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TRUTH AND LIBERTY.

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OIL STOVE,
The Best Oil Stove Made.
Will Boil and Bake at the same time and with the same Heat.
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FOR TRIMMING DRESSES,
EXTRA WIDTH,
SUPERIOR QUALITY,
FINEST COLORS.
For Sale by Z. C. M. I.
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BAKING POWDER
Absolutely Pure.
This powder never varies. A marvel of purity, strength and wholesomeness. More economical than the ordinary kinds, and cannot be sold in competition with the multitudes of low test, short weight, alum or phosphate powders.
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Manufacturers of and Dealers in COTTON SAIL DUCK, "Woodberry," Drumd Mills "POLHEMUS" and other favorite brands, all numbers—Hard, Medium and Soft.
DUCK FOR OVERALLS, BLUE, BROWN, OR IN THE GRAY
COTTON CANVASS of all numbers—14 to 154 inches wide for Deck, Car, Trunk and Wagon Coverings, Machine Aprons and for other purposes, constantly in stock and made to order.
Agents for U. S. Hunting Co., "Standard" and "Eagle," by the Case or less quantity. These Goods can be obtained at Z. C. M. I.

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Is the Old Reliable Concentrated Lye for FAMILY SOAP MAKING. Directions accompany each can for making Hard, Soft, and Toilet Soap quickly. It is full weight and strength. Ask your Grocer for SAPONIFIER, and take no other.
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SIX-CORD
Spool Cotton
FOR SALE
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BY
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ADAMS & CO.,
PITTSBURGH, PA.,
Manufacturers of
Crystal and Colored Table Ware, Lamp Goods, Jelly Tumblers, Jelly Pails, Etc.
A full line of our Goods can be found at Z. C. M. I. and its branch Stores, Little & Roundy's and Clark, Eldredge & Co's. d

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WHITE AND COLORED
THE BEST in USE.
Z. C. M. I. SOLE AGENTS. Can be obtained at all their branch stores throughout the Territory. dAs alt

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Office, 63, Pine St., New York.
Constantly on hand a complete stock of this well known and justly celebrated
GUNPOWDER!
Blasting, Kentucky Rifle, Fair Lawn, Duck, Electric Fuse.
For sale by Z. C. M. I. and all the principal Stores in the Territory, and by
H. B. CLAWSON, Agent.

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CHAS. WANLESS,
Announces that he has commenced business in
CENTRAL BLOCK,
West of the Opera House,
SECOND SOUTH STREET
Where he will carry a full stock of
STOVES, TINWARE,
— AND —
House Furnishing Hardware.
SPOUTING, METAL ROOFING,
And all kinds of
Tin and Sheet Iron Work
Done to order at
BED ROCK PRICES!
Call and examine Goods and Prices before purchasing. d

BY TELEGRAPH.

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AMERICAN.

Sullivan's Failure — McCaffrey Not Knocked Out in Six Rounds.

CINCINNATI, 29.—The sparring match between John L. Sullivan and Dominick McCaffrey, this afternoon, did not attract so great a number of people as was expected. At four o'clock, when it was thought the match would begin there were not more than 5,000 people at Chester Park. The audience was not ill-behaved, nor did it manifest impatience at the delay of the exhibition. It was 4:30 o'clock before the preliminary boxing began. The platform for the match was set in the middle of the track between two stands and was thirty feet square, and five feet from the ground. An inner ring of twenty-four feet square was marked by three ropes around eight posts, which were padded on the inside. The spectators were admitted to the rope within twenty feet of the platform and besides filled the stands, fences and all the other available points. An ample police force prevented any breaking of the ropes. From 4:30 until 5 o'clock the time was spent in a number of short boxing contests, that served to keep the attention of the crowd and to even awaken enthusiasm. When one man was knocked senseless on the ropes, it kept the attention so closely that Sullivan was not observed pushing his way to the platform and was not recognized until he mounted, when there was a brief burst of applause. He wore a silk armor over his chest, but his arms were bare. His cream-colored tights were encircled with a crimson sash. He was accompanied by his seconds, Arthur Chambers and Tom Delaney, and went to his corner. Ten minutes later Wm. Muldoon, master of ceremonies, made the formal call for McCaffrey, or some friend to go after him. A cheer was the response and a carriage appeared with the other contestant. McCaffrey was received with wild outbursts of enthusiasm. He seemed to be in perfect physical condition. He was attired the same as Sullivan, except that his flesh-colored tights were encircled by a maroon sash. Considerable time was spent in choosing a referee.

The first round began amidst almost breathless silence. McCaffrey made the first lead, but Sullivan stopped him easily, and in the cautious work which followed, both succeeded in getting slight blows. McCaffrey ducked to avoid a heavy blow, and as he arose struck wildly at Sullivan and was pressed to the ropes, where he fell to his knees. Rising, they clinched, Sullivan managing to give McCaffrey a light blow as they did so. This was repeated, and the round closed.

There was but a minute's breathing spell. Sullivan opened the fight this time by a blow which McCaffrey artfully evaded. McCaffrey then made a fierce drive at Sullivan, which was dodged gracefully, but McCaffrey gave him a resounding tap on the back of his neck as he recovered, which started a chorus of cheers. Another of the same kind set McCaffrey's admirers wild; a clinch followed, Sullivan getting in a blow on McCaffrey. He then pushed McCaffrey to the ropes, where danger seemed imminent, but McCaffrey slipped away and the men went to their corners.

The third round was the worst for McCaffrey. He struck out for Sullivan, but to no purpose, and in the quick work that followed McCaffrey slipped down. Sullivan then began to push McCaffrey, and the latter took up the tactics of running away, but finally made a stroke, which Sullivan easily eluded. Quick as thought Sullivan closed on McCaffrey and pressed him down, growing apparently vicious. He drove McCadrey toward his own corner, and pushed him down across the ropes. Here some one called time, and many thought the round had closed, but the referee told the men to go on, and they did, Sullivan driving McCaffrey over to his own corner, where the latter fell, either by Sullivan's blow or by tripping against a chair, and slipped almost off the platform. McCaffrey was cautious and closed with Sullivan, each delivering short range blows of no force. After McCaffrey was pressed down the second time, time expired.

Sullivan opened the fourth round with a blow on McCaffrey's jaw. It looked as if McCaffrey's powers were waning, while Sullivan was apparently fresh. McCaffrey made no ventures, but continually clung to Sullivan. Sullivan managed to reach the side of McCafferty's nose, and to bring a shower of blood. The round ended with another fall by McCaffrey, though not claimed as a knock-down.

In the fifth round both men seemed willing to be careful; they played with each other for a while, when McCaffrey got a light blow in on Sullivan, then Sullivan attacked, but McCaffrey ran away, and the latter returned the attack, which Sullivan escaped by his favorite method of ducking. After more play, with no work, time expired.

In the sixth round Sullivan seemed desperate; it was apparent he was growing weary, while McCaffrey was fresh. Sullivan closed and they gave a number of in-blows and separated. Sullivan kept pushing his adversary around, and when near the ropes they clinched and both fell. Rising, Sullivan closed again, but this time McCaffrey got away without a fall, and delivered a light blow on Sullivan, who sent a terrific blow back, but McCaffrey ducked and escaped, and the time of the sixth round expired.

Instantly there was a shout all over the vast crowd (which by this time had swelled to 7,000) in honor of McCaffery, whom all supposed had won the match. He had stood up against Sullivan through six rounds and seemed able and willing to go on to a finish. He was overwhelmed with congratulations, while Sullivan was left to be cared for by his stage attendants only. As the crowd understood the terms, it was a draw, and thus a virtual victory for the young Pittsburger, but after some time, when three-fourths of the people had started for the train, and while the remainder were in loud discussion of the merits of the match, Mr. Muldoon made the announcement, which only a few heard, that the referee had declared to give the match to Sullivan on the ground that he had made the greatest number of points. This announcement was wholly inaudible at the press seats and various versions of it were circulated, among others, it was given because of a foul. Sullivan left the platform with no demonstration in his honor, but McCaffrey's friends were jubilant notwithstanding the referee's adverse decision, and they lifted him to their shoulders and bore him amid the cheers of the spectators to his carriage.

The decision was decidedly unpopular, probably owing to the doubtful understanding of the terms. It was generally supposed that Sullivan was to knock McCaffrey out in six rounds or less in order to win, and McCaffrey himself stated that, after the match was over, he thought so. He even wanted to go on to the finish, but that was impossible as Sullivan had left the platform. Being asked if there was any ground for the claim of foul in that he had kicked Sullivan, he replied that there was none whatever. On the contrary, he said at one time when Sullivan was getting up from their fall and had his back to him, one of Sullivan's friends cried: "Look out John," but he told them not to be concerned. He did not want to take any undue advantage. McCaffrey himself feels that he is the virtual winner. He fought at 165 pounds; Sullivan at 205. He stood up through six rounds and was willing to continue. There were not wanting persons who decried the exhibition as a poor one. Sullivan did not deliver one full blow. McCaffrey probably aggregated as many hits as Sullivan, but his lighter weight made him appear weak in comparison with his antagonists. There is no question that the popular vote would have been decidedly in his favor.

The conditions of this contest were that McCaffrey agreed to meet Sullivan here in a glove contest of six rounds or to a finish, scientific points to be considered, the winner to take the gate receipts less the share allowed to the manager. When the agreemen reached Sullivan he disapproved of the clause about the scientific points, and the agreement was closed upon the conditions thus amended. When the referee took his place to-day he did not ask for the agreement, nor did anyone produce it. The official merely stated that it was for a six-round glove contest for the championship of the world.

When the six rounds were ended, Mr. Muldoon, master of ceremonies, called on the referee for his decision. The referee said, but in a tone only to be heard by those nearest him on the platform: "I decide that all through the contest Sullivan has had the best of it. Besides that, on one or two occasions when McCaffrey went down, he struck Sullivan on the leg." Muldoon then made a public announcement that the referee gave his decision in favor of Sullivan. He did not repeat the reasons for the decision. There was no claim of "foul" on behalf of Sullivan by himself or anyone for him, and the referee at the time did not call attention to it. The decision, therefore, seems to turn upon scientific points, the very thing to which Sullivan would not agree.

It is generally understood that the conditions were that Sullivan was to knock McCaffrey out in six rounds if not sooner, the latter clause being expressed by the words, "or to finish." The whole matter of the conditions is in a muddle, no two persons understanding them the same way.

Sullivan appeared none the worse for wear this evening. Upon being asked his opinion of McCaffrey, he said: "I don't care to say much about him. He has made a great deal of newspaper talk about wanting to stand up blow for blow, and is a pretty clever fellow, but if to-day's prize fight had been under London prize ring rules, I would have knocked him out in the second round."

Continuing, the pugilist remarked, "I am about done with fighting anyhow. I have whipped every man they have brought across the water, and am not running around after a new man to fight." Sullivan, speaking of the referee's decision said, "He gave me the fight because I had the best of it. McCaffrey fouled me two or three times, and acted as if he were trying to get me to foul him."

McCaffrey, who presented an excellent appearance to-night, did not have much to say about to-day's contest, but his manager, Billy O'Brien, displayed a receipt for $100 forfeit money now in the hands of Harry Weldon, the sporting editor of the *Enquirer* for a fight with bare knuckles, with John L. Sullivan, time and place to be hereafter arranged. Both McCaffrey and his manager expressed confidence in the young Pittsburg's ability to down the champion in a furture encounter.

McCaffrey's challenge to Sullivan is for $2,500 and the championship of the world. Bare knuckles are to be the rule and the fight to be to the finish. It is to take place in Wyoming or any other place where it will not be interfered with, and fought within three months after signing the articles.

Suit for Several Millions.

SAN FRANCISCO, 29.—A decision was rendered to-day by Superior Judge Maguire, in the case of Witcher Jones, formerly of Danville, Virginia, against Jos. Brandenstein, Estman Bachman & Co., et al., which, from the amount of money involved, and the prominence of the persons concerned, has attracted much attention. The plaintiff claimed that he entered into a partnership with Brandenstein, Bachman & Co. in September, 1881, for the purpose of manufacturing tobacco under the name of the Seal Rock Tobacco Company. That on January 9th, 1882, his partners, without his knowledge, formed a partnership with Moses Heller, Henry Sutliffe and others, and organized the J. B. Pace Tobacco Company. That defendants have paid themselves from the dividends of the company since its organization $1,000,000. That the affairs of the Seal Rock Company were secretly mismanaged by his partners so as to cause its failure and absorption by the J. B. Pace Company. The court decided that the Seal Rock Company was merely the agency of the original partnership of September, 1881; That J. B. Pace & Co. was a similar agency; that the property of both companies belonged to the co-partnership and the accounting prayed for. The value of the property involved is said to be several millions.

SUNDAY'S DISPATCHES.

$1,000,000 in Seal Skins.

SAN FRANCISCO, 30.—The Alaska Commercial Company's steamer *St. Paul*, which arrived last night from Ounalaska, brought 99,996 seal skins valued at over a million dollars. Dr. Willis E. Everette, of the Smithsonian Institute, Washington, was among the passengers.

A Silly Old Man and a "Sweat Board."

PHILADELPHIA, 30.—A special dispatch to the *Times* from Atlantic City, N. J., says: Charles Fields, Sr., who is over 85 years of age, and who has been in business in Philadelphia for over fifty years, was to-day victimized out of $8,500 by a brace of bunco steerers in Atlantic City.

Mr. Field and son, who is associated with his father in business at 242 Market St., Phila., as general agents of Clarke's spool cotton, have cottages adjoining each other on Illinois Avenue, nearly opposite Traymore House. Mr. Fields, Sr. took a stroll after dinner, when he met a young man, of good address, who, after courteous handshaking, stated that he was an old friend of his, that he had been clerk for the Pennsylvania National Bank, and since his resignation had been abroad. The man told old Mr. Needs that he had brought several fine pictures from Europe, which he would be pleased to have him inspect. Fields accompanied him to a house, where he was introduced to a game played on a board with numbers on it and with a spinning arrow, presumably

A SWEAT-BOARD.

Two other gentlemen were introduced and they played a game winning over $100 each. Mr. Field was invited to join the game and he lost over $100, but continued to play, after playing some time the bunco men cooly asked the old gentleman for his check for $9,500 drawn to himself as collateral for a grand prize he had drawn on the sweatboard. The check was filled out and Mr. Fields signed it. The check was on the Pennsylvania National Bank of Philadelphia. Later in the day Field's realizing that he had been swindled, started out to find the house, but was undable to find it. It is thought here that the bunco man has carried the check to New York and negotiated it at a large discount.

Riel the Rebel.

ROCHESTER, N. Y., 30.—A largely attended and enthusiastic meeting of French Canadians of this city, was held this afternoon in behalf of Riel, the condemned Canadian rebel. Addresses were made by prominent Frenchmen of this city, and a petition addressed to Secretary Bayard, asking for the interposition of the United States government, was unanimously adopted. The petition, which is signed by all French residents, states that Riel is a citizen of the United States and that his trial was not a fair one.

The Referee.

TOLEDO, 30.—Concerning the Sullivan-McCaffrey mill, the *Commercial Telegram* will say to-morrow morning that Referee Tate was seen last evening and questioned as to his decision at Cincinnati on Saturday. He says he has made no decision. He thinks Sullivan had the best of the fight so far as fighting points were concerned, but if the Boston boy was to knock out McCaffrey in six rounds he failed, as the Pittsburg lad came up smiling every round. He has not seen the agreement as yet under which they fought and cannot in consequence render a decision.

Existing Times on a Texas Railroad.

GALVESTON, 30.—The strike on the Gulf of Colorado and Santa Fe railroad reached a crisis here to-day, and resulted this evening in both sides agreeing to arbitrate the matter. At noon Sheriff Stevens, with a *posse comitatus* of fifty leading citizens armed with Winchester rifles and revolvers proceeded to the round house, where the strikers and their supporters were congregated.

TWO COMPANIES OF INFANTRY AND TWO TWELVE POUND CANNON

are unpanied the posse. Arriving at the round house, the Sheriff and military entered the building and turned out of it 300 Knights of Labor. Several times a conflict seemed imminent, but the day was bloodless. When the 2 o'clock excursion train from Houston arrived, the strikers took possession and disabled the engine before the posse or military could prevent it. Great excitement prevailed. Several thousand persons were present. Two strikers were arrested for interfering with the trains. Finally about 5 o'clock, the delayed freight from Alvin Station came, guarded by 25 of the Sheriff's posse. When the train was observed by the strikers, they gave vent to

VOCIFEROUS CHEERS AND A BLOODY CONFLICT SEEMED IMMINENT.

During this time, leading members of the Knights of Labor were in consultation with members of the Santa Fe directory, who formed a portion of the sheriff's posse. An agreement to arbitrate was finally reached. Pending such arbitration, the men will resume work at once; as a consequence, the yards present a very busy scene tonight and trains are being moved as fast as they can be loaded.

Sullivan's Challenge to McCaffrey.

CINCINNATI, 30.—In his challenge of last night to John L. Sullivan for a fight with bare knuckles, Dominick McCaffrey proposed to put up the same amount as his adversary. To-night Sullivan issued a challenge for a fight to the finish with, or without gloves, to take place inside of three weeks at a private place. As the stakes, Sullivan offers to put up $5,000 to McCaffrey's $3,000, that he will whip him. Man and money are at Sullivan's saloon, Grand Opera House building, this city.

New Southern Pacific Branch Road.

GALVESTON, 30.—A special to the *News* from Cuero in this State, says: The Southern Pacific Railway Company have obtained control of the New York Texas and Mexican Railway, which runs from Rosenburg Junction to Victoria, a distance of 92 miles. The road will be operated in conjunction with the Gulf, Western Texas and Pacific Ry, forming altogether through lines from New Orleans to Victoria, Cuero and Indianola, giving passengers and mails better facilities than heretofore. There will be no change in the tariff rates. This branch of the Southern Pacific Railway will be under the management of M. M. Montserrat, President of the Gulf, Western Texas and Pacific Railway.

Statement of White the Counterfeiter.

ST LOUIS, 30.—It having been said and spread abroad that the statement made by Lucien White and now in the hands of the United States District Attorney is of the nature of a confession of his connection with a scheme to counterfeit Brazilian bank notes, the Assistant Attorney says it is simply a voluntary statement and cannot be put in evidence or in any way used against White, nor can the District Attorney testify as to what it contains. The only value it possesses is in giving information of confederates. White in an interview in which he repeats much that has already been published says: That man who first broached to him the project of having Brazilian treasury notes imitated for use as labels was his brother, Joseph Lane. As heretofore stated, the whole matter of printing was arranged at the house of his brother in Texas, and he then came to St. Louis to carry out the plan. He denies, however, that it was their intention to use these notes for anything but cigar box labels. He speaks of two or three persons he and his brother met in New York last spring on their return from Europe, among them Hermann and Charles Levy of No. 1105 Fulton Street, Capt. Cunningham and a Mrs. Gauthers, but he does not know that either of them knew anything about this scheme, although he now suspects that one of the Levys had been consulted by his brother Joseph.

FOREIGN.

SUNDAY'S DISPATCHES.

Progress of the Plague.

MARSEILLES, 30.—There were 53 deaths from cholera in this city on Saturday. There are eighty patients in the hospital.

Madrid, 30.—Returns from the cholera infected districts in Spain for Saturday show 3,617 new cases and 1,771 deaths from the disease.

London, 30.—A dispatch has been received here stating that cholera has appeared at Nagasaki, Japan, and that the presence of the scourge has created great excitement especially among foreigners.

Toulon, 30.—Fifty-six persons died here of cholera on Saturday. Seven thousand persons have fled from the city and about 100 shops are closed.

Marseilles, 30.—There were 24 deaths from cholera here to-day. At the Pharo hospital five patients were admitted and there were four deaths. There are now 70 patients under treatment, 35 of whom are convalescing.

Toulon, 30.—During the past 24 hours there were 20 deaths from cholera in this city. The weather is cooler.

RIOTING IN ANDALUSIA.

MADRID, 30.—A riot has occurred at Almeria in Andalusia. Increasing cholera mortality having driven most of the wealthy residents from the city, a large number of poor people were deprived of employment. This desertion on the part of the rich employers incensed the laboring people, and a feeling of indignation culminated in a riotous outbreak. Many of the houses of the wealthy were wrecked by a mob. Soldiers were called out, and in the conflict that ensued eight persons were killed and twelve others wounded.

Anglo-Turkish Overtures.

CONSTANTINOPLE, 30.—In an interview with the Sultan, Sir H. D. Wolff read a personal message from Queen Victoria to the Sultan, expressing her best wishes for peace and friendship. The Queen refers to previous acquaintance with the Sultan and recalls the loyalty of the Sultan's father as a friend and ally of England. She says, she hopes to help the Sultan to establish a government in Egypt conducive equally to the Sultan's rights, the happiness to the Egyptians and the interests of England and the Powers, and that this will be the basis of Sir H. D. Wolff's efforts. The Sultan made a gracious reply, saying he valued the friendship of Queen Victoria and an alliance with England. He added that he would designate persons to confer with Sir H. D. Wolff respecting Egypt and would grant further audience on the subject.

LONDON, 30.—It is reported that the Turkish government has completed proposals for a discussion with Sir H. D. Wolffe on the basis of England's immediate evacuation of Egypt. The Grand Vizier and his party are in favor of the withdrawal of the English and are opposed to the joint occupation of Egypt. The Sultan's ministers are inclined to meet England half way.

Protection.

VIENNA, 30.—Count Kalnoky has returned from Varzin. It is learned that Prince Bismarck maintains the conviction that protection alone will save German industries. The German Chancellor urged Count Kalnoky to adopt the strongest protective measures for Austria. German competition in coal and cereals continues to weigh heavily on Austrian producers.

The Americans Win.

CONSTANTINOPLE, 30.—An international boat race took place to-day between crews from various men-of-war in the harbor. A cutter from the United States steamer, *Quinnebang* was victorious.

The race was witnessed by the officers of the steamer, United States minister Cox, Consul-General Heap and most of the members of the American colony, and by a large crowd of spectators, who applauded and congratulated the victors.

Spanish Hostility to Germany.

BARCELONA, 30.—A public meeting was held here to-day to protest against the seizure of the Caroline Islands by Germany. The populace demanded that the Spanish flag be hoisted on the government building and became enraged when the authorities refused to comply with their demand. The main door of the building was set on fire by the mob and the military had to be called out to restore order.

The Land Question in Ireland.

DUBLIN, 30.—A large league meeting was held at Killarney to-day, T. M. Healy, M. P. spoke on the land question. He advised the people to abstain from committing outrages, especially when likely to serve the interests of landlords and policemen and that they should not put all their trust in the Irish party in the house of Commons, who are only sappers and miners in the army carrying war into the enemy's camp. Mr O'Brien, M. P. followed. He declared that the advantage gained would never be lost and that landlords must be abolished.

Anti-English Policy.

PT. PETERSBURG, 30.—The *Official Messenger* says the English press at Yokohama has unsuccessfully tried to excite Europeans and Japanese against Russia. It is hoped that Mr. Hubbard, the new United States minister to Japan, will continue Mr. Bingham's anti-English policy.

Gladstone.

LONDON, 30.—Mr. Gladstone left Molde, Norway, on the yacht *Sunbeam* yesterday for the Shetland Islands.

Pitching into Parnell.

The Marquis of Hartington, who was minister of War under the Gladstone government, delivered an address at Rosendale yesterday, in which he urged extension of local self-government, so that Parliament might be enabled to give its attention solely to imperial legislation. No party, he said, would ever concede Mr. Parnell's demands, the ultimate result of which would be to bind British members irrespective of politics to combine to keep the empire intact. Lord Hartington said he was glad that Parnell had explicitly defined his position and the conditions upon which his alliance could be purchased. He thought that no political party in England would consent to acquire or retain office by conceding Parnell's demands. He believed that that gentleman had for once made a mistake in openly stating the demand and thereby insuring his own defeat. If he persisted in his policy of obstruction, means would be found by a practically united people to impose a firm veto on proposals that were fatal to the integrity and prosperity of the empire. Lord Hartington disclaimed the extreme socialistic programme of the Chamberlain party, and favored moderate measures of land reform.

The Carolines.

BERLIN, 30.—It is rumored that the recent Anglo-German pacific agreement comprised a mutual declaration in regard to the Carolines. It is denied that the Spanish commissioner has come here in reference to the Carolines. All negotiations between the two governments are intrusted to the Spanish ambassador here.

Street Beggary.

To be a successful street beggar a man must look forlorn and debilitated, and unable to work. It would not do for a street beggar to take Brown's Iron Bitters, for that would tone him up and give him a wholesome ambition to labor, and he would have to go out of the beggary business and do something better. Mr. Josiah Morse, Henniken, N. H., says, "I received much benefit by using Brown's Iron Bitters for general debility."

$4 will give you a choice out of 100 Ladies' Spring Wraps and Jackets worth from $7 to $13 each. Call early.
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