claims bearing gold, silver and other preclous metals, except the net proceeds and surface improvements thereof, shall be exempt from taxation for a period of ten years from the date of the adoption of this constitution, and thereafter may be taxed as provided by law

vided by law.

SEC. 2. The property of the United States, and the property of this State, shall be exempt from taxation, and such property as may belong to any county or municipal corporation or as may be used exclusively for agricultural, and scientifications. county or municipal corporation or as may be used exclusively for agricultural, horticultural, and scientific societies, or for school, religious, cemetery, or charitable purposes shall be exempt from taxation; and provided further that the household goods of every person being the head of a family to the value of one hundred dollars shall be exempt from taxation. Ditches, canals, and flumes owned and used by individuals or corporations for irrigating lands owned by such individuals or corporations, or the individual members thereof shall not be taxed so long as they shall be owned and used exclusively for such purpose.

Sign. 3. The legislature shall not impose taxes for the purpose of any county, city, town, or other corporation, but may by law vest in the corporation, but may by law vest in the corporation turn that effectively the power to assess and collect taxes for all purposes of such corporations.

Sec. 4. The property of non-residents shall never be taxed higher than that effections.

By the Committee on Education:

By the Committee on Education:

ARTICLE XI.—EDUCATION.

SEC. 1. The legislature shall provide for a uniform system of public schools, the supervision of which shall be vested in a State superlutendent and such other officers as the legislature shall prescribe. The superintendent shall be chosen by the qualified electors in the State in such manner as the legislature shall provide; his powers, duties and compensation shall be prescribed by law.

SEC. 2. The legislature may establish free schools; Provided, that no sectarian or denominational doctrines shall be taught in any school supported in whole or in part by public funds.

SEC. 3. All legislation in regard to education shall be impartial, gnaranteeing equal rights and privileges to all persons, irrespective of race, color or religion.

SEC. 4. The proceeds of all lands ARTICLE XI.-EDUCATION

persons, irrespective of race, color or religion.

SEC. 4. The proceeds of all lands that have been or may be granted by the United States to this State for the support of schools, shall be and remain a perpetual fund, the interest of which, together with all the rents of the unsold lands, and such other means as the legislature may provide, shall be appropriated to the support of the public schools throughout the State.

the public schools throughout the State.
SEC. 5. The University of Deserct shall be the University of this State, and be under the control of the legislature; the proceeds for tall lands that have been granted by Congress for university purposes, shall be and remain a perpetual fund, the interest of which, together with the rents of unsold land, shall be appropriated to the support of said university.
SEC. 6. No religious sect or denomination shall control or appropriate to its own use any of the public school or university funds of this State.
SEC. 7. The legislature shall foster and encourage moral, intellectual and scientific improvement. They shall, whenever it may be practicable, make suitable provisions for the blind and mute, and for the organization of such institutions of learning as the best interests of general education in the State may demand.
By the Committee on Militia:

By the Committee on Militia: ARTICLE XII.-MILITIA

ARTICLE XII.—MILITIA.

SEC. I. The militia of the State shall be composed of all able-bodied male citizens between the ages of twenty-one and forty-five years, except such as are, or may hereafter be, exempt by the laws of the United States or of this State, and shall be armed, equipped and disciplined as the legislature may provide by law.

SEC. 2. All officers of the militia shall be elected by persons hable to military duty, in such manner as the legislature may provide. Staff officers shall be chosen from officers of the line.

By the Committee on Public Institu-

benefit of the insane, offin, deaf, and dumb, and such other benevolent institutions as the public good may require, shall be fostered and supported by the State, subject to such regulations as may be prescribed by law.

SEC. 2. A State prison shall be established and maintained in such manner as may be prescribed by law, and provisions shall be made by law for the establishment and maintenance of a house of refuge for juvenile offenders.

SEC. 3. The respective counties of the State shall provide, as may by prescribed by law, for those persons who, by reason of age and infirmity, or misfortunes, may have claim upon the sympathy and aid of society.

After the reading of the committee reports presented some discussion arose

ports presented some discussion arose as to having the amendments printed; without having arrived at any conclu-sion, the Committee of the Whole sion, the Committee of the arose, the vote being 36 to 28.

The Convention resumed its sitting The Committee of the Whole reported having read all the reports handed in for information only.

The Convention then took a recess

until 2 p.m.

Judiciary made its report, which was referred to the Committee of the Whole.

The Convention then went into Committee of the Whole, Mr. Woolley in the chair.

The report of the Committee on Justice was the procedure of colleges.

diciary was then read, as follows

The report of the Committee on Judiciary was then read, as follows:

ARTICLE VI.—JUDICIAL DEPARTMENT

SEC. 1. The judicial power of this State shall be vested in a supreme court, circuit courts, and such inferior coorts as shall be established and whose jurisdiction shall be determined by law.

SEC. 2. The supreme court shall consist of a chief justice and two associate justices, a majority of whom shall constitute a quorum.

SEC. 3. The justices of the supreme court shall be elected by the qualified election, and shall hold office for the term of six-years from and including the first Monday in Janeary next succeeding their election; the senior justice; and in case the commissions of any two or more of said justices shall bear the same date, they shall determine by lot who shall be chief justice.

SEC. 4. The supreme court shall have appellate jurisdiction in all cases

SEC. 4. The supreme court shall have appellate jurisdiction in all cases arising under the laws of the State, including special proceedings. The court shall have original jurisdiction to issue writs of mandamus, certiorari, prohibition, quo warranto and habets corpus, and also writs necessary or proper to the complete exercise fof its appellate jurisdiction. Each of the instices shall have power to issue writs of habeus corpus to any part for the State upon petition by or on behalf of any person held in actual custody, and may make such writs returnable before himself or the supreme court, or before any circuit court in the State, or before any judge of said courts.

SEC. 5. The State shall be divided into a convenient number of judicial circuits in Sec. of which said her SEC. 4. The supreme court shall

circuit court in the State, or before any judge of said courts.

SEC. 5. The State shall be divided into a convenient number of judicial circuits, in Sach of which shall be elected, by the electors thereof, one judge, who shall be the judge of the circuit court therein, and whose term of office shall be four years, and until his successor shall be elected and qualified. Until otherwise provided by law, there shall be four circuits, as follows: The counties of Weber, Box Elder, Cache, Rich, and Morgan, shall constitute the first circuit; The counties of Salt Lake, Summit, Davis and Tooele shall constitute the second circuit; the counties of Utah, Juab, Emery, Sanpete, Sevier, Millard, Wasach and Uintah shall constitute the third circuit, and the counties of Beaver, Iron, Washington, Kane, Garfield, Sab Juan and Plute shall constitute the fourth eircuit.

SEC. 6. The circuit courts shall have both chancery and common law jurisdiction and such other jurisdiction, both original and appellate, as may be prescribed by law; Provided, That aothing herein shall be so construed as to prevent the legislature from conferring limited common law or chancery jurisdiction upon inferior courts. SEC. 7. The judges of the circuit courts may hold court for each other, and jehall do so when required by law. SEC. 8. The judges of the snpreme and circuit courts shall be eligible to the office of supreme or circuit judge who is not a male citizen of the United States, and has not attained the age of twenty by eyears, and who, except at the first election, has not been a resident of this State at least two years next preceding his election. SEC. 10. The judges of the supreme and circuit courts shall each receive for his services a salary to be fixed by law, which shall not be diminished for the term for which he shall have been elected.

SEC. 11. The legislature shall determine by law the places in each circuit at which the circuit courts shall each receive for his services a salary to be fixed by law, which shall not be diminished for

The reading of the committee reports by sections was then taken up and proceeded with.

The Committee on Ordinance and Bill of Rights made a further report prescribing that the legislature should provide for minority representation in the legislative body.

At 3 p. m. the Convention went into caucus for thirty minutes.

In 1866.

Sister Margeret Scott of Willard, notice of whose death appeared in the News a few days ago, embraced the Gospel in the year 1890, instead of 1880, as stated in the notice. We make the correction by request.

This afternoon the Committee on of Bristol, England. We have been udiciary made its report, which was requested to make this note in order to acquaint his numerous friends with the fact of his demise.

> A Farmington Man Bound Over CYesterday afternoon, James Llond of Farmington was arrested on a charge of unlawful cohabitation. This charge of inhawful consditation. This morning he had a hearing before Commissioner McKay, who found that there was probable cause to believe him guilty and fixed his bail at \$1,000. His alleged plural wife was put under \$200 bonds as a witness.

Pleasant Reunion.

Yesterday being the anniversary of the organization of the Ladies' Relief Society of the Eleventh Ward, a large number of its members celebrated the occasion in the genial shade of Liberty Park. The time was very pleasantly spent in singing, various amusements, an enjoyable picnic and in social chat. This Society, under the able management of Sister McMaster, president, and Sisters Sears and Lawson, courselors, is proving a great blessing to the poor and needy of the Eleventh Ward, many of whom are made happy and comfortable, through its benevolence. lence

The ladies were taken to and from the Park in a large and commodious car under the courteous direction of Mr. Orson Arnold, Jr.

Died To-day.

Died To-day.

On Thursday we gave an account of an operation for lithotomy performed in this city by Dr. W. F. Anderson, on Thomas Robertson, of Orderville. The prospect for the recovery of the patient seemed good until about six o'clock this morning when a sudden and unfavorable change in his condition took place, and at about noon he breathed his last.

Deceased held the office of High Priest, and was a member of the High Council of Kanab Stake. He leaves two wives and thirteen children. He was baptized in his pative country, Scotland, in 1848; came to Utah in 1853, and was aged nearly sixty-two years. He took an active part in the pioneer labors and Indian troubles of Sontheru Utah, and was ever at the post of duty. post of dnty.

Slaughter House Burned

Slaughter House Burned.

Yesterday afternoon, between three and four o'clock, the slaughter house of Wm. Wood, the butcher, situated about two miles west of the city, was discovered to be on fire. A number of neighbors assembled and endeavored, but without success, to put the fire out. They managed to save all the beeves on the premises, but the slaughter house, stable, pig pens, cattle pens and other structures were burned, including seven sheep, five lambs, a number of pigs, a quantity of tallow, hides, skius, tools, etc., and a stack of hay.

A little boy, son of Elias Morris, Esq., ran into the burning stable and tried to save a harbess. He tailed in this but succeeded in saving Mr. Wood's vest, in the pocket of which was a gold watch worth \$125. The boy deserves credit for his activity and pluck. Mr. Woods feels very grateful for the assistance that was rendered. His loss is about \$2,000, and his insurance will cover about half of it. A lot of lucern in whrews on the Tarm of Elias Morris adjoining the burning premises, was saved only by great effort, and the throwing of water on portions of it nearest the fire.

This is the third time Mr. Woods has been burned out. The fire was started this time by the boiling over of some greasy hog feed, which ignited, and as the wind was blowing strongly at the time, the flames quickly became uncontrolable.

Fine Work.

sa are, or may hereafter be, exempt by the laws of the United States or of this State, and shall be armed, equipped and disciplined as the legislature may provide by law.

SEC. 2. All officers of the militia shall be elected by persons hable to military duty, in such manner as the legislature may provide. Staff officers shall be chosen from officers of the line.

By the Committee on Public Institutions.

SEC. 1. Institutions for the care and benefit of the insane, blind, deaf, and dumb, and such other benevolent institutions as the public good may require, shall be fostered and supported by the State, subject to such regulations as may be prescribed by law.

SEC. 2. A State prison shall be established and maintained in such manner as may be prescribed by law, and provisions shall be made by law for the provisions shall be made lay law for the large law for the place of the count shall determine and the large law

The same gentleman has nearly completed a thorough retouching of the exterior of Z. C. M. I., and it must be seen to be appreciated. Gold has been placed upon the fillets of the fluted columns, while the flutes have been somewhat darkened to throw the gilt into greater prominence, and the effect is delightful; the same is true of the capital, dentals, and in fact all the raised and panel work on the front, the entire task comprehended as a whole being a decided assistance to the architectural design by unaterially emphasizing the bold reliefs and subdulag the backgrounds. The general appearance of the mammoth establishment is so greatly improved that even he that runs cannot fail to The same gentleman has nearly com-A large number of the friends of establishment is so greatly improved between here and Park City. See desnot aware that he died on Wednesday, June 23d, from general deblity. He was in his 66th year, and was a native

List of Immigrants.

Following are the names of the im-migrants who are expected to arrive on Wednesday next:

BRITISH.

BRITISH.

Salt Lake—Francis and Elizabeth Clayburn; Etty Thompson; Mary Ann Wach; Alice Kay; Mary Ann Buttes; Jane Cooper; Geo. B. and Frederick Meadows; Emma Padmore; Elizabeth, Anne, Agnes, Chas. and Lucy Elliatt; Joseph, Averilla, Horace and Alfred Burkenshaw, Henry Green, Ellen and Elizabeth Elson, Wm. Margt., Thos., and Henry Hackwell; Wm. Roberts; Emma Benett: Louisa Merritt; Raphael, Sarah, Ethel, Eleanor, Bessle, Willie and Herbert Cottrell, Sarah Kinebrett, Belinda Reeves, Chas. and Eliza McMurrin, Elizabeth Sloan, Ebenezer Emslie, Bertie McMurrin, Jos. Young, Heber and Thos. Young, Frederick, Jaue, Elizabeth and Mary Jane Cook.

Juab—Esther, Elizabeth, Ann, Wm. Lowis and Alice Chitchley, Mary Ann

Frederick, Jane, Elizabeth and Mary Jane Cook.

Juab—Esther, Elizabeth, Ann, Wm. Lewis and Alice Citichley, Mary Aun and Lois Thorpe.

Ogden-Jos. W. Jeffs, George, Ann and Annie Bell, Jane Eastwood, Agnes Craig, Mary Jones; Thomas, Rebecca, John, George, Henry, Murian, Robert, Thomas and James Newby; Margle Sells: Geo. H. Webb, Wm. and Archibald Webb.

Logan—Chas., Eliza and Ciley Butt.

Smithfield—Thomas Graig.

Payson—Thomas, James, Albert, Bertha Melia, Sillian, Alice, Ann, Mary, Olive and Thomas Elliott.

Milford—Rachel and Frederick Chad.

Orderd—Thomas. Edith and Thomas

Oxford—Thomas, Edith and Thomas Slatt. New York—Chas. Burrows; Jas. Davis; Bella, Thos., John, George and William Black; Jone Pettit and Martha Cleal.

TELEGRAPHIC NEWS.

TELEGRAPHIC NEWS.

Denver, July 1.—The case of exforce on the grounds of cruelty, that has been on trial in Denver for two
weeks, was concluded vesterday. The
jury at eleven o'clock last night
to brought in a verdict for plaintiff.
London, July 1.—A section of the
growth last removed from the throat
of the German Crown Prince was sent
to Professor Virchow at Berlin for examination. The latter has just made
at horoughly satisfactory report which
has delighted the Emperor and
princess.

London, July 1.—The statement is
confirmed that Holmes, Attorney-Genser al for Ireland, becomes the Justice
of the Irish Court of Common Pleas;
that Solicitor-General Gibson becomes
attorney-general and Sergeant o'Brie mill not seek a seat in Parliament,
Gibson will be clevated to the bench
before the year is out, and O'Brien
will then become autorney-general,
Madden, now contesting the Dublin
ff University for the place of Holmes, becoming solicitor-general.

New Yoar, July 1.—The American
Protective Tariff to Labor and the Industries of the United
States." The number of competitors
was forty-eight, representing eighteen
states and thirty-nive colleges. The
following are awards: First prize,
\$200, Crawford L. Hinitz, University of
Pennsylvenia; second prize, \$100,
James H. McBride, University of
Mchigan; third prize, \$50, H. R. McKenzie, Eniversity of Minnesota. Firten silver medals were awarded.
Pittsburg, July 1.—During the temporary absence of Mrs. August Belder,
of Month Washington, lathis city todell, London, July 1.—A fre was discovered June 2 thin the cargo of the North
Carry American
Children of the Prize,
of Month P. Parrar, Defendant.

The people of the Territory, of Utah, send to the Signiff in the District
Court of the Gray of the South will be taken against you,
according to the prayer of said county in the taken against you,
according to the prayer of said county in the taken against you,
according to the prayer of said county in the taken against you,
accordin

day, taree of her children were fatally burned by an explosion of a can of oil.

London, July 1.—A fire was discovered June 26th in the cargo of the North German Lloyd steamer Fulda at Bremen, from New York. The discovery was made after the steamer had left Southampton. It required twelve hours hard work to quench the flames and it was necessary to jettison twenty-two chests of tobacco and forty bales of cotton from hetween decks. The other cargo in the compartments was damaged by dre?

Benson, Ariz., July 1.—Capt. Coy, the well known mariner, returned yesterday from the Sauta Rita Mountains. He reports a terrible waterspout on the Vail ranch near there, Monday afternoon. He and his partoer heard a terrific roar, resembling the sound of an earthquake. They ran to the bluff overlooking the Vail Clenega, and beheld a monster waterspout coursing its way down the Clenega Valley. The walley, which is fully half a mile wide, was covered with water to the depth of fifteen feet. As the torrent swept through the valley it carried everything before it. Cattle therein were lifted up, some being landed upon high banks, but most of them being carried forward and drowned. Hundreds of cattle thus perfshed. The water must have come upwards of 50 miles, as it overflowed the hotel and rathroad track at Panama before it exhausted itself.

London, July 1.—The forthcoming marriage of the Emperor of Chica is officially anneared. His wife hear

hausted itself.

London, July 1. — The forthcoming marriage of the Emperor of Chica is officially amounced. His wife has been selected. The festivities will cost £1,000,000. Numerous changes are expected in the Imperial government.

We recommend the SOAPS made in Utah, as the best articles in that line that we carry, and will pay freight dots ways and all other damages when

ibssatisfaction occurs.
H. S. Eldredge,
ds&w Genl. Supt., Z. C. M. 1.



UNCLE Sam has found it at last!
A sure remedy for Torpid Liver, Sick Headache, Habitaal Constipation, Chills and Fever, and all affections of the Kidneys and Liver, This is a New Compound, and one "will convince you that it is the Chernest and Best Ramedy in the Market fe Diseases of Ridneys, Liver and Stunach If you want a pure vegetable compound, that is positively guaranteed to contain no mercury, go to your Dreggist, and get a Bottle of the Arkansaw Liver and Kidney Remedy. Price, \$1.00 per Bottle.

H. H. MOORE & SON. For Sale, by all Druggists.

SUMMONS.

In the District Court, of the First Judicial District of the Territory of Utah, Utah County.

W. H. Farrar, Plaintiff, Martha P. Farrar, Defendant.

80 TO 70 PERCENT, OFF ONE THOUSAND DIFFERENT ASTICLES Sold Direct to Consumers.

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