

kugawa clan; owing to an accident to the machinery of the ram *Stonewall*, the fleet had put back and anchored in Uruga bay. Great excitement prevailed at Hakodado in expectation of any attack by the Mikado's forces. One of the leaders of the Tokugawas had been assassinated for advocating a surrender to the Mikado. A steamer belonging to the Japanese was blown up while anchored off Yeddo, the powder magazine having been accidentally ignited. It was reported that sixty lives were lost. The opening of Yeddo remained a dead letter, owing to the blundering of the government, which placed every difficulty in the way of business being freely transacted. Urgent remonstrances from the foreign Ministers had caused the Japanese government to take steps to remedy the currency evil. Business in the Yokohama market was limited.

China advises say that the funeral services of Maj. Gen. Bunker, commander of the English forces in China and Japan and the Lieut. Governor of Hong Kong, took place March 27, with full military honors. English, American and other naval officers were in attendance.

The American Minister was expected at Shanghai from the South. Besides visiting Canton, it was his intention to place a vice Consulate in Hainan as soon as he could communicate with the government of Peking. C. D. Williams, a well-known resident of China, had been selected for the post, which is to be at Hong Chow.

Pekin advises say that unless rain falls soon serious damages will result to the crops. The Emperor had visited the temples and offered prayers for rain.

Several Manchos had broken into the Imperial treasury, and had plundered it of nine thousand taels of silver.

Velocipedes were numerous at Shanghai.

Canton advises report continued unfavorable weather for the new teas; some tea men assert that the whole of the first crop will be seriously damaged.

Business at Hong Kong was unusually dull.

The exports of tea from Canton and Macao to the United States and Great Britain from June 1st 1868 to April 15th, 1869 amounted to 14,043,000 pounds.

New York.—The *Herald's* special from Havana 22nd, Key West 23rd, says information has been received here of the landing of 300 filibusters near Gibraltar; there was a fight with the troops on the shore, in which the Spanish captured 2 cannon and lost 32 men; the insurgents lost 80 killed and wounded. Result unknown. Fighting was reported near Trinidad and Cienfuegos, with heavy losses and appalling atrocities on both sides. Remedios is in a state of anarchy. The insurgents are ubiquitous in that jurisdiction, and small bands of Spaniards and Cubans are engaged in mutual murder and robbery.

London.—The difficulty with the Chinese government arising out of the persecution of the Christians in the north, has been settled. The latest despatches from the British legation at Peking state that the mandarin who countenanced the persecutions has been removed from office.

London.—Sir Francis Head, formerly Governor General of Canada, has sent a letter to the *Times*, inclosing his correspondence with Secretary Marcy, arising out of the Canadian rebellion in '37. Sir Francis argues that the United States was wrong at that time, and that England has dormant claims for apology and compensation, though they have long been overlooked and forgotten. If the United States was right then he submits that the good sense and good feelings of the Americans are logical. He says the Queen's neutrality proclamation was similar to that which they, themselves, gave in '37. He calls attention to the fact that England was only one country of Europe which pledged herself, by proclamation, to remain neutral, during the late war. He concludes with promises to reply in two letters, to Sumner's complaints of assistance rendered to the Confederates.

Foster, Vice President of the Council in an address to his constituents, opposed the views put forward by Sumner in his speech on the Alabama claims. He said the government would not be held responsible for the offensive acts of individuals. It had strained the law in favor of the United States in stopping the rams. England was prepared to pay for the mistake in the case of the Alabama on due arbitration. He considered concession, beyond a certain point, a crime, but ended by declaring that he felt assured that war

would never occur between England and America.

Cork.—Mr. Hagerty, to-day, was elected Mayor in place of O'Sullivan, resigned. The Mayor was assailed by a mob, and threatened with personal violence for supporting the election of Hagerty.

London.—The election excitement at Marseilles is very great. A private meeting was held there yesterday, at which M. Gambetta, President, made a strong speech. The crowds in the streets sang the "Marseillaise" and made other unlawful demonstrations; many arrests were made by the police. At Thiers, a town in the department of Ray Ne Bolle, disorders are also reported.

A REAL HERO.—A few weeks ago, on board an English steamer, a little ragged boy, aged 9 years, was discovered on the fourth day of the outward passage from Liverpool to New York, and carried before the first mate, whose duty it was to deal with such cases. When questioned as to the object of his being stowed away, and who brought him on board, the boy, who had a beautiful, sunny face, and eyes that looked like the very mirrors of truth, replied that his stepfather did it, because he could not afford to keep him, nor to pay his fare to Halifax, where he had an aunt who was well off, and to whom he was going. The mate did not believe the story, in spite of the winning face and truthful accents of the boy. He had seen too much of stow-aways to be easily deceived by them, he said; and it was his firm conviction that the boy had been brought on board and provided with food by the sailors. The little fellow was very roughly handled, in consequence. Day by day he was questioned and questioned, but always with the same result. He did not know a sailor on board, and his stepfather alone had secreted him, and given him the food which he ate. At last the mate, wearied by the boy's persistence in the same story, and perhaps a little anxious to inculcate the sailors, seized him one day by the collar and dragging him to the fore, told him that unless he confessed the truth in ten minutes from that time, he would hang him on the yard-arm. He then made him sit down under it on the deck. All around him were the passengers and sailors of the mid-day watch, and in front of him stood the inexorable mate, with his chronometer in his hand, and the other officers of the ship by his side. It was the finest sight (said our informant) we ever beheld, to see the pale, proud, sorrowful face of that noble boy, his head erect, his beautiful eyes bright through the tears that suffused them. When eight minutes had fled, the mate told him he had but two minutes to live, and advised him to speak the truth and save his life; but he replied with the utmost simplicity and sincerity, by asking the mate if he might pray. The mate said nothing, but nodded his head, and turned as pale as a ghost, and shook with trembling like a reed in the wind. And there, all eyes turned on him, this brave and noble little fellow, this poor wail, whom society owned not, and whose own stepfather could not care for him—there he knelt with clasped hands, and eyes upraised to heaven, while he repeated audibly the Lord's Prayer, and prayed the dear Lord Jesus to take him to heaven. Our informant adds that there then occurred a scene as of Pentecost. Sobs broke from strong, hard hearts, as the mate sprang to the boy and clasped him to his bosom, and kissed him, and blessed him, and told him how sincerely he now believed his story, and how glad he was that he had been brave enough to face death, and be willing to sacrifice his life for the truth of his own word.—*Sun.*

The Goldsboro (North Carolina) *Messenger* states that rape has become so common in that State that women are not safe from outrage in any portion of it. The editor attributes its awful prevalence to the conduct of the military in shielding the perpetrators of the crime, and the readiness with which eminent lawyers assume their defense. The *Messenger* says; "We do not counsel lynch law, as a general thing, but in obedience to the sense of justice toward society in the present state of affairs, we are compelled to declare it to be the duty of any and every man in the country to treat as an outlaw, and shoot down as he would a mad dog or ravenous wild beast, any man-monster in the shape of man, known to be guilty of this most hideous crime against woman."

NOTICE.

In the Supreme Court for the District of Utah.

In the matter of WILLIAM B. WRIGHT, } In Bankruptcy.
Bankrupt.

To the Creditors of Wm. B. Wright, Bankrupt Notice is hereby given, that, pursuant to an Order made by said Court, in the matter of William B. Wright, a Bankrupt, on the 4th day of May, A. D. 1869, a hearing will be had upon the Petition of said Bankrupt, heretofore filed in said Court, praying for his discharge from all his debts and liabilities, proveable under the Act of Congress entitled "An Act to establish a uniform system of Bankruptcy throughout the United States," approved March 2nd, 1867, and for a certificate thereof, before said Court, on the 7th day of June, A. D. 1869, at 10 o'clock A. M., at the United States Court Rooms in Salt Lake City, in said District, at which time and place any creditor of said Bankrupt, or any other person in interest, may appear and show cause, if any they have, why the prayer of the said petition should not be granted. Notice is further given, that the 2nd and 3rd meeting of creditors of said Bankrupt will be held before R. H. Robertson, Esq., Register in Bankruptcy for said District, at his office in Salt Lake City, on the said 7th day of June, A. D. 1869, at 9 o'clock A. M.

W. I. APPLEBY,
Clerk of said Supreme Court

P. L. WILLIAMS,
Petitioner's Att'y.
Salt Lake City, May 4th, 1869. W14

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References:

Jas. Linforth, Esq., of Linforth, Kellogg & Rail; Jonathan Hunt, Esq., Pres. Pacific Insurance Co.; A. J. Ralston, Esq., Sec. Pacific Insurance Co.; Falkner, Bell & Co.; Badger & Lindenberger; L. B. Benchley, Esq.; Meagher, Taaffe & Co.; J. A. Donohoe, Esq., of Donohoe, Kelly & Co.; Roberts, McNish & Co.

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