

# THE EVENING NEWS.

GEORGE Q. CANNON,  
EDITOR AND PUBLISHER.

Tuesday, June 8, 1899.

(Special to the Evening News.)  
By Telegraph.

## GENERAL.

San Francisco.—Legal tenders 733.  
Chicago.—G. M. Pullman and a party of twelve friends, including Fitch and Simonton, left Omaha for California in a special train yesterday.  
A Santa Fe telegram reports that the U. S. depository has been robbed of three hundred thousand; on Saturday, J. L. Collins, the depository, was found dead in a room, shot through the heart. There is no clue to the robbers.  
James Washington, colored, has sued the Quincy Packet Company for \$2,000 damages for refusing to allow him a seat at the regular table, and afterward ejecting him from the boat.  
The Tribune's New York special says the case of Judge Fullerton, for whisky frauds, will probably be postponed again on account of the illness of Judge Nelson. The District Attorney is ready to proceed with the case, but Judge Nelson is unable to attend Court.

A morning paper says a ship which cleared for San Francisco, sailed yesterday for Cuba with 800 men, mostly recruited in the West and commanded by Colonel Hendry, formerly Captain of an Ohio regiment; the men were fully equipped and most of them have seen service.

New York.—At the monthly meeting of the Xavier Alumni Society yesterday, Archbishop McCloskey delivered an interesting address, in which he warned young men against secret societies, and especially against Free Masonry. He said he was astonished at hearing learned gentlemen of another faith express the belief that the Catholic Church could not be serious in her prohibition of Free Masonry as Archbishop Hughes and several eminent priests, and even Pope Pius IX were Free Masons.

During a fight in the 21st Ward yesterday, between John Bennett, James Brady, and James Lynch, Bennett, stabbed both his antagonists. Brady's wounds were mortal.

The report of the deputy commissioner of revenue shows that during October, November and December, 1898, fifty-seven per cent. of our domestic exports, and ninety per cent. of our re-exports were transported in foreign vessels.

Cleveland.—The tug *Asa Cowell*, yesterday afternoon, exploded her boiler, blowing the tug to atoms. Captain George Greenhalgh, jr., was instantly killed; others are supposed to be lost, as there were several men and boys on board, only five of whom were rescued from the water, one being severely injured.

The Pearl Oil Works were burned on Sunday morning; loss \$10,000. No insurance.

Chicago.—Washington specials say that J. Russell Jones has not been appointed Minister to Belgium, as stated.

In consequence of the failure of Congress to pass the necessary appropriations the work on the different defensive works throughout the country will be nearly suspended.

The Administration has determined to make no more foreign appointments at present; this leaves Sanford in Belgium, and Minister Marsh in Italy.

Gen. Schoenck will sail for Europe on the 9th; he will not accompany the ways and means committee to California.

The Tribune's special says, a negro has been appointed a joiner in the navy yard, which has greatly excited the Joiners' Union.

The new Peruvian Minister has arrived; he will be presented to the President this week.

The commission to adjudicate the difficulties between Spain and the South American States will probably assemble at an early day, wherein our government is to be represented.

No official information has been received of the recognition of the Cuban insurgents by Peru, and the State Department does not consider it of much importance if true.

It is stated on unquestionable authority, that Spain has about 30 light draft gunboats building in this country for guarding the coast of Cuba.

The graduating class at the Naval Academy will start from Boston in the frigate *Sabine* on their yearly cruise early next month; they expect to spend next winter in the Mediterranean, and thence visit Asia and South America.

Gen. Jeff. Davis will soon be relieved of the command of Alaska. One of the California papers, some weeks ago, printed articles, which have been widely copied in the East, in which it was charged, and shown by specifications, that a good deal of lawlessness exists among the soldiers there, and that outrages of an indecent character had been perpetrated upon a number of women; that some of the officers were greatly addicted to drunkenness, and others were openly living with abandoned women as mistresses. Official reports also show that the Indians and natives have been abused and maltreated in many ways, and that, in a word, there is a deplorable lack of discipline among a portion of the troops. The President has made an inquiry into the matter, and finds that the newspapers have, by no means told the worst, and an officer more efficient than Gen. Davis has been proved in this field will be sent to take his place.

There is considerable excitement arising over the municipal election in Washington, which occurs to-day; the Democrats charge the Radicals with importing negroes from Maryland and Virginia. It is reported that the Conservatives have got out warrants for the arrest of several hundred of these negroes. The Democrats have not nominated any ticket, but will support the independent and citizen's ticket.

St. Louis.—A Denver dispatch says, arrangements have been made by Governor Evans for the early completion of the Denver Pacific Railroad. He starts east to-morrow morning to complete the contract with the Union Pacific for laying the track and equipping the road.

Omaha.—Generals Sheridan and Doubleday and party arrived yesterday, and will leave for the West to-day.

Atlanta, Georgia.—Gen. Terry gave a military escort to Sheriff Norrie to Warrenton, and has sent troops to assist him

in arresting the assassins of Senator Atkins.

Albany.—The National Typographical Association appointed a credential committee and adjourned till noon. One hundred and twenty delegates were present.

The large shops for building the bridges at Oswego for the Erie Pacific Railroad were burned this morning.

Boston.—Jas. M. Murdoch, a wealthy retired merchant, residing at Brighton, was thrown from his carriage last evening and killed; his sister, Mrs. Wilder, and two other occupants of the carriage, were considerably injured.

Washington.—The President has issued an executive order, defining the duties, etc., of the commission of citizens appointed under the authority law for the management of Indian Affairs. The first regulation allows the Commission to make its own organization, employ clerks, etc.; the second allows the Commission to inspect the records of Indian offices and obtain full information therefrom; the third gives power to inspect the various Indian superintendents and agents, to be present at the payment of annuities, etc., and to advise superintendents and agents in the performance of their duties; the fourth authorizes them to be present at the purchase of goods for Indians, to inspect the said purchases, and to advise with the commissioners of Indian Affairs with regard thereto; the fifth authorizes the commission that whenever they deem it advisable for the instructions of superintendents and agents be changed or modified, they will communicate such, through the office of the Commissioner on Indian Affairs, to the Secretary of the Interior, and in like manner, their advice as to any changes in the modes of purchasing goods or the conduct of the affairs of the Indian bureau proper, or complaints against superintendents or agents or other officers are, in the same manner, to be forwarded to the Indian bureau or to the Department of the Interior for action; the sixth says that the commission will, at their board meeting, determine upon the recommendations to be made as to the plans for the civilization of or dealing with the Indians, and submit the same for action in the manner above indicated; the seventh is with regard to the manner of accounting with the Treasury Department; the eighth empowers all officers of the Government co-operate with the commissioners, give them all facilities, opportunities, and aid in the performance of their duties; the ninth requires the Commission to keep the necessary records of their proceedings.

Commissioner Parker instructs the army officers assigned to duty as Indian Agents and Superintendents as follows: "It being the wish of the government to collect the Indians and locate them in permanent abodes upon their reservations, reasonable appropriations having been made to assist them in sustaining themselves after such permanent location by the pursuits of civilized life, you are earnestly requested to use your best endeavors, in co-operation, to advance this humane and wise policy; hence you will use every means to inform yourselves as fully as possible respecting the condition of the Indians in your Superintendencies, impressing the Indian mind, upon every opportunity, with the views of the government, and thus prepare them to submit to the change in their mode of life, to pursue more congenial to a civilized state. You will endeavor to keep constantly before their minds the pacific intentions of the government, and obtain their confidence by acts of kindness and honesty in dealing with them, thereby securing that peace which it is the wish of all good citizens to establish. Montpelier.—The Union block at St. Albans, was damaged by fire, yesterday, to the amount of \$30,000.

The trial of the noted Buffalo and Boston whisky frauds commenced to-day.

Cincinnati.—The bodies of two unknown men, supposed to have been drowned at the time of the late steamboat fire, were found in the river to-day.

A kettle of melted brass was accidentally poured upon Fred Buddie to-day, burning him shockingly; he will scarcely survive.

It has been discovered that Geo. D. Hastings, Secretary and Treasurer of the Hartford Trust Company, embezzled over \$20,000 of the funds in the Hartford, Connecticut Co. Bank, while the Cashier of that institution; the deficit has been made good by his father; he has been obliged to resign his position in the Trust Company.

St. Louis.—Dispatches from Western Kansas say that a courier from Adjutant-General Morehouse, who left for Saline with the scouts on Friday, reached Ellsworth on Saturday, for help to take care of the wounded. The courier reports that what are left of the Swedes in that region were preparing to leave for Chicago, by mail. A party due at Fort Laramie on the 24 inst., had not been heard from, and it was supposed had been captured. Guards had been sent to different stations on the railroad to protect life and property. Bands of Indians had been discovered crossing the railroad, going north and south. A surveying party, attacked on the Solomon river a few days since, came into Hays city on Saturday, being unable to do anything on account of the Indians.

Louis A. Della has brought a suit against Bartou Able, formerly United States Revenue Collector, for taking possession of his distillery last December, laying the damages at \$20,000.

Chris Weiser, a very respectable German, committed suicide last night, by shooting himself.

Washington.—Commissioner Delano has decided that the stamps issued by the warden of the Western Penitentiary of Pennsylvania on boxes of cigars made there are without the slightest authority of law.

There has been considerable rioting during the day on account of the election; the excitement in the afternoon assumed serious proportions, amounting almost to a battle between the police and negroes, who attacked Chas. Stewart and attempted to lynch him; the police, rescuing him with difficulty. Several of the police were injured with stones, etc., by the negroes. Finally, after warning the negroes to disperse, the police fired a volley into the crowd, killing one and wounding several. Mayor Bowen soon appeared on the ground and was busily engaged in endeavoring to restore order and quiet; the excitement was allayed with difficulty.

Louisville.—Considerable excitement prevails in the lower part of the city, caused by the weekly meetings of the W. Bank negroes, who, it is alleged, are uniformed and have regular drills; steps have been taken to ascertain if the

meetings are of a peaceful or warlike character.

Summit of the Black Hills, 8,250 feet above the sea level, June 7th, seven o'clock p.m.—The Pullman dining car, the "International," the pioneer of its class over the Pacific Railroad, is passing the Summit, accompanied by two of the Pullman palace sleeping cars, forming a part of a through train to Sacramento. Among the passengers for the East are General C. Cook, formerly of Colorado, and his wife and child; Governor Brown, of the Chicago Tribune; and wife; Miss Stewart, of Chicago; Professor Miller, of the Rush Medical College; Mr. Waite, proprietor of the Brevoort House, New York, and wife; the San Francisco Bulletin, and wife and two children; William Swinton, of the New York Times; Elliott, of the Oregon Central Railroad Company, and wife and child; Simonton, of the Associated Press, and wife, and others. One hundred and thirty-six passengers in all. The dining car seats forty-eight at the table at once, in its centre; it is light, bright, and pleasant. The kitchen, with the ice box and provision cellar, is beneath. Dinner is now being served, while moving across the wilderness at the rate of thirty miles per hour, over an excellent road, in cars free from dust and thoroughly ventilated, with a delicious soft mountain air. The party is partaking of as luxurious a meal as a first class Eastern hotel can afford. The vote is unanimous that no railroad traveling in America or Europe equals this in comfort or pleasure for men, women or children.

Washington.—Attorney General Hoar gives an opinion, at the instance of the New York, Newfoundland and London Telegraph Company, that the control of telegraphic communication with foreign nations by means of cables leading from the shores of the United States is within the Constitutional authority of Congress to permit, regulate or prohibit, and there can be no security for such enterprises while no authority or protection for them has been derived from acts of Congress. He says that the separate States may grant the enjoyment of their own rights and soil and of the privileges within their control, but they cannot grant rights which interfere with or limit the paramount Constitutional authority of the United States.

Rev. M. J. Cramer, U. S. consul at Leipzig, and brother-in-law of President Grant, arrived here on Saturday evening, accompanied by his wife; both are stopping at the Executive Mansion. The President has appointed Joseph T. Hoyle U. S. marshal for Nebraska. Albany.—In the National Typographical Convention this afternoon, the committee on credentials reported, calling attention to a large number of proxy representatives, and recommending their rejection; also recommending the admission to seats of the ladies representing the women's Typographical Union of New York. The report was accepted. A long discussion followed on the question of proxy representation, which was finally referred to a special committee. The divisions in several of the Unions were also referred to a special committee.

The President read the annual report, showing the condition of the Union. He strongly recommended the recognition of woman's labor, and urged that a charter be granted to the women's Union at New York.

The Treasurer's report was read. The Artemus Ward fund had increased during the past year \$1,185.

D. W. Flynt, of Washington, offered a resolution that it is a subversion of the letter and spirit of the Constitution of the Typographical Union and in violation of its organization, to make race or color a qualification of membership, and that it would be unjust in a subordinate union to deny such a right to a printer solely on that ground. This motion and the New Orleans resolutions were tabled 56 to 28.

Leavenworth.—A large excursion party of Eastern railroad men, representing several of the principal roads connecting New York and Chicago, arrived here to-day. The visit is in connection with making a direct line from New York via the Lake Shore, Michigan, with the Southern Rock Island railroad to this city, and hence to the Kansas Pacific at Topeka.

Atlanta, Ga.—The Warrenton Clipper pronounces the letter purporting to have been written by Mrs. Atkins, a forgery. General Terry has ordered two companies of infantry to Warrenton, with instructions to the commanding officers to aid the civil authorities to ferret out the murderers.

Washington.—No disturbances have occurred to-night; the vote was lighter to-day than at the municipal election last year. The Republicans nominated J. F. Cook, colored, for register. One colored candidate for Alderman, out of seven, will, it is probable, be elected, and six colored councilmen out of 21.

FOREIGN.

Berlin.—The Parliament of the Zollverein has elected Herr Simpson president and Prince Hohenlohe vice president. Prince Hohenlohe thanked the Chamber for his re-election and said that this vote in his eyes had great political importance and the confidence shown in him would encourage him to proceed and persevere in the course he considered right to bring about a good understanding, reconciliation and union among the German people.

Madrid.—Admiral Topete read Gen. Dulce's telegram announcing his resignation as Captain General of Cuba before the Cortes last evening; great excitement prevailed. Marshal Serrano asked for a suspension of judgment until the arrival of Dulce and until the particulars of the matter were known. It is rumored Dulce is recalled on account of leniency to the Cuban insurgents.

Paris.—Lavalette officially declares the warlike rumors recently published in the newspapers are without foundation.

San Francisco, 7.—Honolulu advices to May 24, say there was a severe earthquake at Malakal on the 24th of April, which caused considerable alarm but no serious damage.

Despatches for the Duke of Edinburgh had been received at Honolulu, and his advent was looked for with considerable interest.

Leprosy prevailed to an alarming extent on the island of Tahiti, a favorite resort of whale ships. Over half the population were affected, and the disease was spreading rapidly.

A letter from Dublin says that O'Donovan Rossa, the Irish patriot, has suffered greatly in his imprisonment; he was kept five weeks with his hands manacled behind his back night

and day. Rossa and five companions are in Chatham Jail.

Havana.—Mexican dates to the last instant state that Rosca's denial that he has asked to remain. The sentiment of the Mexicans is against selling any portion of their territory to the Americans, but they do favor a protectorate.

Madrid.—There is much anxiety about Cuba on every hand; the Government is unwilling to publish the telegrams received from Cuba, which augments the uneasiness.

London.—The Liberal journals deplore the course adopted by the Conservative press in respect to the Irish Church bill. The Times predicts that if the policy of rejection is carried out at a later period, with a sense of humiliation. It says the bill must pass, the agitation by the voice of the House of Commons has so pronounced, and it can not recede.

Paris.—The ballots in several cases are yet undecided; the election is going on quietly in different departments.

Vienna.—Bishop Linse having refused to obey a legal summons to appear before a secular Court was arrested and brought to the Court by the police.

Paris.—The bay colt "Glaucur" won the grand prize of a hundred thousand francs yesterday, beating eleven horses. The Emperor and Empress, the Queen of Holland and other notables were present.

New York, 7.—The Herald's Madrid special says the New Constitution was promulgated yesterday, with great pomp. At 2 o'clock in the afternoon the members of the Executive Council and the deputies to the Cortes proceeded from their chambers to a platform erected in front of the House of Congress. The Secretary of the Cortes read the Constitution which was received with loud cheers by an immense concourse of people. On returning to the chamber the deputies took an oath to support the Constitution. When the deputies were returning from the platform some hisses were heard in the street and a tumult ensued among the crowd. The disturbance was increasing and threatened to become serious in spite of the efforts of the troops to stop it, when the military governor of the city appeared and with great presence of mind rushed among the foremost rioters, shouting "vivas a la nacion." This changed the feeling of the mob, who joined in cheering the governor and the tumult ceased. Only two men were killed and several wounded. The deputies subsequently returned to the platform and witnessed a grand military review of over 30,000 troops. The enthusiasm manifested was great. It was noticed, however, that none of the Republican deputies participated in the proceedings or in the civic procession which followed during the afternoon. In the evening there was a grand banquet and an exhibition of fireworks. At least a hundred thousand visitors from the country were in Madrid, during the day to attend the celebration.

The remains of several Spanish celebrities have arrived here for deposition in the Pantheon.

In the Cortes, to-morrow, a bill will be presented by the majority, creating a Marshal with power to sanction the laws or dissolve the Chambers.

The Post says there is a report through a private channel, this afternoon, to the effect that forty thousand Cuban insurgents had surrendered to Generals Valmendez, Buena and Berio, and that quiet reigns in Havana; this information comes from Spanish authority, and is addressed to persons in the Spanish interest.

Havana.—Surgeon Quinn, of the U. S. ship *Saratoga*, died yesterday of yellow fever. There are three cases of fever on board the *Saratoga*. She sailed to-day for Key West.

Acting Captain-General Uspeler has issued a decree that for the future, when appointments are to be made of officers for the service of the Government, that veteran or disabled soldiers shall have the preference.

The following advices have been received from Mexico: Ignacio Mariscal has been appointed Minister to Washington; Gomez Palacio has been made one of the Commissioners under the institute, for the settlement of claims with the United States. The Mexican Congress has adjourned.

London.—Paris letters state that strong pressure is brought to bear in undecided election cases to prevent the return of Opposition candidates; the contest between Thiers and Shee, and between Favre and Henri Rochefort, is regarded with much interest.

The probable election of Rochefort as a personal if not a deadly insult.

The ultimate result of the elections and their effect on the Government are regarded with great curiosity. The Government is fully alive to the heaviness of the blow and the difficulties it will have to meet in future if the Opposition prevail. Its friends tender advice freely, but the only solution probable, in such a case, is a Parliamentary government, which the Emperor regards with particular aversion. The Government is inclined to do something as soon as possible, and with the least inconvenience; but if the halting results in favor of Rochefort, a step will probably be taken immediately.

London.—In reply to the Conservative deputation to-day, Lord Derby said he spoke as a unit in the House of Lords, not wishing to influence the minds or fetter the action of others; and said that while many members of the House of Lords are friends of the Irish Church bill and wish to amend and not reject it, he was persuaded that rejection was the only course, and he believed the bill would be rejected by a large majority, and he was convinced that such a course was the safest in such a revolutionary step. He felt satisfied that it would receive the assent of the Conservatives of the country, who would continue to increase their support if coercive powers were attempted.

A meeting of the Conservatives was held in London to-night, at which resolutions were adopted, condemning the Irish Church bill.

It is understood that Gladstone proposes, in case the Lords reject the bill, to prorogue the present session of Parliament immediately and inaugurate a new session. In order to insure the passage of the bill, it is proposed to create a new batch of peers, including the Marquis of Hartington, Lord Amberley and the eldest sons of most of the Liberal peers, and all the Scotch and Irish peers now without seats in the House of Lords.

The Pall Mall Gazette regrets the bad effect that the position the Lords have assumed, will have on Ireland, particu-

larly in regard to the land question, and says that to rule, in a sense of deciding what a motion shall or shall not decide upon, is beyond the competence of the House of Lords or any other governmental body.

The prosecution against the bank directors Bradshaw, Manget and Abbes, for conspiracy and fraud, has been discharged; but Mr. Finley has been held for trial.

## NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

### THEATRE.

Lessee and Managers—H. E. Clawson & J. T. Oates.

Second Week

AND

CONTINUED SUCCESS

Of the Brilliant and Talented

HOWSON

OPERA, BURLESQUE and COMEDY

TROUPE!

This Evening,

TUESDAY, JUNE 8, 1899,

BY SPECIAL REQUEST,

Will be repeated,

THE GREATEST SUCCESS OF THE AGE.

Offenbach's Comic Opera, in 3 Acts, entitled

LA GRANDE

DUCHESSE

DE GEROLSTEIN!

La Grande Duchesse, (her Original Character in California)

MISS EMMA HOWSON

Wanda.....Miss Emma Howson

General Boum.....Mr. Frank Howson

Prinz.....Mr. P. Margot

Baron Fug.....Mr. A. Thorne

Nepomuc.....Miss C. Cassanta, etc.

Ladies of the Court, Singers, etc., by EFFICIENT CHORUS, composed of Ladies and Gentlemen of Company, and other Musical Talent.

—The whole of the Original Music—

To conclude with the very successful Comic Opera, by Offenbach, entitled

PIERETTE

OR,

La Rose St. Fleur.

Pierette, keeper of a Small Winehouse, Miss Emma Howson

Marchon, a brazier.....Mr. Frank Howson

Capelou, a Ladies shoemaker.....Mr. John Jerome

—Doors open at 7 1/2 o'clock. Performance to commence at 8.

U. S. Land Office.

PAY FOR YOUR LAND, and from this time on buy what you need of GROCERIES, DRY GOODS, HATS, CAPS, etc., etc., of

ROSS & BARRATT.

You will thereby soon save enough to handsomely improve your Homesteads. They having determined, until further notice, to sell their stock of NEW GOODS and old at Cost and Fifty per Cent under cost, with a view to changing their business to one STRICTLY STAPLE.

Main Street, Salt Lake City, June 8.

—108-1m

RETIRED

From the Grocery and Provision Trade

I INTEND TO CLOSE ON SATURDAY NEXT, June 12th, and having to raise sufficient means to pay my debts, I propose to SELL, at a great discount, the Week, both Wholesale and Retail, FOR CASH.

Holders of Due Bills, and those indebted to me will please govern themselves accordingly. The Premises for Rent, excepting the Basement.

—107-6

GEORGE CODDARD.

Wonderful Medical Discovery!

THE MOST WONDERFUL DISCOVERY in the known world is WALKER'S VAM-CAN BITTERS. They are a sure cure for every disease in Man, Woman or Child. No person can take them with proper nursing, and remain long sick. JOSEPH WALKER. Sold at all the principal Druggists.

—102-1m

Notice of Dissolution.

N. S. RANSOHOFF & Co.

THE firm of N. S. Ransohoff & Co. has this day been dissolved by mutual consent. All persons having claims by note, or otherwise, against the firm are hereby notified to present the same within thirty (30) days from date to Conrad Prag & A. Gans, at Salt Lake City, Utah Ter., who are alone authorized to settle the same and to collect all debts and claims due the firm.

All persons indebted to said firm are requested to call at Prag & Gans' and settle their accounts immediately.

N. S. RANSOHOFF, C. PRAG, A. GANS.

Salt Lake City, May 8, 1899.

—101-1m

14th Ward Co-operative Store,

FIRST SOUTH STREET.

Near west end of City Meat Market.

HAVE on hand a general assortment of Staple Dry Goods and Groceries, Hardware, Notions and Provisions. We buy and sell Produce, and are always ready to accommodate our friends.

—117-1

MARTIN LENZI, Supt.

PUBLIC NOTICE.

BY virtue of an Order to me directed from the Probate Court of Morgan County, I, the undersigned, will offer by private sale one House and Lot, situated in the 14th Ward, Salt Lake City, being the property of the late Isaac C. Morris, deceased. All persons having any claims against said estate must be presented on or before the 20th day of June, 1899. For particulars enquire of

June 2, 1899.

—112-2

R. V. MORRIS, Administrator.

LOST or STOLEN

A BOUT six weeks since, from John Malen's house, between Salt Lake City and Brigham City, one Gun, containing 12 Rounds of White Letter Paper, manufactured by Wm. A. Webb. Any person giving information concerning the above to CALDER & BROS. will be rewarded.

## NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

Wm. H. Hooper, H. S. Eldredge, L. S. Hill.

HOOPER, ELDREDGE & Co.,

BANKERS,

EAST TEMPLE STREET,

SALT LAKE CITY.

DEALERS IN

Gold Dust,

Coin,

Exchanges,

Land Warrants,

Etc.

COLLECTIONS MADE AND PROMPTLY

REMITTED.

CORRESPONDENTS—

Riggs & Co., New York.

Bank of California, San Francisco.

Union National Bank, Chicago.

Haskell & Co., St. Louis.

—1165-3m

NEW STOCK

NOW IN STORE.

Ladies', Misses' and Children's Glove Kid,

Serge, Goat and Calf

GAITERS and BALMORALS.

Ladies' Carpet and Kid

SLIPPERS and BUSKINS.

The best stock of Ladies shoes in the City.

Also, MEN'S, BOYS' and YOUTHS'

CALF and KIP BOOTS.

Serge, Calf and Buff

GENTS' and BOYS' HATS</