

## BY TELEGRAPH.

## AMERICAN.

SYRACUSE, N. Y., 25.—A stock train ran away from the strikers this morning, but they pursued on an engine and compelled the fireman to leave, and brought the train back a distance of six miles. Late to-night striking brakemen, firemen and conductors, in a meeting at East Syracuse, unanimously resolved to recommence operations on the road to-morrow morning. All trains will be started at the earliest possible moment.

HORNELLVILLE, 25.—The following is the substance of the conditions of the settlement of the strike: The men to go to work at the uniform reduction of ten per cent.; also of the land occupied along the track by acknowledging the companies' title. No discharges on account of this strike, and no arrests unless for dangerous, criminal offenses. The restoration of discharged committeemen is left to the company. The Governor has been requested by telegraph to remove the troops. There is general satisfaction on all sides.

NEW ORLEANS, 25.—Jules Guidry was, to-day, executed at Lake Charles for the murder of John Beale, who he declared seduced his wife. He asserted his indifference to death, and said he would commit the deed again. He behaved with great bravado on the scaffold. The fall killed him instantly.

PHILADELPHIA, 25.—Company I, of the Sixteenth Regiment, has been disbanded for insubordination, cowardice and mutinous conduct in furnishing ammunition to the rioters at Reading, on the 24th inst.

PITTSBURG, 25.—Wm. Phillips, who is charged with having followed the Philadelphia troops in their retreat out of Pennsylvania Avenue on Sunday morning, and shooting them has been arrested and jailed. He is a native of Pittsburg. A large number of rioters and incendiaries have been arrested and will be brought to a speedy trial. Among them are those charged with firing the Union depot. The coal miners of Monongahela Valley are all out, and they, together with the iron workers and mill hands of McKeesport, held a meeting to-day, at which over 2,000 were present. Fears are entertained of a famine in this city unless the freight embargo is removed soon. A close estimate of the provisions in this city shows but ten days rations. The river is low, and no transportation by water is possible. Some street car lines are reduced to twenty-four hours feed for their animals, and will stop running to-morrow.

HELENA, Mont., 25.—A letter from Missoula, dated 23rd, via Deer Lodge, 25, has the following:

William Silverthorne, who says he started for Lewiston two weeks since to buy horses, was captured by Joseph's band and detained eight days. He escaped last night, and came to Lieutenant Woodbridge's picket on the Lolo trail. He says the band is within forty miles of Missoula and 300 strong.

Capt. Rawn starts up Lolo, to-day, with 75 volunteers and fifty regulars to meet them.

Silverthorne says they have only thirty horses.

Rifle pits are being dug at the post. Other letters confirm this report, but suggest that it is Leeking Glass' band. Captain Rawn proposes that whoever they are they shall surrender or fight.

SAN FRANCISCO, 25.—The citizens' committee began to assemble at 7 o'clock p.m., at Horticultural Hall, and the building was soon filled. About 8 o'clock W. T. Coleman, president, called the meeting to order, and had scarcely done so when a message was received that a fire had broken out in the Pacific Mail dock. It was soon ascertained that the fire was in a large lumber yard near the dock. One hundred of the committee armed with clubs were dispatched to the scene, followed soon after by 100 more. The remainder of the committee was then told off in companies by wards, and with the exception of about 200 hundred proceeded to the city hall to await orders of the chief of police. Sixty were dispatched to Sixth and Howard Sts., to disperse the crowd collected there smashing Chinese houses. All members of the committee were armed with police clubs in addition to pocket firearms carried by nearly all. Muskets will soon be issued if necessary. The fire at the lumber yard is now raging fiercely. A crowd of several thousand people is collected there. A

heavy force of police and vigilantes is standing guard. News has just been received that a man detected in cutting hose had been shot down in his tracks. Vigilantes have closed the streets leading to the scene of the fire. The fire alarm has just turned in from the corner of Stockton and Broadway, and forty vigilantes were dispersed to keep order. All is quiet in the central portion of the city. No call has yet been made on the military.

Midnight.—The fire at the corner of Stockton and Broadway is extinguished and peace restored. A man was run over and killed by a hose cart on the way to the fire. Squads of vigilantes are scattered throughout the northern and western portions of the city, and no breaches of the peace are reported in those localities. South of Market Street small bands of hoodlums are ranging around and breaking into Chinese houses. Vigilantes are following them. At the Mail Dock and vicinity the excitement and disturbance is increasing. The fire is still raging, but appears to be under control in the direction of the Mail Dock, but is spreading northward along the city front in lumber yards, and westward towards Front Street. The mob is becoming more demonstrative and with difficulty is held in check. They are attacking the police and vigilantes with stones. One policeman was crippled by a stone and two vigilantes are reported shot. The force charged on the crowd with clubs and pistols, firing about fifteen shots, and forced them back. General Cobb, in charge of the vigilantes, reports that the riot is increasing and asks that military be dispatched to his assistance, but the chief of police, Ellis, declined to have troops ordered out except as the last resort. Reinforcements of vigilantes have been dispatched to the scene and now between three and four hundred are on duty there besides the police. A strong force of vigilantes is held at the city hall to be sent when required, and a number remain at headquarters, Horticultural Hall.

An Oakland dispatch says, all is quiet there. Citizens are guarding the town.

Later.—The city fire alarm has just turned in the corner of Mission and Stewart Streets, a few blocks from the present conflagration, and in the immediate vicinity of extensive lumber yards and manufacturing establishments.

NEW YORK, 25.—The *Herald's* London special says, the riots have made a deeper and more painful impression in England than any event since the outbreak of the war of secession, in 1861.

The *Daily Telegraph* says, a very painful impression is produced here by the action of Governor Williams, of Indiana, in declaring that he would not interfere between the strikers and the Railway Companies. It is the impression; however, among the more reasonable portion of the English people that Williams' remarks have been incorrectly cabled to this country. Thousands of the holders of American railroad securities in England cannot be made to believe that the Governor of a State in the Union would decline to protect the rights of property.

The *World* says, Captain Byrnes has just captured two of the holders of the stolen bonds of the Missouri Pacific Railway. The bonds were ten of \$1,000. The documents number from 792 to 801 inclusive. The names of the men are Hecker and Morris. The latter lives in this city.

The *Times* editorial says, with characteristic cowardice a San Francisco mob has threatened the Chinese residents and wrecked several Chinese shops and houses. This is merely because the Chinese are unpopular, because they do not vote, and because they work for low wages. Inflamed by the reports of the riot in the Eastern cities, the rough element in the city, unemployed and noisy, look about for the means of expressing sympathy. The defenceless Chinaman is the most convenient object, and his head is straightway cracked. No more conclusive evidence of ruffianism and cowardly brutality of the average loafer could be found. The people who sack Chinese houses and stone Chinamen are not workmen. The San Francisco people call them hoodlums—terms which include everything that is base and mean. Hoodlum is a non-producer, loafer, and bully. The hoodlum class think this a good time to signify their hatred of law and order. The

old Californians threaten to revive the vigilance committee of 1856, which hanged rioters and outlaws without the usual formalities of law.

Advices from Ecuador, South America, state that the damage done by the late eruption of Cotopaxi amounts to over \$1,000,000. Many lives were lost, and over 1,500 head of cattle destroyed.

CHICAGO, 25.—The *Tribune's* London special says, to-day, the harbor of Portsmouth witnessed an interesting sight. The first detachment of troops for the Mediterranean embarked for transport on the *Euphrates*. Early in the morning the trains began bringing crowds of sightseers and friends of the officers and men, about departing on a long cruise. Hundreds of marines and raw troops were engaged in unloading huge vans of ship stores and masses of luggage, and tumbling them down the gangway. The busy scene was rendered still livelier by the appearance of the Sixty-Fourth and One Hundred and Eighty Regiments by train.

ALBANY, 25.—Governor Robinson received the following dispatch early this morning, from Hornellsville:

"The strikers have made a surrender. I await your orders as to what disposition I shall make of the troops, as soon as they can be moved from here.

(Signed) "WOODWARD, Inspector-General."

CHEYENNE, 25, 11 a.m.—The following has just been received:

Deadwood, D. T., 25.—James Ryan, a resident of Spearfish City, just in, states that Lieut. Lemly, with his company of soldiers, augmented by a dozen civilians, left this point on Sunday morning, with two day's rations, and have not been heard from since.

Lieut. Reynolds, with twenty soldiers, had just arrived there from Hot Creek, and was getting ready to go out in search of them.

Two large bodies of Indians were seen yesterday morning, on the Redwater, about five miles from Spearfish.

Kipinger's ranche, on Crow creek, was attacked by Indians yesterday. Seven men were occupying it at the time, two of whom escaped and made their way to Spearfish; the others have not been heard of since. The Indians captured all the stock and burned the ranche and hay.

Later.—Intense excitement prevails throughout the city. At short intervals, since yesterday morning, horsemen have been arriving from the different towns and hayfields in this vicinity, bringing details of fresh murders and outrages by the savages, who seem to have broken loose from the agencies in large numbers, and are infesting the country in all directions. Up to this hour, 2 p.m., at least twenty murders have been reported. Some of the murdered are well known citizens of Deadwood, who went to the relief of Lieut. Lemly and the survey party. Nearly every ranche along the Redwater and in Spearfish Valley has been devastated. (Note—Line has been down.)

WASHINGTON, 25.—By request of the President, the Secretary of the Treasury will soon dispatch a revenue cutter from San Francisco to Sitka, to take measures to protect public property and assist the collector of customs in enforcing the laws and regulations for the government of Sitka.

CHICAGO, 25.

10.45 a.m.—Advices from West Twelfth Street state that the mob is holding a small detachment of police in check. One policeman is seriously wounded. The Second Regiment has been called out to assist the police.

It is stated that at ten o'clock this morning the police had a fight with a mob on Newberry Avenue, in which fifteen of the rioters were hurt. A squad of mounted veterans, with drawn sabres, charged the Sixteenth Street mob; 150 of the rioters were wounded, ten killed outright, and six policemen wounded.

11.30 a.m.—Two boys were killed at the Halstead Viaduct, and one policeman is reported killed.

At 11.40 the artillery left their quarters for the scene of the conflict, which is now Halstead and Sixteenth Street, and in a few minutes after their arrival the booming of cannon showed that the regulars had opened on the mob with grape and cannister.

The mob of last night gathered in force on the south side, early this morning, and renewed its depredations and acts of violence. It

began with some 2,000, and swelled to a multitude before noon. It showed savage bravado, and seemed fearless of itself; however, when 300 police, under officer Kainly, charged upon the mob it broke up after a hot encounter, reunited again shortly, and prepared for another encounter. At Sixteenth Street and Halstead Viaduct an interchange of shots, stones and invectives succeeded, then the police beat greinforced broke into the mob with a yell that was heard for blocks away. The reinforcement consisting of a new squad of police, and a company of armed cavalry, under Colonel Agramonte, began, in conjunction with the police, a deadly assault. The results of which are imperfectly known.

A gang of the mob ran a passenger train off the track at Twelfth Street, this morning, and after allowing the passengers to escape, smashed the windows and furniture of the several cars.

The second regiment, the mounted horse, and the regular veteran force of Chicago are on the scene of battle.

The President has authorized the use of troops.

There are now here two companies of the 22d Infantry, and four more will arrive this afternoon at two o'clock, and six of the Ninth Infantry. General Drum has ordered them to stop off the cars at the scene of the riot, which they pass on coming in.

ALBANY, 25.—All quiet at West Albany. No further disturbance is apprehended. The shops will probably be opened to-morrow.

ERIE, 25.—The railway officials announce that the strike at Hornellsville is ended, and the Erie Railway is now open.

ST. LOUIS, 25.—This morning nothing has been done on the part of the strikers or their allies to create positive alarm. A number of manufacturing establishments were closed, last night, by the strikers, including a number of flouring mills. The shutting up of the latter is not wholly approved by the strikers proper, but the rabble, so far, have had matters pretty much their own way. The most unruly of the mob are negroes. The Merchants' Exchange has closed, subject to the order of its president, and a great many of the business houses have shut up. It is claimed that the citizens' guard numbers 5,000 and is rapidly increasing.

Governor Phelps has telegraphed to Governor Cullam, of Illinois, for permission to station a force at the east end of the bridge to guard it against incendiaries or molestation of any kind. A proposition was made by the mob at Lucas Market to stop the street railroads, which was carried with a hurrah.

INDIANAPOLIS, 25.—Noon.—All is quiet, and the order of the strikers now is that all the roads out of here run one train a day each way, carrying mails and passengers, hauling as many coaches as may be necessary. No express or other freight is allowed.

CINCINNATI, 25.—Everything is quiet this noon. All the passenger trains are running except on the Ohio and Mississippi, and they propose to start the St. Louis express this evening.

The city is exceedingly quiet, to-day, and no apprehension of violence for the present, as the citizens and authorities have taken measures to have the city thoroughly patrolled day and night, by a well-armed guard. Business is stagnant and growing worse hourly. No freight trains moving.

SAN FRANCISCO, 25.—All is quiet this morning, the only man known to be killed is Herman Gudwill, note teller of the London and San Francisco Bank. Several were dangerously wounded on both sides.

CHICAGO, 25, 3:30 p.m.—Some cutting of the telegraph wires occurred this morning on the Chicago and Northwestern Railway, and the mob attempted to prevent the telegraph force from replacing them.

All the cigar makers in the city have struck.

At this hour the police have dispersed the crowd on Halstead Street, where the fight occurred this morning, and everything is quiet. The mounted police are patrolling that section, and allow no gatherings of any kind.

The truth about the cannon firing seems to be that the artillery fired two shots, but that the guns were only loaded with powder. The number of casualties reported is large, and the names will be sent as soon as obtainable. At present the mob seems pretty well broken

up, but will probably gather again before to-night.

The rioters have been busy all day in various parts of the town, but chiefly between Canal and Green Streets and between Twelfth and Twenty-second Streets. The fighting has been carried on in these limits almost exclusively, and has been continuous and bloody, if not as fatal as might be expected. The police have rarely been the aggressors, but whenever they have attempted to break up a mob they have in the long run succeeded. They have arms of the most effective sort, and whenever they appear the mob scatters. The police do not command so great respect, because the impression prevails that they will generally fire too high to hit or shoot blank. The arrests have been numerous, and hardly a man has been taken to the station without a rush being made to release him, or a consequent interchange of shots. The police begin to complain that they are being shot and stoned down in that vicinity, as the rioters whenever the military disappear attack them with stones and pistols. A *Times* reporter was attacked by the crowd on Halstead Street a few minutes ago, and responded by shooting one man. One of the police has just been dangerously wounded. A foreman from the Illinois Packing House, just in from the yards, says the men attempted to work this morning, but were driven off by the mob. He says that \$125,000 worth of meat will be spoiled to-day in that establishment.

Later.—This afternoon an attempt was made by plug uglies to fire freight cars on the Chicago, Burlington and Quincy Railway by burning some combustibles in one of the cars. Some employees of a firm in the vicinity put out the fire. This is the first attempt of incendiaryism.

9.40 p.m.—The Second Regiment, the cavalry and a large squad of police a short time ago marched to Halstead Street viaduct and there met the mob. At this time heavy firing is going on. A volley of perhaps 100 rounds has just been fired. The result is not yet learned.

11.05 p.m.—The firing at the viaduct was less deadly than expected. Two volleys were sent into the mob, which had the effect of dispersing it, probably for the night. No casualties are reported. The second regiment is quartered on the viaduct for the night. The total number of those known to be killed cannot exceed fifteen. Of these three bodies are at the morgue. The others have been taken in charge by their friends.

Midnight.—The situation at this hour is briefly this: The police have retired to well earned rest. The Second regiment is encamped in the viaduct where they intend to stay all night. The mob appear to be dispersed and few are in sight, but it is not unlikely that they will appear before morning and renew the fight. The two volleys last fired were fired by the Second regiment and resulted in no deaths so far as is known.

ROCHESTER, N. Y., 25.—The New York Central Railroad is entirely open and trains are running as usual east and west.

JACKSON, Mich., 25.—The strike on the Michigan Central and branches ended at six o'clock. Division Superintendent Brown and a committee of strikers had a consultation and came to an amicable understanding. The strikers go to work with the assurance that their grievances will be settled by arbitration and justice be done. Trains were started moving to-night and no further trouble is anticipated on this road.

DETROIT, 25.—Advices from Jackson represent the Michigan Central strikers are in possession of the depot of that company, and no trains have been allowed to leave to-day. The morning mail train for Chicago was stopped at this point and not allowed to proceed.

The Canada Southern strikers, at a full meeting to-day, unanimously decided to rescind the resolution to strike, and will begin work immediately. These men have earned great credit for their action throughout. The business on the American side will now proceed uninterruptedly.

PHILADELPHIA, 25.—Six more rioters were arrayed before the police magistrate this morning, and in default of \$5,000 bail were held to answer.

TOLEDO, 25.—Except a few riotous demonstrations there is no trou-