

DESERET EVENING NEWS.

GEORGE Q. CANNON,  
EDITOR AND PUBLISHER.

Monday, May 25, 1888.

PROTECTION AND ELEVATION  
OF THE INDIANS.

A LARGE meeting has been recently held at the Cooper Institute, New York, at which it was resolved to form a society for the protection and elevation of the Indians in the Territories. So we were informed by the eastern dispatches a few days ago. We have heard no further particulars respecting the formation of the society, or the steps which are likely to be taken to accomplish the objects of its organization. There is a large field in which a society having such objects in view can labor. Men whose hearts overflow with sympathy for the negro, and who would rather see the Republic rent into a thousand pieces and a fratricidal war raging throughout the land than that the negro should be kept from what they view as his rights, smile approvingly at plans for the extermination of the Indian. The negro is "a man and a brother," and for his benefit the blood and treasure of the nation should be freely expended and the very existence of the nation itself endangered; but the Indian is a wild beast, a creature whom it is meritorious to kill, and whose extermination would be a most desirable consummation!

Every unprejudiced person who is familiar with the capabilities of the two races must look upon this difference of feeling as most strange. The rights of the negro is a subject upon which politicians and editors are never tired of dilating. It is the most popular and thoroughly-ventilated topic of the day. It is the hobby upon which hundreds expect to ride into power. The redemption of the negro is to be achieved, let the consequences be what they may. He must be fully enfranchised, and at least be placed on an equality with the white race. But who cares for the Indian? Whole tribes of that race may be ruthlessly blotted out of existence, and whose sympathies are aroused? The few who dare raise their voices against the outrages that are perpetrated upon them are ridiculed, and their protests are disregarded. There is no political power to be gained by urging the claims of humanity in their behalf; but it is more profitable and popular to magnify their crimes, paint them more bloody and cruel than they are, and cover up the crimes of the whites which, in many instances, are the foundation of the retaliation which the Indians inflict.

The old Puritans were credited with entertaining the idea that the Indians were the counterpart of the idolatrous heathen of Canaan, whose inheritance was to be given into the hands of the children of Israel. According to their harsh theological opinions, the Indians were children of unregenerated nature, and reprobate and accursed of God. Assuming that they, themselves, were the covenant people, and the others the idolaters who were to be "cleaned out," they had but few scruples about fulfilling, in this respect, what many of them imagined to be the divine will.

Now-a-days it involves too much trouble to go to the Bible for reasons and justification for killing the Indians; other pleas are set up. Advancing civilization, expediency and necessity demand their annihilation. They are on the track in which empire is marching, and, *volens volens*, must be removed. The flat has gone forth respecting them. But we are glad to hear of the formation of a society for their protection and elevation. It is needed. Though they are a blood-thirsty and ferocious race, experience has proved that, like other human beings, they are not insensible to kindness. But we have serious doubts about the society accomplishing the objects contemplated in its formation.

(Special to the Deseret Evening News.)

By Telegraph.

GENERAL.

Virginia City, M. T., 23.—The coach, bound south, was robbed about 10 o'clock this morning on Dry Creek, twelve miles south of Pleasant Valley Station, by three masked men, armed with shot guns and Henry rifles. They took the treasure box, containing \$1,500 in gold dust and between \$300 and \$500 from the passengers.

NOMINATION APPROVED.  
Republican journals of California and Nevada all express their hearty approval of the Chicago nomination and platform. Some of the Democratic journals admit the great popularity of Grant. The Union journals which opposed Gorham last fall, sustain Grant and Colfax.

SANDWICH ISLANDS ITEMS.  
San Francisco, 23.—The steamer *Idaho* brings Sandwich Island dates to May 9. The Honolulu *Gazette* says up to 29 April, there had been no further accounts of volcanic action on Hawaii, and the earthquakes have ceased in violence and frequency, although the whole island was still moved with slight vibrations and two smart shocks have been felt so far as Honolulu. Reports were that lava had again broken out in Rapahapa, but they were not credited. The full details of the first eruptions more than confirm the accounts previously sent. At Kahuku, April 7, the lava burst forth through a fissure nearly three miles long, and ran in a few hours twelve miles, from a

height of 3,500 feet to the sea, where it caused a projection half a mile in length.

The Legislative Assembly was considering a proposition to offer a subsidy equal to that of the United States to induce the running of a second steamer to and from San Francisco.

Collections were making for the relief of the sufferers by the earthquakes. At Honolulu \$3,000 dollars was raised in response to an appeal from Queen Emma.

The Legislature passed an act reducing the legal interest to nine per cent on all unspecified contracts, when the savings bank at once reduced the interest on their deposits to six per cent.

LOWER CALIFORNIA.

The steamer *Sierra Nevada*, from Mexico, ports, brings advices from Lower California to the 11th instant. The ex-collector of Lopez had returned with a force of 200 troops under Gen. Davalos, who took possession of the custom house and imprisoned acting Gov. Galana, who is accused of a conspiracy to transfer the country to the Americans; but the cause of this action is not clear. One correspondent suggests that it may be on account of admitting cargoes of European goods at a reduction from regular duties.

GRANT AND COLFAX SERENADED.

Chicago, 23.—Grant was serenaded last evening. After the band had played "Hail to Our Chief," Grant appeared at the door of his residence, and in response to loud calls, Boutwell, of Mass., introduced the General to the crowd. Then Grant said: Gentlemen, being entirely unaccustomed to public speaking and without a desire to calculate that power, it is impossible for me to find language to thank you for this demonstration, and all I can say is this, that to whatever position I may be called by you, I will endeavor to discharge its duties with fidelity and honesty of purpose. Of my rectitude in the performance of my public duties, you will have to judge yourselves by my record in the past. Three cheers were then given for Grant, and about a hundred centered round the house and congratulated him.

The procession then moved to the residence of Speaker Colfax, who appeared in response to calls, and was introduced by Ruke, of Maine. Colfax made a short speech, congratulating them on the auspicious opening of the campaign, paying a high eulogy to Grant, and warmly endorsing the platform. He concluded by predicting a complete victory in November and a return to peace and prosperity which should eclipse the most brilliant annals of the past.

CHASE TO BE REMOVED.

The *Herald's* special says if the President be convicted on Tuesday, a bill will be introduced for such reconstruction of the Supreme Court as would get rid of Chase, and, under the rule of Ben Wade, put Stanton at the head of the highest judicial tribunal of the country.

BOWLER AGAINST IMPEACHMENT.

Senator Fowler filed an opinion against all the articles of impeachment yesterday. It is quite lengthy and very ably prepared. The filing of this opinion leaves only seventeen Republican Senators uncommitted on the remaining ten articles.

MORE DEVELOPMENTS.

The conservative Senators will move on Monday for a committee of investigation to probe the charges against Senator Pomeroy by Col. Cooper.

Cooper, sworn, before the impeachment Managers, he had been approached by a person acting in the name of Senator Pomeroy, proposing for \$40,000 to secure enough Republican votes to obtain acquittal. The letter of Pomeroy, produced by Cooper, reads as follows:

Senate Chamber, Senate—Sir, I will in good faith carry out any arrangement made with my brother-in-law, Willis Gaylord, to which I am a party. Signed, S. C. Pomeroy. Pomeroy publishes a card in the *Intelligencer* utterly denying that he ever wrote or authorized the above.

BANKS IMPLICATED.

One witness yesterday testified that he gave Banks one thousand dollars to help to elect him to Congress.

EXPRESS CO. ROBBED.

Cincinnati, 23.—The Adams Express Company was robbed of three safes last night on the Jeffersonville Railroad, while the train was taking wood and water at Marshfield. The robbers seized the engine and disconnected the express car from the train and started off in the direction of Seymour. While in motion they broke into the express car, disabled the messenger and threw him out of the car. The engine and car were found deserted at an early hour this morning, standing on the track about a mile south of Seymour.

MORE DETAILS OF THE EXPRESS ROBBERY.

Chicago, 23.—Additional details have been received of the great express robbery on the Jefferson and Indianapolis Railroad last night. Two ruffians jumped upon the engine, overpowering the engineer, fireman and four others, and got on the express car, detaching it from the train. From thirty-eight to forty thousand dollars were taken.

METHODIST GENERAL CONFERENCE.

In the Methodist General Conference to-day, Bishop Jones, colored, of the African Conference, now in session in Washington, was received into the organization. He presents a desire to unite with the Methodist Episcopal Church, if allowed to do so on terms of perfect equality. He represents some 360 ministers and sixteen annual conferences. The Methodist Conference will consider the proposition on Monday.

NEW ARTICLES OF IMPEACHMENT.

The Republican's special says that Stevens has three new articles of impeachment prepared, which will be submitted to-day. Action on them is not known.

HEAVY FRESHET.

Albany—A heavy freshet prevails here. The water is very high at the pier. The steamboat landing is submerged. Boats and barges are in universal use by the merchants who will suffer damage.

INDICTMENT OF LEWIS.

The Grand Jury has found an indictment against M. M. Lewis, member of the Legislature, for bribery on the Erie bill. Several other indictments were brought in and it is believed that other members of the Legislature will be involved.

LAND SUBMERGED.

Augusta.—A dispatch from Lake City says that a few days ago two acres of land in Hamilton Co. suddenly sunk to a depth of fifty feet. The channel was immediately filled with water. The tallest trees were submerged, and the water now covers four acres.

PREPARATIONS FOR A GRAND BANQUET TO BURLINGAME.

New York.—Mr. Burlingame informed the committee which waited on him that diplomatic courtesy required that he should pay his respects to the Government at Washington, after which he could doubtless accept their invitation to a banquet. Preparations have accordingly commenced for a sumptuous entertainment.

WILL ADJOURN.

The Tribune says it is understood that the Court of Impeachment will adjourn on Tuesday without voting on the remaining articles, the managers being unwilling to risk another vote at present.

600 MILES OF THE U. P. R. R. COMPLETED.

Chicago, 24.—The Union Pacific Railroad is completed and open to business six hundred miles west of Omaha. Sixty miles have been built this spring. The company have a larger force of laborers than ever before.

REQUISITION ON THE W. U. TELEGRAPH OFFICE.

The Impachment Managers have made another requisition on the Western Union Telegraph Office for telegrams passing between certain parties named by the Managers, but the Company declined to furnish the copies.

HEAVY RAINS.

Springfield, Mass., 25.—Recent rains have raised the Connecticut River to a point higher than before, this year, and caused considerable damage to the crops.

LABORERS' STRIKE.

Several hundred Irish laborers, employed at the Rutland, Vermont, marble yards, struck for higher wages. The employers refused to comply and sent to Canada and engaged 500 French Canadians, who have gone to work. This has greatly excited the Irish and threats have been made to destroy the quarries. The authorities have made extensive preparations to suppress any demonstration that may occur.

A HEAVY BURGLARY.

New York, 25.—A heavy burglary was perpetrated on Saturday night on the safe of Grady, Betts & Co., No. 7 Old Street, Slip; bonds, drafts, &c., to the amount of \$8,500 were stolen. There is no trace of the thieves.

FOREIGN.

ORDER RESTORED.

San Francisco, 23.—The steamship *Montana*, from Panama, brings Mazatlan dates to May 14. Order reigns in that city, since the reinstatement of Gov. Ruhl. Gen. Corona has arrived with 1800 men, making a total of 3,000 quartered in Mazatlan. Festivities and enjoyment ruled the day. News from the interior was gloomy, there being much misery and disorder still, although many improvements such as railroad, telegraphs, etc., are projected.

VOTE OF THANKS TO NAPIER.

London.—In the Commons, Disraeli moved a vote of thanks to the Commander of the Abyssinian expedition.

ABDICATION BROACHED.

Mr. Reardon, member for Athlone, gave notice that he would propose the following question to the government: If the health of the Queen is such as to detain her Majesty from London, that the Ministry advise abdication. The question was ruled out of order.

ZOLLERIN DIET CLOSED.

The Zollverein Diet had adjourned. The session was closed by King William of Prussia, who made the customary speech, in which he said he hoped the results of the session would strengthen the sentiment of mutual trust between the peoples of the various States of the Confederation and prove that the Germans, though apart in some of their interests, were one people in warm brotherly feeling. The King closed by saying the rights entrusted to him by Germany would be earnestly exercised as his highest rule of action.

EXECUTION OF PRINCE ALFRED'S WOULD-BE ASSASSIN.

London, 23.—Advices from Sydney say that Prince Alfred left for England in command of his ship, the *Colaba*. He was well. The attempted assassin of the Prince was executed on the 22nd of April.

DISPATCHES FROM NAPIER.

London.—Official dispatches from Gen. Napier were received to-day. The army had reached the sea-board, and will soon embark for England. A portion of the native infantry had already sailed for Bombay.

BARRETT TO BE EXECUTED.

London, 24.—The efforts to prove an alibi in the case of Barrett, the Clerkenwell conspirator, have failed, and his execution will take place at the expiration of the week for which he was reprieved.

MORE FIGHTING IN CRETE.

Latest Cretan accounts say that a battle was fought on April 4th on the Plain of Horation, in which 3,000 Cretans repulsed a vastly superior number of Turks, who were supported by regular Circassian cavalry. On the 6th the Cretans achieved another victory.

DISTRESS AMONG THE CRETANS.

Sixty thousand Cretan refugees in Greece are exposed to great misery. The Greek Government has spent three million dollars to save them from starvation.

PASSING THROUGH.—A train of ten wagons, with nine families, from Oregon and Washington Territory, halted on East Temple Street, to-day. They are on their way east, with their substance and their "household gods." They report having experienced eleven days of rain, and of course are in a condition to speak understandingly on the mud question. Their animals looked in good condition, and the pilgrims were feeling as comfortable as "heavy wet"—not spirituous though—would permit.

A lady, who was startled out of sleep by some one trying to enter the house, "who is there?" "Your late husband," was the impertinent reply.

EDITORIAL SUMMARY.

By the treaties recently concluded between the Peace Commissioners and the Indian tribes, the Ogallala branch of the Sioux, numbering about 2,000, were to leave by the 20th instant, for their reservation in Central Dakota, between the White River and the Yellowstone. The Brule Sioux, (Spotted Tail's Band,) have agreed to leave for the same reservation by the 27th inst. A reservation has been set apart in the Big Horn River country for the Crow. The Cheyenne and Arapahoe can go South to the Arkansas reservation, or North with the Brule Sioux, as they choose, one month being given them to decide.

The Cheyenne *Argus*, from which we glean the above particulars, says that if these treaties are kept by both the Government and the Indians, we shall have peace and prosperity and be no longer troubled with Indian outrages. But the *Argus* seems to doubt such a happy consummation, for it further adds, that there is no faith to be placed in either the Government or the Indians.

An engraving machine has been invented by Messrs Field and Guernsey of Salem, North Carolina. The principle of its construction can be adapted to all kinds of work requiring the use of a graver or chisel. Newspaper cuts on wood or metal and every variety of letters can be engraved with great facility by turning a crank, and the most delicate photographs, the most complicated letterings and the finest engravings can be accurately copied on wood or steel by this machine. The invention has been patented.

A remnant of the Mohawk tribe of Indians—the most powerful tribe of the Iroquois confederation, otherwise called the Seven Nations, now resides in New York City, engaged in making slippers, moccasins, cuffs, needle-books, pin cushions, etc. The whole party numbers about one hundred, of whom thirty are children, the majority of the remainder being women. They come from Caughnawaga and other places on the St. Lawrence river, where the main body of the tribe, still existing, has resided for about a hundred years past. Formerly, those now residing in New York, used to visit the metropolis every year, but for two or three years past they have resided permanently there. They profess the Roman Catholic religion, and attend Catholic places of worship. With the exception of two they do not speak English. One of these two, acts as interpreter for the whole. His name, in English, is Richard Downey, in Indian, A-ni-shen-thane. He has picked up his English by traveling for several years, giving illustrations of Indian manners and customs. The younger members of the female portion of this remnant of a mighty nation, are pronounced decidedly handsome, and manifest one trait of character very general among Indians—the love of bright colored articles of clothing, with which, as far as their means will allow, they attempt to adorn themselves.

The condition of the Jews, within the past few years, has been greatly improved in the various countries of Europe, and to-day throughout nearly the whole of that continent, with the exception of Roumania, their civil status is, or is likely soon to be, on a par with their Christian neighbors. In Roumania, however, they are now undergoing a trying ordeal, being subjected to a series of persecutions, as unjust and as aggravated in their nature as their forefathers had to endure in the middle ages.

A bill was recently introduced into the Roumanian Chambers which, if it become law, will divest the descendants of Abraham dwelling in the Danubian Principalities of every particle of liberty. They will be banished entirely from the villages and rural districts of the country and permitted to live in the cities only upon gaining the unanimous consent of the municipal and parochial authorities. Any attempt at the infringement of this provision will subject the offender to expulsion from the country. No Jew, if this bill is passed, will be allowed to buy or sell real estate, lease lands, inns, mills, distilleries, stables, vineyards nor meadows; neither to keep nor herds, to take or to bid on contracts for public supplies. If they would carry on any branch of trade or commerce they must first obtain a permit from the authorities, or be declared and treated as vagabonds. For selling food, even, to any but Jews, their right to reside in the country will be forfeited.

All Israelitish societies and congregations will be disbanded under this law, and all former enactments to the contrary repealed; and any Christian encouraging a Jew to transgress these provisions will be subject to the loss of all civil rights for a period of from three to ten years.

There are several other provisions equally as unjust as the preceding, and it really seems as though the framers of this bill had taxed their ingenuity to the utmost in order to rival the darkest ages of Jewish persecution.

The bill was referred to a special committee with instructions to report thereon, and the action of the Legislature in reference to it may be shortly expected. It is hardly probable, however, that it will become law. Not but what the party by whose influence it is said to

have been introduced—the impoverished aristocracy of the country who are deeply in debt to the Jews—will use all their influence to have it so, but the leading powers of Europe have already protested against it. And it is also stated that the Marquis de Moustier, French Minister of Foreign Affairs, has received a note from the Bucharest Government declaring that it would not give consent to the Bill.

Correspondence.

BOUNTEFUL, May 24, 1888.  
Editor *Deseret News*.—It was only week ago last Monday, since Bountiful was called to mourn the loss of one of her faithful sons who died, it is supposed, of consumption; and now, this afternoon, we are called to mourn the loss of one of her noblest, bravest and best citizens. Elder Jeremiah Willey, who met his death to-day about two p. m. A few minutes before this hour, he was sitting in the house with the partner of his youth, engaged in cheerful conversation, when he rose to leave, remarking, "I will go and see where the calves are." His wife bid him not go, and offered to go herself; but he said, "No, I will go." He went, and only a few moments had elapsed when a cry was heard. "There is some one in the creek!" The creek runs across the main road near the school-house, below brother P. G. Sessions' house, and passes on by the north end of the late A. V. Call's lot, and across the road running east and west, on which brother James Duncan lives, and thence at the back of brother Willey's house. A search was instantly made, and his body found. Restoratives were administered but life was extinct. It is supposed that he must, soon after leaving the house, and on reaching the creek, have fallen into a fit, to which he has been for a long time subject, and then while struggling got into the water. His death has spread a gloom over the Ward, and filled the hearts of many with sorrow. Further particulars will undoubtedly be forwarded in a few days.  
Yours truly,  
WM. THURGOOD.

DOG.—The centre of the city is measurably relieved from the canine nuisance, but they flourish in the outskirts, we learn, and numerous complaints are made concerning them. A few cases of "mysterious death" in the dog family might have a salutary effect in reducing their number or inviting prompt attention to the City ordinance requiring registration and collars. If the nuisance is not abated, some of the canines may get accidentally "poisoned" to the grief of the owners.

WEATHER.—They are having a spell of weather at other places, as well as in this city, as we learn by the Deseret Telegraph Line, which furnishes us the following:  
Logan; raining hard.  
Ogden; raining very hard; very muddy.  
Provo; sun shining, but looks like more storm.  
Cedar City; clear, but windy.  
St. George; rained every day for the last five days, but is clear now.

REPREHENSIBLE.—Some young people with more knife-blade than good taste and common sense, seem to enjoy the reprehensible practice of shaving the bark off young shade trees by the side-walks. Whoever sees any person so engaged should take the quickest and most effectual manner of stopping them; if in no other way, march them down to the City Hall, for we think they are liable for injury done to other people's property. Boys, if any of you have been doing it, stop it; whittle dry chips and let the trees alone.

PHONETICS!

CLASSES IN  
SHELTON'S SYSTEM OF PHONOGRAPHY  
Meet at  
Morgan's Commercial College,  
East Temple Street,  
Every Evening at 8 o'clock, except Saturday and Sunday. Persons interested are invited to attend.  
Terms Reasonable!

DESERET TELEGRAPH COMPANY

HAS ESTABLISHED  
TELEGRAPH OFFICES  
At the following places, viz—  
Cachoe County,  
LOGAN, County Seat,  
Waltville.  
Box Elder County,  
BRIGHAM CITY, County Seat,  
Willard City, or North Willow Creek.  
Wasatch County,  
OGDEN CITY, County Seat,  
Kaysville.  
Salt Lake County,  
SALT LAKE CITY.  
Utah County,  
PROVO, County Seat,  
American Fork,  
Springville,  
Bountiful Fork,  
Payson,  
Saratoga.  
Juab County,  
NEPHI CITY, County Seat,  
Mona, or Willow Creek,  
Chicken Creek.  
Sanpete County,  
MANTI, County Seat,  
Fountain Green,  
Moroni,  
Fairview, or North Bend,  
Alton,  
Springtown,  
Fort Gunnison,  
Gunnison.  
Willard County,  
FILLMORE CITY, County Seat,  
Belpre, or Round Valley,  
Cove Creek.  
Beaver County,  
BEAVER CITY, County Seat.  
Iron County,  
PAROWAN, County Seat,  
Cedar City.  
202 Washington County,  
ST. GEORGE, County Seat,  
Kamas,  
Washington.  
Salt Lake City, May 18, 1888.  
d1821w-3321w-w1821w

THEATRE.

James & Manager—H. K. Glavin & J. T. Coles.

Tuesday Ev'g, May 26

Engagement of the Distinguished Lyric Artist,  
Travelling and Dorothea.

MADAME MARIE METHUA

SCHELLER!

Who will appear in her chaste personation of

ANNIE LEE!

WITH SEVERAL SONGS.

Will be presented, Tenyson's beautiful Idyl of  
the Heart, Dramatized by Miss Juliette de  
Marguerite, in 5 Acts, entitled,

ENOCH  
ARDEN;

Terminated a full and honest

UNDER THE PALM!

ANNIE LEE, the prettiest dame  
of the port, (with songs).—MADAME SCHELLER.

Enoch Arden.....Mr. D. McKenzie  
Captain Sterling.....Mr. J. M. Hardie  
Phillip Ray.....Mr. J. O. Graham  
Benbow.....Mr. P. Margette  
Walter Arden.....Miss Olive  
Boatwain.....Mr. A. Merrill  
Mayor.....Mr. E. Matthews  
Peter Lane.....Mr. J. B. Kelly  
First Sailor and Villager.....Mr. J. E. Hyde  
Second Sailor and Villager.....Mr. E. D. Crowther  
Third Sailor and Villager.....Mr. H. Haines  
Miriam Lane.....Mrs. M. Bowring  
Father Arden.....Miss Alexander  
Sailors, Villagers, etc., by powerful Chorus  
and Corps de Ballet.

The Scene is laid in Village in Corn-  
wall, walk. Time, 1760.

DOORS OPEN AT 7 1/2 o'clock. Performance  
Commences punctually at 8.

187

WANTED,

TWO YOUNG LADIES,

BETWEEN the ages of 15 and 18 years, as  
APPRENTICES to the PRINTING BUSI-  
NESS, in the

"JUVENILE INSTRUCTOR" Office.

None need apply unless they have received  
tolerable education.

GEORGE Q. CANNON.

JUST IN! JUST IN!

ANOTHER TRAIN, LOADED FOR US,  
BRINGING

A CHOICE ASSORTMENT OF

Prints,

Delaines,

Hickory,

Stripes,

Sheetings,

Bleached Cloths,

Tickings,

DENIMS, SKIRT BRAIDS,

Linen and Cotton Threads,

CIRCLE COMBS,

NAILS, GLASS,

ROPE,

GRAIN CRADLES,

SUGAR,

COAL OIL,

WAGON SEEDS, &c., &c.,

TO BE SOLD OFF AT

VERY LOW FIGURES!

All Desiring

SUPPLIES of any DESCRIPTION

WILL DO WELL TO CALL!

WALKER BROS.

GO TO

JOHN McDONALD'S

FOR GREEN SALT

If you want Good Green Salt, and Con-  
siderable quantities, call on John McDona-  
ld, South of Deseret, between