The evening paper is the paper of Today, the morning paper is the paper of Yesterday.

DESERET EVENING NEWS.

5 O'clock ~EDITION.~

TRUTH AND LIBERTY.

NO. 28. TUESDAY, DECEMBER 24, 1895. SALT LAKE CITY, UTAH. VOL. XXIX.

NOT DEFENSELESS.

San Francisco Can Provide Thirty Vessels on Short Notice.

IN CASE OF WAR WITH ENGLAND.

Six Armored Ships Could Be Constructed Within a Year by One Firm.

SAN FRANCISCO, Dec. 24.—San Francisco can provide thirty-five vessels for the defense of its harbor in the event of war with England, provided time is given in which to put them in condition for battle. The Pacific coast steamship company can alone put with a very respectable fleet and dependable can turn out enough tugs to convoy all commercial ships which would attempt to pass the harbor in spite of the Portsmouth blockade.

There are four big companies operating steamers out of San Francisco, the majority of which fly the American flag. The Pacific Mail company operates a line of steamers between San Francisco and Panama, another between Panama and Mexico and Central American ports, and another between this city and Oregon. Every share of the stock of this company is owned by the Pacific Mail company, and in case of war they would be transferred to the American flag without loss of time. The headquarters of the Pacific Mail company are in New York and the people at this end are shy on expressing an opinion on the available ships that could be turned over to Uncle Sam. There is no doubt, however, why they should not all be at the service of the navy department in exchange for coin.

The fleet of the company, taken all through, will average a speed of 12 knots an hour.

James Rosen, president and general manager of the Fulton Engineering and Shipbuilding works, says his firm could in two months be prepared for the building of six modern steel men war vessels at one time. At present the firm has facilities only for two vessels at a time. Under stress of circumstances and provided that the proper plans could be furnished promptly from the East, they could build six armored vessels within a year.

AS VIEWED IN CHILE.

The Country's Grievance Against the United States.

NEW YORK, Dec. 24.—A dispatch to the Herald from Valparaiso, Chile, says: The Chilean, a conservative journal published in Santiago and Valparaiso, the most widely read paper in Chile, discusses President Cleveland's message in a long editorial. It says that the Monroe doctrine does not mean America for Americans but America for the Yankees.

Further discussing the subject, it vigorously criticises the United States for interfering in the war between Peru and Bolivia, and says that Chile was unjustly humiliated in the settlement of the trouble growing out of the difficulty between Chilians and sailors of the United States cruiser Baltimore. It compares these things with the treatment that the country has received from England, which, it says, has always been friendly.

The Worst Storm in Years.

PORT TOWNSEND, Wash., Dec. 24.—The worst storm experienced in many years has prevailed in the straits for two days. The telegraph wires are prostrated and shipping is at a standstill. Steamers arriving from the South report a severe gale from the west and steamers bound down are compelled to seek shelter and wait for the weather to moderate.

Killed a Robber.

ST. LOUIS, Dec. 24.—Henry Larsen, a gardener of Fine Lawn, a suburb of this city, entered the house of Constable John Hansen during the latter's absence late yesterday evening for the purpose of robbery. He was taking further with a little girl left alone there when Hansen appeared and arrested Larsen. On the way to the city Larsen assaulted the constable and broke away but had not gone far when a shot from Hansen's pistol killed him.

NO WAR WITH ENGLAND.

Rosebery Says Such an Event is Impossible.

New York, Dec. 24.—The World tomorrow will say: The World on Sunday sent to those leaders of church and state in Great Britain whose name is last known the question: "In the country of which we are in the actual state of British sentiment would carry more the most weight, brief enlargement, adding for expression of their feeling as to the existing difficulty between the two countries. Some of the replies follow:

"Edinburgh, Dec. 23.—I can only reply that I absolutely disbelieve in the possibility of war between the United States and Great Britain on such an issue as this, for it would be the greatest crime on record. History would have to relate that the two mighty nations of the Anglo-Saxon race, at a time when they appeared to be about to overshadow the world in the best interests of Christianity and civilization, preferred to cut each other's throats about a frontier squabble in a small South American republic.

"The proposition only requires to be stated to demonstrate its absurdity. All that is wanted is a level head and ordinary sense in our governments. I congratulate you on the good work your paper appears to be doing in this direction. ROSEBERY."

AMERICA'S CUP REPORT.

Why the Yachts Were Not Marked at the Local Water Line.

NEW YORK, Dec. 24.—A report has been made by the American's cup committee to the New York club about the difficulties governing the international race and their correspondence with Lord Dunraven. The important point is why the yacht were not marked at the local water line when measured, and this the committee goes into fully, explaining the reason for delay. When on the day Lord Dunraven received a remeasurement, giving to him as a cause for it that the Defender had been tampered with, the committee declined to act in the matter further than inserting the remeasurement ordered on the previous day to be thoroughly done. They considered the charge preposterous and the manner of making it improper, it being unaccompanied by any signed statement whatever, and Dunraven's behavior has neglected the recognized means of redressing such a wrong, the onus of taking up the alleged grievance and set rest upon the committee. Again, as Lord Dunraven continued the contest on September 10, the logical conclusion was that he accepted what had been done as a fit and just disposal of his complaint against the Defender.

Pardon for Lilinokalani.

SAN FRANCISCO, Dec. 24.—Advices from Hawaii to a local paper are to the effect that President Dole and his cabinet are as well pleased with the way in which ex-Queen Lilinokalani has conducted herself since her release on parole that the granting of a full pardon to her is under consideration.

Veterans Support Cleveland.

CHARLESTON, W. Va., Dec. 24.—The G. A. R. post and two Confederate veteran camps, together with citizens, met last night and adopted resolutions upholding President Cleveland in the Monroe doctrine. The veterans also resolved to offer their united strength to defend the country in case of war with England.

END OF A WAR.

The Contest Between the U. P. and D. & R. G. Nearly Settled.

CHICAGO, Dec. 23.—What promises to be the end of the fight between the Union Pacific and the Denver & Rio Grande over Colorado and Utah rates, is in sight. The Union Pacific and Great Northern late yesterday an agreement that all tickets sold by them, round trip as well as one way, shall be good for continuous passage only.

This rule applies, however, only to tickets from Montana points through Colorado and Utah to the Missouri river. Heretofore these tickets have been sold with a limit of thirty days, and many of them found their way into the hands of scalpers. The Union Pacific has empowered the chairman of the Western Passenger association to buy up all of his tickets which it can find on the open market. It claims that the number of them outside is much smaller than it has been reported. It has also announced its intention of doing all in its power to clear up the situation and give the new passenger association a clear field. All the eastern connections of the Denver & Rio Grande have joined in a request that it will accept the position taken by the Union Pacific and the two old transcontinental roads, and come into the Western Passenger association. If it is favorable, all the big troubles of the Western Passenger association will be over, for the time being at least.

A MEETING FOR PEACE.

President Cleveland's Venezuelan Message Strongly Condemned.

NEW YORK, Dec. 23.—Eleven hundred people assembled in Cooper union tonight to condemn President Cleveland's message to Congress over the Venezuelan boundary line question. Ernest Howard Crosby presided. His opening of the Monroe doctrine as follows:

"We are here to assert all that stands for the dignity of the American people, and to countenance the train at the mouth that has become epidemic and seems to have taken hold of the people. We are here to protest against the errors of the President of these United States." [Prolonged hisses and applause.]

The mouth that followed seemed as if it would break up the meeting. Cries of "Put him out!" "Get out!" and the like, were heard from all parts of the hall. Meanwhile the hisses and applause continued.

At the conclusion of the last address the secretary read a letter from Dr. H. Walter Newton, protesting against war and a resolution was presented which was voted for and against in the same voice. It was declared passed, however. The resolution in substance is that the chairman and speakers are appointed a committee to secure the widest possible opinion to oppose the war-like methods of the President.

CUBA AND PORTO RICO.

A Conspiracy for Co-operation Against Spain.

NEW YORK, Dec. 24.—A local paper says: Members of the Porto Rican revolutionary party, who have organized a junta in this city in conjunction with the Cuban junta are purchasing arms and fitting out an expedition. The organization of the party and the junta has met with the approval of the Porto Ricans in this city and elsewhere who realize that a decisive blow can be struck for liberty now that Spain's energy is devoted to quelling the insurrection in Cuba.

It was positively learned last night that Senor Estrada Palma, on behalf of the Cuban junta has entered into a compact with Dr. J. Julio Henna, president of the Porto Rican revolutionary party whereby both parties will co-operate in aiding the cause of Cuba and Porto Rico. President Henna acknowledged that he had been in consultation with President Palma and that aids will at once be taken to assist the people of Porto Rico, who are anxiously awaiting the signal to arise.

A meeting of the members of both the Cuban and Porto Rican juntas will be held at the Cuban headquarters, when a plan favorable to the Porto Ricans will be decided upon. The Cuban junta realizes that it has secured powerful allies in the war against Spain. With the development of an insurrection in Porto Rico the efforts of the Spanish to put down the war in Cuba will necessarily be weakened and troops will be sent from the island of Cuba to Porto Rico.

For months past the revolutionary Porto Ricans in this city have been corresponding with the leading revolutionary spirits in the island and President Henna said yesterday that thirty times as many would be found if the time came.

THE TARIFF BILL.

Efforts to Broaden the Scope of the Proposed Measure,

AND INCLUDE VARIOUS ARTICLES.

Pressure Brought to Bear on Members of the Ways and Means Committee.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 24. — Much pressure has been brought to bear upon Chairman Dingley and the members of the ways and means committee today by members of the House and business men, to persuade them to broaden the scope of the tariff advance in the proposed revenue bill and include other articles not before considered. They are invariably told the bill is not intended as a measure of tariff revision, but that it is an emergency bill to secure needed revenue, and there is neither time nor inclination to go deeply into the tariff question. There is a strong movement, however, that may possibly prove successful, to have the schedule of agricultural products raised from the contemplated rate of 25 per cent more than the Wilson bill rates to the 40 per cent of the McKinley rates, placing the schedule on the same basis with wool and lumber.

The announcement of the committee's plan by the Associated Press has caused the movement for a Republican caucus on the bill, which was passed by Western members to be nearly abandoned. The separation of the tariff and wool features of the plan will give the silver Republicans an opportunity to place themselves on record by voting against the wool bill, and this, together with the proposed advance of tariff rates on lumber, agricultural products and live stock, practically satisfies their desires.

The tariff ways and means committee held a formal meeting today and adopted resolutions to have the President's annual message printed. This afternoon the Republican members have another conference on the tariff bill.

THE SENATE.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 24.—The Senate today without even dividing passed the bill to remove the political disabilities of ex-Confederates.

On motion of Allison the Senate agreed that when adjournment be taken, it be until Friday.

In presenting a bill, authorizing the secretary of war to give Springfield rifles to the state military organizations in exchange for old guns, Hawley (Conn.) said, "I consider that this shall not be construed so as to add to the war score. I will say it is merely a question of business. Many guns in use by state troops are of an antiquated pattern. By the adoption of the Krag-Jorgensen gun—which I think was a mistake—the war department has on hand a large supply of good Springfield rifles, and the national guards should have them in exchange for the worthless guns."

Squire (Rep., Wash.) spoke against the injustice of employing foreign engineers on American ships receiving subsidies from the United States government and offered a bill to overcome the practice.

The project of a pan-American political union, embracing the North, South and Central American republics, was presented by Allen (Pop., Neb.) in the following resolutions:

Whereas, recent events have shown that European nations are making an aggressive attempt to obtain a greater foothold on the American continent, and

Whereas, such an attempt shows the necessity of a closer union of the American republics,

Resolved, that it is the sense of the Senate that the United States of America should act speedily as possible invite all American republics to enter into a closer union to be known as the pan-American union, for the purpose of promoting the general industrial and commercial welfare of the members thereof, and secure said republics from European or other foreign encroachments.

The resolution closed with a suggestion for a common unit of value between the republics of America.

It was referred to the committee on foreign relations.

Hill (N. Y.) is seeking to secure the passage of a bill repealing the six proscriptive laws against the enlistment of ex-Confederates in the United States army and navy, said:

"It would be a most fitting and generous Christmas present to the men of the South."

THE HOUSE.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 24.—When the House met today the attendance was small.

Turney (Dem., Ga.) called attention to the resolution introduced by Delegate Flynn, of Oklahoma, calling upon the secretary of the interior for an explanation of the alleged delays that he said occurred in the opening of the Wichita reservation. The secretary had written a temporate reply and he asked that it be printed in the record. Baker (Rep., N. H.) objected.

On motion of Dingley (Rep., Maine), a resolution for the distribution and references of the President's message to the committees having jurisdiction on the subjects dealt with was adopted after a short but intellectual effort by Linney (Dem., La.) to have the portion relating to the Nicaraguan canal referred to the committee on railways and canals, instead of interstate and foreign commerce.

The Speaker laid before the House the following cable communication, which was received with a burst of applause:

RIO DE JANEIRO, Dec. 21.

To the President of the Chamber of Representatives, Washington:

The Chamber of Deputies of the republic of Brazil congratulates the Chamber of Representatives of the North American Union for President Cleveland's worthy message which so nobly and highly defends the rights and honor of the American nations conferred in Monroe's principles.

(Signed) ROSA A. RIVAS, President.

The House adjourned till Thursday.

MORGAN GOES TO WASHINGTON.

Probably Invited There by President Cleveland.

NEW YORK, Dec. 24.—A local paper says: Mr. J. P. Morgan who with Mr. August Belmont, who organized the government bond syndicate last February went to Washington last night. Business men who knew of his departure are also aware of the informal communications that have been held between President Cleveland and prominent bankers of this city and are of the opinion that Mr. Morgan went over to Washington because he was invited to do so by the President.

If this is so it would seem to indicate that the President is not particularly hopeful of immediate action by Congress, authorizing an issue of bonds and that he has determined, as he all but writes, to finance the treasury on the basis of existing legislation.

All Despite Peace.

LONDON, Dec. 24.—Afternoon newspapers today continue their comments upon the Venezuelan question and the hope is expressed that the Christmas holidays will continue to bring about a calmer mood on both sides of the Atlantic. The possibility of a war between Great Britain and the United States is regarded not and the affair is now viewed chiefly from the standpoint of American domestic politics and bearings upon the financial situation.

Heavy Gales and Shipwreck.

LONDON, Dec. 24.—Heavy gales prevail today over the coast of Great Britain and several small wrecks are already reported. A schooner was seen run ashore in the Tyne, near Shields, where she became a wreck. It is believed all of the crew were drowned.

Gold Shipments.

NEW YORK, Dec. 24.—L. Von Hoffman & Co. have increased their proposed shipment of gold tomorrow from $250,000 to $400,000. Baring, Magnus & Co. will ship $700,000 for account Kidder, Peabody & Co. of Boston.

Havana Threatened.

HAVANA, Dec. 24.—Gomez and the insurgent army have turned the flank to the Spanish forces commanded by General Campos in person at Colon, and are now well to westward of that place, threatening a quick movement upon Havana.

The insurgent army is now only about fifty miles from Havana and the Spanish authorities seem to have entirely lost their heads. At this rate the insurgents will be in front of Havana possibly tomorrow if they have obtained control of the railroads from here to Mantanzas.

BRIEF TELEGRAMS.

Lawrence reduction works at Victor, Colo., has been burned. The loss is $125,000.

Sir Edward Harland, head of the famous ship building firm Harland & Wolf, died today. He was 64 years old.

Funeral of Mrs. W. N. Anderson.

The funeral services over the remains of the late Martha H. Anderson, wife of Wm. N. Anderson were held in the Sixth ward meeting house today, commencing at 11 o'clock. The services were conducted by Elder James E. Watson, Bishop of the ward. The singing exercises were sweetly rendered by the ward choir, under the leadership of Elder James Pontius. Opening prayer was offered by Elder Harrison Sperry and remarks were made by Elders Roberts, Patrick, John Nicholson and Joseph H. Taylor, President George Q. Cannon and Bishop Watson. The words of the speakers were full of consolance and instruction, having reference to the estimable character of the deceased as a wife, mother and Latter-day Saint. The speakers were filled with the spirit of comfort and blessing for the bereaved. Closing prayer was offered by Elder Elias Morris, and the remains were conveyed to the city cemetery, where Elder Joseph E. Taylor, of the Stake Presidency, dedicated the grave in which the body of Sister Anderson was laid to rest.

A Christmas Display.

As is usual in the holiday season, the Tinking meat market has one of the choicest displays in the city. The present Christmas is no exception to the rule. There is the highest quality of beef, veal, pork, mutton, hams, bacon, turkeys, geese, ducks, chickens, etc., tastily arranged in the market and prettily decorated. Everything is neat, clean and good—as Will Gulver remarked when he was arranging the display, "It's all home raised and home cured, and the best of that."

BIG COTTONWOOD POWER.

Building Completed, Machinery Foundations Being Put In and Wires Strung.

The promoters of the Big Cottonwood Power scheme—Messrs. James, Cannon, Donnellan, Hammerberg and others are pushing the work on their project to an early completion.

The power house at the mouth of Big Cottonwood canyon is now finished and the machinery foundations are being put in. The structure, which is of stone and brick, is two stories and amply adequate for the system in which it will play so prominent a part.

All of the poles—thirteen miles of them—are now in. They are of cedar and sixty feet high and represent an outlay in cash of $10,000. They were brought from Sand Point, Idaho. The cross arms, too, are up, and the twelve large copper feed wires with which they will all be united, are strung from the reservoir in the city to the South Boulevard. A large force of men is now engaged at that point in this work while another gang has commenced the stringing of wire from the other end. The holidays will not be allowed to interrupt or delay the work. The completion is an event of the near future.

Postoffice Hours Tomorrow.

Following are the postoffice hours for tomorrow, Customer Money order window closed; regular department open for delivery only from 9 a. m. to 12 m.; stamps and package and general delivery open from 8 a. m. to 12 m.; carriers in business districts will make two morning trips and one in residence districts.

SUIT AGAINST THE CITY.

Property Owners Commence Action to Recover an Alleged Overcharge In Paving Taxes.

A suit long looked for and which may furnish interesting reading before a climax is reached, has been placed in the Third district court. In title it is that of the Brigham Young Trust company against Salt Lake City, and involves a question of how much of a tax for paving purposes can really be exacted from the abutting property owners in the municipality. It is claimed by the defendants, who are almost legion in number, that they were taxed in excess of the actual cost of the paving done and consequently the following parties seek to recover the amounts set to their names, aggregating $6,994.92.

Brigham Young Trust company, $600.31; Z. C. M. I., $629.27; George Q. Cannon & Sons company, $1,[illegible]; Joseph R. Walker, $61.19; M. H. Walker, $61.20; Mary E. G. Cannon, Wilford W. Cannon and Maria G. Dougal, $10.24; Henry Dinwoodey, $208.75; Home Fire Insurance company, $156.56; H. H. Young and Mary A. Young, $71.22; State Bank of Utah, $68.41; F. K. Culp, $[illegible]; Herald Publishing company, $101.[illegible]; Isaac Trumbo, $20.20; H. Hill and M. E. Hill, $[illegible]; Salt Lake Herald association, $112.[illegible]; Commercial Book association, $[illegible]; Commercial National bank, $[illegible]; Spencer Clawson, $[illegible]; spencer Clawson, trustee for Thomas Young, $[illegible]; Charles Ellis, $[illegible]; John H. White, $[illegible]; Susannah Barrows, George W. Barrows, Amelia Barrows and Julia S. Barrows, $114.[illegible]; Mary Ann Barrows, $[illegible]; Mary Ann Barrows, $[illegible]; Cora E. Hooper, $71.20; Sidney S. Hooper, $[illegible]; Allen H. Palmer, $[illegible]; Elizabeth H. Dunbar, $[illegible]; Anna Eliza Young, $[illegible]; Zina Young, $[illegible]; Utah Title and Insurance company, $[illegible]; F. X. Newman, $[illegible]; Ann Beers, $[illegible]; Henry W. Lawrence, $[illegible]; Henry W. Lawrence, Frank Hodgs and Horace K. Woodruff, $[illegible]; Horace K. Woodruff, $[illegible]; S. R. Wesselhoeft and N. Hodgman, $[illegible]; the Continental Market company, $[illegible]; Alice Hooper Palmer, Sidney K. Hooper, W. C. Jennings, Mary J. J. Farlow and Jennings Bros. Investment company, $[illegible]; Jennings Bros. Investment company, $[illegible]; Priscilla P. Jennings, $[illegible]; Annie Hooper Caine, $[illegible].

Medical Officers.

A meeting of the executive committee of the Salt Lake county medical association was held last night and officers were chosen for the ensuing term as follows: President, Dr. E. S. Wright; vice-president, Dr. Union Worthington; secretary, Dr. George H. Pearce; treasurer, Dr. Platt E. Jones.

Soap Company's Souvenir.

The Grant Soap company, through one of its energetic, persevering and popular agent—Andrew Kimball—was distributing Christmas compliments among its friends today, in the shape of handsome and expensive colored lithograph advertising cards. The News staff were among the recipients of these appropriate and appreciated holiday tokens.

From Skull Valley.

Messrs. A. H. Carter and W. Scott Hamilton have returned from a three weeks' prospecting trip through Skull valley. They located ten claims, and state that there is a splendid field out there for successful development work. Mr. Carter says that near the Clubin property they found the best stuff that, and in the proximity of White Rock peak they extend in every direction almost for miles. This country is seventeen miles from the Keeaka ranch, and assays as far as made show generally an average of from $2 to $7.00 to gold. The ore is very similar to the Tintic properties, and Messrs. Carter and Hamilton have much faith in the prospects of that part of the country.

The Kanaka ranch, they say, is stocked up well, and fully 8,000 bushels of grain and 1,000 tons of hay were raised last season. There are fifteen or twenty families there and the property seems to be in a prosperous condition.

Deaf Mute Exercises.

The Deaf Mute Institute pupils will observe Christmas in the rendition of an excellent program.

Fire at Winter Quarters—Notes.

SCOFIELD, Dec. 21, 1895.—A fire broke out at the residence of Archibald Anderson at Winter Quarters on Thursday evening, Dec. 19, at 8:30 o'clock. The house (a frame) and all its contents were consumed in less than an hour.

The family barely escaped with their lives. Mrs. Anderson, who was sick in bed at the time, and a baby four days old, were somewhat scorched while getting out of the house.

Pay day came to both of the mines here this week to gladden the hearts of the people for Christmas, that is, those who were fortunate enough to get a good pay.

The coal trade is beginning to slacken off, and the mines are not working so steady.

Seven inches of snow fell here last night.

MONROE BOY.

MEMORIAL SERVICES.

Ninetieth Anniversary of the Prophet Joseph Smith.

IT WAS FITTINGLY CELEBRATED.

Interesting Reminiscences of a Great and Good Man—A Large and Happy Gathering.

Perhaps one of the most fitting and appropriate celebrations ever held by the Saints in commemoration of the Prophet Joseph Smith's birthday, was that which took place in the Sixteenth ward meeting-house last evening, commencing at the hour of 6:30. It was the ninetieth anniversary of his birth and there were present in the congregation twenty-six persons who had been acquainted with the Prophet in Missouri and Illinois, twelve of whom were related to him. The names of the twenty-six are as follows: Joseph F. Smith, John Smith, Lucy W. Smith, Eliza M. Smith, H. P. Richards, George Romney, Bishop Kesler, John McDonald, Elizabeth Jefs, Jane Carrington Young, Theodore Curtis, B. W. Aldrich, Elizabeth P. Nebeker, Rachel Tanner, Mary Ann Burnham, Mary Jiman Perry, W. E. Wilcox, M. W. Wilcox, H. B. Clawson, O. G. Workman, Joseph C. Kingsbury, Eliza Barrus, James Leech, James W. Phippen, Annie M. Hill and Seymour B. Young.

The services were presided over by Bishop Kesler of the Sixteenth ward, and during the rendition of the following exercises, refreshments, consisting of sandwiches, cakes, oranges, etc., were distributed by a number of the young ladies present, to those assembled. During the meeting a good spirit prevailed and all seemed to enjoy themselves immensely.

The choir, under the leadership of George H. Thomas, and congregation, sang as an opening hymn:

Praise to the man, etc.

Prayer was offered by Elder Joseph C. Kingsbury.

Singing:

The earth was once a garden place, etc.

Bishop Kesler was the first speaker. He was pleased, he said, to see such an assembly present—especially as to see so many who were intimately acquainted with the Prophet Joseph Smith. He became acquainted with the Prophet in the year 1835. He looked upon Joseph Smith as the greatest Prophet that had ever lived upon the earth—because he was the only personage that the Father and the Son had both appeared to at the same time upon the earth. The speaker related numerous instances with which the Prophet Joseph was connected in the early history of the Church, which tended to show that God was with him in all his undertakings to do good and to help the rolling on of His great work.

H. B. Clawson, Bishop of the Twelfth ward, said he became acquainted with the Prophet in 1841 when he with his parents removed to Nauvoo. The speaker attended a meeting in the "Prophet Joseph's store," and narrated a little incident that occurred when he had made application to become a member of a certain debating society. He was so small that several of the members opposed his admission, but when the Prophet arose and in a gentle rebuke, scored the members for the action taken by them against him. The Prophet said, "He can't help as these that we want to join our associations—boys like that by Elders Roberts and Patrick, John Nicholson and Joseph H. Taylor, President George Q. Cannon and Bishop Watson. The words of the speakers were full of consolance and instruction, having reference to the estimable character of the deceased as a wife, mother and Latter-day Saint. The speakers were filled with the spirit of comfort and blessing for the bereaved. Closing prayer was offered by Elder Elias Morris, and the remains were conveyed to the city cemetery, where Elder Joseph E. Taylor, of the Stake Presidency, dedicated the grave in which the body of Sister Anderson was laid to rest.

(Continued on Page Five.)