## MAJOR M'KINLEY OFFICIALLY NOTIFIED

Senator Lodge Informs Him of His Nomination-He Replies, Acknowledges Honor, and Defends Republican Party.

Canton, O., July 12 .- The severe storm | declarations which were made at St f last night was succeeded today by eal "McKinley weather." The day wned bright and clear with a crisp of the protective policy. eeze and a warm sun. At the Mcaley residence the effects of the storm re apparent in the disarrangement of e flag decorations and the big lunchn tent, but these were soon straighted up and everything was in readias for the ceremony at the oppointed

The second notification of WilliamMcnley that he had been selected as the sident was made at the same place illar to the occasion of four years o. Then the chairman of the comttee was Senator John M. Thurston Nebraska, who had been permanent drman of the convention. Today nator Henry Cabot Lodge, of Massasetts, stood upon the same porch ad in the presence of a vast multitude cially notified President McKinley ublican national convention for sident, The speech of Senator Lodge nd the response of Mr. McKinley were ertain extent formed the basis upon aich the campaign is to be fought is year. Their utterances were lised to with the closest attention by e many prominent Republicans who

ARRIVAL OF THE COMMITTEE. notification committee, together th Chairman Hanna and members of national committee, arrived at 11 cial train from Cleveland at 11 lock. They were met at the station a citizens' committee in charge of ions and clubs as they to the President's home were out the place within seeing ring distance of the ceremonies, t on party, President McKinley proved the arrangements. The expanse of white vest and a sack of very democratic appearance. He sed the different arrivals in a most al and friendly manner. A large party and distinguished guests. Ta. were also provided for the press.

> d on the point where the speak. as to take place. BOOMING OF GUNS.

minutes after II o'clock the ng of guns announced the arrival notification committee at the They immediately entered es and with the Canton escort d toward the President's house, time they had arrived, a large had collected and the committee cheers. Senato the notification party. Both the house and had a few mo chat with President McKinley n returned to the porch. A fer s later, the President, with Mrs ey on his arm, came upon the and their appearance wes herald-general cheering. ber of distinguished men occu-

on the porch, among them ator Hanna, Postmaster Gen-h, Cornellus N. Bliss, Henry C. Judge Day, R. C. Kerens and entative Taylor. With Mrs. Me-were Mrs. Barber, Mrs. Mary Mrs. Judge Day and Mrs. Dawes, Sonto Louis awes. Senator Lodge im. mounted a small standing k and delivered his speech.

LODGE'S ADDRESS.

Mr. President: This committee repreevery State in the Union and as duly appointed to announce formally, your nomination by blican national convention he candidate of the Republican President of the United States term beginning March 4, 1901. selected by the Republican parir candidate for this great ofn be given to any man. This on, however, comes to you, sir, umstances which give it a significance and make it an even ou were . nominated hia. You received the unforced ery delegate, from every State very territory

HARMONY OF SENTIMENT.

The harmony of sentiment which apn the face of the record was but xisted in the hearts and minds gates. Without faction, with. enthusiasm, you were nomi-the presidency by the united representatives of our great which there is neither sign o or shadow of turning. Such always remarkable, is here nd nomination to the great hich you have held for four it is not the facile triumph or er experience, but the sober apconduct and character tested trials and tried by heavy and ry responsibilities. With the of the period in which Wash. tganized the nation and built and of those other awful years coln led his people through of civil war and saved from er been a presidential term ry so crowded with great so filled with new and momen-questions as that which

UPHELD THE GOLD STANDARD. You maintained our credit and upheld You maintained our credit and upheld the gold standard, leading the party by your advice to the passage of the great measures which is today the great bulwark of both. You led again in the great policy which has made Hawaii a possession of the United States. On all of these questions you fulfilled the hopes and justified the confidence of the people who four years ago put trust in your promises. But on all these questions, also, you had as guides, not only your own principles, the well considered results of years of training and reflection, but also the plain declarations of the national conplain declarations of the national con-

Louis in 1896, you, sir, united with the Republicans in Congress in the revision of the tariff and the re-establishment

vention which nominated you in 1896. THE CUBAN QUESTION.

Far different was it when the Cuban question, which we had already promised to settle, brought war and then peace with Spain: Congress de-clared war, but you, as commander-inchief, had to carry it on. You did so, and history records unbroken victory from the first shot from the Nashville to the day when the protocol was signed. The peace you had to make alone. Cuba, Porto Rico, the Philippines; you had to assume alone the responsibility of taking them all from Spain. Alone and weighted with the terrible responsibility of the unchecked war powers of the Constitution. war powers of the Constitution, you were obliged to govern these islands and to repress rebellion and disorder in the Philippines. No party creed de-fined the course you were to follow. Courage, foresight, comprehension of American interests, both now and in the unchartered future, faith in the American people, and in their fitness for great tasks, were then your only guides and

GREAT NEW POLICY.

justified than those undertaken by you. On the possession of the Philippines, rests the admirable diplomacy which warned all nations that American trade was not to be shut out from China.

WHAT MANILA HAS DONE.

It is to Manila that we owe the ability of send troops and ships in this time of stress to the defense of our min-isters, our missionaries, our consuls and our merchants in China, instead of being compelled to leave our citizens to the casual protection of other powers, as would have been unavoidable had we lung the Philippines away, and withdrawn from the Orient. Rest assured, sir, that the vigorous measure which you have thus been enabled to take, and that all further measures in the same direction which you may take, for the protection of American lives and property, will receive the hearty sup-port of the people of the United States who are now, as always, determined that the American citizen shall be pro tected at any cost in all his rights. everywhere, and at all times. It is to Manila again, to our fleet in the bay owe the power, when these scenes of blood in China are closed, to exact reparation, to enforce stern justice and to insist in the final settlement, upon an open door to all that vast market for our growing commerce.

Events moving with terrible rapidity have been swift witnesses to the wisof your action in the east. The Philadelphia convention has adopted your policy both in the Antilles and the Philippines and has made it their own, and that of the Republican party. HIS ELECTION MEANS PROTEC.

TION.

Your election, sir, next November assures to us the continuance of that policy abroad and in our new posses-sions. To entrust these difficult and vital questions to other hands at once incompetent and hostile, would be a disastrous and a still more unrelieved disaster to our posterity. Your elec-tion means not only protection to our industries, but the maintenance of a sound currency and of the gold standard, the very corner-stones of our economic and financial welfare. these be shaken, as they would be by the success of our opponents, the whole fabric of our business conference and prosperity would fall into ruin. Your defeat would be the signal for the advance of free trade, for the anarchy of a debased and unstable currency, more business panic and depression and hard times and for the scale of the state of the sta hard times and for the reck of our for-

VIGOROUS FOREIGN POLICY.

Your election and the triumph of the be as sure as the coming of the day-will make certain the steady protection of our industries, sound money and a vigorous and intelligent foreign policy. They will continue those conditions of good government and wise legislation so essential to the prosperity and well-being which have blessed our country in such abundance during the past four

Thus announcing to you, sir, your comination as the Republican candidate for the presidency we have the honor also to submit to you the declaration of principles made by the national con-vention which we trust, will receive your approval. We can assure you of the faithful and earnest support of the Republican party in every State, and we ber you to believe that we discharge here today, with feelings of deepest personal gratification this honorals duty imposed upon us by the conven-

RESPONSE OF MR. McKINLEY.

Senator Lodge and Gentlemen of Committee: The message which you bring to me

I gratefully cherish. To receive unani-mously nomination by the same party is an expression of regard and a pleage lifficult to make adequate acknowledge.

PRESIDENTIAL RESPONSIBILITY. If anything exceeds the honor of the office of President of the United States t is the responsibility which attaches o it. Having been invested with both, one who has borne the anxieties and burdens of the presidential office, es-pecially in time of national trial, cant contemplate assuming it a second ime without profoundly realizing the severe exactions and the solemu obiting is accentuated by the momentous problems which now press for settlement. If my countrymen shall confirm the action of the convention at our national election in November I shall, craying divine guidance, undertake the trues to administrate it for the interest. rust to administer it for the interes and honor of the country and the well being of the new people who have be-come the objects of our care. The declaration of principles adopted by the convention has my hearty approval. At some future date I will consider its sub-jects in detail and will by letter communicate to your chairman a more formal acceptance of the nomination.

FOUR YEARS AGO.

On a like occasion four years ago I said: "The party that supplied by leg-islation the vast revenues for the con-duct of our greatest war; that promptthe restored the credit of the country at its close; that from its abundant revenues paid off a large share of the debt incurred by this war, and that resumed specie payments and placed our paper currency upon a sound and enduring basis, can be safely trusted to preserve both our credit and currency with honor, stability and inviolability. The American people hold the financial henor of our government as sacred as our flag and can be relied upon to guard it with the same sleepless vigil-ance. They hold its preservation above party feelty, and have often demon strated that party ties avail nothing when the spotless credit of our country is threatened.

DOLLARS MUST BE EQUAL.

"The dollar paid to the farmer, the wage-earner, and the pensioner must continue forever equal in purchasing and debt-paying power to the dollar paid to any government creditor. "Our industrial supremacy, our pro-ductive capacity, our business and commercial prosperity, our labor and its rewards, our national credit and currency, our pride, financial honor, and our splendid free citizenship, the birthright of every American, are all in-volved in the pending campaign, and thus every home in the land is directly and intimately connected with their

"Our domestic trade must be won back and our idle working people em-ployed in gainful occupations at Amer-ican wages. Our home market must be this great new policy which has made us masters of the Antilles and a great eastern power holding firm our possestions and with a band of dident McKinley. Several flags had flung to the breeze in the early pling and the streets through which procession moved had some indiags of a celebration. The various dizitions and obtained in the courage and prescience which and attack. Yet a great departure and a new policy which has made us masters of the Antilles and a great eastern power holding firm our possestions on both sides of the Pacific. The new and strange ever excite fear and the courage and prescience which accept them always arouse criticism and attack. Yet a great departure and a new policy which has made us masters of the Antilles and a great castern power holding firm our possestions on both sides of the Pacific.

The new and strange ever excite fear cultural and manufacturing products.

"Public confidence must be resumed and the courage and prescience which accept them always arouse criticism and attack. Yet a great departure and a new policy which has made us masters of the Antilles and a great castern power holding firm our possestions on both sides of the Pacific.

The new and strange ever excite fear cultural and manufacturing products.

"Public confidence must be restored to its proud rank of first in the world, and our foreign trade, so precipitately cut off by adverse national legislation, reopened on fair and equitable terms for our surplus agricultural and manufacturing products. The government of the United must raise money enough to meet both its current expenses and inbe so raised as to protect the materia interests of our people, with the lightes possible drain upon their resources and maintaining that high standard of civilization which has distinguished our country for more than a century of its

OUR NATIONAL CREDIT.

"The national credit, which has thus far fortunately resisted every assault upon it, must and will be upheld and

"If sufficient revenues are provided for the support of the government there will be no necessity for borrowing money and increasing the public debt."

GOLD STANDARD REAFFIRMED. Three and one-half years of legislation and administration have been con-cluded since these words were spoken. Have those to whom was confided the direction of the government kept their pledges? The record is made up. The people are not unfamiliar with what has been accomplished. The gold standard has been reaffirmed and strengthened. The endless chain has been broken and the drain upon our gold reserve no longer frets us. The credit of the country has been advanced to the highest place among all nations. We are refunding our bonded debt, bearing 3 and 4 and 5 per cent interest at 2 per cent, a lower rate than that of any other country, and already more than three hundred millions have been so funded with a gain to the government of many millions of dollars.

NO 16 TO 1 NOW.

Instead of 16 to 1, for which our opponents contended four years ago legis-lation has been enacted which, while utilizing all forms of our money, se-cures one fixed value for every dollar and that the best known to the civilized world.

A tariff which protects American la-

bor and industry and provides ample revenues has been written in public law. We have lower interest and higher wages, more money and fewer mort-

The world's markets have been opened to American products which go now where they have never gone before. We have passed from a bond issuing to a bond paying nation; from a nation of borrowers to a nation of lenders from a deficiency in revenue to a sur plus: from fear to confidence; from en-forced idleness to profitable employ-ment. The public faith has been upheld: public order has been maintained We have prosperlty at the home and prestige abroad.

THREAT OF 1896.

Unfortunately the threat of 1896 has just been renewed by the allied parties without abatement or modification. The gold bill has been denounced and its repeal demanded. The menace of 16 to therefore still hangs over us with all its dire consequences to credit and con enemies of sound currency are rallying their scattered forces. The people must once more unite and overcome the advo-cates of repudiation and must not relax their energy until the battle for public honor and honest money shall again

A Congress which will sustain, and, it need be, strengthen the present law can prevent a financial catastrophe which every lover of the Republic is interested to avert.

DINGLEY TARIFF ACT.

Not satisfied with assaulting the currency and crealt of the government, our political adversaries condemn the tariff law enacted at the extra session of Congress in 1897, known as the Dingley act, passed in obedience to the will of the people, expressed at the election in the preceding November, a law is one of signal honor. It is also a summons to duty. A single nomination for the office of President by a great party which in thirty-two years out of forty has been triumphant at the farmer their returns for their toil and one of the people, expressed at the election in the people, expressed at the election in the people, expressed at the election which at once stimulated our industries, opened the idle factories and mines and gave to the laborer and to the farmer their returns for their toil and the people, expressed at the election in the people and the people at the pe a sow drawing to its end. True to the national elections is a distinction which in thirty-two years being drawing to its end. True to the national elections is a distinction which and investment. Shall we go back to a was entirely satisfied with their candi-

tariff which brings deficiency in our revenues and destruction to our industrial enterprises? INTERNATIONAL AFFAIRS.

Faithful to its pledge in these in-ternal affairs how has the government discharged its international duties?
Our platform of 1896 declared, "the
Hawalian islands should be controlled
by the United States and no foreign power should be permitted to interfere

This purpose has been fully accomplished by annexation, and delegates from these beautiful isles participated in the convention for which you speak today. In the great conference of nations at The Hague we re-affirmed before the world the Monroe doctrine and our adherence to it and our determination not to participate in the complications of Europea, we have happily ended the European alliance in Samoa, secondary to covered an of the most curing to ourselves one of the most valuable harbors in the Pacific ocean, while the open door in China gives to us fair and equal competition in the vast trade of the Orient.

UNFORESEEN HAPPENINGS.

been provided for Porto Rico.

PHILIPPINES ARE OURS.

The Philippines are ours and American authority must be supreme there throughout the archipelago. There will be amnesty broad and liberal, but no abatement of our rights, no abandonment of our duty. There must be no scuttle policy. We will fulfill in the Philippines the obligations imposed by the triumphs of our arms and by the treaty of peace; by international law; by the nation's sense of honor; and, more than all, by the rights, interests and conditions of the Philippine peo-ples themselves. No outside interference blocks the way to peace and a sta-ble government. The obstructionists are here, not elsewhere. They may postpone, but they cannot defeat the realization of the high purpose of this nation to restore order to the islands and to establish a just and generous government in which the inhabitants shall have the largest participation for which they are capable,

The organized foces which have been The organized foces which have been misled into rebellion have been dispersed by our faithful solders and sailors, and the people of the islands, delivered from anarchy, pillage and oppression, recognize American sovereignty as the symbol of peace, justice, law, religious freedom, education, the security of life and property, and the welfare and prosperity of their several communities.

SOVEREIGNTY OVER TERRI-TORIES.

We reassert the early principle of the Republican party, sustained by un-broken judicial precedents, that the representatives of the people in Conover territory belonging to the United States subject to the fundamental safeguards of liberty, justice and personal rights, and are vested with ample authority to act "for the highest interest of our nation and the people entrusted to its care. This doctrine, first proclaimed in the

cause of freedom, will never be used as a weapon for oppression. CRISIS IN CHINA.

am glad to be sured by you that what we have done in the Far East has the approval of the country. The sudden and terri-ble crisis in China calls for the gravest consideration, and you will not expect from me now any further expression than to say that my best efforts shall be given to the immediate purpose protecting the lives of our citizens who are in peril, with the ultimate welfare of China, the safeguarding of all our treaty rights and the maintenance of those principles of impartial intercourse to which civilized world is

CONGRATULATES THE PROPLE. I cannot conclude without congratulating my countrymen upon the strong national sentiment which finds expression in every part of our common country and the increased respect with which the American is greeted throughout the world. We have been moving in untried paths, but our steps have been guided by duty. There will be no turning, no wavering, no retreat. No blow has been struck except for liberty and humanity, and none will be. will perform without fear every national and international obligation. The Republican party was dedicated to freedom forty-four years ago. It has been the party of liberty and emanci-pation from that hour, not of profession, but of performance.

THE PARTY OF LINCOLN.

It broke the shackles of four million slaves and made them free, and to the party of Lincoln has come another supreme opportunity, which it has brave-ly met in the liberation of 19,000,000 of the human family from the yoke of imperialism. In its solution of great problems, in its performance of high duties, it has had the support of members of all parties in the past and confidently invokes their co-operation in

Permit me to express, Mr. Chairman. my most sincere appreciation of the complimentary terms in which you con-ver the official notice of my nomination and my thanks to the members of the committee and to the great constituency which they represent, for this additional evidence of their favor and

The senator's remarks were frequentty interrupted with applause. When Senator Lodge closed, President Mc-Kinley mounted the stand, the vast concourse of people cheering heartly. It was some moments before the President could proceed. He had a manuscript in his hand, but he referred to it only at long intervals. When he mentioned the "new peoples under our care" there was a hearty burst of applause.

The audience appreciated the deft turn which Mr. McKinley gave to imperialism, and cheered most heartily. When the President closed, there were oud calls for Hanna, but Col. Grant, chairman of the local committee, in troduced Senator Fairbanks, of Indiana, who in a brief address declared that McKinley would be re-elected.

Senator Fairbanks pledged the vote of Indiana for McKinley. In response to renewed calls for Hanna, the tional chairman appeared and said that the Republican party of Ohio and the United States expected every man to do his duty, and do it earnestly. Hanna caused a laugh when he said the Re-publican party at Philadelphia had done its duty and "McKinley had concluded to accept" and "the party must do the rest."

Mr. Hanna was followed by Charles Emory Smith, postmaster-general, who

datet and their national chairman. He went on to say that four years ago the battle lines were drawn as they were today. He spoke sarcastically of the Kansas City platform, charging it with being full of inconsistencies. He conwith a high tribute to President

LODGE EULOGIZES M'KINLEY.

Senator Lodge was recalled and paid a glowing tribute to President Me-Kinley saying he resented unitst criti-cisms of the President during a trying time when he was doing his full duty He referred to Bryan as the nominee of "mixed tickets" and said there was no possibility of Bryan forming a cabinet and named the leaders of the general convention as material from which se-lections would have to be made.

PACIFIC ISLANDS POLITICS.

plated how politics were run in the Pacific islands. He said he was not a speaker but a rancher or a cowboy. he was a cowboy. This was the first mention of Roosevelt's name and it created applause. He said they had a Some things have happened which were not promised, nor even foreseen, and our purposes in relation to them must not be left in-doubt. A just war has been waged for humanity, and with it have come new problems and responsibilities. Spain has been ejected board a great deal about imperialism, from the western hemisphere and our board a great deal about imperialism, but when he came to Canton yestern day he was addited without watther. flag floats over her former territory.

Cuba has been liberated and our guarantees to her people will be sacredly executed. A beneficient government has to see her. He was glad that kind of imperialism was over in Hawaii. This closed the speech making and

the notification party went to luncheon in the big tent.

GOV, ROOSEVELT OFFICIALLY

NOTIFIED. Oyster Bay, N. Y., July 12.—Governor Roosefelt was today officially notified of his nomination for the vice presidency at his country home Sagamore, near Oyster Bay. The notification committee appointed by the Republican convention at Philadelphia left New York at 10:39 a. m. and made a quick run to Oyster Bay, where carriages were in waiting to conserve them to Sagamore. waiting to convey them to Sagamore. Members of the notification committee present were Senator Wolcott of Colo-rado, chairman; J. R. Thompson, Colorado, chairman, J. R. Thompson, Colorado; A. J. Sloper, Connecticut; Alvin D. Conner, Delaware; C. S. Hernley, Indiana; J. J. Marsh, Iowa; J. T. Bradley, Kansas; Albert Pierce, Maine; Alex Laverty, Nebraska; Albert Wallace, New Hampshire; F. V. Greene, New York; T. S. Rollins, North Carolina; G. C. Rawlins, Ohio; J. H. Murdock, Pennsylvania; L. B. Darling, Rhode Island; Emil Brausch, South Dakota; C. G. Smithers, Virginia; James Reynolds, Wisconsin; John E. Jones, District of Columbia; W. L. McWilliams, Indian Territory; John S. Long, Florida; O. C.

Strong, Oklahoma, panied the committee were: Wm. Barnes Jr., Douglas Robinson, F. W. Hollis, Col. John H. Patridge, Con-gressman W. A. Wadsworth and State Senator T. E. Ellsworth.

Territory: John S. Long, Florida; O. C.

Col. Boyd Made District Judge, Washington, July 12.-Col. J. E. Boyd, assistant attorney-general in the de-Tice for the northern district of North Carolina to fill the vacancy

of the nomination of Judge Ewart. Dynamite Outrage.

Williamsburg, O., July 12.-Unknown persons placed dynamite under one corner of the residence of Henry Wilson, just west of here early this morning. The room above was wrecked by the explosion and Wm. Wilson, a tenyear-old boy, killed. Miss Kate Tucker was severely injured. The other oc cupants of the house escaped injury.

Belle Island Strikers.

St. John's N. F., July 12.-The leader of the Belle Island strikers was arrested at midnight by police, with fixed bayonets, and conveyed to St. John's by armed guards. The strikers succeeded in overwhelming the men who were at work. In consequence the official staff of the mining companies were employed to unload the coal schooners. Parties of strikers have been arrayed all day on the adjoining shore with the inten-tion of preventing the resumption of work. The officials of the mining company claim they have 200 men ready to work today.

Cadets to West Point Appointed.

Washington, July 12.-Among the cadets for West Point appointed during the past week under the increase provided by recent legislation from States at large, are the following: Torstates at large, are the following: Torrey B. Maghre, Rawlins, Wyo.; Henry Pointing, Laramie, Wyo., alternate; Kendall Fellows, Spokane, Wash.; Leo P. Quinn, alternate, Spokane, Wash.; Edward Le Compte, Park City, Utah; R. L. Irvine, alternate, Logan, Utah; Rupert Dunford, Salt Lake City, Utah; Contact Childs. Gerald Childs, alternate, Ogden, Utah Arthur W. Lane, Portland, Ore.; Henry R. Adair, alternate, Astoria, Ore.: Hugh L. Walthall, Modesto, Cal.: Carl D Adams, alternate, New Ontario, Cal. Lowe A. McClure, Carson City, Nev. Fred A. Garges, alternate, Reno, Nev.

WestVirginia Republican Convention

Charleston, W. Va., July 12.-The Republican state convention which nominated A. B. White last night for governor, reconvened this morning. The contests for the minor places on the state ticket had been waged all week with no little bitterness by the followers of the respective candidates, and convention. The attendance was large in expectation of lively scenes.

The names of James K. Hall, Arnold . Scherr and C. W. Swisher were presented for auditor of state, LaFolette Getzendanner and others having withdrawn. Before the result of the ballot could be announced a severe thunder storm came over the wigwam, but i was not equal to the storm among the delegates when attempts were made to make changes from Hall and Swisher to Scherr. Under the rules no changes were allowed by the chair. Scherr had a majority when the call of the counties was completed. Confusion reigned for a long time in a dispute over the rules. The nomination of Scherr was nade unanimous on motion of Hubbard, of Wheeling, the leader of the

Best Riders Leave Milwankee. Milwaukee, Wis., July 12 .- The grand circuit races of the N. C. A., in connection with the National L. A. W.

meet, did not begin at 9 o'clock this morning according to program. The best riders have left town and declared their intention not to ride on account of the unsafe track. At 10:30 the local executive committee went into session to decide whether or not to hold the races. After the

The big match race between Cooper and Taylor and the motor paced races on Sunday are off, but the other events will be run. The morning and afternoon races today will be filled in as extra events tonight and tomorrow. On account of the defective track, many accidents are expected. accidents are expected.

Tenders for Laying Pacific Cable. London, July 12, 4:37 p. m .- In the house of commons today the secre-tary of state for the colonies, Mr. Chamberlain, announced that tenders or laying the Pacific cable will be invited immediately the government Canada and the various colonial gov-ernments interested having accepted the recommendations of the committee

Street Car and Engine Collide.

Indianapolis, Ind., July 12 .- A collision between a Blake street car and cight freight cars attached to a Big Four engine at a street crossing near Military Park today, resulted in the serious injury of saveral passengers. The injured are:

Mrs. Anna Dransfield. Miss Grove Solyrock. Miss Dalsy Buylock. F. May. Mrs. Nora Duga. All will recover.

Could Not Locate Chinese Guns.

Che Foo, July 8, Sunday .- (Copyright, 000, by the Associated Press.)-An artillery duel was proceeding at Tien Tsin. The Chinese guns are so masked that the alifes find difficulty in locating

Baron Sudely Bankrupt. London, July 12. In the bankruptcy

court today, a receiving order was is-sued against Baron Sudely. The amount of his liabilities was not

The Powers Trial.

Georgetown, Ky., July 12.—In the Powers trial this forenoon the defense made a request that the orders of yesterday be made to show that six temporarily accepted jurors were sworn to try the case. Judge Cantrill granted the request, but refused to permit the names of the six jurors to appear in the order. The swearing of the jurors before the full jury is selected will likely to be urged as erroneous in case of fore the full jury is selected will likely to be urged as erroneous in case of appeal. The special venire of one hundred men is here today and the impaneling of the jury has been resumed.

Waldeck Rousseau Very Sick.

Paris, July 12 .- The premier, M. Waldeck-Rousseau, is confined to his bed Excessive Heat Wave in London.

London, July 12 .- An exceptional heat wave is causing numerous sunstrokes and prostrations. In London the ther-mometer registered 129 degrees in the sun and 86 in the shade at noon.

Unsigned Message from Siberia. Washington, July 12 .- A belated cablegram was received at the navy department this morning via Siberia. It believes that it came from Rear Admiral Kempfi. The facts set out in the cablegram appear to have already been described in a little different form in

text of the message is as follows: Nagasaki, Secretary Navy, Wash-Taku, China, July 2.—Runner Pekin to affirm that contrary to statements on board. reports German troops burned Tsung-Li-Yamen. Chinese moved many field guns on wall commanding legations. Chinese subjects advised leave lega-tions. Runner heard heavy firing in Pekin after leaving city.

Electric Cars Collide.

Springfield, O., July 12.-Two cars collided on the Dayton, Springfield and Urbana electric road last night and telescoped. Probably twenty persons were injured. The injured: Motorman Charles Armstrong, Inter-

George Gerrin. Marion Baer. Carl Eiser. Charles Ulles. Carl Hartman

Dora Gourer. Prince Tuan Insane.

Che Foo, Monday, July 9 .- It is reported on gold authority that Prince Tuan has become insane. In consequence of the movements of the rebels toward Tsin Tau, the Germans have withdrawn some of their troops from Taku to protect Tsin Tau.

The women and children from New and immediate suburbs which stopped the Chinese gun fire for some time the Chinese gun fire for some time.

To Command German Forces.

Berlin, July 12,—Major General Von was another bombardment. At steadily getting up more guns. To Lessel, the commander of the twenty-eighth army division, has been appointed to command the German for

nent nationalist deputy, whose name has been connected with the most dis- Newsfrom Rev.Mr. Brown, Tien Tsin. deputies during the past session, fought | Carrol of the Methodist Episcopal mis-

The Vaderland Launched.

line Vaderland was successfully launched at Clydebank at near the launched at the launched a launched at Clydchank at noon today. which the International Navigation company is building for the Red Star line to ply between New York and Antwerp, stopping each way at She is the first of four large steamers Antwerp, stopping each way at a Lown (Cora) was entirely safe in largest pair are those of a mar short safe in lar

## SECY. HAY MAKES A DEMAND ON CHINA

State Department Must be Put in Communication With Conger-This Without Delay-Immediate Results are Expected.

Secretary Hay has grown impatient at the delay in hearing from no authentic source the truth about the conditions in Pekin, especially in regard to Minister Conger.

Billty for the treatment of the foreign ministers and the fighting at Tien Tsin. That, in itself, is regarded as a hopeful sign of the approaching collapse of the "Boxer" movement, and the termination of the foreign ministers and the fighting at Tien Tsin. That, in itself, is regarded as a hopeful sign of the approaching collapse of the "Boxer" movement, and the termination of the foreign ministers and the fighting at Tien Tsin. That, in itself, is regarded as a hopeful sign of the approaching collapse of the "Boxer" movement, and the fighting at Tien Tsin. That, in itself, is regarded as a hopeful sign of the approaching collapse of the "Boxer" movement, and the fighting at Tien Tsin.

Apparently the imperial government at Pekin, the exerctary declared, when the Chinese minister appeared at the department of state with a copy of the imperial decree, was in communication with the outside world and there was no research why World and there was no research who was not not the state of insurrection that exists in Pekin and Shan Tung. Victors do not apologize; hence the excul-patory statement vesterially is believed to be pregnant with meaning.

The news from Then Tsin of the state of insurrection that exists in Pekin and Shan Tung. Victors do not apologize; hence the excul-patory statement vesterially is believed to be pregnant with meaning.

"ON TO PEKIN!" THE POLICY. raised as to the responsibility for the senior officer.

NO TELEGRAMS FROM PEKIN

Paris Temps Says None Has Been Received

from a European Since Hart's.

Communicate With Europe.

circumstances, he may co-operate to any extent with the allied forces, so that he is of course, likely to willingly execute any part of the campaign con-fided to him, even though it involves his voluntary subordination to a foreign genior officer.

partment officials here in their original conviction that two or three brigades of American troops, veterans of the Indian wars, of the Cuban campaign, and of the Philippine jungle hunts, could have achieved some valuable results by this time had they been at Tien Tain

lack of a directing head at Tien Tsin, as to what Col. Liseum, with his Ninth

war department that while he remains n command of his own men under all

Legations are Safe, They Could

Paris, July 11.—The Temps this even-ing announces that it is in a position July 2. She has Rear Admiral Watson from various sources, no European tele grain has been received from Pekin since that of Sir Robert Hart (inspector general of Chinese customs), dispatched | Dr. Benedict Discovers That His Back Sunday, June 24, declaring the situation

was desperate, Continuing, the Temps says:

"The subsequent slience is sinister. If It is true the legations are safe, they could communicate with Europe. If they cannot it is because the Chinese have juggled dates, and the massacre took place, as announced, on June 30 or July 1."

CHINESE CONTINUE FIGHTING. Shelling Settlements and Extending Their Lines.

London, July 12, 3:55 p. m .- The Brit.

"Tien Tsin, Saturday, July 7,-The Chinese continue fighting, often shell-ing the settlements. They are extending their lines along the Lu Tai An, canal to the northeast, and are ap-pearing in greater force west of the

The French settlement and station as most subject to attack. Today the

China, with the rank of lieutenant general.

French Deputy and Editor Fight.

Paris, July 12.—M. Lases, the promi-Southampton for China.

deputies during the past session, fought a duel with swords today with a newspaperman, M. Gerault Rich, in as suburb of Paris. The meeting was the outcome of an article written by the latter in the social organ. La Petite Republique. In the eleventh round Lases was wounded in the right arm and the duel was stopped.

The Vaderland Launched.

Carrul of the Methodist Episcopal missions of the Methodist Episcopal missions of Paris. The Methodist Episcopal missions of Paris. The meeting was the outcome as the Foo. In answer to an inquiry sent some days ase asking about the two saw of Rev. H. H. Lowry, who were in Pekin. Dr. Lowry is the president of the Pekin university, but is at Dreset in Philadelphia, having come to the United States to attend the rescent several conference. The cables cent seems conference. The cables than half the horned animals of the gram received today was as follows: Dark Continent. Mr. Clement is having

City, read a paper on "The Problem of Classification and Promotion." Prof. Woodford Andwerson, of the University of South Dakota, read a Miss Emma Newman, of Buffalo, read a paper before the kindergarten educa-

tional department.
"A Study in Musical Interpretation"
was the subject of a paper by H. E.

The Baltimore at Gibraltar. Gibraltar, July 12 .- The United States cruiser Baltimore is here awaiting or-

DAVIS MAY NOT DIE.

Was Not Broken After All.

Dr. Chauncey M. Benedict telephoned to the "News" at 4 o'clock this afternoon from the Holy Cross hospital stating that a late and more careful examination of the body of young Davis, who was terribly hurt, while working in the gravel pits this morning, as reported in another part of this paper, did not have his back broken af-

There was a terrific lump between his shoulders which in the preliminary examination was thought to be a break of ing dispatch from Vice Admiral Sey- | the spinal column. The parents of the young man visited the hospital this afternoon and explained to the doctor that had existed for years. The doctor and found their statement to be correct, tor now believes that he has a chance

DR. M'ACHRAN SINKING.

for recovery.

A late report from the Holy Cross hos. pital this afternoon brought the information that the condition of Dr. Mo-Achran was growing slowly worse and that he was believed to be gradually

FINE HORN COLLECTION.

Victor M. Clement Imports One from

South Africa.

One of the finest lots of African horns that ever came to America, was unpacked in this city at the Knutsford this afternoon. The collection is the property of Mr. Victor M. Clement, the well known mining expert, and represents the head adornments of more them mounted on oak shields and a The Land Core, Naganaki. Dr. person can form some idea as to their This is understood to mean that Dr. person can form some idea as to their this is understood to mean that Dr. person can form some idea as to their this is understood to mean that Dr. person can form some idea as to their this is the control of the contr their present appearance. They are certainly very beautiful specimens of nature's weapons of defense. The The Vaderland is 560 feet long, 60 feet wide and 42 feet deep and will measure over 12,000 tons. She is expected to make an average speed.

Naggask!

Naggask!

Mr. Campan Will Make Final Answer and are about 4 feet long. The small-life bands and are about 4 feet long. The small-life bands and the bands and the bands are about 4 feet long. The small-life bands and the bands are about 4 feet long. pected to make an average speed of 16% knots and will make her first trip, leaving Antworp about October 1.

Russians Marching on Pekin.

Shanghai, July 12.—It is reported that a Chinese merchant here has received a letter from Pekin, dated June 30, saying the legations were demolished and that the foreigners had been killed It is announced from a good source that 30,000 Russians are march ing on Pekin (Toronto It).

Mr. Campau Will Make Final Answer Inches in circumference at the base and are about 4 feet long. The small-cst pair is about 1½ inches long and belong to a little animal about as large as the ordinary jackrabbit. Between the sail matter and upon crait sampling committee and upon crait sampling the affer, had refused to his defination and had asked accepted the matter under advise-like the defination and had asked accepted the matter under advise-like a final answer.

Shanghai, July 12.—It is reported the mitter bad asked him to accept the mitter bad asked him to accept the mitter bad asked him to accept the mitter bad asked and some straight and plain. The long and the matter will be an accept the mitter bad asked and some straight and plain. The long and the matter was a seen side by side with the 4-foot horns of the grace-like with the 4-foot horns of the grace-like and an accept the mitter bad asked and are about 4 feet long. The small-cst pair is about 1½ inches long and the long to a little animal about as large as the ordinary jackrabbit. Between the same two sizes are found twenty different kinds of head-gear, some of them accept the mitter bad asked and some straight and plain. The long and the affect had some straight and plain. The long and the matter was a seen side by side with the 4-foot horns of the grace-like asked and are about 1½ inches in circumference at the base and are about 4 feet long. The base are two sizes are found twenty difference that t Source that 30,000 Russians are marching on Pekin from the north.

Raiseal Educational Congress.

Charleston, S. C., July 12.—The Naclear of the Sablebuck, Rooibuck and Waterbuck all have found a place in Mr. Clement's high box of curios. Even along the West river. Missionaries are arriving at Fu Chow from all parts. When some of the missionaries are land use to be continues as a continue of the missionaries left. The King the Chinese were openly discussing placing a prince on the price on the price on the Mr. Earst. of Omaha, and Irwin Shep-Mr. Sacretal along the Chinese were openly discussing placing a prince on the price on the price on the Mr. Earst. of Omaha, and Irwin Shep-Mr. Sacretal along the Chinese were openly discussing placing a prince on the price on the Mr. Earst. of Omaha, and Irwin Shep-Mr. Sacretal along the West river. Mr. Clement says has not been for a sacretal and the continues are thought the matter can be an along the matter of the Sablebuck, Rooibuck and Waterbuck all have found a place in Mr. Clement's high box of curios. Even may be water hog with its tusks on its upper and lower jave has not been for a sacretal along the West river. Mr. Clement's high box of curios. Even mr. Clement's high box of curios. The warr hog with its variegated back of hard shell. The lits variegated back of hard shell was continued by a box of curios. The lit