

One Ad. in the Home is Worth a Hundred on the Highway. Our Circulation is Home Circulation.

10 PAGES—LAST EDITION.

## CONFERENCE OF CHRISTIAN CHURCHES

Carroll D. Wright Declares There is No Decadence of the Religious Spirit.

## EVIDENCE THAT IT IS GROWING.

In Matter of the Growth of Crime Conditions Now and Fifty Years Ago Not Distinguished.

## THERE IS A NEW PATRIOTISM.

It is Born of Religion and it is Devotion to High Principle—Greater Tolerance a Necessity.

Atlantic City, N. J., Sept. 22.—Over 1,000 delegates were in attendance at the opening session of the National Conference of Christian Churches today. An address of welcome was made by Mayor F. P. Stoy, and was responded to by President Carroll D. Wright.

### COL. WRIGHT'S ADDRESS.

Mr. Wright said in part: "There is a great deal of discussion at the present time relative to the supposed decadence of the church, of church attendance, and of real religious spirit. I cannot assent to the suggestion that there is any decadence or lessening of a true religious spirit, taking our community as a whole. There seems to me to be so many evidences of the growth of a real religious sentiment that I take this occasion to present them. The public conscience today is more acute, more sensitive than at any time in the history of mankind. We see the evidence of the growth of my assertion in the question of crime. I think it is the general belief that crime is largely on the increase. The statistics of crime support this contention. The difficulty is, however, that we do not stop to distinguish what is crime today and what was crime 40 or 50 years ago. We are too ready to condemn the present crimes, but we are too ready to excuse the past crimes. We have established by legislative enactment, if we look beneath the figures we shall find that the crimes that have remained persistently so under the criminal code during the last 50 years have not only not increased, but have relatively decreased. The crimes that have increased are those that are constantly elevating misdemeanors that were offenses against individual conscience into offenses against the public conscience, and making them punishable as crimes. Growing out of crime there comes penology. We now believe that the criminal must be restrained because of his behavior, and not because of the doctrine of the fall of Adam has been eliminated from penological science, and we are dealing with the criminal as a man morally diseased. This is a better, or more emphatic illustration of the evidence of the growth of a practical religion than in the penology of our day.

### TROOPS IN CAMP GOLDFIELD.

Suddenly Called to Arms in the Night.

Victor, Colo., Sept. 22.—The troops in Camp Goldfield were called to arms last night. It was said at military headquarters that unknown persons had attempted to break through the guard post at 12 o'clock. Twenty shots were fired by the sentries, but it is not known whether any of them took effect.

### SERVIAN ELECTIONS.

Result in Victory for the Extreme Radicals.

Belgrade, Serbia, Sept. 22.—The election yesterday for the Skupstina resulted in victories for the extreme radicals, of whom 65 were elected. The house otherwise is composed of 78 Radicals, 15 Liberals and two Socialists. All party leaders were elected.

### Russian Divorce is Valid.

Chicago, Sept. 22.—A Russian decree of divorce has been held to be valid by Judge Gibbons of the circuit court of this city. Max Graber, a Russian, who had been married to Sarah Graber, he came to the United States, his wife refusing to follow him. After remaining in this country five years he returned to Russia and his wife demanded a divorce and 500 rubles, the ante-nuptial settlement. He came back to America, and when he had saved the money, sent it to her. The divorce was granted, and she came to Chicago and demanded more money. Graber refused to give any. She threatened to sue him for breach of promise. He was tried and found guilty. Sentence, however, was suspended. His attorney then made up a case to test the validity of the Jewish decree called "Get," granted in Russia. The divorce obtained having been handed over to her by a council of rabbis in solemn session in Russia, according to the Russian laws. Judge Gibbons held that in the absence of any proof of fraud the decree was valid and must be recognized by the courts of Illinois.

### COL. B. F. MORLEY KILLED

By Foul Air While Inspecting a Mine at Buena Vista, Colo.

Buena Vista, Colo., Sept. 22.—Col. B. F. Morley, manager of the Buena Vista smelter and of the Mary Murphy mine at Romley, and Adolph Abersson, superintendent of the mine, were killed by foul air when making an inspection of the mine workings last night. Their bodies were recovered today. Archie Ackerson, superintendent of the Four Metals Mining company, who accompanied Morley and Abersson into the mine, was unconscious when brought to the surface, but was revived.

### No News from Panama.

Washington, Sept. 22.—The state department up to noon today had no new dispatches bearing upon the Panama canal situation, either from Minister Paupere or through Mr. Herran, the Colombian chargé d'affaires here, and nothing is looked for during the day which will keep the treaty alive after midnight tonight. There is no intimation in official circles here as to what will follow this.

# DESERET EVENING NEWS.

TRUTH AND LIBERTY

TUESDAY, SEPTEMBER 22, 1903. SALT LAKE CITY, UTAH.

HISTORIAN'S OFFICE.  
Church of Jesus Christ  
of Latter-day Saints.

ADVERTISERS: Our Readers Have Money to Spend With You. Tell Them through our Columns What you Have to Sell.

FIFTY-THIRD YEAR.

## TURKEY WOULD AID BULGARIA.

If Latter Cannot Re-establish and Maintain Order, Her Suzerain Will Help Her.

## THAT IS PART OF PORTE'S REPLY

Regards Hilmi Pasha's Mission as Equivalent to the Proposed Commission.

Constantinople, Sept. 22.—The porte, after several meetings at the Yildiz kiosk to discuss the Bulgarian proposal that an international commission be appointed to deal with Macedonia, has dispatched a reply, pointing out that it considers the mission entrusted to Hilmi Pasha, the inspector-general, to be equivalent to the commission proposed by Bulgaria and adding that if the Bulgarian government is powerless to re-establish and maintain order among its population its suzerain is always ready to come to its assistance.

### TEN THOUSAND REFUGEES.

Sofia, Bulgaria, Sept. 22.—Ten thousand refugees from the district of Lozengrad arrived at Burgas during the last three days, according to official advice.

### THE BEAVERS CASE.

Defendant Must be Produced to Answer Additional Complaints.

New York, Sept. 22.—Counsel for George W. Beavers were informed at the conclusion of an adjourned hearing today in the Beavers case that Mr. Beavers must be produced before Commissioner Hitchcock immediately to answer to two additional complaints received against him, predicated upon two indictments recently returned against Beavers in Washington for an alleged conspiracy to defraud the government in connection with State Senator George R. Gray and the Hunz Time Clock company of Binghamton, N. Y. It was also made known that other surety than J. R. Brown, who is now Mr. Beavers' bondsman on two \$5,000 bonds, must be produced, as the practice of the district attorney's office being not to accept the same surety on more than two bonds.

An adjournment until Friday was taken to enable the defense to bring contempt proceedings against Dist. Atty. Youngs and his stenographer of Brooklyn, and Postoffice Inspector Little for failure to answer subpoenas made out by Commissioner Hitchcock.

### MARTIAL LAW EXISTS.

So Thinks Gen. Chase Regarding Cripple Creek Case.

Cripple Creek, Colo., Sept. 22.—Arguments were resumed this morning in the district court in the cases of the four military prisoners who petitioned for writs of habeas corpus. The contention of the military authorities is that the military is supreme in this district and recognizes the jurisdiction of no court. In the course of the proceedings Judge Seeds asked Judge Advocate McClelland: "Does Gen. Chase believe martial law exists?"

"Yes, your honor, he does," was the judge advocate's reply.

Counsel for the military notified the court this afternoon that affidavits would be filed this afternoon against three prisoners named in the habeas corpus petition. Twenty shots were turned over to the civil authorities. No prisoners were produced in court this morning and Judge Seeds continued the hearing on the motion to quash the habeas corpus proceedings as to the fourth prisoner named in the petition until afternoon.

Atty. Crump for the military said that the delay in the hearing was not only but highly necessary, intimating that the military had reasons to believe that trouble was anticipated this morning.

"The defendant, Gen. Bell, sends word to your honor," said Mr. Crump, "that in his best judgment had the prisoners been brought here today at the hour named by the court, things might have occurred which your honor, and all of us, would have regretted."

"There will be no step taken by us in disobedience of the court of this or any other competent court as to one of these defendants. We will want to be heard either this afternoon or at some other day on the habeas corpus proceedings for it is a question of last importance, as it may have such a bearing on the future of this state that it should not be forgotten."

The court ruled that unless the three men were turned over to the sheriff by 2 o'clock he would proceed with the hearing in all four cases.

### EMIGRATION TO IRELAND.

Such May be Result of Passage of Land Bill.

London, Sept. 22.—Interest has been evoked here by a letter from Secy. O'Callahan of the United Irish League of America, to Mr. Condon, M. P., saying that since the passage of the Irish land act many evicted tenants now residing in the United States have been making anxious inquiries regarding the possibility of re-acquiring their former holdings. Mr. O'Callahan expressed the belief that should a large proportion of the inquirers be able to do so, it would go far towards solving the question of emigration and turn the tide back to Ireland.

## MUST NOT PAY JUDGES' SALARIES.

Attorney David Evans Brings Long-Talked-of Suit Against State Officials.

## CASE IN U. S. DISTRICT COURT.

Injunction is Specifically Against State Auditor Tingey and State Treasurer Dixon.

## "THEY ARE ACTING UNLAWFULLY."

Declares They Are "Pretending" to Act Under an Authority He Calls Clearly Unconstitutional.

The Mine and Smelter Supply company and C. H. Nance, taxpayers of more than \$2,000 a year, through their attorney, David Evans, today filed the long-talked-of but not much expected complaint against Chas. S. Tingey, as state auditor of the state of Utah, and John De Grey Dixon, as state treasurer of the state of Utah in the United States district court relative to the payment of the salaries of the district judges and judges of the supreme court.

The petitioners ask that a writ of injunction pendente lite be issued to restrain defendants from auditing, approving or paying the accounts or claims of the officials named for compensation or salary in excess of that which was fixed by the Constitution, or laws of Utah prior to the election and qualification of the officials involved. The petitioners ask that the injunction be made permanent and that judgment for costs be entered.

The complaint, after setting forth the names of the various judges of the supreme and district courts, the date of their election and other data, goes on to state that the salary of each was fixed by the constitution and the laws of Utah prior to their election and qualification, at \$3,000 per annum, and this compensation under the Constitution of the state was not to be increased or diminished during the time for which the said judges were elected.

Notwithstanding the two defendants in June of this year audited and allowed as salary to the supreme court judges compensation at the rate of \$5,000 and to the district judges \$4,000. Unless the two defendants are restrained, it is set forth the sum of \$37,762.08 will be paid out by the state in salaries in excess of the legal amount.

The petition goes on to further set forth that while the state auditor and state treasurer "are pretending" to act by virtue of a certain alleged act passed by the Legislature of the state of Utah, March 12, 1903, purporting to fix the compensation of the judges at \$1,000 above previous salary, that petitioners aver that the statute is void and in conflict with the Constitution of the state of Utah.

The bringing of the suit in the U. S. district court will occasion some surprise, but on sober second thought it is the only court that is open to try the case. It is understood that Mr. Evans has secured the opinion of a number of influential lawyers of this and other states on the subject and the verdict is that the federal court has jurisdiction over the case in point.

### IMPORTANT PROMISE.

Gould Declares He Will Begin Building in One Year if He Gets Franchise.

Superintendent J. H. Young of the Rio Grande Western announced this afternoon that the local officials of the company had, during the day, received a dispatch from Mr. Gould, 195 Broadway, New York, stating in the most positive terms that in the event of the city council granting the franchise now asked for he would commence, within one year, the erection of the big passenger and freight depot heretofore referred to. That there need be no misapprehension or misgiving about it.

This depot, said Mr. Young, will cost not less than \$200,000 and will be modern and up to date in all respects. It would mean, too, the acquisition of more valuable property, the enlargement of the depot plans now drawn and a general expansion in all regards. This specific explanation and authorization comes in response to urgent telegrams sent to Mr. Gould by Young and his colleagues. It will be good news to the people of Salt Lake and will no doubt do much to simplify the problems now confronting the company as well as to satisfy many of those who are offering objections. Certainly Salt Lake City as a city, will welcome the news and say "Speed the day."

In minutely analyzing American's future in the world of trade the writer says:

"Never was my countrymen so devoted to business. The average man in the United States is giving at least an hour more per day to his business concerns than he did 10 or 12 years ago."

The writer attributes this increased energy, first, to the "renewed national spirit" and the increased responsibility resulting from the Spanish-American war, and second, to the sense of economy, "imbued from the severe depression of 1893-1897," though he does not overlook the "display of vulgar ostentation and almost criminal waste by a small number of rich, idle people in the larger cities."

"In the matter of foreign trade, the manufacturing American has great ambitions. He would like to trade with all the world."

## PREPARING FOR THE STATE FAIR.

Indications Are That This Year's Exposition Will Eclipse All Previous Ones.

## SPEED PROGRAM A BIG FEATURE

Aerial and Acrobatic Feats Provided For—Material Increase in Entries.

Salt Lake has given some splendid and successful fairs and carnivals in the past and judging from every indication, none have started out more profitably than Utah's State Fair which opens on Thursday, Oct. 1. The usual quietude is broken by the great rush of work being done by immense forces of carpenters and workmen who are rapidly bringing to completion the vast amount of improvements necessary to the proper accommodation of exhibitors and visitors. The exhibits this year in every department, will surpass anything ever shown before, and the speed program, as is proved by the increase in the entries, will be the best ever conducted in the state.

The race program promises to be very interesting and no doubt the grand stands will be filled with large crowds daily. The State Fair managers have added strict rules which will be rigidly enforced, so there will be no vexatious delays. Those who come to see the races will not be annoyed by periods of waiting. The races will be "sandwiched" and every horse must be ready when the race is called. The fact that this track is now included in the membership of the American Trotting association is sufficient proof that the races will be pulled off in a strictly legitimate manner and the various modes of jockeying and juggling which have been characteristic of a great many race meets in the past, will be entirely eliminated.

The amusement committee has succeeded in securing some of the most sensational aerial and acrobatic features for their free attractions that are to be obtained in this country. Thousands of dollars will be spent to give the patrons of the State Fair an exposition the like of which has never been seen in this section. Not only will there be all kinds of aerial feats, daring leaps for life, wonderful acrobatic performance, and hand acrobats, but there will be a mighty midway in the grounds to which there will be no admission charged. The midway will be up to date in every particular. On entering the grounds the first thing that will catch the eye of the visitor will be a massive arch, decorated in the colors of the fair, namely red, white and green. At night this magnificent arch will be illuminated with thousands of electric lights. The street from one end to the other has been properly graded and paved with a layer of gravel four inches deep and, in fact, will be in such condition by the time for the opening of the fair that it will greatly resemble any of the paved streets of the city. The fact that this has been done insures the absence of the great clouds of dust which so condemn expositions of this kind. Each side of the midway will be filled with shows, merry-go-rounds, everything pertaining to a Midway pleasure.

The directors of the State Fair are using every effort to properly provide for the accommodation of the immense crowd at the fair this year, in the way of additional buildings, new grand stands, walks, driveways, show rings and everything necessary for the comfort of the visitors.

### POST IMPROVEMENTS.

Gen. Corbin Says He Will Recommend Needed Money for Fort Douglas.

Gen. Corbin stated last night before taking the Short Line train, that after having inspected Fort Douglas, he had no hesitancy in saying that he would recommend the appropriation by Congress of the necessary money to make the contemplated improvements at the post. The general said he knew of no better place for a regimental post than at this point, and besides he had noted the pleasant relations between the citizens of the city and state and the post. Within the ensuing three years, the visitor thought Fort Douglas would be made the location of an entire regimental command.

On the arrival of the special train at Park City, it was met by Mayor C. M. Wilson and ex-Mayor Evans with the citizens of the city and state and the post. Within the ensuing three years, the visitor thought Fort Douglas would be made the location of an entire regimental command.

### SCHOOL MATTERS.

State Board Holds an Important Session and Issues Certificates.

The state board of education held a lengthy session in State Supt. Nelson's office yesterday and issued a number

of teachers' certificates, and transacted other important business. It developed at the meeting that there are several teachers in each county who have not taken the regular teachers' examinations, as required by the board, and are teaching under temporary certificates only. The board decided to hold special examinations for such teachers the latter part of October or the first of November. After those examinations the temporary certificates held by them will not be good, so as to absolutely necessary that the teachers take the examinations and secure permanent certificates.

Much discussion was had as to whether or not to work in the high schools throughout the state should be recognized in the state university and the Agricultural college in the matter of admitting students to those institutions. It was decided by the board to leave that matter in the hands of the presidents of the two schools or their representatives, who, after examining the standing of the school, shall determine whether or not it will be recognized by admitting its students to the university or Agricultural college. The board granted the following certificates and diplomas: State certificates—Alma Soderberg, Ephraim; William D. Prosser, Mary E. Bond and Mary Moore, Salt Lake City; Grammar grade diplomas—J. F. Christensen, Ephraim; George H. Crosby, Richfield; J. R. Coombs, Florence Parry and Annette C. Barker, Salt Lake City; High school diplomas—M. Merrill, Logan; Alice Rowe, Salt Lake City.

### LIES IN THE TOMB.

Touching Services Over the Remains of the Unfortunate R. W. Garrett.

(Special to the "News.")

Deveville, Boxelder Co., Sept. 22.—Funeral services over the remains of R. W. Garrett, who was killed on the Short Line at Cache Junction Saturday night, were held in the schoolhouse here this morning, being conducted by the Rev. W. T. King, Presbyterian minister at Collinston, who preached a fine funeral sermon, very appropriate to the occasion, touching upon the fall, the atonement, the resurrection and faith in the Savior, by which all believers could be saved. Mrs. King presided at the organ and the singing was by the association. There was a large attendance of sympathizing friends and the body was taken in charge by the Modern Woodmen of America, of which order Garrett was a member. It was embalmed at Brigham City by the Stohl Furniture company, and was placed in a pine casket, which was burdened with beautiful flowers. After the services in the schoolhouse the Woodmen took charge of the body and interred it in a tomb specially prepared in the Devedville cemetery. The tomb was nicely arched over with brick. E. G. Porter read the service of the order, which was poetical and sympathetic. The widow will receive her husband's endorsement from the order, and also been made recipient of the \$230 subscribed by sympathizing friends at the time of the deplorable accident.

### WESTERN PENSIONS.

Citizens of Utah, Wyoming and Idaho Get Them.

(Special to the "News.")

Washington, D. C., Sept. 22.—Pensions granted: Utah—Henry Syddall, \$12; Levi Thomas, Jessup, \$6. Wyoming—Peter Keneasaw, \$8. Idaho—Ira I. Harden, \$8. Samuel Cricker, \$8. Henry H. Pogue and Walter O. Booth have been appointed registrars. E. J. Pogue and Margaret E. Booth, substitute rural carriers at Nezperce, Ida.

### TROUBLE AT TONOPAH.

Gov. Sparks' Secretary Telegraphs Him it is All Settled.

Ogden, Utah, Sept. 22.—Gov. Sparks of Nevada, telegraphed to the private secretary stating that the trouble at Tonopah is settled and the authorities of Nevada are able to cope with the situation. The governor leaves today for Texas. He says the trouble, as far as his information goes, was caused by a few hot heads in the Cooks and Waiters' union. He says that the miners are not implicated in it, everything pertaining to a Midway pleasure.

### CARDINAL GIBBONS ARRIVES.

Thinks There Will be Fine Display From Vatican at St. Louis.

New York, Sept. 22.—Cardinal Gibbons arrived here today on the Kaiser Wilhelm der Grosse. A delegation of priests and laymen from Baltimore went down the bay on a steamer to greet him and welcome him home. Heading the delegation were Rev. Dr. D. Stafford of Washington, and Rev. B. Singleton of Baltimore and Rev. T. Tibbitt of Baltimore, supreme president of the Catholic Benevolent association.

The cardinal will remain in this city a guest at the home of Mrs. Kelly, of Brooklyn, until Friday, when he will accompany the delegation to Baltimore. When the welcoming party boarded the Kaiser Wilhelm der Grosse off quarantine, Mr. Tibbitt made an address of welcome, to which the cardinal briefly replied. Another reception awaited the cardinal when he went ashore at Hoboken. The pier was crowded with ecclesiastical friends from this city. This afternoon the cardinal will go to Brooklyn. He had a pleasant voyage and he said the ocean trip had recuperated his strength, which had been greatly taxed by the severe spell of fever he suffered, due to the intense heat in Rome during the progress of the convalescence.

Of the new pontiff the cardinal spoke in terms of the greatest enthusiasm. He said that the choice of the conclave had been most happy from an American viewpoint. Plus X was deeply interested in the development of the church in this country and was singularly familiar with American institutions. The cardinal had several lengthy interviews with the pope regarding church affairs in this country. The cardinal was not inclined to discuss the probable policy of the new papal regime, but said that no radical changes in American church administration would ensue. He said that one of the first steps taken by Plus was to instruct his acting secretary of state, Mgr. Merry del Val, to provide for an extensive exhibit of the Vatican treasures at the St. Louis exposition. He said the exhibit would probably comprise some of the magnificent jubilee gifts of the late pontiff and a number of rare historical manuscripts and maps from the Vatican library relating to the early settlement and mission work in the Louisiana Purchase territory, most of which was penetrated by Catholic missionaries within a quarter of a century of the discovery of the continent.

## MINISTERS IN POLITICS AGAIN.

Return Lovingly to Their Old Game of Stirring a Strife and Contention.

## GOING TO FIGHT THE MORMONS.

Introduce Resolution Calling For a Strictly "Gentile" Mayor and City Council.

## THAT IS THE POLICY AGREED UPON

Presentation of the Resolution was Deliberately Withheld from the Deseret News.

Some of the things the Salt Lake Ministerial association did yesterday are worthy of particular note. The organization met in the name of the Prince of Peace and listened to the customary arrangement of the Catholic church, as "viewed through protestant eyes." In the name of the Master, too, it gleefully plunged once more into the pool of politics and denounced the "Mormon" Church through the medium of a resolution that gravely sets forth "that the time has come for the election of an out-and-out Gentile mayor and city council."

The session was a secret one, as usual, and only such information as its members care to communicate is forthcoming. A representative of the Deseret News, however, was promptly on the ground waiting for the meeting to adjourn and to get whatever the public was entitled to. With the association's secretary he sat down and talked over what the meeting had done. The "News" man was the only representative of the press present. He was given a "brief outline" of the business transacted and informed that "that was all." Other members of the association told him the same thing. The reporter, whose life's training has led him to believe that ministers should speak the truth, whether they do or not, went away under the impression that he had been honorably dealt with. To his utter amazement he discovered his mistake. He found that he had been deliberately deceived. That which he had conscientiously taken as truth, was apparently not truth—but falsehood. To the non-"Mormon" competitors of the Deseret News went the statement of what the ministers did. Who "leaked" not one of them will tell. But that one of them did, is certain. "The brief outline" which was given to the "News" did not contain the one essentially important item of information—the introduction of the denunciatory resolution of the "Mormon" Church and the call for a wholly Gentile ticket at the next election.

### ACKNOWLEDGED FAIRNESS.

Just why the Ministerial association should have withheld this particular piece of news from this paper is difficult to understand in view of private and public acknowledgments of late as to the superiority of the "News" over its contemporaries. For instance, during the recent conference of the Methodist church, and the sessions of the Utah Presbytery and Teachers' Institute it was frequently and unambiguously asserted by ministers and members of these bodies that the Deseret News published the fullest and most accurate accounts of their proceedings—that it was the foremost newspaper of Utah, and that they always knew where to find it on every question. These expressions were entirely voluntary on the part of those who spoke them and were in no wise solicited by the "News" or any of its representatives. Why, then, the discrimination.

### THE REASON.

This is the reason as vouched for by a prominent member of one of the sectarian churches: "The association's greatest objective to giving the Deseret News such information first, is to secure a non-Mormon coloring through the medium of the non-Mormon press. Then when the 'News' makes announcements concerning it the first impression has been made. It is not worth a great deal, but it is worth something and that little is wanted."

### THE RESOLUTION.

The resolution referred to was laid over for one week. It is stated that it will be considered in all of its details at that time. In fact it is getting a good deal of consideration now. Its text is as follows:

"Resolved, That it be the sense of this Ministerial association that the time has come for the election of an out-and-out Gentile mayor and city council, the majority of the members of which will not be tools in the hands of the Mormon hierarchy."

### POLITICAL PROGRAM.

The truth is, the association has agreed on a political program. It is in politics deeper than it is in affairs of church and will be for some weeks to come. It is argued that there is much to be gained by making a strictly anti-"Mormon" campaign, that such a course will have an important bearing on the "Smart question" later on. So from this time forth the association can be depended upon to boom "Gentile" stock, to proclaim "Mormon" delinquencies, and to stir up strife generally. It is in the game for keeps and will make a lot of noise and throw a lot of dust.

### WILL GET THE NEWS.

Meanwhile the Deseret News will continue to get the news and publish it and endeavor to remain, in the unadorned language of Dr. H. G. McNeire of the Presbyterian church, "the newest, best and ablest editor newspaper in the state." From this time on there will be considerable going on in ministerial circles, and that which the "News" can get legitimately it will do its utmost to get and publish, providing it is fit to print.

## THE DEELOPEMENT OF BUSINESS IN THE UNITED STATES.