

To him who watches everything is revealed. This includes all sorts of "want ads." to those who "watch" the want ads, day by day.

DESERT EVENING NEWS.

The French say that "Nothing is a footless stocking without a leg;" and that is about the only thing you can't buy or sell through advertising.

10 PAGES—LAST EDITION

WEDNESDAY JANUARY 30 1907 SALT LAKE CITY UTAH

FIFTY-SIXTH YEAR

DATE SET FOR VOTE IN THE SMOOT CASE

Will be Taken on Wednesday, Feb. 20, at 4 O'Clock in the Afternoon.

SENATOR ALLISON OBJECTED.

Senator Smoot Expressed Hope That Objection Would be Withdrawn and it Was.

He Wants an Early Vote and Willing to Should Come Without Further Discussion.

(Special to the "News.")

Washington, D. C., Jan. 30.—Three weeks from today at 4 o'clock, in the afternoon, the senate will vote on the question of the right of Senator Reed Smoot to retain the seat to which he was elected. Senator Burrows, who returned from the funeral of his colleague today, fulfilled his promise he made the senate to take up the Smoot resolution immediately at the conclusion of the morning business on Feb. 20 and to vote upon it at 4 o'clock the same day.

Senator Allison, chairman of the appropriations committee, interposed an objection because the customary provision had not been made to give the appropriation bill the right of way. But Senator Smoot advised the senate and urged that a definite day be fixed; he insisted that it is his right. Other senators also spoke in a similar vein and Burrows said that as the matter in question is the highest privilege he would insist upon the adoption of his resolution. Finally Senator Allison withdrew his objection and the Burrows resolution was adopted.

It is understood that Senator Dubois has been chafing over the delay because he has a number of friends from Idaho and Utah crowded in New York, who are to be brought over here to urge senators to vote against Senator Smoot. The senator did not want them to come until a day to vote was definitely fixed. Now they are booked to swarm upon Washington and to lobby with Republican senators to vote adversely to Senator Smoot on the ground that a great national question is involved.

Senator Smoot himself is the happiest member of the upper house apparently. He has patiently awaited the action of the senate of fixing a day in court, and now that the senate has done so, he is confident that his title to his seat will be absolutely confirmed. From expressions heard among senators on both sides of the chamber, it would appear that the Burrows-Dubois forces have divided day by day. Apparently more than two-thirds of the senate will vote in favor of the Utah senator.

(By Associated Press.)

Washington, Jan. 30.—The senate has agreed to vote on the resolution introduced by Senator Smoot not entitled to his seat at 4 o'clock Wednesday, Feb. 20.

Senator Burrows presented the proposition to vote in the form of a resolution which provided that the resolution declaring Senator Smoot entitled to a seat in the senate should be taken up for consideration immediately after morning business on Feb. 20. "And that at 4 o'clock on said day the senate shall proceed to vote on any amendments, and then the resolution itself without further debate."

Senator Allison objected on the ground that, considering the present condition of senate business a whole day ought not to be given up to this matter. Mr. Smoot, the subject of the resolution, expressed the hope that the objection would be withdrawn. "Personally," he continued, "I should like to have a vote on this matter. It will be only too pleased to have it that I can take any further action of the senate, if an early day will suit the senate, I will be perfectly willing to have it come to a vote without further discussion. But I do hope that the senator will withdraw his objection."

Senator Dubois urged the same action after it was explained that the resolution would be discussed up to the date mentioned. Mr. Allison withdrew his objection and the senate was agreed to as suggested by Senator Burrows.

SWETENHAM'S RESIGNATION.

There is Reason to Believe That It Has Been Accepted.

London, Jan. 30.—There is reason to believe that the resignation of Sir Alexander Swetenham, governor of Jamaica, has been accepted, though the official notice has not yet been received. The subject of the resignation is a retired naval officer and a member of the House of Commons. He has been in the service of the crown for many years and has held various positions of honor.

CHAPLAIN DUDLEY CHASE DEAD.

Philadelphia, Jan. 30.—Chaplain Dudley Chase, 70 years old, died in this city, aged 70 years. He was born in the Rev. Dr. Chase. In 1864 he was appointed chaplain in the army and served in various campaigns in California and Nevada.

MR. MICHAEL FOSTER DEAD.

London, Jan. 30.—Sir Michael Foster, 70 years old, died in this city, aged 70 years. He was born in the Rev. Dr. Foster. In 1864 he was appointed chaplain in the army and served in various campaigns in California and Nevada.

CHINESE PHEASANTS DYING.

London, Jan. 30.—Gamekeepers are reporting that thousands of pheasants are dying in the parks and gardens of London. The birds are found dead in the streets and in the parks. The cause of the disease is not known.



MAE MCKENZIE, One of the Pretty Witnesses in the Thaw Case.

DID MRS. COPELEY SHOOT HERSELF?

Husband Called up Doctor, Who Went and Found Wife And Child Dead.

FATHER IS UNDER ARREST.

Subjected to Severe Examination But Maintained His Innocence—There Had Been a Quarrel.

Washington, Jan. 30.—Answering a call from W. G. Copley, a census office clerk, John S. Dorsey, a physician at Langdon, rushed to the man's residence at midnight and there found the wife and 3-months-old child of the clerk dead with several bullet wounds in their bodies.

Copley, Dr. Dorsey said, reported that his wife had shot herself and the child.

"My wife has shot herself, and I want you to hasten to the house at once," Copley is said to have exclaimed when he aroused the physician.

When the doctor arrived at the Copley residence, both Mrs. Copley and the baby were dead. The former had been shot in the right side and the latter was shot through the head.

Dr. Dorsey notified the police of the Ninth precinct as soon as he had grasped the situation, and as a result a resolution which provided that the resolution declaring Senator Smoot entitled to a seat in the senate should be taken up for consideration immediately after morning business on Feb. 20. "And that at 4 o'clock on said day the senate shall proceed to vote on any amendments, and then the resolution itself without further debate."

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POLICE AT WORK.

Washington, Jan. 30.—Washington police are today trying to solve the mystery as to whether Mrs. Amanda M. Copley and her 3-months-old baby, who were found dead in bed early after midnight, were murdered or whether Mrs. Copley shot the infant and then committed suicide. The latter theory is the explanation given by the husband, William G. Copley, a clerk in the census office, who is held at a police station pending an investigation.

Lieut. Falvey, after examining the wound which caused Mrs. Copley's death, said that it was not possible for her to have inflicted the injury herself. Shortly after midnight Copley called in Dr. Dorsey, telling him that his wife had attempted to commit suicide. When the doctor arrived Mrs. Copley and the baby were dead. Copley was subjected to a severe examination at the police station, but insisted that his wife had killed herself. The prisoner was held until Dr. Dorsey pulled down the covers of the bed on which the two were lying. Copley admitted that he and his wife had quarreled in the early part of the night and said that his wife had taken the two children, Raymond, 6 years old, and Ruth, the baby, and gone to a room and that he went to his room on the second floor to retire for the night. Shortly before midnight he said he heard two shots in the room occupied by his wife and that he immediately rushed into the room and found that his wife had shot herself, and without making a further examination he hurried to the residence of Dr. Dorsey.

Mr. and Mrs. Copley were married in Iowa, near Council Bluffs. Copley is 35 years old. He was a member of the 38th Iowa Infantry and served some time in the Philippines. Mrs. Copley was 29 years of age.

Copley was disinclined to make a statement this morning. When asked for an expression he said: "I have nothing to say."

COPELEY FROM IOWA.

Omaha, Jan. 30.—A special to the Bee from Walnut, Iowa, says: The report of the death of Mrs. Amanda Copley, and her infant child, created a profound surprise here where the parties have resided since infancy, and where they stood high in public estimation. William Copley came here from Illinois when 2 years old, and resided here until he enlisted in the army.

FRENCH CABINET QUITE NONPLUSSED

Has Hardly Recovered From Its Surprise at the Proposition The Bishops Made.

DOESN'T KNOW WHAT TO DO.

Generally Regarded as an Overture For Conciliation—Parisian Press Expresses Various Opinions.

Paris, Jan. 30.—The French cabinet has hardly recovered from its surprise at the proposition which the bishops with the approval of the pope, submitted to the government for a modus vivendi upon the basis of a virtual lease of the churches in perpetuity to the parish priests by the mayors, and apparently some confusion exists as to what course to adopt. While the official remarks of Minister of Education Briand in the chamber of deputies last night that the conditions proposed were unacceptable, do not necessarily exclude the possibility of a compromise, the attitude of the Extreme Radicals, who are in the cabinet, is more definite. They are in the communication and at the dispatches from Rome reporting the Vatican as being determined, unless the bishop's proposition is immediately adopted, to order the parish priests to leave their churches and suspend public worship, greatly embarrassing the Moderates. The latter believe that the government, having accomplished the separation of church and state, can afford to accept any definite solution of the difficulties in the interest of peace.

Commenting upon the situation, the Eclair today says: "The moment for reflection has arrived. The Vatican offers a solution compatible with its dignity and duty. The independence of serious negotiations is demonstrated by the vain and wicked quarrels which are jeopardizing the national unity."

The Echo de Paris says: "The means for pacification have been offered. If they are brutally rejected, the government will be driven to persecution."

The Figaro says: "The whole world will interpret the bishops' proposition as a desire for conciliation."

M. Jaures, the Socialist leader, makes the following comment: "It is a skillful maneuver of the church, designed to furnish an excuse for suspending public worship on the pretext that the necessary guarantees are refused."

The Aurore asserts that the bishops' proposition is an ultimatum, adding: "If it is accepted, who will guarantee that the government will not be summoned to Canossa?"

The Radical expressed the hope that Premier Clemenceau and M. Briand will "avoid the trap and continue the prudent and liberal policy the Republican majority approves."

The Lanterne expresses the opinion that the bishops' proposition "is a new defiance of the law."

THE WHITELY TRAGEDY.

Unusual Public Interest Shown in it At the Funeral.

London, Jan. 30.—The unusual public interest in the Whitely tragedy was shown by the scenes at the funeral of the merchant this morning. Long before the hour for the funeral the streets were thronged with people gathered about the Whiteleys' residence in the Westbourne grove district. The funeral cortege was a long and impressive one, and was followed by a large number of people.

Four of these were laden with wreaths. The funeral was held at the Whiteley family home, which was a large and imposing building. The funeral was attended by a large number of people, including many of the local gentry and the clergy.

M. GUIDEMA, GOVERNOR OF POLITICAL PRISON, SHOT.

St. Petersburg, Jan. 30.—M. Guidema, governor of the political prison in Yail Offort, a suburb of this city, was shot in the main street of the island today and died immediately.

President Joseph F. Smith is in receipt of a letter from Hon. J. C. McNally, once a resident of this city, but now American consul at Liege, Belgium. In his communication Judge McNally expresses admiration for the kind treatment accorded him during the period of his residence in the Christmas edition of the Desert News.

Referring to the 1894 Christmas edition of the Desert News, Mr. McNally writes: "I am in receipt of the Christmas edition of the Desert News, and I am very proud to add it to the files of my collection. It is a complete compendium of the events of the past year, with an intelligent summary of the year's progress, and a valuable issue and intelligently put together that the world has rarely seen."

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THAW FOR TRIAL

This Will Make Four Hundred Men Who Have Been Summoned.

JUDGE SPRINGS A SURPRISE.

No More Sketches Will be Allowed to Be Made in the Courtroom By Artists.

New York, Jan. 30.—The ratio of securing one new juror at each morning and afternoon session of the Thaw trial was maintained today when Harry C. Beasley, the tenth juror in the box, was added to the trial panel before the lunch adjournment was ordered.

Twenty-seven talesmen were disposed of this morning, and the second special panel of 100 men was being exhausted so rapidly that just before 1 o'clock orders were sent out for 100 more talesmen for tomorrow morning. This will make 100 men who have been summoned.

Both state and defense engaged today in a duel of peremptory challenges, and during the morning session each side had employed the privilege four times. With two jurors yet to be obtained, the trial was expected to continue to the afternoon.

Neither Mrs. William Thaw nor the Countess of Yarmouth attended this morning's session. It was said they were suffering from colds and did not deem it wise to venture out.

The defendant had a piece of paper and a pencil with him today, and from time to time during the examination of the talesmen he made notes.

Thaw passed an uneasy night and this morning said he was disappointed that the jury had not been completed yesterday.

Thaw was especially annoyed by the excusing of Harold Fair, the broker who had made a good impression on him during the examination of the talesmen.

Justice Fitzgerald threw something of a bombshell into the courtroom this morning by announcing that through the court officers that no more sketches should be made during the trial. This came as a complete surprise. Artists from most of the principal eastern cities had been summoned to the courtroom, and they had not been restricted in any way whatever.

Evelyn Nesbit Thaw and May McKenzie were again in the courtroom today. Mrs. Thaw was seated in the courtroom, and Mrs. McKenzie was seated in the gallery.

There was a wild story going the rounds of the courtroom today to the effect that there was a fund of \$100,000 for use in corrupting a juror. It was given no credence whatever by the responsible parties.

It is asserted that the talesmen who are to be examined are under the surveillance of county detectives, but this could not be verified. The statement of Harold Fair, the broker, who was excused yesterday, that he could offer no explanation as to why he was replaced in the jury box was repeated on many sides today and it was rumored that he might demand an explanation of the action taken in his case.

For the first time talesmen called to the jury box after the opening of the trial were asked if they had been approached by any one in connection with the case since being summoned. All replied no. Only 60 men remained in the second panel of 100 men.

Seven men were examined in vain without a jury after the opening of court. Two of them were peremptorily challenged by the defense.

Edward Thaw and Mrs. George L. Carnegie reached the courtroom an hour after the proceedings had begun.

Atty. Delmas of Thaw's counsel is still confined to his apartments with a severe cold.

The first talesman to prove acceptable as a juror today was Harry C. Beasley, an advertising agent. He was accepted only after a long wrangle between counsel over the form of questions put to him as to what he considered a conspiracy.

He was finally asked by Mr. Gleason for the defense: "Have you any prejudice against a line of defense so long as it is legal?"

"No."

"Have you any prejudice against a defense of insanity?"

"No."

As regards that contention, you would give the defendant the same reasonable doubts you would give to the question of his guilt or innocence?"

"Yes."

Mr. Jerome had no challenge and the juror was sworn in. He made the tenth juror.

After the 12 talesmen had been chosen, Mr. Garvey no longer pursued his questioning as to whether the men under examination had been approached in connection with the case.

William R. Farrell, who peremptorily challenged the charges, was recess was then ordered at 1 o'clock.

Henry I. Kleiberg, 48 years of age, a silk merchant, was this afternoon chosen as the eleventh juror in the Thaw case.

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SEVERE CRITICISM OF SECY. HITCHCOCK

Based on His Order Prohibiting Issuance of Patent to Land Until After Examination.

IS MADE BY SENATOR CARTER.

Says it Expresses Secretary's Estimate Of Truth and Good Faith of All Settlers on Public Domain.

Washington, D. C., Jan. 30.—Severe criticism of Secy. Hitchcock was made in the senate today by Senator Carter, of Montana. The criticism was based on the order of the secretary of last December which prohibits the issuance of a patent to land under any of the land laws until after examination on the ground by a special agent. Senator Carter some time ago presented a resolution which denies the right of any executive officer to prevent the granting of a patent when the law under which it is claimed has been carried out.

SECY'S ESTIMATE OF SETTLERS.

Mr. Carter began by asserting that the order referred to expressed the final estimate of the secretary as to the truth and veracity, the honor and integrity and the good faith of all settlers on the public domain in the United States. "It is a statement," he added, "all other persons seeking title to public land under existing laws."

"The order is without precedent in the history of the government. It is a statement of the secretary's estimate of the truth and veracity, the honor and integrity and the good faith of all settlers on the public domain in the United States. It is a statement of the secretary's estimate of the truth and veracity, the honor and integrity and the good faith of all settlers on the public domain in the United States."

Interior Department Report.

"For the last six years sensational reports of evil doings in the public land states have been emanating from the interior department from day to day, and in the course of the year to create the impression in other sections that the entire western population is and has been engaged in a veritable orgy of criminal conspiracy, fraud and perjury."

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FRAUDULENT TRANSACTION.

The fact that every fraudulent transaction complained of was initiated and consummated under the administration of the political secretary was not given publicity. Few have stopped to consider the slender basis of the charges made indiscriminately against 15,000,000 of people inhabiting 14 states and three territories.

Notwithstanding the expenditure of an excessive amount of money by the secretary, the truth remains to be told that the percentage of fraudulent public land entries for the last eight years disclosed by investigation bears about the same annual proportion to the whole number of entries as obtained during each of the preceding 40 years. It remains to be shown by records that the secretary has been deceived and misled during his term in challenging erroneous, improper or fraudulent land entries than were his four immediate predecessors. Given the abuses under the so-called timber and stone laws, which the secretary might have stopped any day, are shown by the records to have been shamefully exaggerated.

SECY'S ALARM REPORTS.

"I realize that the president of the United States has been deceived and misled by the secretary's oft-repeated statement that the percentage of fraudulent public land entries for the last eight years disclosed by investigation bears about the same annual proportion to the whole number of entries as obtained during each of the preceding 40 years. It remains to be shown by records that the secretary has been deceived and misled during his term in challenging erroneous, improper or fraudulent land entries than were his four immediate predecessors. Given the abuses under the so-called timber and stone laws, which the secretary might have stopped any day, are shown by the records to have been shamefully exaggerated."

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