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TRUTH AND LIBERTY

THURSDAY, FEBRUARY 4, 1904. SALT LAKE CITY, UTAH.

FIFTY-FOURTH YEAR.

RUSSIAN WARSHIPS LEAVE PORT ARTHUR

Their Destination is Not Known,
But Probably is Chemulpo, the
Port of Seoul.

RUSSIA IS MASSING TROOPS

North of Yalu River So As to Be
Prepared to Resist a Japanese
Invasion.

JAPAN BECOMES LESS RETICENT.

Publishes Dispatches From Manchuria,
Where There is Marked Military
Activity.

London, Feb. 4.—All the Russian
warships except one which is under-
going repairs, are reported to have
left Port Arthur yesterday. Their destina-
tion is unknown.

A dispatch to the Central News
agency from Seoul, Korea, says that
about 6,000 Russian troops have sailed
from Port Arthur and are endeavor-
ing to land at Chemulpo, the port of Seoul,
tomorrow.

MR. TAKAHARA INFORMED.

Washington, Feb. 4.—Mr. Takahara,
the Japanese minister here, has been
informed by his government of the de-
parture of the Russian fleet from Port
Arthur. Nothing is said about its destina-
tion.

JAPAN LESS RETICENT.

Tokio, Feb. 4.—Premier Katsura and
his associates in the cabinet gave a
dinner today to 13 representative peers
and communicated to them the nature
and progress of the diplomatic negotia-
tions with Russia. The Marquis Ito
had a private audience with the em-
peror at which the situation was dis-
cussed. These and other incidents
clearly indicate the seriousness of the
situation.

It is generally believed that Russia
is massing troops north of the Yalu
river, so as to be prepared to resist a
possible invasion by the Japanese.

The cabinet, elder statesmen, and
commanders of the army and navy are
in almost constant conference or com-
munication. There is, however, no in-
dication of the course they intend to
pursue.

The belief is prevalent that Russia
is seeking to provoke Japan to take the
initiative.

The first break in the reticence of
the Japanese government was the pub-
lication today of four official dispatches
from Manchuria and Siberia, which
are significant, showing as they do the
trend of events.

The Japanese commercial agent at
Yokohama was notified Wednesday by
the commander of the Russian garrison
that he might at any time, in accord-
ance with orders from St. Petersburg,
have to proclaim a state of siege. Con-
sequently, he desired the agent to make
preparations for the eventual departure
of Japanese residents. Should any
risk to remain they will be ordered to
leave.

The Japanese official reports confirm
marked military activity in Manchuria.
Houses have been prepared at Liao-
yang, Hsiao-chow, and other places
for the accommodation of Russian
troops. Carts also have been re-
quisitioned to transport ammunition,
and stores.

Troops are steadily moving in the di-
rection of the Yalu, and the Chinese
troops of Ying-chow are preparing for
fight.

The government has been informed that
the Russian fleet has left Port
Arthur. Its destination is not known.

Another cabinet meeting took place
this morning. The main object of the
meeting was to discuss the situation
which has arisen since the departure of
the Russian fleet.

St. Petersburg, Feb. 4.—Advices re-
ceived here from Korea say that the
feeling of panic is general there and
that depression prevails in all the
ports, where massacres of foreigners
are apprehended. Europeans are pre-
paring to send their families to Shang-
hai.

Every steamer from Japan conveys to
Korea many Japanese officers and sol-
diers in disguise, and their presence in
such numbers is regarded by the Rus-
sians as being a secret occupation of
Korea.

Sixty doctors have left St. Petersburg
during the last few days for Harbin,
Manchuria.

Suez, Feb. 4.—The Russian battleship
Oslyabya, the transport Sarafanoff, and
three torpedo boat destroyers sailed to-
day for the far east.

No Dewey Jury Yet.

Norton, Kan., Feb. 4.—In the trial of
Chauncey Dewey, the millionaire ranch-
man, and his two cowboys, charged
with the murder of the Berry family,
an attempt to secure a jury was con-
tinued today. The belief is expressed
that it will be impossible to obtain a
jury in this county.

COTTON MARKET.

Utmost Confusion and Excitement
Prevailed.

New York, Feb. 4.—The utmost con-
fusion and excitement attended the
opening of the cotton market again
today. The bullish utterances from
New Orleans yesterday and the report
that New Orleans bulls had placed un-
limited buying orders in the local pit
just before the close of business last
night had led many to believe that this
morning would witness a resumption.
It seemed, however, that it was New
Orleans against the world, for this
morning Liverpool, instead of ad-
vancing as expected, reported a decline
in selling. This led to a weak
opening here, with first prices at a de-
cline of 47 1/2 points on the new crop propo-
sitions.

Speculations were light, but the far east-
ern situation looked very threatening
and at first there was no indication of
New Orleans support. The decline at-
tracted a good demand from shorts
who were taking profits. New Orleans
also reported a sensational break and
Liverpool shortly after the local open-
ing became spectacularly active and

SECY. SHAW CALLS ON NATIONAL BANKS

Requests Them to Make Immedi-
ate Preparations for Payment
of 20 Per Cent on Demand.

OFFERS TO BUY SECURITIES.

Call Occasioned by Fact That Govern-
ment Will Have to Put Up \$50,000,000
on Panama Canal.

Washington, Feb. 4.—Secy. Shaw to-
day sent the following letter to all na-
tional bank depositories holding special
government deposits regarding prospec-
tive calls for funds on account of the
Panama canal purchases:

"Sirs: It seems probable that the
government will be called upon in the
near future to pay \$50,000,000 prelimi-
narily to the construction of an inter-
oceanic canal. In addition to this,
there are outstanding approximately
\$5,000,000 bonds which by their terms
mature on Feb. 1, 1904, and Congress is
considering a proposition to loan be-
tween \$4,000,000 and \$5,000,000 to the
Louisiana Purchase exposition. To
meet these probable demands, it will be
necessary to withdraw at least \$30,000,000
from depository banks.

You are therefore requested to make
immediate preparations for the pay-
ment on demand of 20 per cent at New
York. In the near future, possibly
within 10 days, you will be asked to
transfer this amount to some one of
the New York depository banks, to be
used in settlement for the canal right
of way.

"If you desire to sell at once a por-
tion of the securities now held by the
government against your deposit, you
will so inform this office, and arrange-
ments will be made for the immediate
transfer, so as to avoid actual with-
drawals from channels of trade.

"The department will surrender no
United States bonds held as security for
deposits with any bank until such bank
has withdrawn all state and municipal
bonds now held as such security, and
securities of the District of Columbia,
Philippine islands and Hawaii will be
retained, if desired.

Please acknowledge receipt.
Respectfully,
"L. M. SHAW, Secretary."

AMOUNT REQUIRED.

New York, Feb. 4.—Secy. Shaw's call
for a 20 per cent payment of the Pan-
ama canal money will take a little more
than \$7,000,000 from the depository
banks of this city.

RAYNER ELECTED SENATOR.

Maryland Legislature Chooses
Schley's Attorney.

Annapolis, Md., Feb. 4.—In the Mary-
land legislature today leader Rayner,
of Baltimore, who was nominated last
night by the Democratic caucus, re-
ceived the unanimous vote of the Demo-
cratic majority and was elected United
States senator to succeed Louis E.
McComas. The Republican minority
voted unanimously for McComas.

Bolton, De Ruyter & Co. Suspend

San Francisco, Feb. 4.—Bolton, De
Ruyter & Co., general commission
brokers in grain, provisions, stocks and
bonds in this city have sent out a no-
tice calling for a meeting of creditors
today. The suspension of the firm,
which conducted quite a large busi-
ness over the wires with Chicago and
New York, is practically announced.
As yet the amount involved in the fail-
ure is only a matter of conjecture, but
there is an impression that the sum
will approximate \$250,000. The losses,
it is said, will fall chiefly on local cus-
tomers. The embarrassment of the
firm began, it is said, when the failure
of Sharp & Bryn of New York took
place in September last, as it was the
correspondent of the New York house
in this city. According to the state-
ment of the lawyer representing Bol-
ton-De Ruyter the members of that firm
exhausted their resources on that oc-
casion in order to meet unexpected
losses and protect their creditors. In
addition, he says that the firm dis-
covered yesterday that a subordinate
without the consent or authority
of the house, extended large credits to
local customers and it was disclosed
upon investigation that serious losses
would surely be the result of this un-
authorized accommodation. In order to
straighten affairs out under these cir-
cumstances it was adjudged safer to
suspend business and call a meeting of
the creditors to whom everything will
be explained.

Machen Case Hearing.

Washington, Feb. 4.—The cross-ex-
amination of S. D. Carr, president of
the National Bank of Commerce of
Toledo, was concluded today when the
postal trial was resumed. The ex-
amination of Lorenz to the day.
The consular lawyer will look af-
ter the interests of the accused.

It appears to be a case of mistaken
identity.

Car Workers Quit.

Chicago, Feb. 4.—Nine hundred work-
ers at the Norton branch of the Ameri-
can Can company quit work today be-
cause of a 10 per cent cut in wages.
Five hundred workers at the Diesel
branch of the same concern struck yes-
terday.

Fifty box-makers and 100 machinists
and die-makers at the North plant later
joined the strikers, claiming that an
agreement with their employers had
been violated when the reduction in
wages was made.

TWELFTH U. S. INFANTRY GOES TO MINDANAO

Denver, Feb. 4.—At headquarters of
the department of Colorado orders from
the war department have been received
directing the Twelfth United States In-
fantry to embark for the Philippines
March 1. The Twelfth infantry is now
stationed at Fort Douglas and Fort
Duchene, Utah, and at Fort Apache
and Whipple barracks, Ariz. Adjt.

INDICTMENTS BY THE WHOLESALE.

Federal Grand Jury to Bring Them
In Against Express Agents in
Kansas and Texas.

YERKES STARTED MOVEMENT.

Have Been Acting as Agents for
Culawful Sellers of
Whisky.

Kansas City, Mo., Feb. 4.—Wholesale
indictments by the federal grand jury
of express agents in Kansas City,
throughout Kansas and in the prohibi-
tion counties of Texas, and of liquor
dealers who have been shipping liquor
into these prohibition states are im-
minent, the result of a movement start-
ed by John W. Yerkes, commissioner of
internal revenue at Washington. The
local agents of three large wholesale
liquor houses, it was announced today,
were indicted yesterday and arrested,
but released on their own recognitions
and additional bills, it is said, will be
found against the agents of every ex-
press company in Kansas City, in the
state of Kansas and in the prohibition
counties of Texas who have acted as
agents for the liquor houses in selling
whisky, as fast as the evidence against
them can be presented.

For years practically every express
company in this part of the southwest
has acted as the agencies for liquor
companies who have sold liquor in Kan-
sas and Texas, and express agents of
the different companies acting nomi-
nally as agents at the various points,
this practically nullifying the prohibi-
tion law. To avoid the law, the whisky
was sent in sealed packages addressed
to various names, and sold by the
agents for "express charges." Millions
of cases of whisky have been sent into
Kansas yearly and for each case dis-
posed of, the express agents were al-
lowed 50 cents. This naturally has
been a source of complaint to the pro-
hibition laws of the states named, but
has deprived the federal government of
an immense amount of revenue. It is
stated today that the federal govern-
ment has sent dozens of agents into
the office of the United States district
attorney here for service.

MOOREY'S AMENDMENT.

Will be Fiscal in Reply to Ad-
dress from Throne.

London, Feb. 4.—John Morley an-
nounced today in the house of com-
mons his intention to introduce, Feb. 8,
his fiscal amendment to the address in
reply to the speech from the throne, even
if Premier Balfour is absent.

Several questions were put with the
object of eliciting information regarding
the far eastern situation, the steps taken
to avert war and whether the govern-
ment alone or in conjunction with
the United States government had
pressed Russia to evacuate Manchuria
etc., but the questions practically were
without result.

Earl Percy, under secretary of the
foreign office, declared that in view of
the present state of the negotiations be-
tween Russia and Japan, it would be
manifestly improper to make any ob-
servations on the situation. The British
government, he added, had made fre-
quent representations to Russia in re-
gard to the delay in the evacuation of
Manchuria.

Earl Percy confirmed the reports that
the Russians had removed several of
the employees of Sir Robert Hart, the
British consular agent in Peking, and
placed them in the native customs of-
fice at New Chwang and had replaced
them with Russian nominees. Repre-
sentations, the earl added, had been
made on the subject to St. Petersburg.

MISTAKEN IDENTITY.

The Police at Nice Arrest Two
Americans.

Paris, Feb. 4.—Inquiry concerning the
detention of Mr. Hurt and Mr. Ireland,
two Americans, at Nice, has brought
out the following facts:

On Jan. 26, the police of Nice arrest-
ed Mr. Hurt, considering him to be a
man named Hurt, who was wanted by
the Paris police, Mr. Ireland, on hear-
ing of this, went to explain and iden-
tify Mr. Hurt, when the former was also
held as an accomplice. The United
States consular office demanded proofs
of his identity. The authorities replied
that two days would be required for
this.

The investigation resulted in showing
that a mistake had been made in iden-
tifying Mr. Hurt for the man Hurt.

The case is following the usual course
of French procedure, and another ex-
amination of the prisoners occurs to-
day. The consular lawyer will look af-
ter the interests of the accused.

It appears to be a case of mistaken
identity.

SCHAEFER'S MURDERER.

Will be Arrested Tonight So as
To Prevent Any Trouble.

Bedford, Ind., Feb. 4.—That the mur-
derer of Miss Sarah Schaefer, the Latin
teacher, is known and will be arrested
tonight, or soon as he can be safely
taken out of town, was the statement
made today by a high local official.

It is said the crime was committed
by a prominent business man not
formerly suspected, and that his motive
was to secure letters. The suspect is
trying to escape. A good guard has
been placed on all outgoing trains.
Late communications from Elkhart to
Mayor Smith are said to be of im-
portance in placing the guilt on a Bed-
ford man.

Detectives at Elkhart, Ind., are said
to have proof that Miss Schaefer feared
violence and contemplated the resigna-
tion of her position.

Chief of Police Patterson of Moberly,
Mo., has written Chief of Police Russell
that a man found dead in a field near
there who had committed suicide might
be the murderer of Miss Schaefer.

The theory that the murderer of Miss
Schaefer was anxious to get possession
of some letter or object she was thought
by him to have in her possession is
based on the fact that the waist the
woman wore the night she was
killed shows that the buttons were
jerked off and the cloth torn.

MRS. WHITWORTH TAKES POISON.

Left Home Last Night in Mys-
terious Manner and Matter
Reported to Police.

BODY FOUND THIS MORNING.

Stretched in Vacant House With Bot-
tles Containing Chloroform, Strych-
nine and Laudanum Beside Her.

It was reported to the police last
night that Mrs. A. Whitworth of 667
north Second West street was missing
and could not be found. Her son re-
ported the case to the police. This
morning her lifeless body was found in
an unoccupied house which had recent-
ly been moved to Post street on Fourth
South between Eighth and Ninth West
streets.

The body was found by a laborer
named John Iff, who was employed at
the place in plastering and painting.
He found the body stretched out on the
floor, near her were some bottles con-
taining chloroform, strychnine and laudanum,
and a teaspoon was lying near the body. She
had evidently committed suicide but
just what she had taken is not known.

As soon as Iff found the body he called
Fred Tysler and a boy and told them
of his discovery. They lost no time
in notifying the police, Coroner
Clark and Undertaker Joseph Williams
of the police station. Sgt. Roberts,
Officer Sperry and Patrol Driver Arm-
strong hastened to the scene. The body
was removed to the undertaking estab-
lishment and will be prepared there for
burial. Whether an inquest will be
held or not is not known yet.

Mrs. Whitworth was regarded as be-
ing a little unbalanced mentally. She
was once an inmate of the State Mental
Hospital.

OUTLOOK FOR BUILDING.

Many Large Unfinished Jobs Will be
Taken Up in the Spring

Considerable building is promised for
the town in the spring in various lines.
The large unfinished jobs will be hast-
ened to completion, as the Catholic and
Presbyterian churches, the Lafayette
school, the L. D. S. hospital, the Judge's
miners' home, the M. H. Walker man-
sion, the federal building, Y. M. C. A.
building, the Independent Telephone
building, Vermont building, the Federa-
tion of Labor hall, etc. Later in the
year, the foundations for the great re-
tail store on Eighteenth ward square will
be put in and left to season through the
winter of 1904-5. While it was original-
ly the intention of Mr. Bransford to
build here only a three-story structure,
it is currently believed now that he
will make it eight stories, and when
finished the structure will represent the
investment of a million dollars.

SAYS HE WAS HELD UP.

James Tonkin Declares He Was Re-
lieved of \$65 by Two Masked Men.

James Tonkin reported to the police
today that he was held up last night
near the corner of Second South and
Sixth West streets and robbed of \$65.
He says the trick was turned by two
masked men, and that Tonkin was under
the influence of liquor, the officers place
very little reliance in his story.

RICE CASE TOMORROW.

The preliminary hearing of G. E.
Rice, charged with forging the name of
S. W. Darling for a check for \$1,500,
and cashing the same on McCormick's
bank, did not go on in Judge Diehl's
court today as was expected. The
state rested its case yesterday after-
noon, but today the matter was contin-
ued by the court until tomorrow after-
noon, when a decision will be rendered.

WILL RUN SPECIAL TRAIN.

For the convenience of those who
may attend the reunion at the L. D. S.
university tonight, the Salt Lake &
Ogden railroad has consented to run a
special to Farmington, leaving this city
at 11 p. m.

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woman wore the night she was
killed shows that the buttons were
jerked off and the cloth torn.

THE CRUM CASE.

Washington, Feb. 4.—The resolutions
introduced by Mr. Tillman in the sen-
ate, making inquiry of the secretary
of the treasury concerning the appoint-
ment of W. D. Crum as collector of the
port of Charleston, S. C., and directing
the executive in making appointments
to make an inquiry as to what constitutes
a recess appointment to office, was
taken up today. Mr. Hale, who was
anxious to have the senate proceed with
the urgent deficiency bill, suggested to
Mr. Tillman that his resolutions might
be passed without debate, but Mr. Till-
man declared that he did not want to
send his baby out into the world with-
out any clothes, and proceeded with his
speech. He gave way temporarily,
however, to permit the reading of the
statement by Secy. Root, concerning
recess appointments which was pre-
sented by Mr. Proctor.

At the conclusion of Mr. Tillman's
speech one of his resolutions was
amended at the suggestion of Mr. Hale,
so as to instruct the judiciary commit-
tee to report to the senate "what con-
stitutes a recess of the senate and
what are the powers and limitations of
the executive in making appointments
in such cases." In this form it was
agreed to. The other resolution, call-
ing upon the secretary of the treasury
for information concerning Crum's ap-
pointment was indefinitely postponed.

Mr. Root says: "There can be no end
to a session until a time is reached
when there is no session, and the time
when there is no session is a recess."
Mr. Tillman also gave way to Mr.
Hale, who suggested that the resolu-
tion directing an inquiry by the com-
mittee on the judiciary be amended so
as not to be offensive to the executive
department. Mr. Tillman disclaimed
the intention of directing an inquiry
into the conduct of the president, but
believed if the president had been
guilty of unlawful conduct he could
see no reason why he should not say so.

Archbishop Sails for Rome.

New York, Feb. 4.—Archbishop Par-
ley of New York, sailed today on the
Prinz Adalbert for Rome. He denied
that he intended to represent to the
pope that the banishment of women
from church choirs was a mistake, and
a recent edict of the pontiff would
work great hardship in this country.

House Proceedings.

Washington, Feb. 4.—The house re-
sumed consideration of the diplomatic
and consular appropriation bill today.
General debate, which was limited to
four hours, was begun by Mr. Morrell
(Penn.).

The bill for the development of
the American merchant marine have
been introduced by Mr. Morrell. One
relates to the transportation of gov-
ernment supplies and authorizes the
payment of ten per cent more than the
lowest foreign rates to American ships.
The other relates to general commerce
and grants a tariff concession of fifteen
per cent on goods brought from and to
the Philippines.

An answer to J. Adam Bede's in-
vitation to the Democrats to join the
Republican party and "make it uni-
mous," was made by Mr. Hamlin (Mo.),
who prefaced a political speech by
declaring that when the Democrats got
control of the government, as they
would at the next election, Mr. Bede
would be the first to "come over and
join the Democratic party."

Mr. Fuller (Ill.) replied at some
length, expressing his pride in the re-
solutions of the Republican party since
its birth.

Mr. Dinsmore (Ark.) wanted to know
if Mr. Fuller took pride in the stand his
party had taken for free silver in 1893,
and previous to that time.

Free silver was not then an issue,"
was the reply.

Mr. Van Duzer (Nev.) interrupted to
ask why wages were not being reduced.
Because, like wheat, the supply and
demand regulate that problem," was
the answer.

Mr. Shober (N.Y.) then took the floor.
Mr. Shober discussed politics in gen-
eral and criticizing Republican politics.

Mr. Van Duzer (Nev.) amplified in a
five-minute speech his previous ques-
tions on the decrease of wages made to
Mr. Fuller. The necessity of recipro-
city with Canada was the text of an
address by Mr. Lind (Minn.).

At 2:40 the oratory of both sides be-
gan to exhaust, the reading of the bill
for amendment began.

The bill was passed without amend-
ment at 3:05 o'clock.

Mr. Wadsworth reported the agricul-
tural appropriation bill and gave notice
that he would call it up for considera-
tion tomorrow.

Cyclone Strikes Reno.

Reno, Nev., Feb. 4.—A cyclone struck
Reno this morning at 6:45. It de-
stroyed considerable property, cut-
ting a swath through the town.

The stone building, a structure 30 feet
wide and 22 feet high, was blown
down from its foundation and the walls
crushed together in an inextricable
mass of broken timbers.

The Wah Hoo hotel was lifted from
its foundation and carried to the east-
ward. It collapsed and is an utter
ruin. The W. A. I. school was picked
up in a vortex of the wind and set back
six inches from its previous position.

Other structures were damaged.
No one was reported as being in-
jured.

SALMON INDUSTRY.

The Artificial Propagation Alone
Saves it in the Columbia.

Salem, Ore., Feb. 4.—Master Fish
Warden H. G. Vanduzen has filed his
annual report. The reports show that
the government hatcheries in Oregon
and Washington are doing remarkable
work in the propagation of fish and
that the study and rapid increase in
the hatchery work indicates that hence-
forward there will be no scarcity in the
supply of salmon coming to the Colum-
bia river and other streams of Oregon
and Washington.

According to Mr. Vanduzen artificial
propagation is the one thing that is pre-
serving the salmon industry of the Col-
umbia river. Summarized the report
is as follows:

The annual output of Oregon, Wash-
ington and federal hatcheries on the
Columbia and tributaries is 70,000,000
Chinook fry. The product of Columbia
river fisheries for 1903 shows an in-
crease of 20 per cent over the previous
year, adding \$20,000 to the income of
cannery and dealers, and \$20,000 to the
income of fishermen. The past year
has been especially successful for Gill
netters and for cold storage plants.

Total output of Oregon hatcheries 49,
231,296 chinooks; 306,820 steelheads and
\$248,340 sock-eyes and silversides; total
\$1,531,000. Total operating expense
\$21,082.01. Total product of Oregon
salmon 29,925,754 pounds, valued at
\$3,052,740.

During the season of 1903-4 the hatch-
eries of Washington and Oregon will
have turned into the Columbia river
and its tributaries 70,000,000 chinooks.
During the season the