

the political and financial business of the Territory, but I did not think that a man of his extreme modesty would ever think of trying to manipulate the P. E. Fund. A fund raised by voluntary donations of the poor Saints in their early days in Utah, after having been driven from their loved city and their homes, and the burying grounds of Nauvoo, into the wilderness, over a thousand miles from civilization, and now for it to be turned over into his hands would be surprising indeed. It would almost equal his mathematical calculations in the Cannon-Campbell affair.

The more I reflect upon the matter the more is my surprise that any man should ever conceive of such an idea, and I actually do believe that if a committee of respectable, non-polygamous men should visit him, he might be prevailed upon to send a special message to the Legislature, requesting them to place the tithing and all of the Church funds in his hands, so that he and that Territorial board might control the whole affair, political, financial and ecclesiastical, both Church and State in Utah. What think you?

Yours truly,

S. T. ATWOOD.

A FATAL DISEASE IN CATTLE.

SALT LAKE CITY, Jan. 29, 1884.

Editor Deseret News:

I think it might be a great benefit to a large number of your readers to publish the following in regard to a cattle disease that seems to be spreading in this Territory, which from experience, I know is both fatal and very contagious in its nature. I do not know of any remedy to save its victims after attacked. Death takes place in from 3 to 24 hours after you will notice any symptoms with the animal. The disease is known as black leg. Its victims are chiefly range calves. The best and fattest. It does not appear to affect large cattle, but I am satisfied it will where there is a bad stench from diseased carcasses. The symptoms of the disease are generally a little lameness in left shoulder when first attacked. Sometimes in right shoulder, and sometimes in hips or across kidneys. Death ensues very quick when in hind parts. The attacked parts swell rapidly. When you press your hand over affected part you will feel between the skin and hide as if it was full of small bladders. As disease progresses the limb is fearfully distorted. Blood will hang in drops on the hair, death ensues. I do not think there is any remedy to cure. We must try to prevent, my opinion, the best to prevent is to purify the blood. Give cattle salt and a little sulphur when the weather will permit. Remove all sick animals from the herd as soon as found, if affected kill and bury or destroy the carcass as soon as possible hide and all, as I am satisfied one diseased carcass exposed will kill quite a few. Use disinfectants around where one has been sick or died. I think it dangerous for persons to skin them. Let the Legislature pass a law to compel owners of animals to bury their dead carcasses, whether on the range or elsewhere. I speak from experience. I lost 14 in two weeks; seven head in first two days of attack. Kill and bury diseased ones, is my remedy. The more I doctor the more I lose. Tar is a good disinfectant. In an exposed place, rub tar on calves nose and feet.

RANCHER.

The Governor and the "Mormon" Battalion.

HUNTINGTON, Emery Co., Jan. 27th, 1884.

Editor Deseret News:

Dear Sir—Please give this space in the News, for the information and consideration of His Excellency, the Governor of Utah, who in his annual report to the Secretary of the Interior, said it was an act of charity to call on the Mormons for soldiers to go against Mexico in 1846 and 1847, in order to keep them from starving to death. I remember when, in connection with the Mormon people in 1846, we were driven from the State of Illinois. While on the road traveling west, the President of the United States despatched Captain Allen, a United States officer, after us, with a requirement for 500 of our best men to go against Mexico. There and then we left our families in our wagons on the road side, in a wild, savage Indian country, and responded to the call. Who fed our families in our absence? Governor Murray? No. Who fed us while in the service? Did the government? No. They marched us from Santa Fe with 60 days' rations, which had to last us 103 days. Before we reached San Diego, Lower California, no government soldiers ever fared harder while in the service than did the Mormon Battalion. They suffered everything but death. In the absence of broken down mules we had to take our munitons of war on our backs and march on less than 4 rations. Talk about keeping the Mormons from starving to death, I calculate to hear the last dog bark before I starve. I guess I will stop. The whole affair puts me in mind of a man I heard of once, who went to see some horses on exhibition. In going too near he got kicked. After the grunting was over, he said if it had been a fine horse that kicked him he would not have cared, but as it was a scrub he did not like it much.

A MORMON BATTALION SOLDIER.

JETS OF GINGER.

Electricity in Franklin's time was a wonder; now we make light of it.

"Chinese barbers shave without lather." This reminds us that our old schoolmaster used to lather without shaving.

"I'll join you presently," as the minister said to the young couple, as he went for the church key.—*Somerville Journal*.

A burglar got into the house of an editor the other day. After a terrible struggle the editor succeeded in robbing him.

An Irishman tells of a fight in which there was only one whole nose left in the crowd, and that belonged to the tay-kettle.

"Young man," said the landlord, "I always eat the cheese rind." And the new boarder replied: "Just so: I'm saving this for you."

The one redeeming feature of Mormonism, is that it does not throw the burden of the support of a husband upon one woman.—*Ex.*

"Why haven't you brought back the umbrella you borrowed of me, Sam?" "Because father always told me to lay up something for a rainy day."

Anybody who wears stockings in Texas is put down for a dude. It's an awful poor climate for Santa Claus down there.—*Burlington Free Press*.

One of the Harvard students has fitted up his room at a cost of \$40,000. We suspect that the young man's room is better than his company.—*Boston Transcript*.

"Can brutes talk?" asks an exchange. If you mean the brute who is all the time finding fault with milliners' and dressmakers' bills, he certainly can.—*Burlington Free Press*.

Marie Roze has been photographed in 150 different positions. The only person who can beat her for variety of attitude is a boy told to sit still in a chair.—*Somerville Journal*.

An editor of a paper in a Pennsylvania town has resigned his position and gone to peddling fish. He can now blow his own horn without having to ask leave of anybody.—*Burlington Free Press*.

A Western paper says: "Sam Weldon was shot last night in the rotunda by Henry Parsons. About the worst place a man can be shot, next to his heart, is in the rotunda. It invariably proves fatal."

"No smoking allowed," is the most conspicuous sign in a railroad depot. And the only thing that doesn't mind is the engine. That is what comes from being an iron monopoly.—*Rockland Courier Gazette*.

"Pshaw," said the lady of the house, "Mary tells me she couldn't get any of that chenille for trimming, and she just begged the clerk for it." "Why didn't she tell me?" suggested a friend.—*Merchant Traveler*.

What did he mean?—She—between the dances, somewhat gushingly: "I remember my first ball as if it were only yesterday!" He, with much deliberation: "Dear me what a wonderful memory you must have!"

"You have a wide view from these mountains," said an Englishman to a shepherd in a remote district in Aberdeenshire. "That's true," answered the shepherd. "You can see America from here," said the traveler. "Much farther than that," replied the shepherd. "How can that be?" "When the mist drives off ye can see the mune."

A woman in Philadelphia gave her husband six commissions to execute in New York. He telegraphed back that he had executed five and forgotten the last. It was an order for an illuminated sentence for a Sunday school room. He was a good deal astonished when he received the reply: "Unto us a child is born—two feet wide and nine feet long."

They were returning home from the theatre, and had nearly reached her home, when the young man observed, "Isn't the weather cold and raw?" She must have misunderstood him. "Raw," she said hesitatingly. "Yes, I like them raw, but," she continued, looking sweetly in his eyes, "don't you think they are nicer fried?" What could he do?—*Chicago Saturday Herald*.

An Austin lady who had company to tea reproved her little son several times, speaking, however, very gently. At last, out of patience with him, she said, sharply, "Jimmy, if you don't keep still I'll send you away from the table." "Yes, that's what you always do when you have company and there are not enough canned peaches to go around," was the reply of the gifted youth.—*Siftings*.

Board-school visitor, examining scholar: "Where is the north pole?" "I don't know, sir." "Don't know! Are you not ashamed that you don't know where the north pole is?"

"Why, sir, if Sir John Franklin and Dr. Kane and Captains Nares and Markham couldn't find it, how should I know where it is?"

FROM THE FOUR WINDS.

The debt of New York State is six millions.

The first Jewish temple ever erected in Memphis was dedicated yesterday.

Essex County, N. J., wants the whipping post established for wife-beaters.

Twelve hundred coal-wheelers of New Orleans have struck for higher wages.

The ice harvest in the Hudson River will be the largest gathered for many years.

The building of the ice palace for use at the Montreal carnival is progressing satisfactorily.

George Harriman, of New York, is a professional burglar at 10 years of age. He was committed yesterday.

Governor Sherman's message to the Iowa Legislature recommends prohibition and female suffrage.

Another immense oil well commenced flowing near Titusville yesterday. It runs 400 barrels per day.

Suit has been brought against New Haven's Chief of Police by the Salvation Army, claiming \$10,000 for false arrest.

Hon. S. S. Cox proposes writing a book on the political history of the country from the time of the Buchanan administration.

A London journal asserts the truth of the story that a lady of wealth, well known in New York, sent for Italian artists to paint pictures to match her carpets.

A Terre Haute produce merchant shipped 10,000 rabbits to Indianapolis on Monday. This looks as though the swells of Indianapolis were going on a grand rabbit hunt.

Atlantic City as a winter resort for the Philadelphian is not in as high favor as it was. Even a Philadelphian learns, after a while, that it's no fun to freeze his blamed head off.

The surprising sunsets of November, which reached around the world, created superstitious fear in India, and numbers of holy men went about preaching impending disaster.

Senator Fair sent \$1,000 as a Christmas gift to the Nevada Orphan Asylum in Virginia, with a pleasant letter in which he alluded to the many happy days he had spent in that city.

There were 1,775 violent deaths in Philadelphia last year, and 110 of the victims have never been identified. Seventy of the latter were infants; the others were men, and all white but one.

Mr. J. W. Thomas, of Wetumpka, Ala., says he has a stone found in the hills in Coosa County, that State, which is ten ounces in weight and has the brilliancy and sparkle of the ruby, and, he believes, it is a genuine ruby stone.

The colossal statue of John C. Calhoun will be 15 feet high, and when set up in the city of Charleston, will be, with its pedestal, 45 feet high. At the base of the granite rests will be seated life-size figures of Truth, Justice, and History.

Mrs. Mary A. Miller, of New Orleans, applied for a license as master of a steamboat. The Supervising Inspector reports her competent, but debar her on account of her sex. The case has been referred to the Solicitor of the Treasury.

Kindergartens being under discussion in the California School Teachers' Convention, Mrs. A. Griffiths said that in her experience the kindergarten children had proved to be the most unmanageable youngsters of any that she had ever tried to teach.

In the State of Pennsylvania, excluding Philadelphia, the number of failures in 1883, was 531, with liabilities amounting to \$10,062,071, as compared with 431 failures in 1882 and \$5,655,815 liabilities. The number of business firms in the State is 70,906.

A comical poetical collection is about to be published in England in monthly parts. It will consist of the parodies of famous English authors. Each parody will present the parodies on a single author, with bibliographic notes. Tennyson is to lead the list. Mr. Walter Hamilton is the editor.

The patrons of dime museums need not be cast down over the death of their favorite baboon. An able-bodied ex-sergeant of the United States army, with a wife and baby and a good trade, has consented to put himself on exhibition as the man who missed a shot at Guiteau.—*Boston Herald*.

The death-roll of the royal society of London for the past year is cited as affording striking testimony of the longevity of scientific men. Out of 21 members who died, the youngest was 55 and the oldest was in his 96th year. There was one other nonagenarian, and of octogenarians there were nine.

A new adulterant of ground pepper has been exposed, the material consisting of ground kernels of olive berries. Adulteration by this substance is readily detected by scattering the suspected mixture upon a mixture of equal volume of glycerine and water, when the pepper floats upon the surface and the olive kernels sink.

A recent police court case in England showed how absurdly a good law may be made to operate when Dogberry is on the bench. A man walking through a field on Sunday saw a rabbit struggling in a trap and mercifully ended its sufferings. The magistrate,

however, gravely declared him guilty of two offenses—killing game on Sunday and killing game without a licence—and fined him \$5 and the costs of the action.

The difficulty and danger of the present situation in Spain seems to be that the army is at last affected by the Socialist and Republican propaganda and is likely to divide in the next revolution. Alfonso is unable to command its complete allegiance, and Luiz Zorrilla has failed in calling it into revolt, and between the two the one prop of order in Spain appears likely to be hopelessly divided.

Vagrancy and destitution are largely on the increase in Montreal. The statistics of the Chief of Police's office show that there has been an increase this year of over 1800 applications for shelter over the number in 1882. Last year 1,772 men and 1,233 women applied for and received protection; and this year, up to December 17, 2,998 men and 1,916 women have been received in a similar manner, making a total of 4,814 this year, as against 3,006 in 1882.

LITTLE LAUGHS.

It is not always the flower of the family that furnishes the bread.

Lovers, like armies, get along well enough till the engagement begins.

"There's a woman at the bottom of it," as the man said when his wife fell into the well.

Church music is sold by the choir. Drum music, and much of the piano kind, comes by the pound.

The time wasted by men in feeling in the wrong pocket would make the next generation rich if they had it.

The young boatman who takes a party of girls out sailing should content himself with hugging the shore.

There are two classes of things you never should worry about: the things you can help, and the things you can't help.

A western debating society is racked by the question: "Is it the duty of a man who has married a widow to accompany her on a visit to the grave of her first husband?"

"Here, waiter, bring me some grammatical and typographical errors." "Waiter—'Sir we haven't any—just out sir. Anything else, sir?" Guest—"Then, sir, why do you have them in the bill of fare?"

"I meant to have told you of that hole," said a man to his friend who had stumbled into a pit full of water a few days since. "No matter now, no matter now," said the other, blowing the mud and water out of his mouth; "I've found it out."

SCIENTIFIC AND USEFUL.

Late observations prove that the great red spot on the planet Jupiter is still to be seen, although it is very faint and its color has faded away. The total disappearance of the remarkable object which Jupiter has exposed to the view of our astronomers for several years is undoubtedly at hand.

M. Benard, of the Royal Academy of Brussels, has made a minute examination of the ashes of the great eruption of Krakatoa, which fell at Batavia on the 27th of last August. They consist for the most part of glassy particles. The rock which has been blown into this volcanic dust contained a very large proportion of silica.

Much difficulty is often experienced by farmers in making cuttings of grape and other wood grow when planted in cold soil in the spring. The trouble partly arises from the fact that air is much warmer than the soil, which starts the bud before root action commences. If cuttings are placed with their base ends in dry soil in the cellar bottom, the base will callous and be ready to emit roots as soon as planted. Market gardeners make every cutting live by furnishing bottom heat which simply means keeping the soil in which the cutting is placed warmer than the bud, which is exposed to the air.

These little lamp shades can be quickly made out of pink, crimson, blue or green tissue paper. Take a sheet of it and fold it cross ways, then halve it and quarter it, and continue to fold it until it is very narrow. Now draw it through the left hand many times to crease it in fine wrinkles, letting it unfold a little so as to be more crumpled, then cut off the small point at the top, and draw it over the shade. To ornament the round porcelain shades purchase enough wide lace edging—four to five inches—together with slight fulness around the edge of the shade, sew it to a large chenille cord and fasten it with two or three loops. Put this close over the edge of shade, removing it when it is washed. Another way is to purchase a quarter of a yard of pink, crimson or yellow surah or satin, cut it through the middle of the width, and make a casing an inch from the top, through which a fine rubber cord is run, gather it in a slight puff at the bottom, to which sew an ending of handsome lace, let the satin cover the shade nearly half way to the top, and the lace fall over the edge. This makes a lovely ornament for the lamp.

How to Chop Wood.—An old Eau Claire logger says that if you are cutting small timber, which may be sever-

ed at from one to a half a dozen blows, an ax with a long, thin blade, and as little bevel as is compatible with strength, is chosen, and at every stroke the blade is buried to the helve. If the purpose is to fell large trees or cut heavy timber, and this same ax is used, it bites deep in its strokes, but the chip remains in the timber after the incisions, and many more blows are required to dislodge it than were necessary to its formation; therefore, for this purpose, an ax having a thick, heavy bevel, and cutting not so deep, is selected. The bevel, now acting as a wedge, forces out the chip at the same stroke by which the incision is made.

Loss and Gain.

CHAPTER I.

"I was taken sick a year ago with bilious fever."

"My doctor pronounced me cured, but I got sick again, with terrible pains in my back and sides, and I got so bad I could not move!"

I shrank! From 235 lbs. to 120! I had been doctoring for my liver, but it did me no good. I did not expect to live more than three months. I began to use Hop Bitters. Directly my appetite returned, my pains left me, my entire system seemed renewed as if by magic, and after using several bottles I am not only as sound as a sovereign but weigh more than I did before. To all p Bitters I owe my life."

Dublin, June 6 '81. R. FITZPATRICK
How to Get Sick.—Expose yourself day and night; eat too much without exercise; work too hard without rest; doctor all the time; take all the vile nostrums advertised, and then you will want to know how to get well, which is answered in three words—Take Hop Bitters! (5)

KENNEDY'S



TRADE MARK REGISTERED.
A FAMILY TONIC
FOR DYSPEPSIA
AND RHEUMATISM

COMPOUNDED WITH
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MINERAL WATER.
BEST

REMEDY IN THE WORLD!
FOR
Rheumatism, Dyspepsia,
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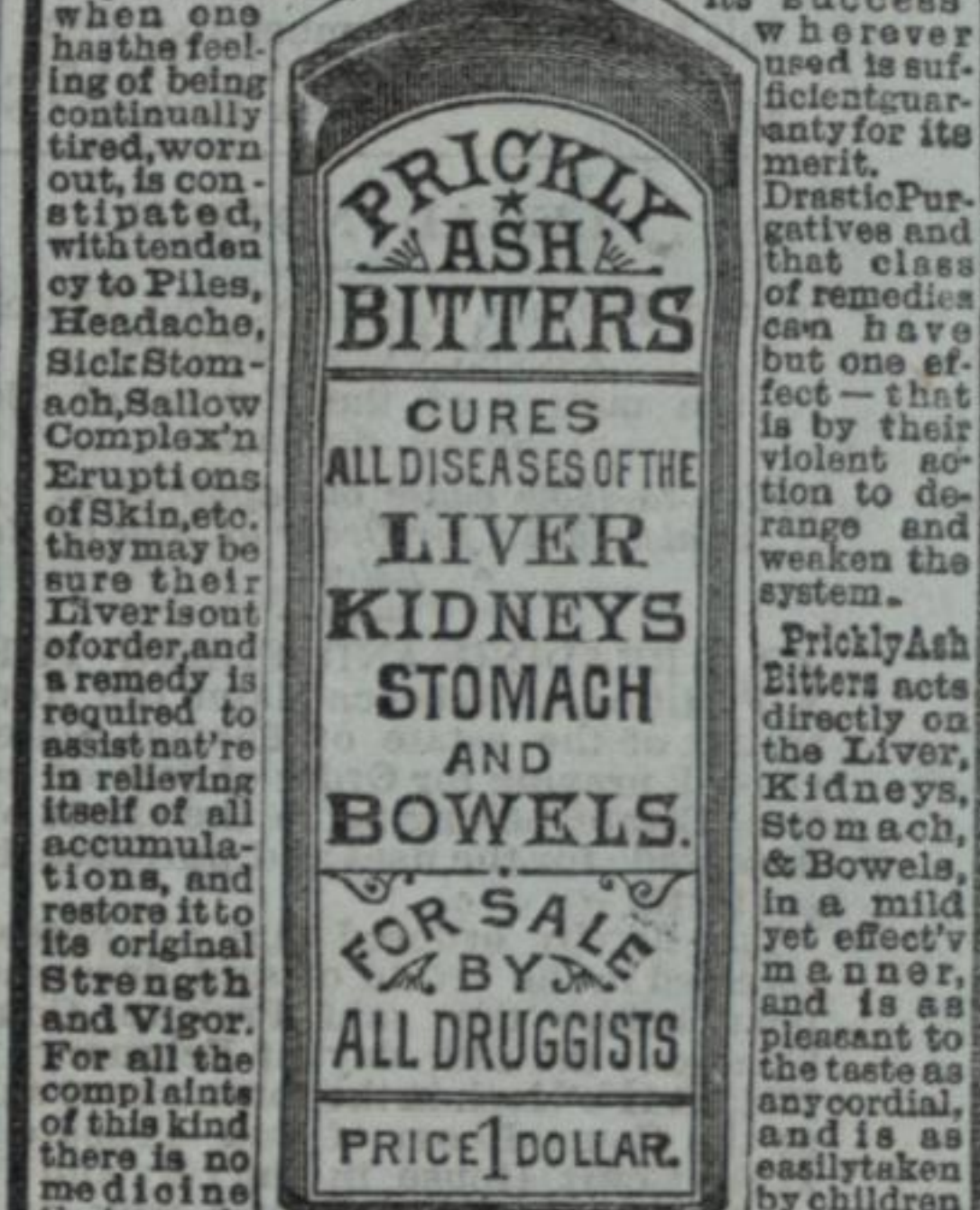
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PROPRIETORS AND SOLE MANUFACTURERS,
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SOLD BY DRUGGISTS, GROCERS
AND WINE MERCHANTS.

THE LIVER AND ITS FUNCTIONS.

It has become a well established fact that the larger portion of diseases to which the human system is subject arise in the first place from some derangement of the liver. This organ is not only the largest, but at the same time one of the most important. The venous blood, on its return to the heart, passes through this organ, and in its passage the impurities, as also the secretions which are necessary for digestion as well as for a cathartic to assist in the removal of waste material &c. are eliminated. From this it is easily seen that the liver is liable to get out of order to a greater or less extent, and when this occurs it is responsible for it to properly fulfill its office of removing all objectionable matter from the system, but allows it to pass through, carrying with it the poisons of which it should have been relieved.

With impure blood the whole system becomes affected, and no organ can properly perform its function unless it is supplied with pure blood to maintain its strength. So the liver becomes all important, and when one has the feeling of being continually tired, worn out, is constipated, has Biliousness, Headache, Sick Stomach, Sallow Complexion, Eruptions of Skin, etc., they may be sure their liver is out of order, and a remedy is required to assist nature in relieving itself of all accumulations, and restore it to its original strength and vigor. For all the complaints of this kind there is no medicine that equals



PRICKLY ASH BITTERS
CURES
ALL DISEASES OF THE
LIVER
KIDNEYS
STOMACH
AND
BOWELS.
FOR SALE
BY ALL
ALL DRUGGISTS
PRICE 1 DOLLAR.

PRICKLY ASH BITTERS is a medicine of rare merit, and not an intoxicating beverage, and being purely vegetable in its composition can be used at all times with beneficial results. It is not claimed as a cure-all, but for derangements of the system mentioned. It is a specific and as a BLOOD PURIFIER ranks above all other preparations. Ask your druggist for it, and give it a fair trial. If he has none on hand, ask that it be ordered for you.

PRICKLY ASH BITTERS CO.,
SOLE PROPRIETORS,
ST. LOUIS AND KANSAS CITY, MO.