on the spread of the Protestant faith in various countries. He took up the question of authority, showing that none exists among the various sects and churches; and advanced the reasons why the Lord had bestowed the priesthood upon Joseph Smith. The only arguments employed against the authority bestowed upon Joseph were mobs, persecutions and cruelties. The Lord never has had a church on the earth but it has had an inspired head; and when Joseph was martyred his spirit and authority fell upon President Young, to which thousands can bear the most unequivocal and strongest testimony.

GOT HOME.—We had a call this morning from Mr. George A. Alder, of the firm of Dunford & Sons, who got back from the East on Friday night, having made the season's purchases for the firm.

He informed us that Laramie river was very high when he left that point this day week, the water being about three feet on the other side of the bridge. All the streams by the way are up. Indians are reported troublesome between North Platte and Sulphur Springs. Sharp's train started back from Laramie last Friday week, the 12th inst. Dunford's train started on Monday, 15th. S. Teasdel, Esq., of the firm of Jennings & Co., was at Laramie loading up. He had loaded one train. Two car loads of freight had just arrived for that firm, and freight was coming up for them regularly. Business at Laramie is not very brisk. The terminus is expected to be at North Platte by the 20th of July, and at Green River by the middle of October.

Bro. Alder reports the branch at St. Louis as flourishing under the direction of Elder D. M. Stuart. They have good meetings, and considerable interest is felt in them, quite a number of strangers attending.

Business East was somewhat dull, but an improvement was looked for, the prospects for harvest being good throughout the States.

SHORT AND SHARP.—The Cheyenne papers tell of a murder, and summary execution that occurred at Fort Saunders a week ago. On yesterday week, the 14th, a soldier, named Brown, was behaving in a disorderly manner, when Lieutenant W. W. Bell ordered him, as punishment, to carry a knapsack. The soldier, instead of obeying, seized a gun and shot the officer on the spot. Brown was instantly arrested, and shortly after was shot by twenty-four of his comrades.