

Wallsburgh, reported his ward; felt that the brethren and sisters were endeavoring to do the best they could, their meetings were well attended, the health of the people good, and prospects were favorable for a bountiful harvest.

Thos. S. Watson reported the Y. M. M. I. Association as being in a good and encouraging condition.

Prest. S. B. Young delivered an address on Temple building, reviewing the Temples that had been built from Solomon's to the present time, which was very interesting and instructive. Referred, in a very interesting manner to the blessings to be obtained therein.

Apostle Smith continued on the same subject, and showed what Temples were for. Remarked that if Temple building were done away with the Latter-day Saints would not be much better than other denominations. He referred to the Josephites, and showed the difference between them and us; considered their religion had been shorn of the true vitality of the Church of Christ.

He bore a faithful testimony to the truth of the great latter-day work, and prayed God to bless this people.

In the afternoon, after the sacrament had been administered, Bishop Moor, of Woodland, was released from office in consequence of age, and by his own request, his son John Moor was chosen and unanimously sustained as Bishop in his stead, with Nephi Thayer and Ephraim Lambert as his counselors.

The Stake statistics were read and accepted.

J. H. Smith, addressed the congregation on the subject of prayer and fasting. Forcibly illustrated the fact that fasting is a requirement that all should attend to, the stomach needed rest, and when in that condition the Holy Spirit could operate upon us much better. Felt assured that if we attended to these things properly, we should have more of the outpouring of the Holy Spirit than we now enjoy. The body also needed rest one day in seven. It had been demonstrated that a man could do more work and be healthier by observing the Sabbath than always working. The man who would overtax the strength of his body would surely be broken down in health sooner or later.

Brother Young made some remarks on the ordinances of the Gospel and advised the Saints to so train up their children that they could go forth and be baptized when eight years old; advised the brethren to make short prayers when visiting the sick, and to keep holy the Sabbath day.

Apostle Smith advised the Saints not to go to law with one another, but settle their grievances according to the Gospel plan.

President Hatch made some remarks on the duties of Saints and other local matters.

Conference adjourned for three months, with prayer by Patriarch Thomas Hicken.

HENRY CLEGG, Clerk.

TERRITORIAL ITEMS.

CULLED FROM LATEST EXCHANGES.

—On Monday next the B. Y. Academy, at Provo, opens the first term of its present school year.

The vote in Utah County at the election on Monday was very light. Pleasant Grove polled 130 votes, and Provo 432.

—Thos. Robbins, Jr., of Pleasant Grove, met with quite a serious accident on Monday. While engaged at Woolley's Mill, American Fork Cañon, by some mishap the young man's hand was caught by one of the small saws and his fore-finger and thumb on one hand were badly lacerated.

—On the 2d of August, at Flagstaff, Arizona, a drunken man, named Gustave Shield, assaulted Thomas Drury, without any provocation. The latter struck Shield a severe blow with his fist, just above the right eye. Shield fell to the ground dead, and on examination it was found his neck had been broken by the blow.

—F. M. Peterson, stage driver between Crittenden and Harshaw, Arizona, was shot and killed a short time ago, about six miles from Harshaw. He was shot through the heart and the body was carried about 100 yards away from the road, the horses were cut loose, the mail robbed and the wagon dumped over the side of the road.

—Paul Bodley, a 14-year-old son of Wm. Bodley, freighter between Rock Creek and Buffalo, Wyo., was extracting an empty shell from his gun, in doing which a cartridge was exploded, a part of the shell and fixtures being driven into his thigh, making a wound as large as a man's hand and exceedingly painful as well as severe.

—Last Sunday a fire occurred on the premises of Mr. H. Clinger at Provo, which destroyed a large quantity of hay and oats and burned up some sheds used for stalls. The fire was started by the carelessness of some little children who were playing with some matches. They built a small fire near by the stacks which soon communicated with the hay, oats and shed. The loss though not running high into the dollars is still serious. Mr. Clinger is at present on a mission in Europe and his family are in such circumstances as to be seriously effected by the loss.

—On Saturday last Mr. Jas. McCann, who was at work felling trees, near Woods' landing, Wyoming, had just brought a large tree to the ground, and

as it came down it swung around so as to catch him, bruise his body severely and break one of his legs. On the same day Wm. Herron and Joseph Nedom, two section men employed on the Union Pacific, near Laramie, Wyo., were on their way in to dinner, working the handcar. They were proceeding with considerable speed when they suddenly saw a train approaching them. Being too late to save themselves and their car, they both leaped for life and each received severe injuries.

—On Saturday night a fire broke out in the Bell mine, near Butte, Montana, destroying considerable property. The Butte fire department were powerless, as there were no appliances at hand that could be utilized for the suppression of the fire. The flames were first discovered in the hoisting works, and after consuming the engine house, shaft house and some cord wood, attacked the shaft which was destroyed down to the 400-foot level and probably farther, though the exact depth has not been ascertained. There is a strong suspicion that the fire was the work of an incendiary.

—At Butte, on Saturday night, a couple of footpads accosted Charles Fredrickson on his way home, and ordered him to hold his hands up, the command being accompanied with the presentation at his head of a pair of revolvers. Fredrickson was unarmed and completely at the mercy of the highwaymen, and had, of course, to submit, without resistance. His hands went up, and while one of the robbers held a pistol at his head the other rifled his pockets and took therefrom a gold watch and chain and over \$100 in cash. Having accomplished their purpose the men ran off and made good their escape.

—On Friday evening last, at Boise City, Idaho, Deputy City Marshal Morrow heard a pistol shot as he went along the street. Going in search of the party who fired it, he came across a party of four soldiers, one of whom was carrying a sack, and called on them to halt. Two obeyed, but the other two offered resistance; one of them the marshal knocked down with his club, but the other, who was carrying the sack, being closely followed by the officer, dropped his load and fired his pistol at short range at the marshal, the bullet grazing the left cheek bone. Morrow fired in return, but without effect, and the soldier escaped, but gave himself up next morning, and was lodged in jail.

—The alleged "Sm Wann," who was brought down from Montana to Laramie on Friday night last, turns out to be another man from the one wanted in Carbon County. His real name is Conrad Heilig, and in August, 1878, he was working on the ranch of Frank Ketchum, near Cheyenne. His home was formerly in Iowa, and on Monday he was identified by a Cheyenne man who made shoes for him when he was a boy. The prisoner owes his life to the energetic work of Mr. N. K. Boswell, who prevented his being taken west Saturday night, and personally sought out the facts in the case. Had an attempt been made to remove the prisoner he would have been hanged sure. He is accredited with being a hard man, but will be sent back to be dealt with by the authorities in Montana.

—The following dispatch was sent from Tucson, Arizona, Aug. 1st: "Deputy Sheriff J. K. Murphy of Maricopa county and William Crimmon this morning brought in Francisco Yanez, one of the Mexicans who robbed the stage on Wednesday, between Casa Grande and Florence. The other robber, Juan Carranza, was left dead on the ground. Mr. Murphy left Tempe Monday last, in pursuit of three men who had stolen two horses from that place from Crimmon & Priest. The pursuers left Tucson at 5 o'clock Thursday afternoon and struck the trail of the robbers near Robles' ranch, twenty-five miles out on the Quijotoa road, and overtook them at daybreak yesterday. The command to surrender was not heeded, and a running fire was commenced by the robbers from behind the rocks. One was killed and the other slightly wounded and then surrendered."

—In reference to Miss Hill, the defendant in the case of Sharon vs. Hill, drawing a revolver while the examination of the witnesses were going on before the Master-in-Chancery, and threatening to kill ex-Senator Stewart, of counsel for Sharon, Judge Field in the United States Circuit court, made an order to-day that the marshal of the Court take measures to disarm Miss Hill and keep her disarmed while in attendance on the Court.

Did you Sup-

pose Mustang Liniment only good for horses? It is for inflammation of all flesh.

THE RISING QUESTION.

Shall we eat Lime with our Bread?

It is a fact no longer questioned that all the baking powders, with the single exception of the Royal, contain lime or alum. Prof. Love's report as analyst of the New York State Board of Health, revealing lime impurities, and Government Chemist Mott's researches showing the alarming use of alum, have conclusively established the presence of these substances. Eminent analysts have found in some of the powders, notably those so prominently advertised, 10.7 per cent of lime alone.

Everybody is interested in this wholesale debasement of food. The public health is no doubt injuriously affected by the large amount of lime that is thus taken into the system, for—although perfectly pure food is produced by the use of Royal Baking Powder, which is free from lime and absolutely pure—many of these adulterated baking powders are still imposed upon consumers by the false advertisements with which they are placed before the public.

No Lime in Royal Baking Powder.

Chemical tests have likewise proved the Royal Baking Powder to be free from lime and absolutely pure. This results from the exclusive use of cream of tartar specially refined and prepared by patent processes by which the tartrate of lime is totally eliminated. The production of chemically pure cream of tartar involved many experiments and great expense, which add largely, of course, to the cost of producing the Royal Baking Powder. But its manufacturers are amply rewarded in thus being able to give consumers a baking powder absolutely pure in all respects—the only absolutely pure baking Powder made. In emphasis of this fact, the report of Prof. McMurtrie, late chief chemist for the United States Department of Agriculture at Washington, is given:

"I have examined the cream of tartar manufactured by the New York Tartar Company and used by the Royal Baking Powder Company in the manufacture of their baking powder, and found it perfectly pure and free from lime in any form.

"The chemical tests to which I have submitted the Royal Baking Powder, prove it perfectly healthful, and free from every deleterious substance.

"WM. McMURTRIE, E.M., Ph.D."

"Chemist in Chief U. S. Dept. of Agriculture."

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FERRY'S SEED ANNUAL

FOR 1885

INVALUABLE TO ALL! Will be mailed FREE to all applicants who send to customers of last year without order. It contains illustrations of all descriptions and directions for vegetable and flower seed.

LEGAL NOTICE.

In the Probate Court of Tooele County, Utah Territory.

In the matter of the Estate of Absalom Yates, deceased.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT Rebecca and Joseph Yates, the Administrators of the Estate of Absalom Yates, deceased, have rendered and presented for settlement and filed in this court their final account of their administration of said estate, also a petition praying for a distribution of said estate and discharge of said administrators, and that Tuesday, the Eighteenth day of August A. D. 1885, at 2 o'clock p. m., at the Court Room of said Court, at the Court House in the City and County of Tooele, has been duly appointed by said court for the settlement of said account and hearing of said petition, at which time and place any person interested in said estate may appear and file their exceptions in writing to the said account and contest the same.

JOHN W. TATE, Clerk.
Dated July 23rd, 1885.