

New York.—Advices say that the St. Kitts Legislature had made overtures to insurance companies for advances to rebuild the burnt town, Castetene.

Advices from Cariboo state that the drought had caused short crops; that there was much discontent, and that the Government of Barbadoes has conferred several offices of emolument upon colored men.

New York.—The steamship, *Quaker City*, was sold by auction, yesterday, by the United States Marshall, for \$18,000, having to be sold to settle the claims of the seamen for wages to the amount of \$10,000.

The *Herald's* Havana specials state that the American Consul had had interviews with Admiral Munday, and Commodore McClintock, that sudden dispatches had been forwarded to Washington, and that there were mysterious hints about negotiations relative to Honduras and Cayman Islands. The American whaling schooner, *Hannah Grant*, had arrived in distress. A portion of the crew who landed in boats on the coast of Lagayra, had been seized by the Venezuelan Indians, who afterwards returned two of the schooner's boats and eight of the crew who are British subjects.

The attention of the New York Chamber of Commerce has been called to the facts that the value of exports from Shanghai is greater than from the entire Russian empire. Shanghai is entering upon a career of extraordinary prosperity. The opening of the Yang-tse-Kiang river is an absolute commercial, as well as political, necessity to the United States, now the nearest neighbors of China. The Chinese merchants were busy making settlements, preparatory to the Chinese new year.

Mr. Poper, an Englishman, has left Haukoro and will try and cross the snowy mountains to reach Calcutta by the Burahmapoota river. Great scientific results are expected if he goes safe. There has been a terrible earthquake in the Formosa Island; thirty thousand lives are lost. H. Rose, surgeon of the United States steamer *Hartford*, died at Hiago, Japan, and was buried on Christmas day. There was a grand meteoric display near Great Wallchy on Nov. 3th.

San Francisco, 15.—In consideration of the attempt of the English Government to unite British Columbia with the domain of Canada, resolutions have been introduced into the Legislature of the utmost importance to the Pacific States, and the whole of the Union; that British Columbia be annexed to the United States, and that our Senators and Representatives be requested to urge the Government at Washington to use all honorable means to acquire said Territory. The Governor will be instructed to telegraph the resolutions to the President and Members of Congress, from California and the other Pacific States.

San Francisco, 16.—The *Great Republic* brings ten through passengers for New York, and seventeen for San Francisco; with 375 Chinese steerage passengers. She experienced heavy weather on the entire outward voyage, but pleasant returning. The American theatre on Sansom street was destroyed by fire this morning. It was the oldest and largest theatre in San Francisco.

Antwerp, 19.—A fire occurred here to-day which at first threatened to be very destructive. It broke out in a fleet of vessels laden with petroleum, near some large warehouses. The flames were confined to two or three lighters. About 300 barrels of petroleum were destroyed.

New York.—The following foreign advices have been received by mail.

The Paris *Constitutionnel* publishes a letter from Bucharest, relating that three bands of armed individuals, each 450 strong, have assembled at different points in the Danubian principalities. They appear under the command of a foreign leader, and are preparing to enter Bulgaria near the Turkish villages, and renew the scenes of brigandage which were suppressed last year. The Roumanian Government has been warned of their intention, and is preparing to disarm the bands.

Vienna.—The Austrian Red Book has been laid before the legations. Referring to German affairs, this statement says that Austria has entertained, since the treaty of Prague, the same peaceful and friendly sentiments toward Prussia and Italy, as toward other powers. Though Austria's loss of position in Germany did not imply the destruction of her sympathies towards the Federal allies, nevertheless, she would not act with Prussia in the Luxembourg difficulty; and on the other hand, she would not attempt to profit by a war between

France and Prussia. The imperial government took care to prevent the Emperor Napoleon and French statesmen from expecting the co-operation of Austria in a conflict with Prussia. The Red Book, referring to the eastern question, declares that the international obligations of Austria's friendly relations with the Sublime Porte, have deterred the imperial government from giving any support to Candia in the insurrection. The meeting between the Emperor of Austria and the Emperor of the French, gave rise to certain agreement upon leading principles, with the object of inducing the Porte not to insist on terms within which it wished to restrict the proposed mission, meantime, the reforms by the Porte have justified the change in Austria and France. The Book also states that urgent representations have been made by Austria to the cabinet and government of Serbia, in reference to the dangerous movements going on in that country.

The *Debate* says England is endeavoring to determine Austria, France, Prussia and Prussia to suspend the transport of Cretan refugees to Greece.

London.—It is generally believed that Stanley will soon succeed Derby as head of the British Ministry.

Advices from Abyssinia say that Theodore is in camp near Magdala. He is said to be in bad straits, in a military point of view. An engagement between the two armies is imminent. Very few disaffected native chiefs now acknowledge any fealty to Theodore. Casso Tegra directly and openly courts the favor of General Napier; but the latter distrusts Casso's motives, and consequently seeks to arrange a binding alliance with him so as to hold him answerable for his future acts. Thirty-five thousand British troops have landed at Suva. The advance army is within two days march of Addis, half way to Magdala, where probably a battle will occur. The Egyptians with a contingent embracing many Turks are very near Magdala, but use no caution, and march in a reckless manner without the sanction of the British officers. The troops have suffered considerably from heat.

Philadelphia.—Wm. M. Swayne, founder of the *Ledger* newspaper, died yesterday.

LOCAL ITEMS.

LEFT FOR THE EAST.—This morning, at half past six o'clock, General H. B. Clawson, of the firm of Messrs. Eldredge and Clawson, of this city (accompanied by his wife) and William C. Staines, Esq., took their departure for the East on the stage. Gen. Clawson has been selected to act as agent to take charge of the extensive immigration operations and interests of the church of Latter-day Saints in the East this coming Spring and Summer. In this business he will be assisted by William C. Staines, Esq., whose past experience and faithfulness in the same position on two previous occasions, are sufficient guarantee that he will ably assist Gen. C. in bearing the burden of care which will rest upon him.

Both these gentlemen go on their mission with the full confidence of the people, and many a fervent prayer will ascend in their behalf that they may be successful in all their movements. They are well qualified by a knowledge of what is required, and by integrity and business aptitude to discharge in the best possible manner, the duties entrusted to them. This business has always required trustworthy, diligent and experienced men to attend to it properly—men of judgement and good, practical habits. But this year especially, more than any that has preceded it, these qualities are likely to be called into requisition, for the numbers of those immigrating will be greater by far than they have ever been since our people commenced to immigrate.

It is a mark of great confidence to be selected to attend to these responsible duties; but we feel assured that under the blessing of the Lord, Brothers Clawson and Staines will prove every way worthy of it.

In addition to his public duties Gen. Clawson will have the affairs of the firm of which he is a member—the purchasing, forwarding, &c.—to attend to. The business of Eldredge and Clawson in the East must of itself be very considerable. To Mrs. Clawson the trip will be full of novelty. She has never been out of the mountains since she came here, a mere child, upwards of nineteen years ago. The outside world will be new to her; but amid all its novelty and attractions, her mind, we doubt not, will often revert to and long for her calm and peaceful home in this valley. We wish the party a pleasant journey and a safe return.

SARAH M. MASON.—Elder George D. Watt, occupied the morning, encouraging the Saints to work righteousness and enjoy the blessings resulting from so doing.

In the afternoon, Elder Wilford Woodruff spoke at some length, exhorting his hearers to the same course.

THEATRICAL.—On Saturday night "Woman's Love" was presented and was very neatly played, giving much satisfaction. It was followed by "Aladdin," and this fine spectacular piece again delighted the audience.

To-morrow evening Miss Adams takes her benefit. The entertainment, as we expected, is a very fine one, opening with "A Dead Shot," a lively little piece, calculated to put the audience in excellent humor. Mr. St. Ledger, a gentleman of understood skating abilities, will give an exhibition of the fast-becoming-popular exercise of roller skating. Doubtless, many will be anxious to witness the first public performance of the kind ever given in this city. The gentleman will also give an exhibition with the Indian war club. Miss Clive will appear in a medley dance; and Boucicault's very popular sensation drama of "Jessie Brown, or the Relief of Lucknow" will close the evening's performance. We think Miss Adams has chosen wisely in selecting "Jessie Brown," for the play is an exceedingly popular one; she plays the title role with much spirit and feeling and a fine conception of the character. The cast is very good. Mr. McKenzie plays Blount capitally; Messrs. Dunbar and Maiben are very good as Cassidy and Sweeney; and the whole of the cast play the parts entrusted to them in this piece in a very superior manner. We bespeak for the young lady a crowded house, which her ability, popularity, and the variety and attractiveness of the bill presented, ought to insure. Captain Croxall's brass band will be in the Orchestra for the evening, and will play some fine selections of music.

TO-NIGHT, Mr. Barker will lecture in the 13th Ward Assembly Rooms, commencing at 7 o'clock.

Special Notices.

President Heber C. Kimball understands that there are many in this city and in other places adjacent, who have wool to card. He has put up a stove and has the place where his two double carding machines work, in the 19th Ward, near Pugsley's mill and the Ward Meeting House, fitted up so that carding can be done occasionally when the weather moderates. He also has David Le Baron to work them—a man whom the people know to be honest, for he has been well known among them for many years. He can cheerfully recommend Br. Le Baron as an honorable man, who has always given satisfaction to his customers when running machines for him. People bringing wool can have it done when they bring it, if there is enough at the machines to run a day. Bring grease as usual, say one pound to seven.

If the people will not bring wool along to be carded, the place will be closed.

Mrs. White has arranged to prolong her stay in the city for a little time longer, and those who desire to rapidly obtain an acquaintance with music should see her, for she communicates a knowledge of the science, by "Robbins American Method," so quickly as to astonish those unacquainted with it. We think our musicians who wish to fully understand Harmony or Thorough Bass, applied to the piano, organ, &c., ought to make themselves acquainted with the system soon, as she will remain here but a short time. She can be found at the Townsend House.

MARSHAL'S SALE.

WHEREAS, judgment was rendered in the District Court of the 3d Judicial District of the Territory of Utah, on the 18th day of January, 1888, in favor of Nounnan, Orr & Co., and against William Dallen, A. G. Sutherland, E. R. Young and Wm. H. Miles for the sum of \$1,600, I have levied upon the following goods, as the property of Wm. H. Miles, and will offer the same for sale at the Store of McAllister Brothers, on the State Road, above the Public Square, on Thursday, the twenty-seventh day of February, 1888, at 10 A.M. to wit:

Bowling Machines, Patent Enamelled Goods, Glassware, consisting of Lamps—both stand and swing, Glass Jars, assorted sizes, Lamp Wicks, Lamp Burners, Brick Dies and Brick Moulds, and sundry notions too numerous to mention. Said Goods are to be sold to satisfy a Lien on the same in favor of Godbe & Mitchell, as well as said judgment. Also, d70-15

At 11 A.M. on the 14th day of March, 1888, the half undivided interest of Wm. H. Miles in the Lime Kiln, situated a little north of Hot Springs, Salt Lake City.

J. D. T. McALLISTER, Territorial Marshal.

d70-30

HAISBITT & HINDLEY

HAVE now on hand a Good Selection of

General Merchandise

TO EXCHANGE FOR

GRAIN, CASH, &c.

The Stock includes:

COOK STOVES, PARLOR STOVES, WINTER CLOTHING, BLANKETS, BOOTS, SHOES, &c.

GLOBE WAREHOUSE, SALT LAKE CITY.

For Sale.

ELDREDGE & CLAWSON

AT

EXTREMELY LOW PRICES!

20,000 Pounds NAILS,

20,000 Pounds SUGAR,

30,000 Yards DOMESTICS,

40,000 Yards PRINTS

Besides a COMPLETE ASSORTMENT of

General Merchandise!

CALL AND SEE US.

WE WANT TO SELL,

And will make it ADVANTAGEOUS to

CASH BUYERS.

PUBLIC NOTICE.

YEAR 1868.

CASH!

We will allow a Discount of TEN PER CENT. on all Groceries, except Tea, Sugar, Coffee, Candles and Soap.

A Discount of TEN PER CENT. on all Dry Goods, Clothing and Hardware, except Nails, Horse and Mule Shoes.

A Discount of TWENTY PER CENT. on Hoods, Nubles, and all Goods of this description, including Hats and Caps.

A Discount of from TEN to TWENTY PER CENT. on all kinds of Dishes, Plates, Cups and Saucers, Glassware, Crockery, &c., &c.

ARGUMENT:

THIS we think better for the Customer than Enterprises on the Lottery Plan, these having been tried elsewhere and not found profitable to the investors.

The People know quite well already who sells the Cheapest and Best Goods, and when they get them, knowing them to be cheap, and then get a Discount of from Ten to Twenty per Cent., we think they will come to the conclusion that it is better to have the full benefit of what they spend, at once and on the spot, than take ONE Chance in FIFTY of drawing something, some time in the future.

You are not required to purchase "Ten Dollars" worth to entitle you to the Discount, but we will allow it in all cases, whether the purchase be large or small.

This is to give the poor man or poor woman, who cannot get help of "Ten Dollars," a chance to buy Goods cheap.

COME AND TRY IT.

WHY DO WE OFFER THESE TERMS?

Because we are one of our neighbors, wanting money badly.

Ross & Barratt.