

FROM MONDAY'S DAILY JULY 13

Again at Liberty.

This morning Brother L. C. Mortensen, of the Eighth Ward of this city, was released from the penitentiary, having served the full term for living with his wives contrary to the provisions of the Edmunds law. He paid the fine assessed against him.

The terms of imprisonment of Bishop A. H. Driggs, of Sugar House Ward, and Bishop Lewis H. Mousley, of Bluffdale, also expired to-day. Those of Brothers Wm. Koster, of the Seventh Ward of this city, Ezra T. Clark, of Farmington, and Joseph Hegau, of Bountiful, will expire on Wednesday. The fines in all of these cases have been paid.

LIGHTNING'S WORK.

A House in the Third Ward Struck by a Bolt.

About 3 o'clock this morning, during the electric storm, a heavy clap of thunder roused many people from their slumbers. The family of Mr. Lewis Beesley, who resides in the Third Ward of this city on Seventh South Street, between East Temple and First East streets, experienced more than sleepily being awakened by the noise, their dwelling having been struck by the fluid. This morning it presented a rather battered appearance.

At the hour named, Mr. Beesley was out of bed giving his child a drink of water, when there followed after a blinding flash of lightning, a terrific clap of thunder. Before the rumbling of the latter had died away, there was a crashing noise at the front of the house, in the midst of which could be distinguished the sound of falling glass. The rooms were filled with dust. An examination showed the cause of the trouble.

This morning it was apparent from a blackened spot over the door that the electric bolt had first come in contact with the arch at the top of the entrance, and had spent its force in two directions. The part that went upward tore out the entire arch of brickwork, while that which went downward forced the moulding of the fly door, burning the steel wire screening, and passing diagonally to the bottom corner, in a strip three or four inches wide, struck the sill and split and detached a large piece of it. The moulding and portion of the doorsill were thrown several yards away. A portion of the cornice was also torn away.

The upper part of the door leading into the house is glass, and this was shattered. A large pane in a window a few feet distant was also broken. Considerable of the plaster on the ceiling of the room was torn down. The door which was injured faces north, and the window west. For some time after the occurrence there was a peculiar smell about the place. The family experienced a slight sensation as of quivering in their flesh, but other than being badly frightened experienced no injury.

There is no doubt that the electric fluid was attracted somewhat by the steel wire of which the door screen was made, and the incident may serve as a warning for people not to stand too close to such material during thunderstorms as it is probable that if persons had been close to it at Mr. Beesley's they would have met with serious if not fatal injury.

THE CULLEN MURDER.

The Killing Done During a Drunken Quarrel.

Andrew Calton, who shot and killed Michael Cullen near Milford last Thursday afternoon, is now in jail in Beaver. The circumstances connected with the bloody deed are that Calton, Cullen and Jerry Tibberty had been drinking in a saloon in Milford. On Thursday afternoon they started out for the hills west of the town in a wagon. They had not gone over three-quarters of a mile when a bottle of liquor which Tibberty had was brought out. Calton was given the bottle and took a drink. He then handed it to Cullen, who took a drink and refused to pass the bottle to Tibberty. The latter was offended and got out of the wagon. Calton tried to persuade Cullen to hand out the whisky, but the latter persisted in his refusal and a scuffle ensued in the wagon for the possession of the bottle. After the two men had wrestled for a few minutes, and were getting angry, Calton drew his revolver, jumped out of the wagon, and fired a shot, the ball passing through Cullen's heart. Calton then fired four more shots into the body of the dead man. Tibberty then got into the wagon, and with the dead body on the seat between him and Calton, drove back to town.

The slayer of Cullen tells a story which does not differ from the above, except that he says that when the two were scuffling Cullen struck him several blows on the head and neck, saying at the same time that he did not care whether he killed him or not.

Calton has become sober enough to fully realize the magnitude of the crime he has committed, and seems to feel pretty bad over it. He declares that there was no ill-feeling between Cullen and himself, and the circumstances appear to bear out the theory that the killing was the result of a drunken quarrel

between the two men. Neither of them bore the reputation of being bad men, but were rather inoffensive, though given, at times, to drinking to excess.

DEATH IN THE RING.

A Female Circus Performer Fatally Injured.

The Boomerang tells the following incident which occurred at Laramie on the 11th inst.:

"Miss Sallie Marks was down on the programme as 'Principal Equestrienne,' and appeared in the earlier part of the evening in some excellent bareback riding in the ring nearest the entrance. Among other feats which she performed was that of leaping through a hoop which was pierced through all around with butcher knives, the sharp edges all pointing toward the center, and leaving barely room for her body to pass through if the leap was successfully made. Before making the first attempt the young woman clasped rubber bands about her scanty drapery which held it almost skin tight to her body. The spectators held their breath as the horse she was riding was urged into an easy gallop and made one or two circuits about the ring to gauge her leap, but not really expecting to see her miss it. As she sprang upward from the back of her animal, her shoulders just touched the points of the upper knives in the circle but that was enough to precipitate the catastrophe; the man who held the hoop let it go and the girl, encircled by a score of glittering blades, was hurled headlong to the ground and fell across the rope, resting on her side, with the hoop still under and about her.

Not the slightest cry did she utter as she went down, nor after she fell, but as she was helped up by one of the attaches it was observed that she kept putting her hands upon her back and one of her feet, as if they had been pierced by the blades. As she got on her horse again, no one supposed that she was badly hurt. Two-thirds of the knives were pulled out of the hoop and she tried the daring leap again, this time successfully. The woman who took checks at the reserved seat entrance was overheard saying to a companion that this was the second time the girl had gone through that performance, and that she ought not to have tried it. After finishing her part in the ring, Miss Marks went slowly on foot to the dressing room, where she fainted, but she had the nerve to appear at the concert, which followed the regular performance, in a song.

The man who brought the news of her death says that she was hurt in the back and grew worse after leaving here at midnight Monday night, and died on the road twenty-four hours later. He did not know whether her back had been pierced by one of the knives or whether it was merely injured by the terrible fall, but thought it was a knife wound.

The young woman was not over seventeen years of age and was very slender and tall, with a dark complexion and heavy black rings under her eyes as though she was worn out, which it may be said was true of nearly all the ladies in the party."

A DESERT RAILROAD.

FROM THE CASPIAN SEA TO THE OXUS RIVER.

Several interesting problems in railroad building have been solved by the completion of the transcasian road from the Caspian Sea to Amu Daria or Oxus River. This road is unique in the fact that it is the only railroad in the world which runs through the moving sands of the desert. Here and there along the 650 miles of completed track the road passes through regions covered by sand so fine that the slightest wind moves it. About 200 miles of the road runs through these sands. Some eminent engineers asserted that a railroad could not be maintained amid these wastes. Gen. Tcherniaeff said it would be necessary to build side walls all the way, and he condemned the entire scheme, urging against it all the objections that had previously been raised in France against the proposed transsaharan railroad.

The difficulties were certainly great, but it seems likely that Gen. Annenkoff will achieve a complete triumph over the croakers who asserted that all his railroad cuttings would become choked with sand, and that his embankments would be blown away. He has employed different expedients on different parts of the road to solve the problem of drifting sand. On some long stretches of desert road he has covered his embankments with a layer of clay or saline earth, and those that were built in this way a year and a half ago have as yet suffered no destruction.

DESERT SHRUBS AND PLANTS.

In other places he has strengthened his embankments by placing in them at intervals layers of the branches of a desert shrub which he found in abundance. The embankments of this sort between Mary and the Oxus have stood unimpaired up to the present time. He is also extensively cultivating along the track desert shrubs and plants, whose roots retain the sand. This spring a large amount of grass seed is to be sown and

many thousands of shrubs are to be planted.

The question of providing water in these desert regions was no less difficult than that of protecting and preserving the road bed. Water for the locomotives and stations along the first 200 miles of the road is brought in pipes from the mountains that run parallel with the road for a long distance. After the track turns northeast away from the mountains to go to Merv, the waters of the Tejend and Murgab rivers are led in conduits or canals to the various stations, and between Merv and the Oxus very careful researches have led to the discovery of subterranean waters, and wells affording a sufficient supply have been opened.

Another important question involved in this unique experiment of desert railroading was how to heat the sixty stations that have been opened between the Caspian and the Oxus, in a region where the cold is often extreme and where there is a total lack of fuel. Petroleum has been the means of solving this problem. It not only furnishes the motive power for the transcasian railroad, but in all the stations and in the little towns that have sprung up en route, the buildings are warmed and food is cooked by means of petroleum stoves of Russian invention.—N. Y. Sun.

MARRIAGES.

TODD-DRIGGS.—At Logan Temple, July 13, 1887, Douglas M. Todd to Miss Florence M. Driggs. The groom is the son of Elder John and his wife May Todd; the bride is the daughter of B. W. and Olivia Pratt Driggs, all of Pleasant Grove. The worthy young couple have our congratulations and best wishes for their welfare and happiness.

OBITUARY.

MUSSER.—Samuel White Musser, son of Amos Milton, and Mary White Musser, was born at Meadow Creek, Millard County, Utah Territory on Sunday evening the 4th day of February, 1866; and he died at the home of his parents in the First Ward, this city, on Sunday morning at 2:30 o'clock, June 28th, 1887, which would make him 21 years, 4 months and 22 days old at the time of his death.

His sudden demise was caused by hemorrhage of the lungs, superinduced by a cough which he has not been altogether free from for some two years, having contracted it while on his late German mission. He started on this mission, Tuesday, April 5th, 1884, and returned, reaching this city, Tuesday, September 7th, 1886.

His deep sorrowing parents were at his bedside day and night during his brief illness which lasted but six days.

The funeral services over his remains were held in the First Ward meeting-house at 11 a. m., on the 29th ult. The large hall, including the aisles, was densely packed with kind friends and relatives. The school-house annex was also well filled, while a good many were forced to remain outside. President Angus M. Cannon, and Elders Arthur Stanger, John Nielson and Elias Morris, and Bishops L. D. Young, Frederick Kester and Joseph Warburton, made very eulogistic, consoling and impressive remarks. The Deseret News of that day said of Samuel: "The deceased was a noble and model youth. From early boyhood he devoted himself to the performance of his duty. He was not only a young man of promise from a moral standpoint, but was also endowed with more than ordinary mental capacity."

"As is well known, the deceased young Elder lately returned from a mission to Germany, which he faithfully performed. Quite recently he was set apart to act as a home missionary in the Salt Lake Stake of Zion, and filed his first appointment in that capacity a week ago last Sunday. He had been given another for last Sabbath, but the call from the Lord to labor in another sphere prevented his filing it."

His remains were followed to their resting place in the city cemetery by a large cortege, consisting of some 45 vehicles, while a number walked to the graveyard to be present at the last solemn rites. It was estimated that 25 more vehicles could have been filled by those desiring to go to the cemetery. His brothers and "half brothers" affectionately acted as pallbearers. At the interment, that matchless funeral hymn, "The Resurrection Day" was sung by the choir, after which the grounds were consecrated and the grave was closed and covered with bouquets of flowers. The contributions of choice flowers by loving hearts and hands were very profuse and beautiful. They were made up in the form of the cross, harp, wreath, stars, pillow, bouquets, etc. The harp was the gift of the young ladies of the First Ward Choir, most of whom attended the funeral dressed in white. The large flowery pillow was a loving tribute from three cousin sisters.

Samuel White Musser was, in every sense, a clean and upright young man. His unselfishness was oftentimes exhibited in his love for all his father's children, whom he esteemed alike with brotherly affection and interest. Soon after his return from Germany he said to his father: "I wish I had as many more brothers and sisters. I would gladly help to clothe, feed and educate them."

He was a strict observer of the Word of Wisdom, and was humble, prayerful, tractable, and earnestly devoted to his parents, whose counsels he took a pride in observing. His letters from Germany to his father during his incarceration in the Utah Penitentiary were very touching and assuring. To his sister he wrote: "I am so glad that father went to the penitentiary so willingly for his conscientious convictions. This to me is a strong proof of his unflinching integrity."

Samuel was naturally bright, promising and amiable. Having attended the Provo Academy and the Deseret University, he was pretty well advanced in scholastic attainments; and while it will be exceedingly hard for his parents to wholly recover from the great loss sustained by his early demise, there can be no doubt but what Samuel White Musser is infinitely better off and in circumstances to perform a much greater and more effective work in behalf of relatives and others than if he had remained on this side.

A great many have said that "he seemed too good for this world."—[Com.]

DEATHS.

GEORGE.—At his residence in the 11th Ward of this city, at two p. m. July 14th, Harry Edward, son of Wm. Henry and Charlotte Amelia Young George, aged nine years, three months and twenty-eight days.

LEE.—In this city, July 15, of diphtheria, Roy Heber, son of James H. and Jennie Lee, of the Seventh Ward, aged six years.

INGRAM.—At Kanab, Iron County, June 28, 1887, Nancy Jane, beloved wife of George Ingram. She left two children, the youngest five days old. She was born in Spanish Fork City, May 8th, 1850, and was the daughter of John W. and Jane E. Berry. She lived and died a faithful Latter-day Saint.

UNDERWOOD.—In Ogden City, Utah, June 29th, of inflammation of the bowels, James S., son of W. J. and Cecilia Underwood, of Fairview, Idaho. Deceased was aged 20 years and 3 months.

JUSTESSEN.—At Castle Dale, June 1, 1887, of diphtheria, Blanche, daughter of Rasmus and Anena Justesen. She was born November 6, 1855.

BROWN.—At Leeds, June 11, 1887, of inflammation of the kidneys, John Brown. He was born August 24, 1819, in the State of New York, was a member of the "Mormon Battalion," during the conflict with Mexico, and was a faithful Latter-day Saint until the day of his death. He leaves a wife and nine or ten friends to mourn his loss.

BARROW.—Joseph Barrow, who was born in the County of Lancashire, Engl., Dec. 18th, 1794, died at Kanab, Millard Co., June 28th, 1887. He was baptized by David Milten, August, 1857; emigrated to Nauvoo in 1842, and there worked on the building of the Temple up to its finish; shared the persecution and hardship incident to those days of trial; driven into the wilderness with the faithful, arrived with his wife and family in Salt Lake Valley in October, 1848; was ordained to the High Priesthood under the hands of Apostle Erastus Snow, in the Masonic Hall, Nauvoo; lived and died in full faith of the Gospel.—[Com.]

AUSTIN.—At Trenton, Cache County, July 3rd, 1887, William Austin, born March 10th, 1800, in the State of New York, Washington County; baptized June 1st, 1859, by John Young. He assisted in the building of the Temple in Nauvoo until its completion, helping to lay the top corner stone and getting lumber to make the stairs. He shared the mobbing and persecutions of the Saints in Nauvoo, and emigrated with his family to Salt Lake City. He died as he had lived, firm in the faith of the Gospel. At the funeral, comforting remarks were made by Elders Thomas Godfrey, Andrew McCombs, Henry Yates and Bishop James B. Jardine. Utah Journal.

HARVEY.—At his residence at Center Ward, Wasatch County, Utah, July 4, 1887, after lingering illness, John Harvey. He was born at Baillieston, Lanarkshire, Scotland, December 12th, 1816; baptized a member of the Church of Jesus Christ of Latter-day Saints at Payson, Adams Co., Ill., in November of the year 1840; was captain of the first company that entered Salt Lake valley after the Pioneers. He was with the Saints during all their persecutions, and died a firm believer in the principles of the Gospel. His remains were brought to this city for interment.—[Com.]

ELLIS.—In this city, July 18, 1887, Sidney Lelloy Ellis, infant son of James E. and Susan E. Ellis, of teething and cholera infantum.

JOHNSON.—In the Seventh Ward of this city, July 18th, at about 6 p. m., the result of an accident, Samuel Johnson; born March 27th, 1830, in the County of Teague, Sweden.

MULHOLLAND.—In the Twentieth Ward, this city, at 10:30, July 12th, 1887, Clarence S., son of Samuel and Alice Mulholland, aged two months lacking two days.

KENT.—At her residence in Bountiful, on the 4th of July, 1887, Mary M., wife of Sidney Kent, and daughter of Moses and Almira Kent, born April 16th, 1831, in Florence, Huron County, Ohio.

She leaves a husband, nine children and a host of sympathetic friends to whom she was mutually endeared by long years of intimate associations and who manifested their regard at the funeral obsequies by augmenting the congregation that convened on that occasion and joined in the procession to the grave. During her natural life, most of which was spent in the Church of Jesus Christ of Latter-day Saints, she received and bore with patience her full share of the trials and persecutions which seem to be the fate of the righteous, through all of which she remained true and faithful to the cause she had espoused a worthy Saint, a fond and dutiful wife, a faithful friend and a kind and indulgent mother, and may God grant—that her spirit set free from mortality's chain.

May ever rejoice in the midst of her friends, That linger delighted on heaven's broad plain, Where love, peace and union eternally blend.

MCMINTYRE.—At Price, Emery County, Utah, July 7th, 1887, Ella, youngest daughter of John and Alice McIntyre, aged 2 years and 3 months.

GRIKEN.—At Fountain Green, Sanpete Co., of old age, June 29th, 1887, William Green. Deceased was born in the year 1803, in Sheffield, Nottinghamshire, England; came to Utah in the hand cart company in the year 1857. He was greatly respected for his industry and lovable disposition. He died as he had lived, a true and faithful Latter-day Saint.—[Com.]

CHAMBERLAIN.—In this city, Hazel Kirk, daughter of Elizabeth and J. W. Chamberlain, aged 3 years and six months.

WILSON.—At Moab, Utah, June 29th, 1887, after an illness of four months, of chronic bronchitis, Alfred G. Wilson. He was born September 13th, 1825, making him sixty-one years, seven months and sixteen days old. He was one of the "Mormon Battalion," and was mustered into service on July 16, 1846, at Council Bluffs, Iowa. He was with the command the entire journey through to California. Almost the whole settlement turned out here to pay the last tribute of respect to the departed.—[Com.]

COMMERCIAL.

The Stock, Money, Groceries and Provision Markets.

DESERET NEWS OFFICE, Salt Lake City, July 13, 1887

SALT LAKE MARKETS.

Corrected daily by Leading Houses.]

PROVISIONS.

	Buying	Selling
Whole Wheat Flour.....	2 75	3 00
Flour, xxx.....	2 00	2 25
Patent Roller.....	2 50	2 75
High Patent Roller.....	2 75	3 00
Wheat per bu.....	80	80
Oats per 100.....	1 50	1 75
Barley per 100.....	1 20	1 40
Barley Cracked.....	1 25	1 50
Corn.....	1 20	1 60
Corn Cracked.....	1 50	1 60
Pointers per bu.....	75	100
Lucerne seed, 100b.....	7 50	8 50
Brass per 100.....	07 1/2	1 15
Shorts per 100.....	1 00	1 25
Timothy seed, 100b.....	7 50	8 00
Red top seed, 100b.....	7 50	8 00
Clover seed, 100b.....	10 00	12 50
Hay, timothy, baled per ton	16 00	20 00
Hay, timothy and clover,		
per ton.....	16 00	20 00
Hay, lucerne, per ton.....	0 00	13 00
Beans per 100.....	3 00	5 00
Carrots per bushel.....	25	35
Onions per bushel.....	1 65	2 00

GROCERIES.

	Buying	Selling
Eggs per doz.....	17	20
Table butter.....	25	30
Cooking ".....	12	15
Home Cured Breakfast Bacon.....	10 1/2	12
Home Cured Side Bacon.....	8	10
Eastern Cured Breakfast Bacon.....		12
Eastern Cured D. S. short.....		10 1/2
Eastern Cured Hams.....		14
H. M. Cheese.....	12 1/2	14
Eastern Cheese.....		14 1/2
Z. O. M. I. Tea & Biscuits.....		34
Pride of Japan Tea & Biscuits.....		34 1/2
Pineer Tea & Biscuits.....		34
Arbuckle Coffee per lb.....		27
Roast Java.....		27
Green Java.....		29
Roast Mocha.....		40
Green Mocha.....		40
Roast Rio Pioneer.....		42
Green Rio Pioneer.....		47
Granulated Sugar per 100.....		7 25
A Sugar.....		7 15
Extra C.....		7 00
Gold C.....		6 75
Cut Leaf.....		16
Honey, Utah pr lb.....		8
Molasses, Utah pr gal.....		65
Candles, per box 20 lbs.....		2 00
Candles, per box 40 lbs.....		4 00
Cal. Raisins, L. M. 20 lbs.....		2 40
Cal. Raisins, L. Y. 20 lbs.....		2 45
Cal. Oil, 110 t. p. c. 10 gal.....		2 40
Cal. Oil, 150 t. p. c. 10 gal.....		3 00
Cal. Oil, 175 t. p. c. 10 gal.....		3 10
Currents, per b.....		8 1/2
Salt, per 100 lb.....		60
Vinegar, 60 grain.....	25	35
Valley Tan Beans.....	3	4
Navy Beans.....		4
Lard, 8 lb pails, per b.....		10
Lard, 5 lb pails, per b.....		9 1/2
Lard, 10 lb pails, per b.....		9 1/2

FRESH MEATS.

	Dressed
Beef, choice steers, 3c. gross, selling	6c.
" medium " 2 1/2 c. "	5 1/2 c.
Cows, " 2 1/2 c. "	5c.
Sheep, " 2 1/2 c. "	5c.
Hogs, " 4c. "	7c.
H-me cured hams,	15c.
Bacon,	10 1/2 c.

CHICAGO MARKETS.

By Telegraph to-day.] Close.

Wheat—Shade higher; cash, 69 1/2; Aug. 70 1/2; Sept. 72 1/2.
Corn—Higher; cash, 37 1/2; Aug. 38; Sept. 38 1/2.
Oats—Steady, quiet; cash, 26 1/2; Aug. 25 1/2; Sept. 26 1/2.
Pork—Nominal.
Lard—Shade higher, quiet; cash, 66 1/2; Aug. 66 1/2; Sept. 68 1/2.

LIVERPOOL MARKETS.

By Telegraph to-day.] Close.

Receipts—Wheat the past week from Atlantic ports, 527,000 quarters; Pacific ports, none; other sources, 53,000 quarters. Receipt, American, 2100 quarters.
Wheat—No demand. New No. 2 winter, dull at 6s. 7d.; ditto spring, 6s. 6d., dull.
Flour—No demand. Steady at 9s. 8d.
Corn—No demand. Prices dull; spot 4s.; July, 3s. 11 1/2 d.; August, 4s. 0 1/2 d.; September, 4s. 1d.

ESTRAY NOTICE.

I HAVE IN MY POSSESSION:

One bay HORSE, 4 years old, branded T and a brand resembling an ox yoke staple on left thigh.
If not claimed within ten days, will be sold on the 25th of July, 1887, at 2 o'clock p. m., to the highest bidder.

T. W. CROPPER,
Precinct Poundkeeper.
Deseret, July 15, 1887.



THE Sign of the Arkansaw Cough Syrup is looking you all square in the face.

Do you want a sure, safe and reliable Cough Syrup? Are you troubled with a Cough, Cold, Bronchitis or Lung Complaint? Do your Babies keep you awake all night with Hacking Coughs, Colds in the Head, etc. Do you want something reliable in the house to meet these emergencies? We answer to all: "Go to your Druggist and get a Bottle of the Arkansaw Cough Syrup, and be troubled no more." Price, 50 cents per Bottle.

H. H. MOORE & SON,
For Sale by all Druggists.